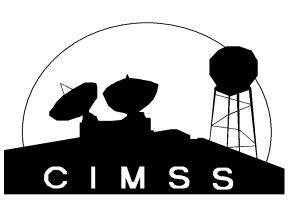
Overview of SSEC/CIMSS Remote Sensing Expertise Allen Huang

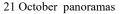
Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies Space Science & Engineering Center University of Wisconsin-Madison, USA







GEOSS Americas/Caribbean Remote Sensing Workshop – Transforming Data into Products 26-30 November 2007 CPTEC/INPE Cachoeira Paulista - São Paulo







SSEC Overview Hank Revercomb, Director

University of Wisconsin - Madison Space Science and Engineering Center (SSEC)



Space Science and Engineering Center Graduate School, UW-Madison

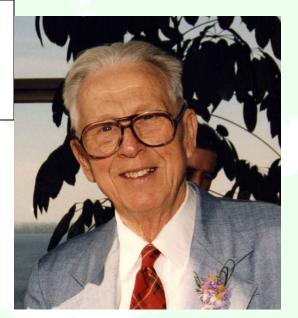
- Mission: To conduct atmospheric, oceanic, environmental, and astronomical research using space or space-age techniques to discover and apply the physical properties of our universe for the benefit of humanity
 From Idea, to Concept, to Implementation, to Information about the world
- Symbiotic relationship with Department of Atmospheric & Oceanic Sciences symbolized by shared building provided by NSF, NASA, & the State

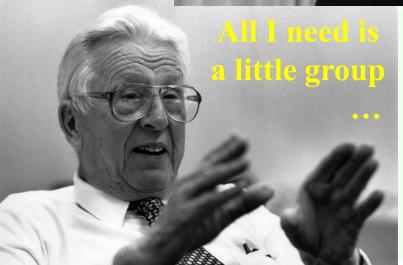


SSEC Co-Founder Verner E. Suomi (1915-1995)

Keep it simple



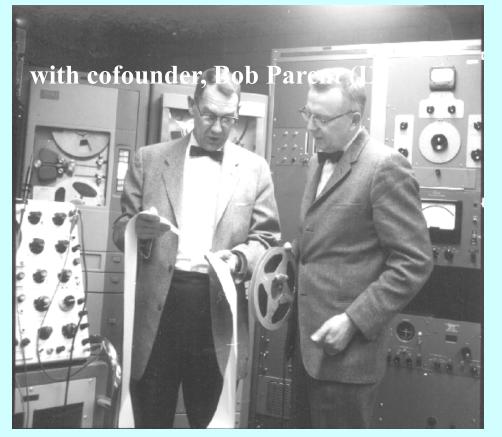




We'll keep a critical eye on earth & its environment



SSEC works to maintain the spirit of exploration of its founder, Verner E. Suomi (1915-1995)



1959: 1st Meteorological Satellite Experiment

Earth Radiation Balance Observations on Explorer VII

1966: 1st Earth Imaging from GEO

Spin-scan Camera on 1st Advanced Technology Satellite (ATS 1)

Verner Suomi

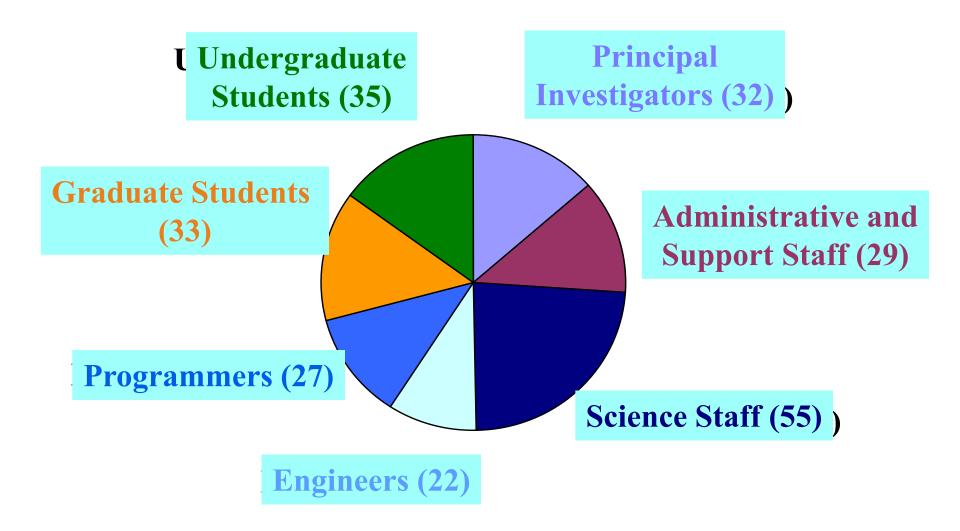
"Father of Satellite Meteorology"

Nature of the Organization

Space Science & Engineering Center

- ◆ <u>Matrix Organization</u>: PIs are the Cornerstone
- <u>Staff</u>: About 250
- ◆ <u>Annual Budget</u>: ~\$18 M
- <u>A diverse Center</u>: support distributed among agencies, including NASA, NOAA, NSF, DoD, DoE, IPO
- <u>SSEC includes a major institute and "Macro Projects"</u>
 - Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies (CIMSS): SSEC includes a cooperative institute with NOAA and NASA established 1980, Professor Steve Ackerman, Director
 - Antarctic Meteorological Research Center (AMRC): Providing Automated Weather Stations since 1980, Professor Charles Stearns, founder
 - Ice Coring and Drilling Services (ICDS): Providing NSF-sponsored researchers with ice coring & drilling capabilities in polar and high- altitude sites; Professor Charles Bentley, PI
 - Office of Space Science Education (OSSE): K-12 programs, public outreach, internships; Rosalyn Pertzborn, Director, Dr. Sanjay Limaye, founder

