Human Rights through Social Justice Module

Education

The Promise of Human Rights Lesson 1 Summary



Association for Learning & Preserving the History of WWII in Asia



What are human rights?

RIGHT. [Sax. riht, Germ. recht, L. Fr. droit, droict, dreit, dreyt ; from Lat. rectus, rectum, straight, upright; Lat. jus.] Justice; equity. This seems to have been the sense of the word in the old writ of right; the person to whom it was directed being commanded to "do full right (plenum rectum teneatis) to the demandant," "that we may hear no more clamor thereupon for want of right," (pro defectu recti.) Reg. Orig. 1. The word jus, it will be seen, is not used. See Writ of right.



Regis, Rei, Rectus, Riht

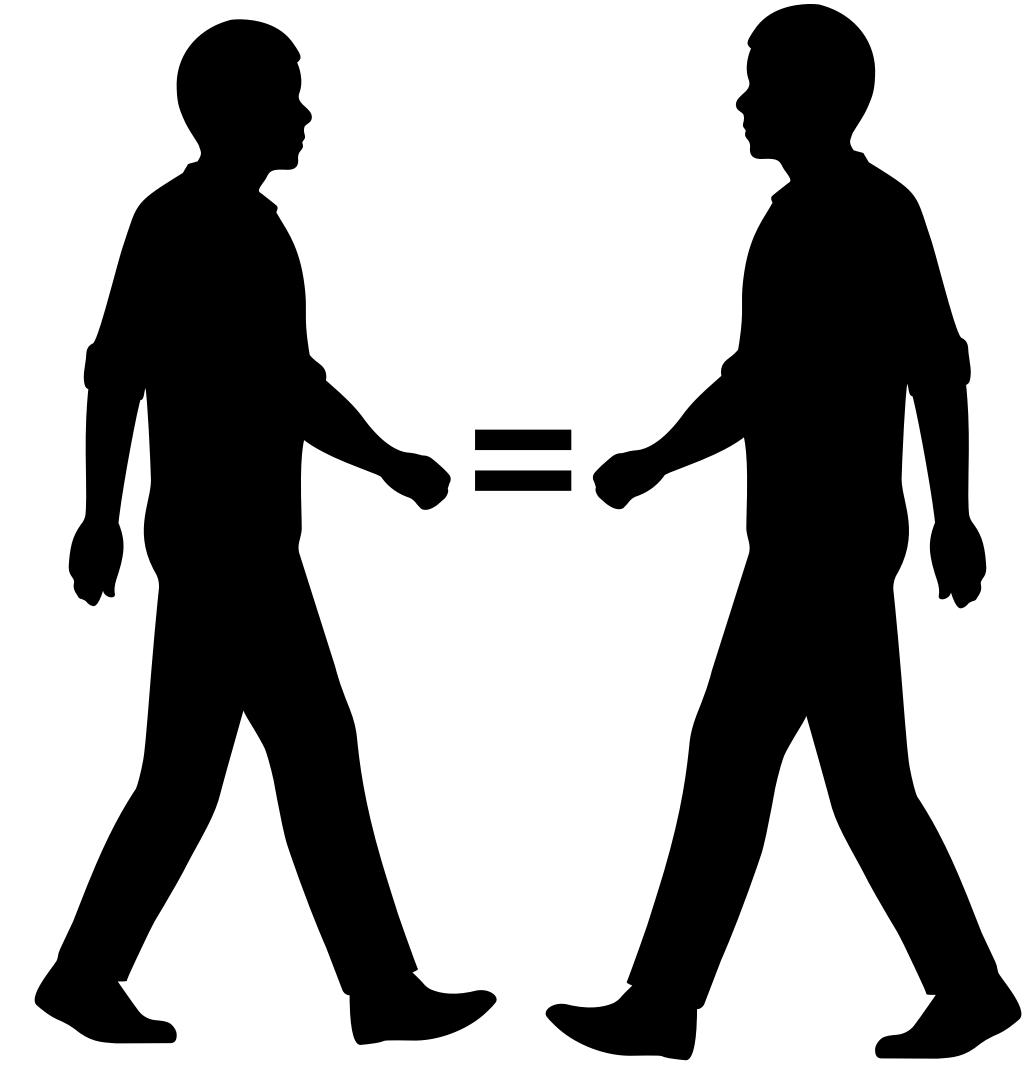


Rights as Standards

from







Human Rights are...

ASPIRATIONA PRACTICAL

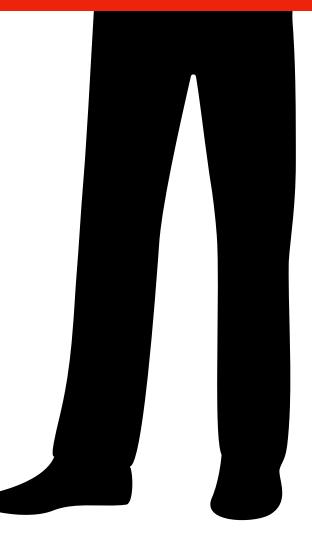
What are human rights for?



