Investigations with High Spectral Resolution IR Data

Lectures in Brienza 21 Sep 2011

Paul Menzel UW/CIMSS/AOS



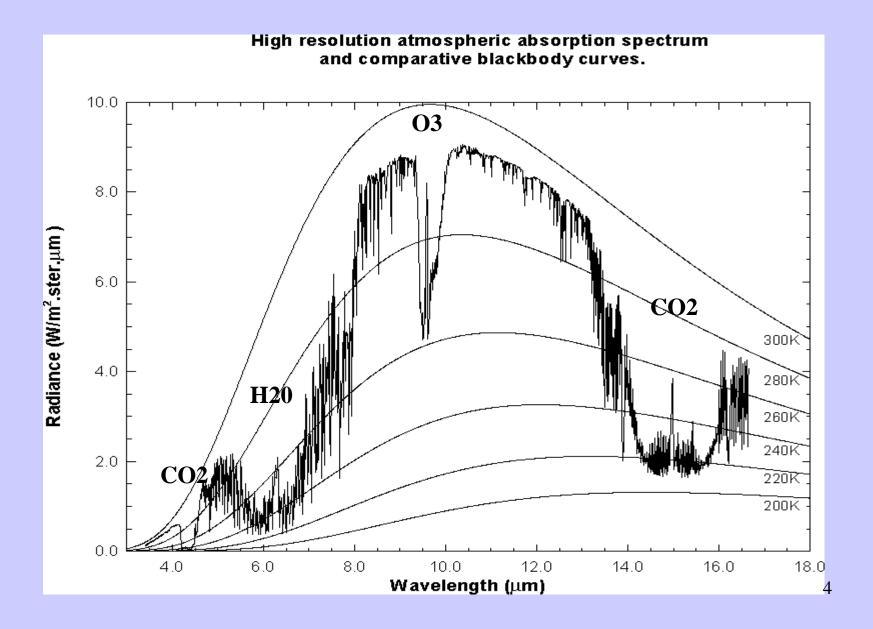
Investigations with High Spectral Resolution Data from AIRS

Paul Menzel NOAA/NESDIS

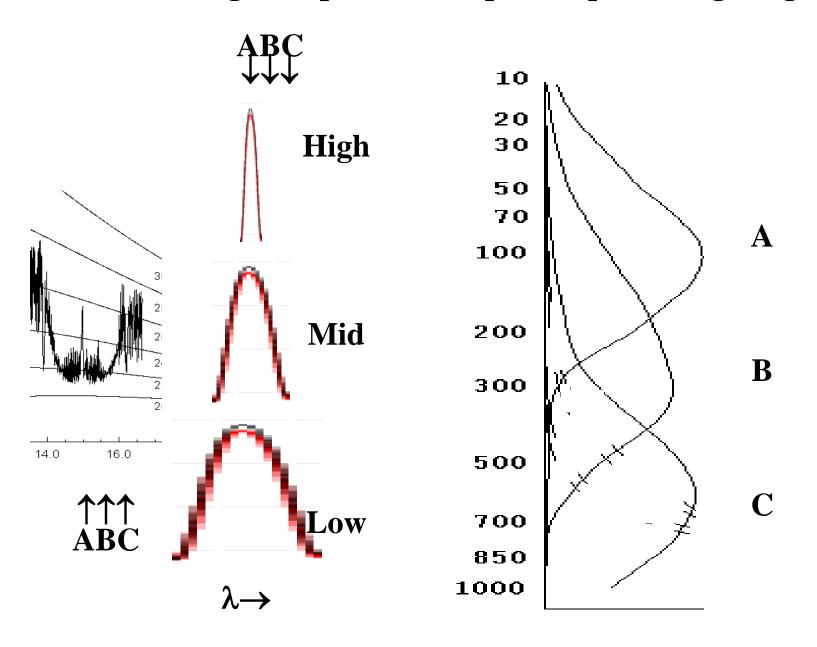
in collaboration with Tim Schmit, Jun Li, Youri Plokhenko, Dave Tobin, Hank Revercomb and colleagues at CIMSS