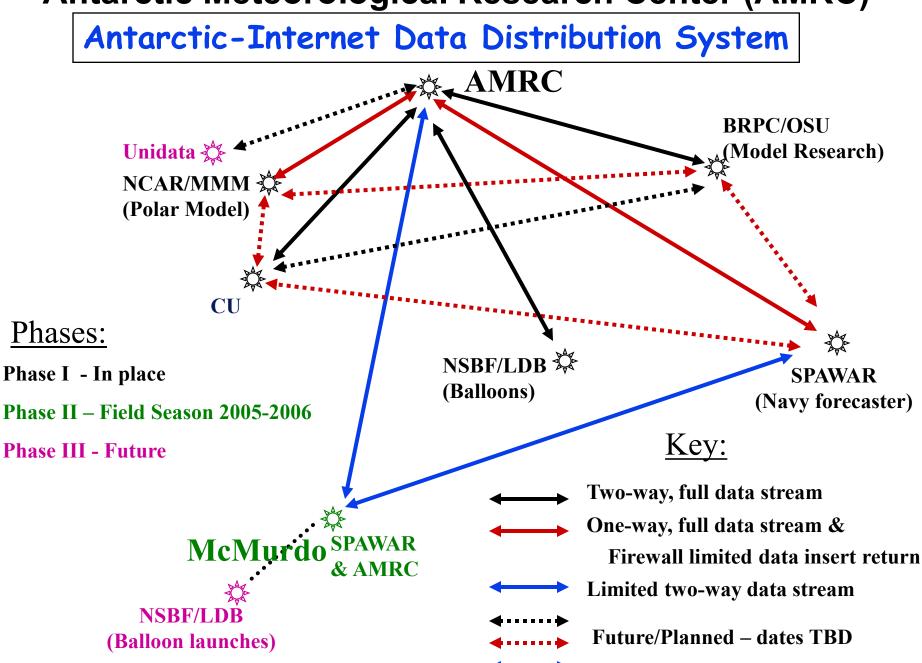
SSEC Staff 233 members



SSEC areas of technical expertise

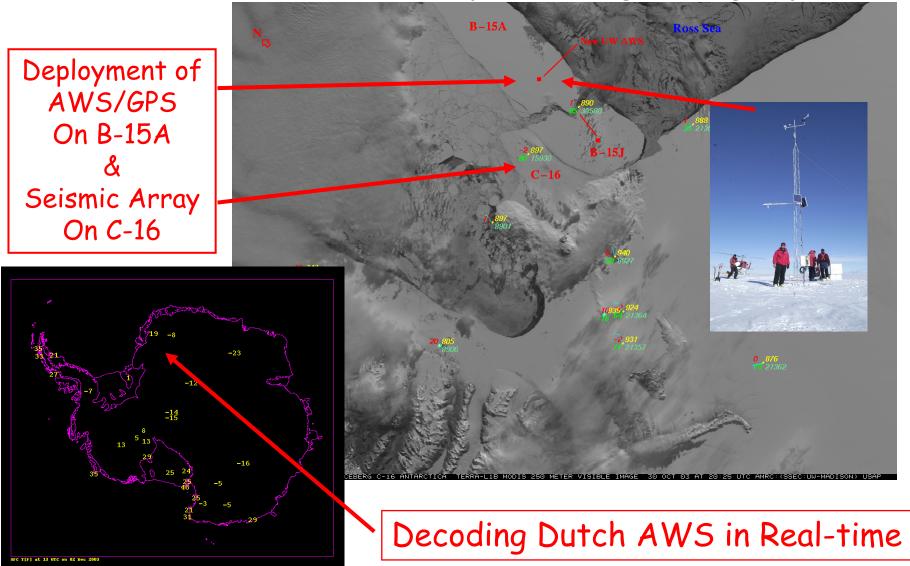
- Observational Science (spacecraft system/mission design, instrumentation, field programs, spaceflight instrument fabrication)
- Computational & Visualization Science (hardware and software systems for information generation, data management, and communication)
- Analytical Science (satellite & conventional data analysis, technical development & analysis)
- Campus Science Support (Physics, Astronomy, Botany, Geology)
- Education and Public Outreach (UW undergraduate and graduate programs, K-12 collaborations, science education of the general public)

Antarctic Meteorological Research Center (AMRC)



Antarctic Meteorological Research Center

Automatic Weather Station (AWS) Project & Iceberg Tracking Project



Ice Coring and Drilling Services Deep Ice Sheet Coring (DISC) Drill System

• Capable of penetrating 2.5 miles of ice

• Assembled and tested in SSEC warehouse

• Successfully tested in Greenland this year

• Production drilling – Antarctica, 2006-2012





Space Science Education

In 2003 **OSSE Reached over 2400 K-12 students/teachers

through 37 events!!

Margaret helped develop

the Satellite Meteorology

Course for high schools

UW PEOPLE Workshop



"Physics of Star Trek"

lecture featuring

Lawrence Krauss draws

the largest audience ever at

Space Place

GLOBE- Space Science Teacher Workshops



Hosted 3 SHARP students (Larry Sromovsky, Jim Kossin and Sanjay Limaye) and a local High School student (Schnettler)

Sanjay manned the Ask-A-Scientist booth at the National Science Teachers Association Meeting in Philadelphia

Neptune Mosaic Displayed at the Association of Science Technology Centers Annual meeting in St. Paul, MN



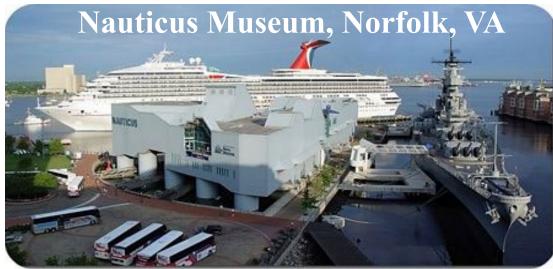
Sanjay and Margaret participated in Speakers Bureau and WAA UW-Onthe-Road Visits

Sanjay became the third generation scientist in his family to present a paper at the Indian Science Congress (90th)

OSSE Director, Rosalyn Pertzborn

MOA with Hampton University

 Collaborative agreement signed between UW/SSEC & HU Center for Atmospheric Sciences (CAS). Establishes connections between CIMSS



and the HU part of the NOAA cooperative institute CREST and also between the UW AOS and HU Physics Departments

- Joint research, teaching, and student connections/exchanges are envisioned
- New join proposal won: Cooperative effort to support Science on a Sphere in the NOAA portion of the Nauticus Museum
- Nauticus is a spectacular maritime-themed science center featuring hands-on exhibits, interactive theaters, aquaria, digital highdefinition films, and an extensive variety of educational programs.

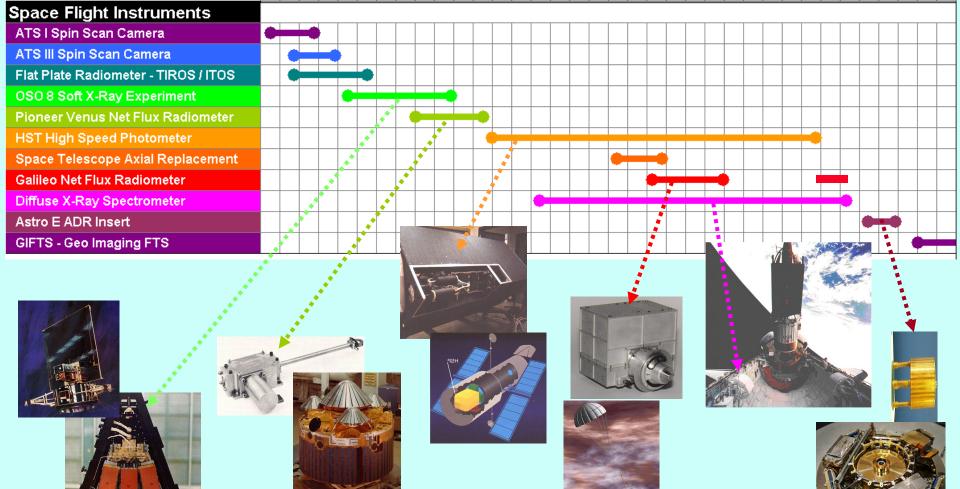




SSEC Space Flight Programs



YEAR: 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01



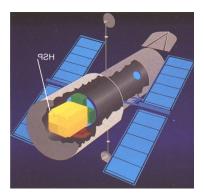
SSEC, University of Wisconsin-Madison Space Flight Hardware



High Speed Photometer

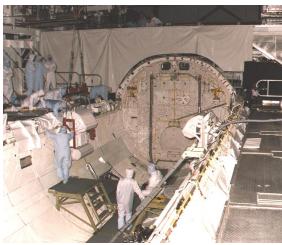
Net Flux Radiometer





Space Telescope 1990-93

Diffuse X-ray Spectrometer





STS-54 1993



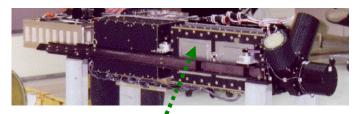
Galileo Entry Probe 7 December 1995

SSEC A/C and Ground-based Instrumentation









YEAR: 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01

Aircraft Instruments										
HIS-Interferometer Sounder, NASA ER-2			-				4		-	
Scanning HIS, NASA DC-8, ER-2									-0	
HAWC & SAFIRE, ADR Inserts									-	 •

Ground Based Instrumentation

 AERI-Uplooking Interferometer, DOE ARM

 WIYN Telescope Control System

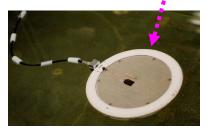
 Ocean Heat Flux Instrument

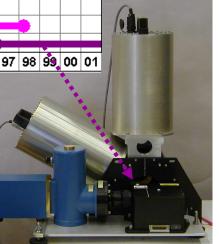
 PIFTS - Planetary Imaging FTS

80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 00 01







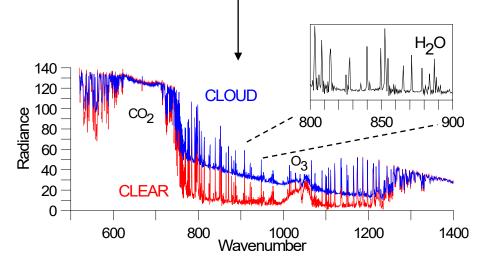


ATMOSPHERIC EMITTED RADIANCE INTERFEROMETER (AERI)