Who is entitled to have human rights?

The right to have rights

Universal Inalienable Innate





Who has access to human rights?



Access to Human Rights

Refugees
Immigrants
Indigenous Peoples
LGBTQ
Racial Minorities
Women



Narratives about Human Rights

The origins of Human Rights



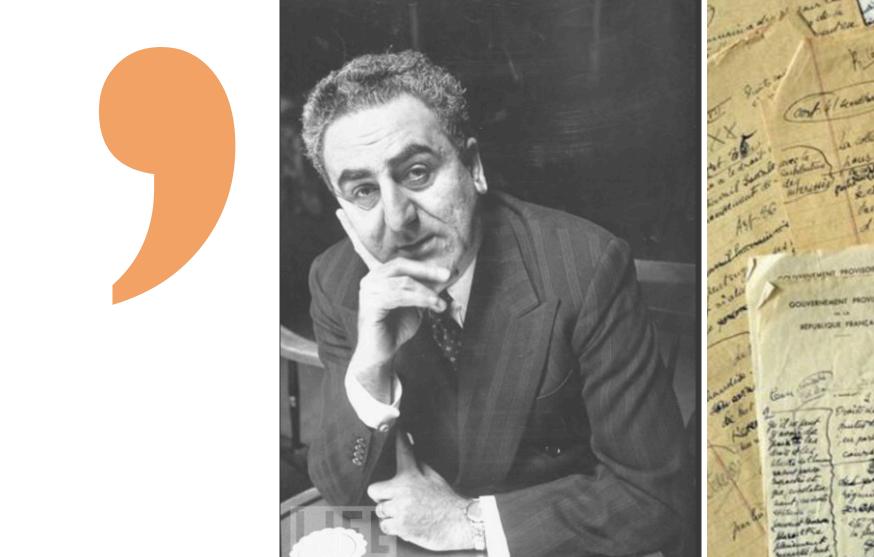
Eastern Philosophy

Western Philosophy

versus



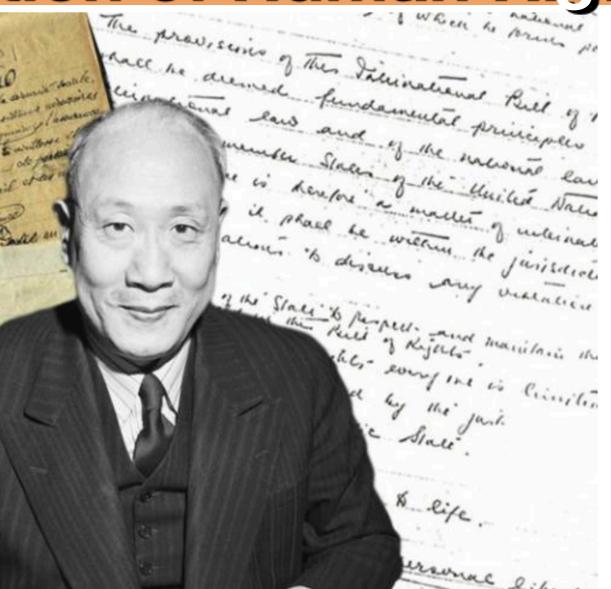
Universal Declaration of Human Rights



The Universal Declaration was formulated through debates that involved participants from different cultures. Although representation in the UN Human Rights Commission, which drafted the Universal Declaration, was not global, it was not limited to Western states either. Two of three main intellectual forces in the drafting subcommittee, Charles Malik from Lebanon, and Peung-chun (P.C.) Chang from China, had their roots in Middle Eastern and Asian cultures.

-Zehra F. Kabaskal Arat, Human Rights Quarterly (2006)

A negotiated document





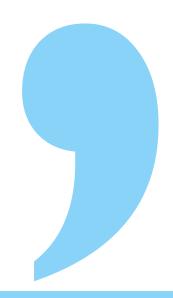
The development of the ideal of freedom and its translation into the everyday life of the people in great areas of the earth, is the product of the efforts of many peoples. It is the fruit of a long tradition of vigorous thinking and courageous action. No one race and no one people can claim to have done all the work to achieve greater dignity for human beings, and greater freedom to develop human personality. In each generation and in each country there must be a continuation of the struggle, and new steps forward must be taken since

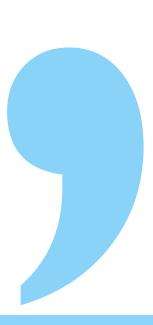


– Eleanor Roosevelt, 1948









"ife, liberty and the security of person"

Fundamental Freedoms Freedom of worship Freedom of speech and expression Freedom from want Freedom from fear

Franklin D. Roosevelt, Speech (4 Freedoms) 1941

Religion Speech **Due Process** Privacy

Freedom of thought or conscience and religious belief Freedom of speech and expression **Freedom of Assembly Freedom of Association**





Global Human Rights: Whose problem is it?

A BHRUND



Historical Context: The Cold War

Rights of the individual: Civil & Political Rights ?

Group Rights, Economic, Social and Cultural Rights ?



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