Earth emitted spectra overlaid on Planck function envelopes



line broadening with pressure helps to explain weighting functions

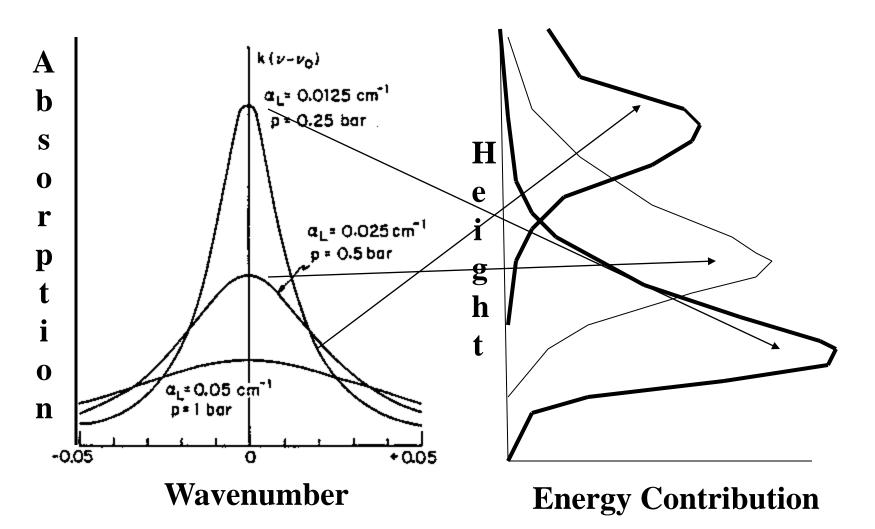


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Fourier Transform Spectrocopy Infrared Atmospheric Sounding