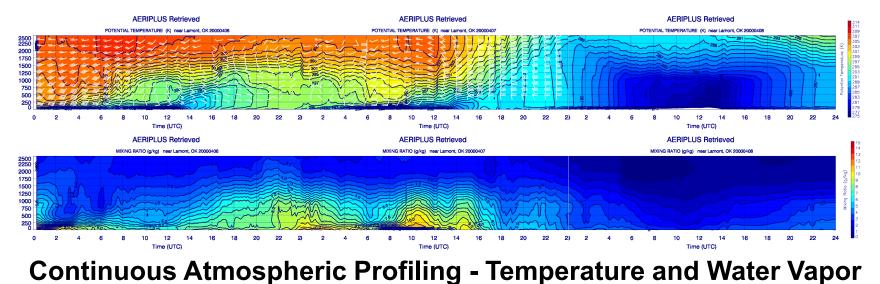


Operational at DOE ARM

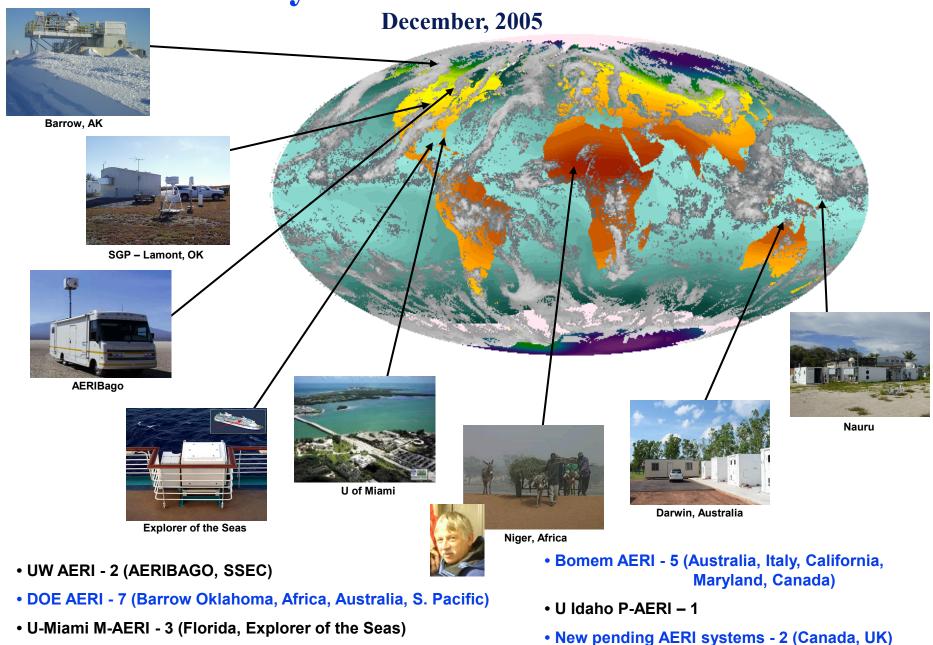
Clear Sky and Cloud Downwelling Emission



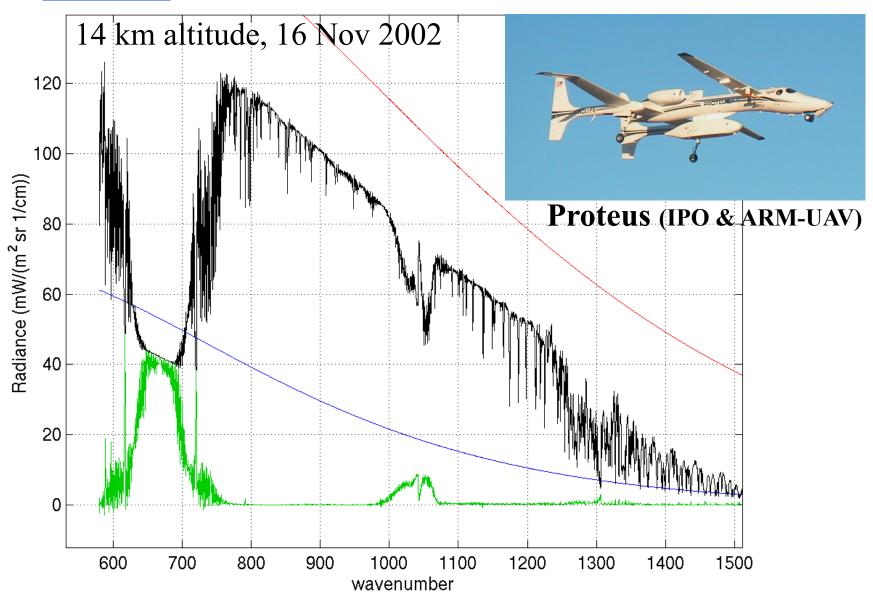
Accurate High Resolution Radiometry



AERI Systems Around The World



S-HIS: Our tool for Research & Satellite Validation



UW aircraft Sounders helped set the course for AIRS, CrIS & GOES-R HES

S-HIS in Costa Rica January 2006



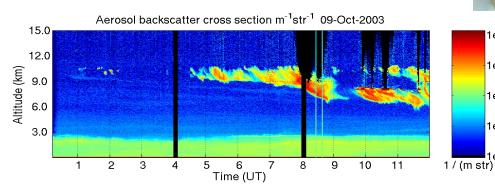
Left Wing Pod

N926NA

NASA WB57

<u>Arctic HSRL</u> (High Spectral Resolution Lidar) Very successful 2004 deployment in Barrow Alaska

New Instrument has provided more HSRL data than collected in the last 20 Years! (Web site with data lidar.ssec.wisc.edu)



New aircraft instrument version under development



Arctic HSRL at NOAA/SEARCH site in Eureka Canada



HSRL with NOAA Radar

HSRL/Radar C-tainer







SSEC Data Center

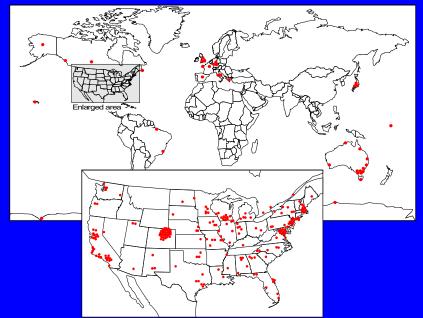


National GOES Archive 1978-2003



SSEC Satellite / Meteorological Data Access

McIDAS Sites



Now have **50 TB** of raid storage for "online archive" of GOES data – Headed toward having the full GOES archive (~400 TB) online, giving rapid access to ~ **30 years** of satellite data!

MCIDAS (Man-computer Interactive Data Access System & Data Center

- McIDAS going strong at 30+ 100s of National and International users, including international weather services, aviation weather providers, researchers, NASA Shuttle support..., NOAA Storm Prediction Center...
- Data Center support for wide range of NOAA activities to continues
- Engaging in new processing efforts for
 - Pipeline Processing for GIFTS/GOES-R high resolution IR data
 - Smart Data Access System for GOES-R
 - Future McIDAS under development

SSEC Data Center – Satellite Data

♦ Online Real-Time

_	GOES-12	75 W
_	GOES-10	135 W
_	METEOSAT-7	0 E
_	METEOSAT-5	63 E
_	MET-8 (msg-1)	3 E
_	MTSAT-1R	140 E
_	FY2C*	105 E
_	KALPANA*	74 E

18 Sep. 2005 - present 18 Sep. 2005 - present

3.5 days

9.0 days

3.0 days

3.0 days

3.5 days

25 days

3.0 days
3.5 days
3.5 days
7.0 days
7.0 days
7.0 days
7.0 days

NOAA-15 - NOAA-18 (relay)
NOAA-15 - NOAA-18 (flyover)
FY-1D (flyover)
TERRA (MODIS)
AQUA (MODIS)

- AQUA (AIRS)

* data received in near real-time from another site

SSEC Data Center – Satellite Data

Archived

- GOES
- GMS-5
- MET-7
- MET-5 (Indoex)
- MET-3
- MET-8
- MTSAT-1R
- FY2C

- 26 Jan 1979 present
 - 9 Nov 1998 21 May 2003
 - 9 Mar 1999 present
- 9 Mar 1999 present
 - 1 Jan 1993 1 Jan 1995
- 15 Mar 2004 present
- 5 July 2006 present
- 25 June 2005 present

Archived global products from web

- Montage April 1997 present
 IR composites April 1997 present
 WV composites June 2002 present
- Numerous other products generated for SSEC webpage

SSEC Data Center – Weather Data

Real-Time Online (conventional data)

- Point
- Grids
- Text
- Radar (all stations)