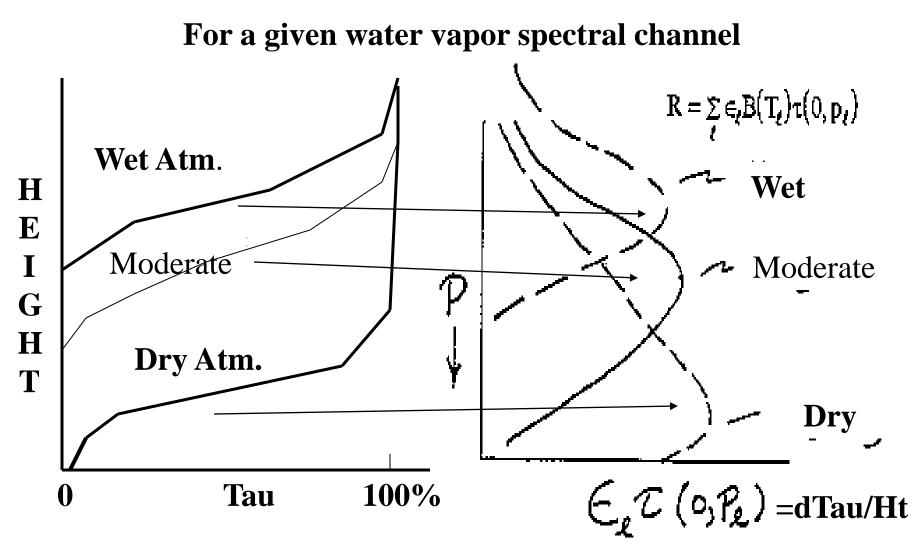






Fourier Transform Spectroscopy Infrared Atmospheric Sounding



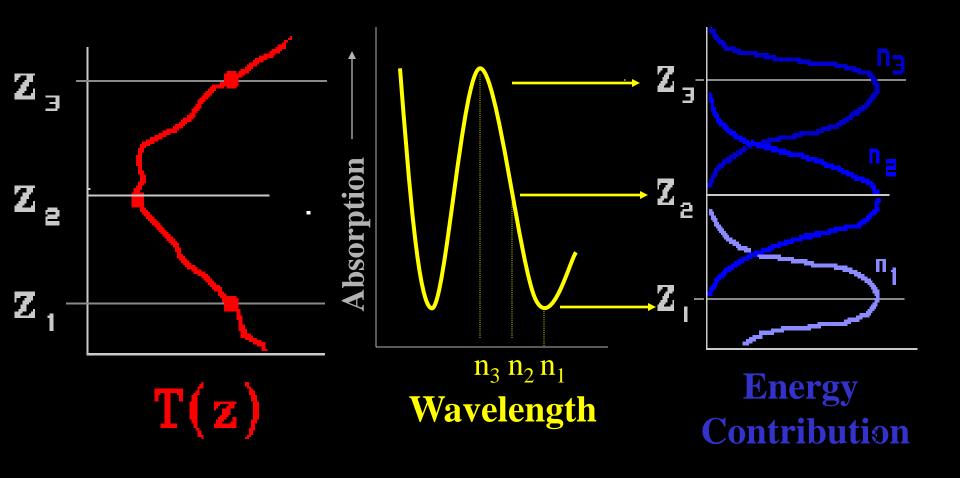




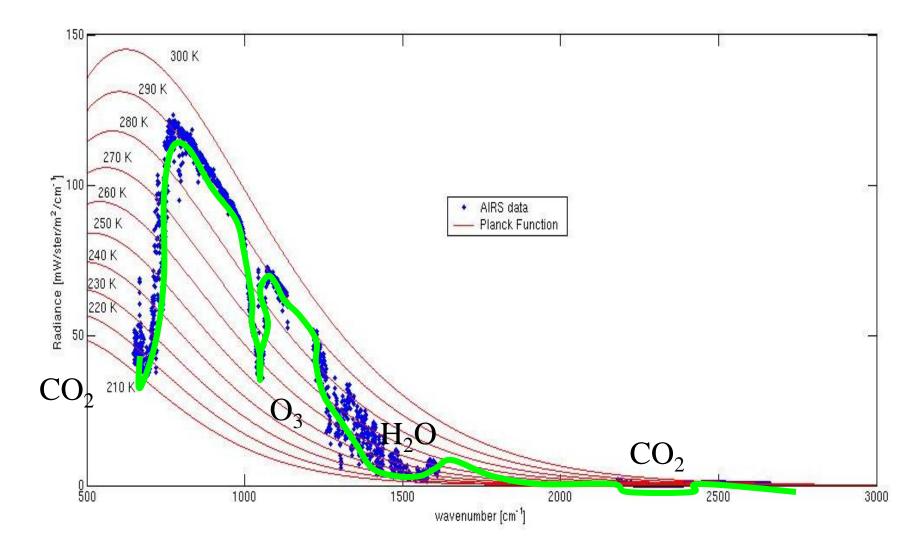
Fourier Transform Spectroscopy Infrared Atmospheric Sounding