Archived

- Point data
- Grid data
- Text data

- 3.0 days + current

Mar 1976 - present Sep 1996 - present Sep 1996 - present

New Numerical Modeling Hardware for high speed computing at SSEC



- SGI Altix linux cluster
 32 processors (64-bit) with high speed interconnects

 (6.4 GB / second transfer speeds between memory and processors)
- 192 GB shared memory
- 2.5x increase in model run speed
- 12x increase in model domain size capability

Retrieval and Development Hardware for Parallel Processing at SSEC



- Combined NASA research cluster: 24 PIII and 22 P4 processors with gigabit interconnect.
- NOAA development cluster: 14 P4 processors with gigabit interconnect and tape archive system.
 - Expandable asset

Key Applications



Tropical Cyclones

- ASAP: Satellite data for Aviation Safety
- IDEA: Satellite data for Air Quality with EPA
- Broad array of Satellite Products
- Atmospheric Modelling
- Planetary Sciences
- New Satellite Capabilities



Katrina, 28 August 2005

Tropical Cyclones

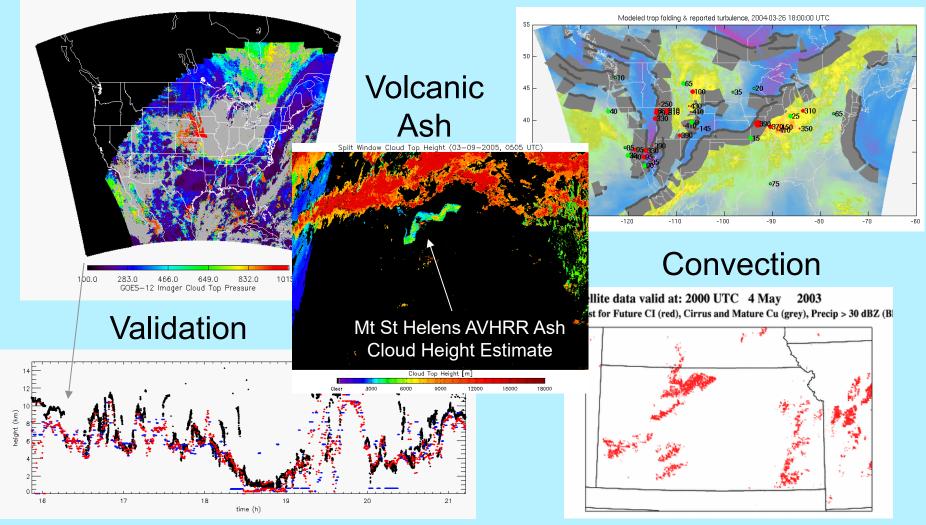


Wilma, 21 October 2005

Advanced Satellite Aviation-weather Products (ASAP) Satellite Derived Fields

Cloud Top Altitude/Mask

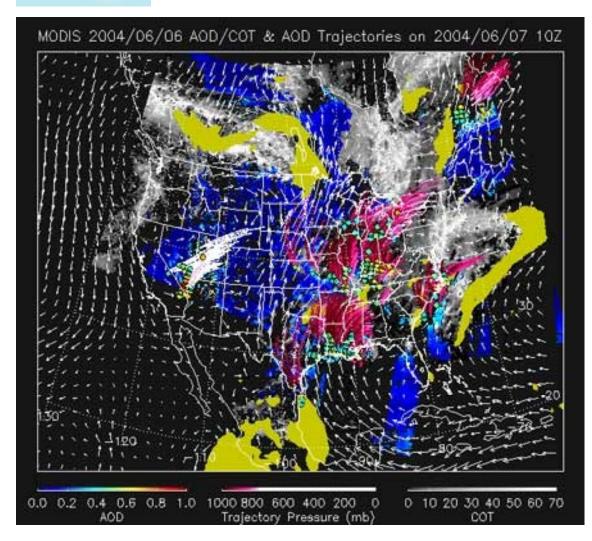
Turbulence



Infusing satellite Data into Environmental Applications

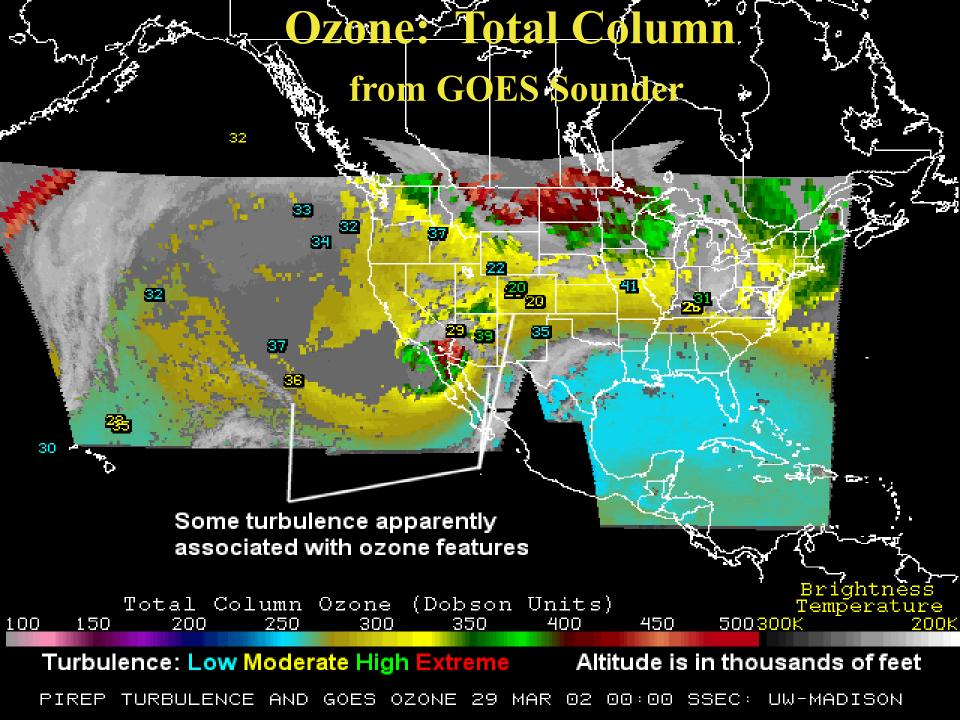
Steve Ackerman, Tom Achtor, Scott Bachmeier, Bill Bellon, Cheiko Kittaka, Nikhil Kumar, Scott Lindstrom, Jerry Robaidek, Kathy Strabala, Tony Wimmers

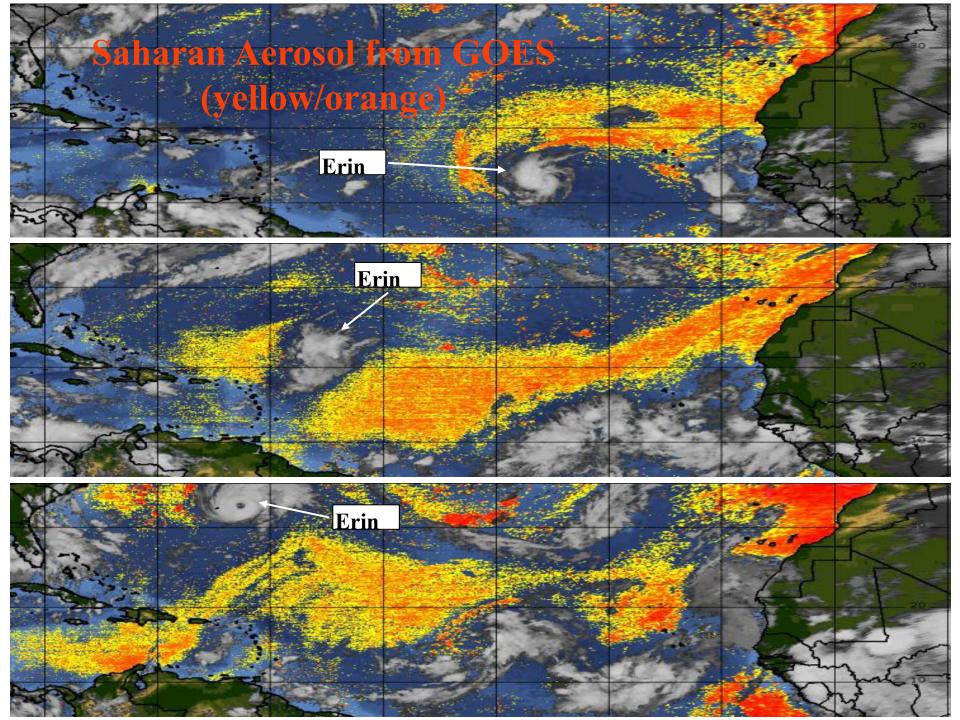
http://idea.ssec.wisc.edu



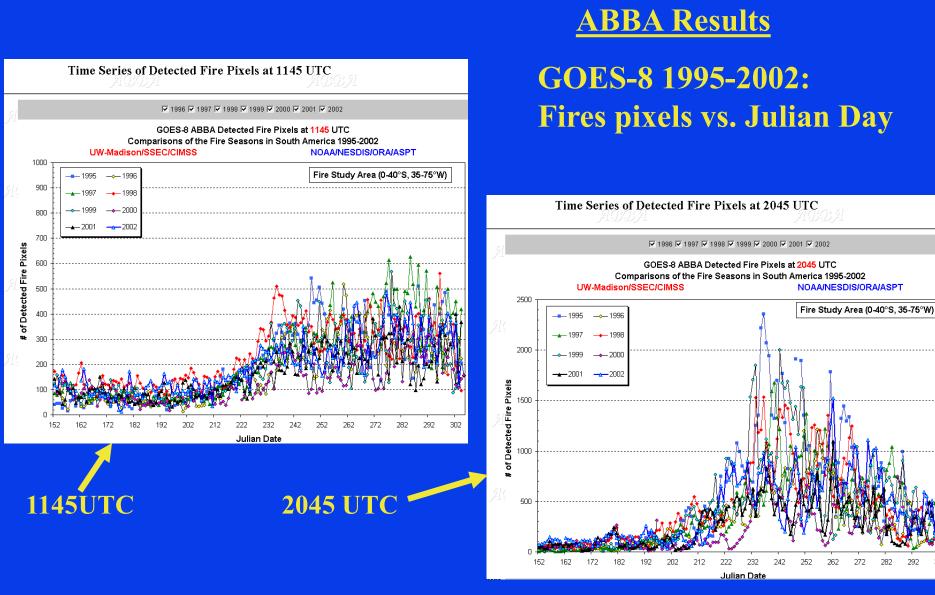
Highlights

- Up-to-the-hour MODIS air quality display
- **Pioneered** the process of forecasting air quality daily with MODIS data
- Currently working with NOAA to use MODIS in a **new national air quality forecasting system**

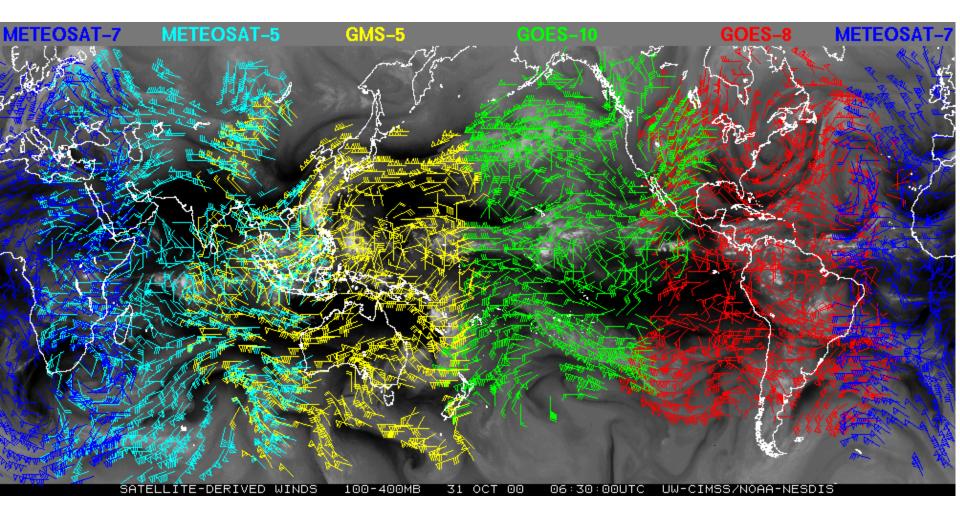




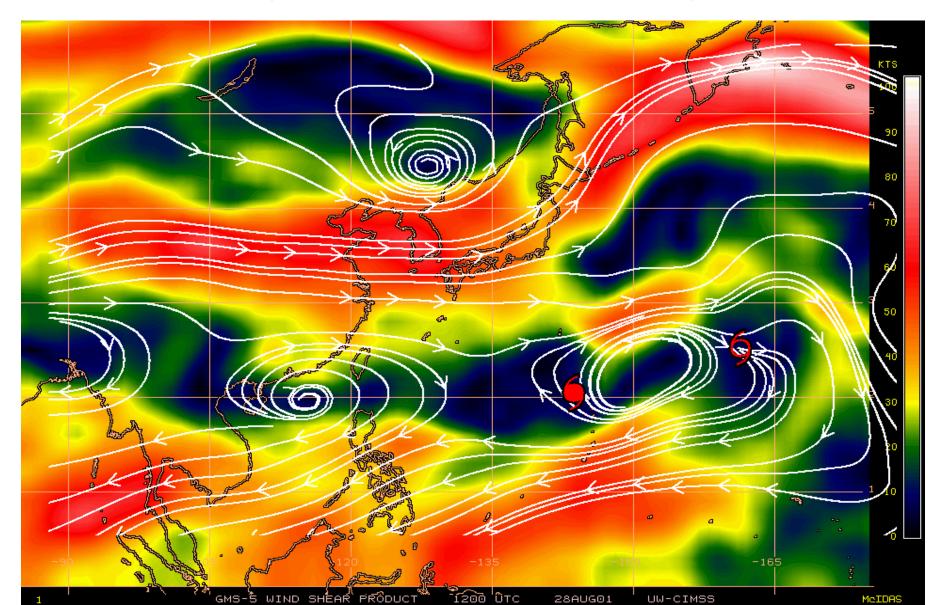
Biomass Burning 8-year Climatology

Multiple Geostationary Satellite Wind Data Automatically Produced



Wind Shear Product (150-300 mb minus 700-925 mb)

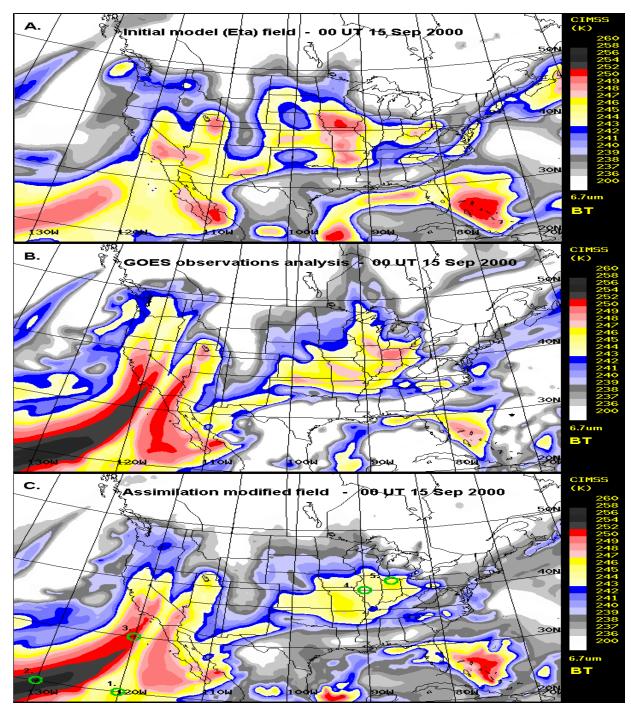


Assimilating Cloudy GOES Imager Obs into CRAS

A. Eta Model First Guess

B. GOES T_b observations for Assimilation--"Truth"

C. CRAS Accepts the information & Maintains improved GOES Correlation for > 48 hours

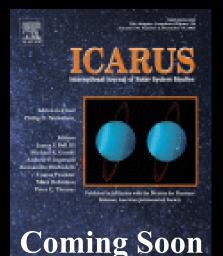


New low-T methane absorption models, described in two 2005 Icarus submissions, will be applied to Keck AO imaging observations of Uranus and Neptune, and Cassini observations of Titan.