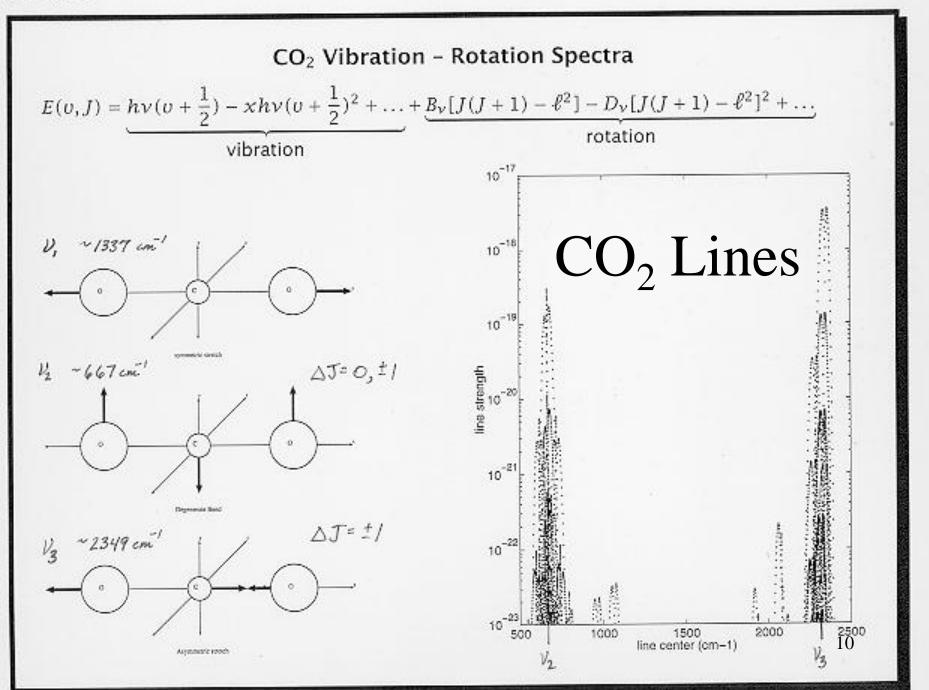


Wavelength Converts to Altitude

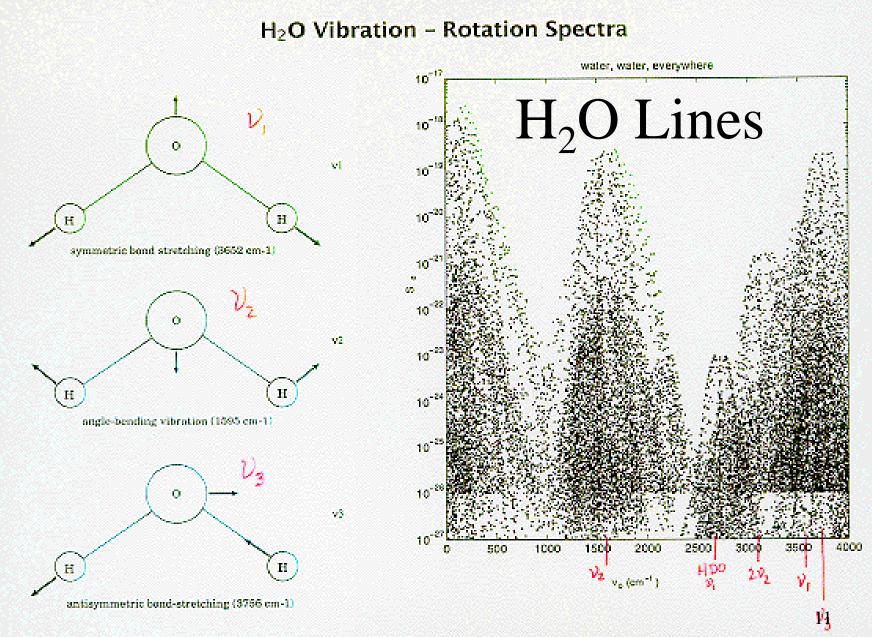


Vibrational Bands

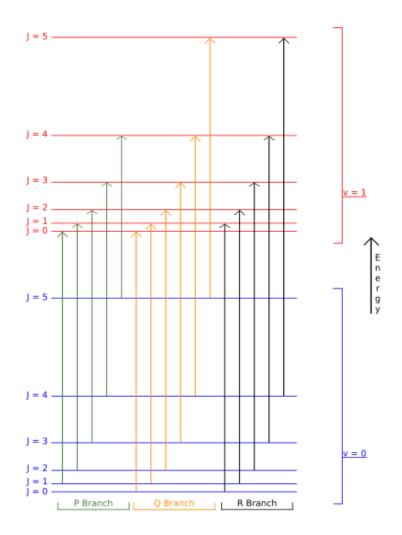