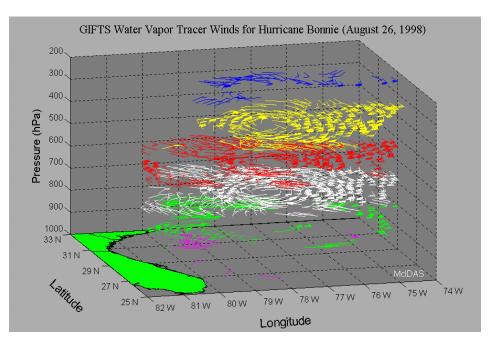
Last year's dynamical results on Uranus will appear as the cover article in the December 2005 issue of Icarus.

Bright band formed at 6 bars-

Brightest cloud feature ever seen _ on **Uranus** reaches 500-mb level.



GIFTS: The Next Major Advance in Observing from Geostationary Orbit



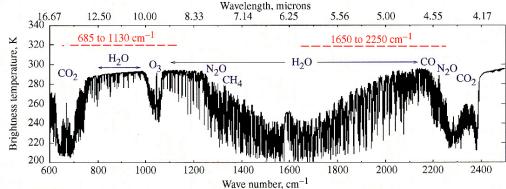
GOES-R HES Risk Reduction

16,000 Temperature, Humidity & Trace Gas Profiles in 10 sec-

Dense Wind Observations, tracked from Water Vapor Sdgs

Global Sounding in < 10 min

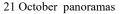
High resolution Sounding of 6000 x 6000 km in < 30 min



Atmospheric and Oceanic Science Goal:



Improve weather and climate forecasts







CIMSS Overview Steve Ackerman, Director

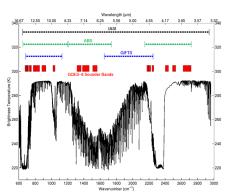


University of Wisconsin - Madison Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Study (CIMSS)

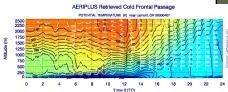


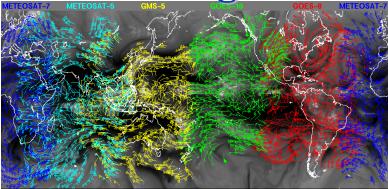
The CIMSS Research Program

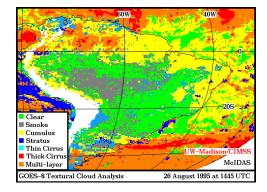


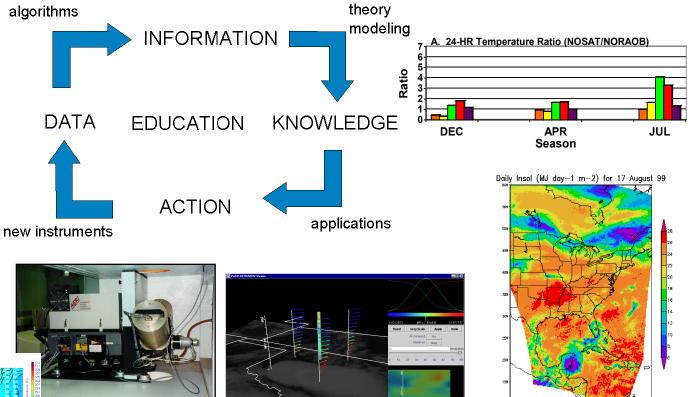












CIMSS Research Activities

Remote Sensing Research and Development

 develop techniques and algorithms for inferring Earth surface and atmospheric state parameters from remote sensing observations

Data Processing Techniques

develop new data processing approaches and visualization techniques to apply emerging technologies

New Remote Sensing Instruments and Applications

investigate new instrument approaches to improve environmental remote sensing measurements

Data Assimilation Studies

- examine the impact of remote sensing data on numerical analysis and prediction models

Data Collection and Archive

collect remote sensing data for long term trend analyses as needed for climate and other retrospective studies

Products in NESDIS Operations from CIMSS

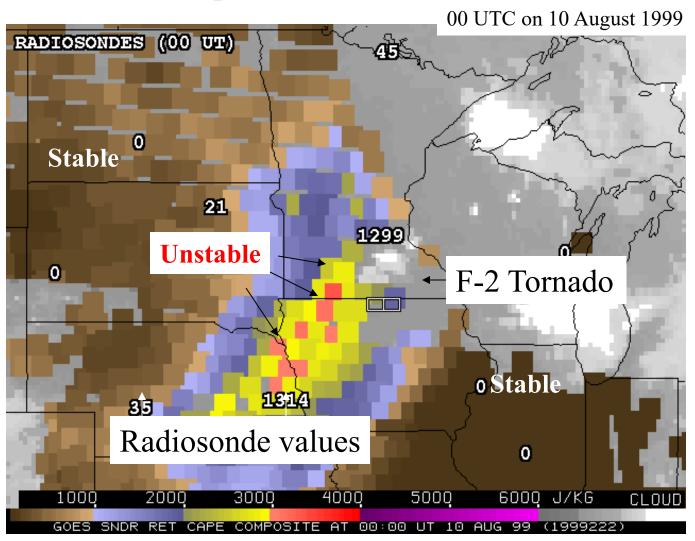
Imager	Sounder
0	
Derived Product Images	Derived Product Images
Water vapor	Water vapor
Lifted Index	Lifted Index
Skin Temperature	Skin Temperature
Winds from multiple satellites	Winds
High density infrared	7.0 micrometers
High density water vapor	7.5 micrometers
High density visible	
High density 3.9 um (in transition)	
Derived wind fields (shear, divergence, etc)	
Hurricanes	
Objective Dvorak technique (SAB)	
Intensity estimates (from AMSU-A)	
Sea Surface Temperature	Clouds
	Site-specific Cloud Product
Biomass Burning	Single FOV product DPI
(produced 24x7)	
Rainfall	Retrievals
(auto-estimator via G. Vicente)	Temperature/moisture
	Layer PW
	Clear-sky Brightness Temperature
Clear-sky Brightness Temperature	

GOES Products from CIMSS in NWP; routine and experimental

<u>Model</u> NCEP Global (GFS)	<u>GOES Data</u> Sounder Radiance, Imager Winds, Imager Radiances
NCEP Eta (NAM)	Sounder Radiance, Sounder PW, Imager Winds, Sounder Clouds
FSL RUC	Sounder TPW, Sounder Clouds
UW CIMSS CRAS	Sounder PW, Sounder Clouds
Australia (LAPS)	Imager Winds
ECMWF	Imager Winds, Imager Radiances
GFDL (experimental)	Imager Winds, GWINDEX rapid-scan winds
Navy NOGAPS	Imager Winds, Sounder Winds
NAAPS	Biomass Fire Product
CSU RAMS	Biomass Fire Product
UW ALEXI	Sounder Skin Temperature time-change

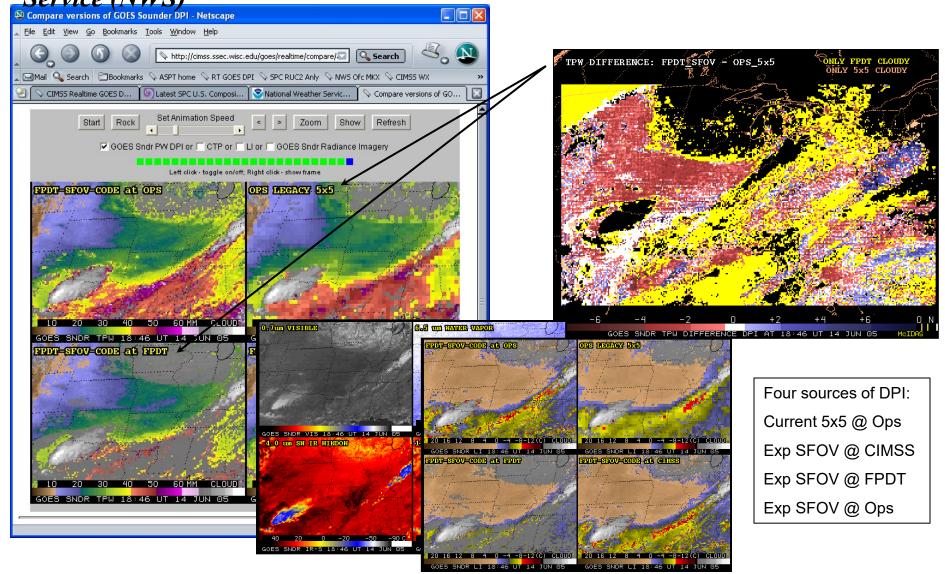
Data Assimilation -- CIMSS has a role in every listed GOES product

Derived Product Image of CAPE from the GOES-8 Sounder



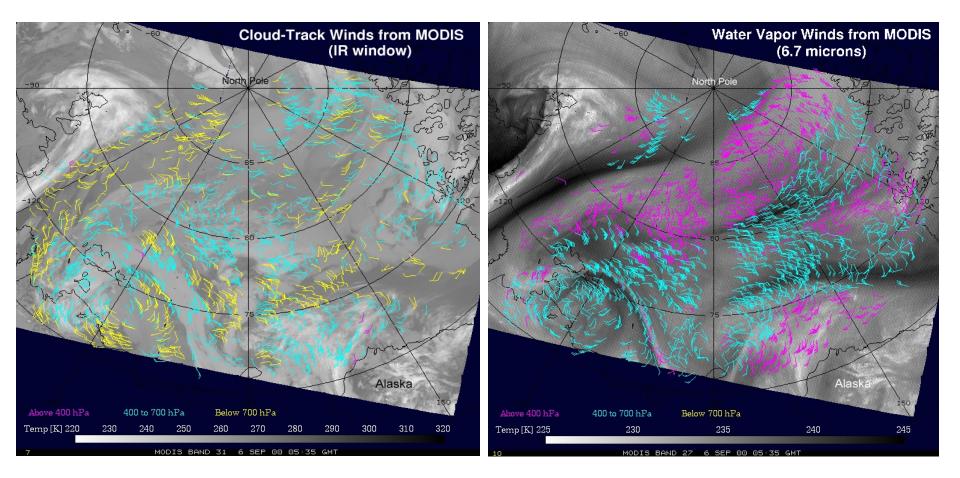
The axis of CAPE values greater than 2500 J/kg extended from eastern Nebraska into southern Minnesota. CAPE values calculated from the 00 UTC radiosondes were too sparse to capture this feature. A NWS forecaster used Sounder data to help correctly forecast this event.

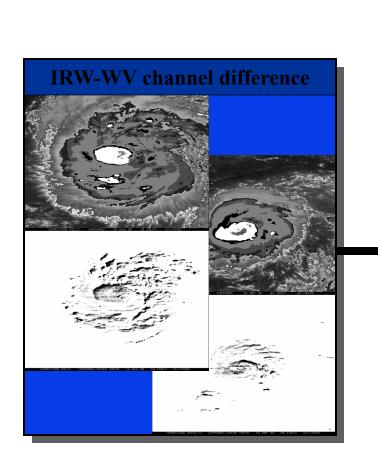
Monitoring and comparing real-time GOES Sounder Single Field-of-View (SFOV) Derived Product Imagery (DPI) for ultimate use by the National Weather Service (NWS)

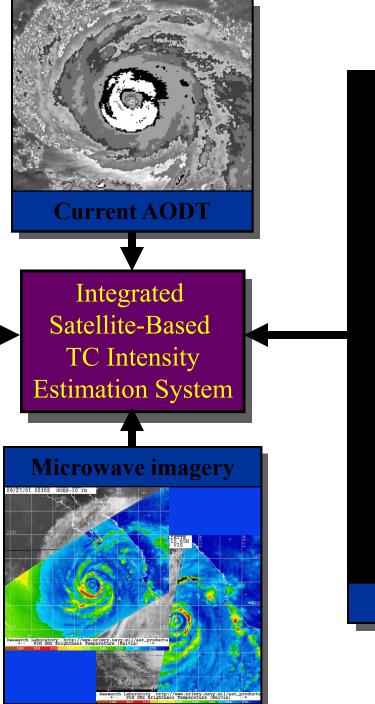


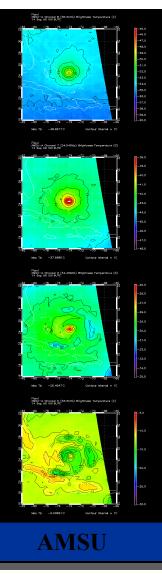
Polar Winds from MODIS

Cloud-track winds (left) and water vapor winds (right) from MODIS for a case in the western Arctic. The wind vectors were derived from a sequence of three images, each separated by 100 minutes. They are plotted on the first 11 μ m (left) and 6.7 μ m (right) images in the sequence.









Professional Training

	Satellite Meteorology: Remote Sensing Using the New GOES Imager Main Menu			
			Concept Ma	P
✓ [Chapter 1:	Introduction		
_ √ [Chapter 2:	Definition of Radiar	ice	
	Chapter 3:	Sun-Earth-Atmosphere Energy System		
	Chapter 4:	Radiative Transfer Equation		
✓ []	Chapter 5:	Selective Absorption		
	Chapter 6:	Channel Selection	Click on the chapter icon to go to that section.	
	Chapter 7:	Case Studies and Exercises	Pass the mouse over a button to see a short description.	
Chapt	ters are listed in the sugge	ested learning order.		



2004 High School Student Workshop on Atmospheric, Earth & Space Science Cooperative Institute for Meteorological Satellite Studies Space Science and Engineering Center University of Wisconsin - Madison

te Meteoro

http://cimse.esec.wisc.edu/satmet/



Satellite Meteorology CD http://cimss.ssec.wisc.edu/satmet Linked to the NESDIS and NPOESS Web pages!

28 teachers have registered for for the 2005 Teacher Workshop scheduled for June 28th & 29th

2004 Teacher Workshop in Satellite Meteorology

EOS Direct Broadcast Sites



More than 150 sites around the world

NASA Earth Observing System (EOS) Direct Broadcast Groundstation 4.4 m antenna: First data acquired 18 August 2000







International MODIS/AIRS Processing Package (IMAPP)

Builds upon our previous experience with

- ITPP (International TOVS Processing Package) since 1985
- IAPP (International ATOVS Processing Package) since 1998

Purpose:

• The intention in developing IMAPP for processing direct broadcast MODIS and AIRS data is to help foster the rapid improvement of retrieval algorithms and other applications of EOS data in a variety of global weather, process studies, and climate applications, just as the ITPP and IAPP have done for TOVS and ATOVS data.

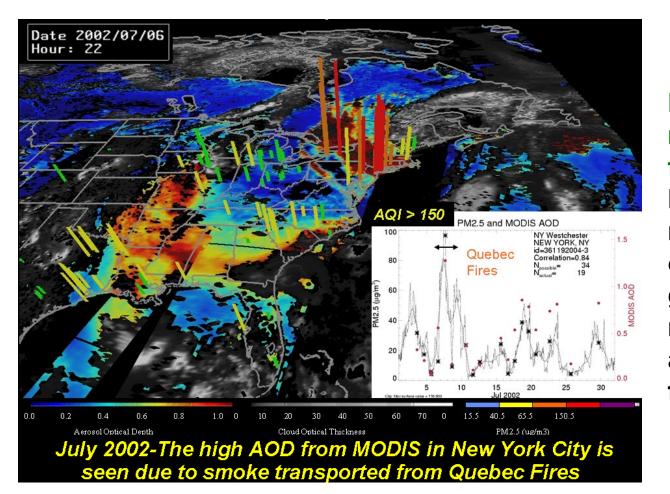
Available from: http://cimss.ssec.wisc.edu/~gumley/IMAPP/

Infusing Satellite Data into Environmental Applications (IDEA) Tony Wimmers, Brad Pierce, Chieko Kittaka, Liam Gumley, Scott Bachmeir, Scott Lindstrom, Jerry Robaidek, Bill Bellon

- Direct Broadcast MODIS data used to initialize aerosols for trajectory forecasts to improve air quality assessment, management and prediction
- Moved processing to CIMSS due to realtime availability of MODIS data and central location of antenna providing CONUS coverage

http://idea.ssec.wisc.edu/

IDEA (Infusing satellite Data into Environmental Applications)



SSEC

Regional air quality monitoring and forecasting using MODIS aerosol retrievals, satelliteobserved fire, ground-station reports and ancillary model fields

Development of An Advanced Integrated Real Time Operational System

for the

Improvement of Air Quality Forecast during 2008 Olympic Event

and for the

Long Term Strategic Observations in Support of Feng Yun (FY) Calibration, Validation, Research, and Applications

MODIS into Advanced Weather Interactive Processing System (AWIPS)

Steve Wanzong, Jordan Gerth, Russ Dengel, Gary Wade, Scott Bachmeier, Scott Lindstrom, Jerry Robaidek, TomWhittaker

 Support of SPORT (Short-term Prediction Research and Transition) Center at NASA MSFC

- Aim is to improve short term (0-24hr) weather forecasts
- SSEC DB MODIS and AMSR-E Products distributed to 6 NWS sites in the Southern Region
- CIMSS began routine insertion into AWIPS central region data feed on 30 June 2006
 - Current feed consists of
 - » MODIS L1B Bands 1 (.86 micron), 7 (2.1 micron), 26 (1.38 micron), 20 (4.0 micron), 27 (6.7 micron) and 31 (11 micron)
 - » Products Cloud Phase, TPW, Cloud Top Temperatures, Fog, SST
 - Keys to success
 - » Provide something better or new to forecasters (ie, higher spatial resolution)
 - » Must be placed in format that can be accepted by AWIPS
 - » Must have a person at the forecast offices to champion the data (SOO Dan Baumgardt – ARX Jordan Gerth – MKX)

Alternative 1 (no sounder)

GOES-R Observational Requirements: Alternative 1 (no sounder)

Aerosol Detection	Dust/Aerosol *	Surface Albedo
Aerosol Particle Size	Probability of Rainfall	Surface Emissivity *
Suspended Matter	Rainfall Potential	Vegetation Fraction
Volcanic Ash *	Rainfall Rate	Vegetation Index
Aircraft Icing Threat	Derived Stability Indices *	Currents
Cloud Imagery	Total Precipitable Water *	Sea & Lake Ice / Displacement & Direction
Cloud & Moisture Imagery	Total Water Content *	Sea & Lake Ice / Age
Cloud Layers / Heights & Thickness *	Clear Sky Masks	Sea & Lake Ice / Concentration
Cloud Ice Water Path *	Radiances *	Sea & Lake Ice / Extent & Characterization
Cloud Liquid Water	Absorbed Shortwave Radiation	Sea & Lake Ice / Extent & Edge
Cloud Optical Depth	Downward Longwave Radiation	Sea & Lake Ice / Surface Temp
Cloud Particle Size Distribution	Downward Solar Insolation	Sea & Lake Ice / Motion
Cloud Top Phase	Reflected Solar Insolation	Sea & Lake Ice / Thickness
Cloud Top Height *	Upward Longwave Radiation *	Ice Cover / Landlocked
Cloud Top Pressure *	Ozone Total *	Snow Cover
Cloud Top Temperature *	SO ₂ Detection *	Snow Depth
Cloud Type	Derived Motion Winds *	Sea Surface Temps
Convection Initiation	Fire / Hot Spot Imagery	Energetic Heavy lons
Enhanced "V"/Overshooting Top Detection	Flood / Standing Water	Mag Electrons & Protons: Low Energy
Hurricane Intensity	Land Surface (Skin) Temperature	Mag Electrons & Protons: Med & High Energy
Imagery: All-Weather / Day - Night		Solar & Galactic Protons
Lightning Detection		Solar Flux: EUV
Low Cloud & Fog		Solar Flux: X-Ray
Turbulence *		Solar Imagery: X-Ray
Visibility		
	*D1 = Degraded from original GOES-R requirements in Alternative 1 (no HES, nor Sounder)	

Geomagnetic Field

*D1 = Degraded from original GOES-R requirements in Alternative 1 (no HES, nor Sounder)

CIMSS GOES-R AWG Tasks (17) (1/2)

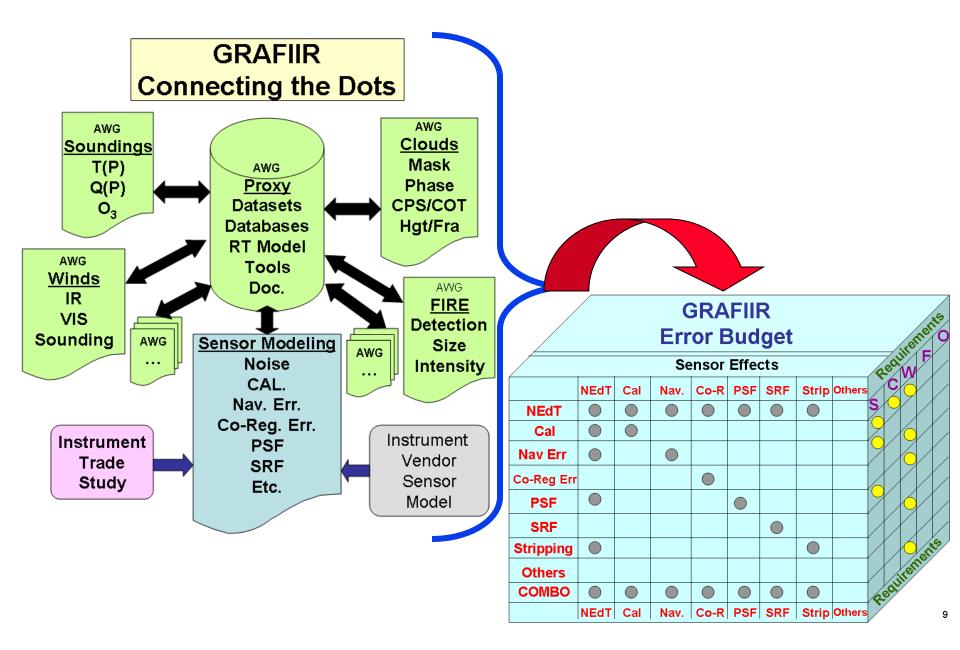
- Task 1. GOES-R Proxy Data Sets and Models to Support a Broad Range of Algorithm Working Group (AWG) Activities
- Task 2. GOES-R Analysis Facility Instrument for
- Impacts on Requirements (GRAFIIR) •
- Task 3. Development of Generalized Radiative Transfer Model for Multilayer Clouds
- Task 4. Algorithm Integration Team (AIT) Technical Support
- Task 5. Total Ozone retrieval from ABI
- Task 6. Cloud Products
- Task 7. Development of Static Libraries for Retrieval of Cloud Optical and Microphysical Properties
- **Task 8. GEOCAT** Enhancements and Documentation

CIMSS GOES-R AWG Tasks (17) (2/2)

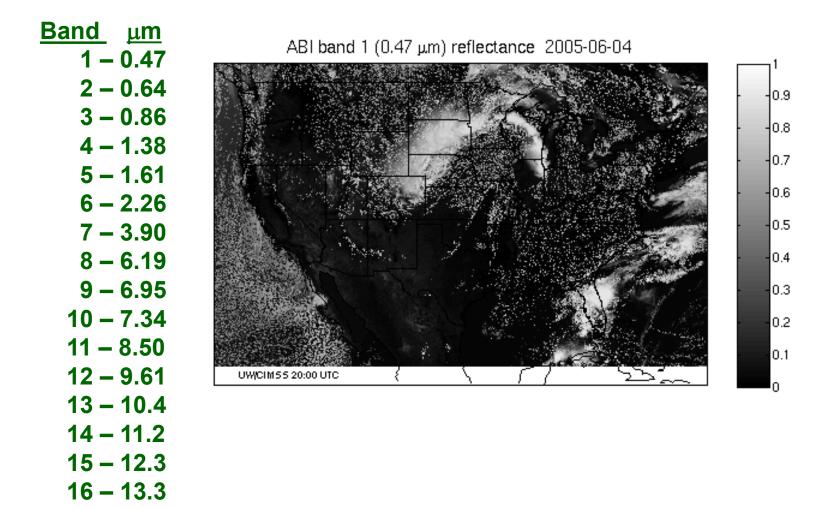
Task 9. GOES-R ABI Fire Detection and Characterization Algorithm Development and Evaluation

- Task 10. GOES-R Legacy Profile Algorithm Evaluation and Selection
- Task 11. Sounding Product Evaluation and Validation Task 12. Winds from GOES-R ABI
- Task 13. Hurricane Intensity Estimation from GOES-R ABI
- Task 14. Aviation Weather Products
 - A. Turbulence
 - **B. Volcanic Ash/SO2 Detection**
 - C. Low Cloud and Fog
- Task 15. Snow and Ice Products
- Task 16. Aerosol imagery from GOES-R ABI
- Task 17. Data Analysis and Visualization for GOES-R

GRAFIIR Error Budget



All Bands 20:00 UTC June 4, 2005



ABI Full-disk Animations