D. Tobin, UMBC

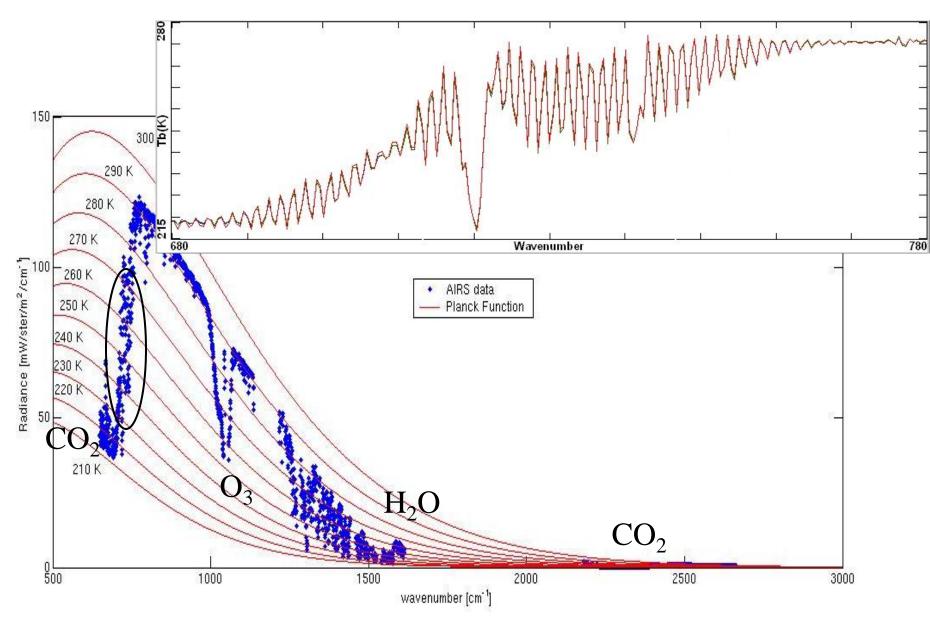


Energy State Transitions

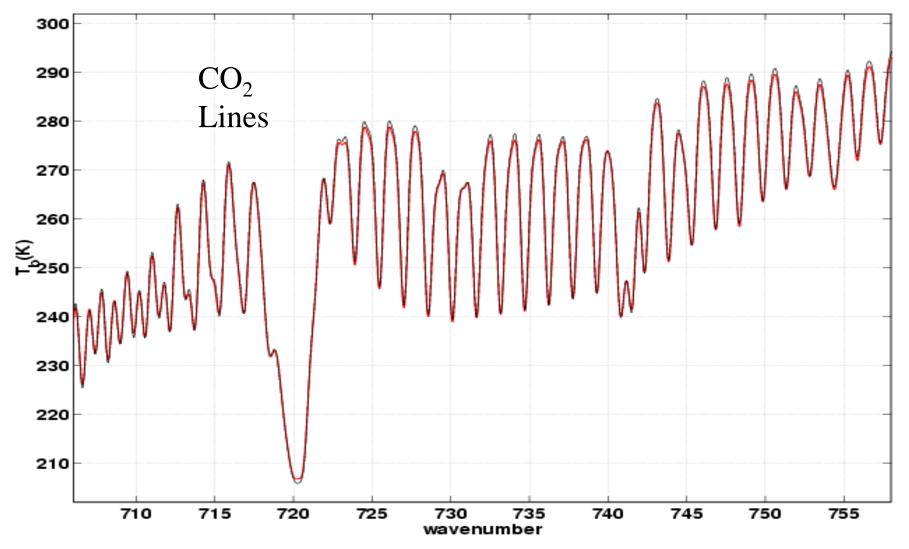


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Rotational Lines

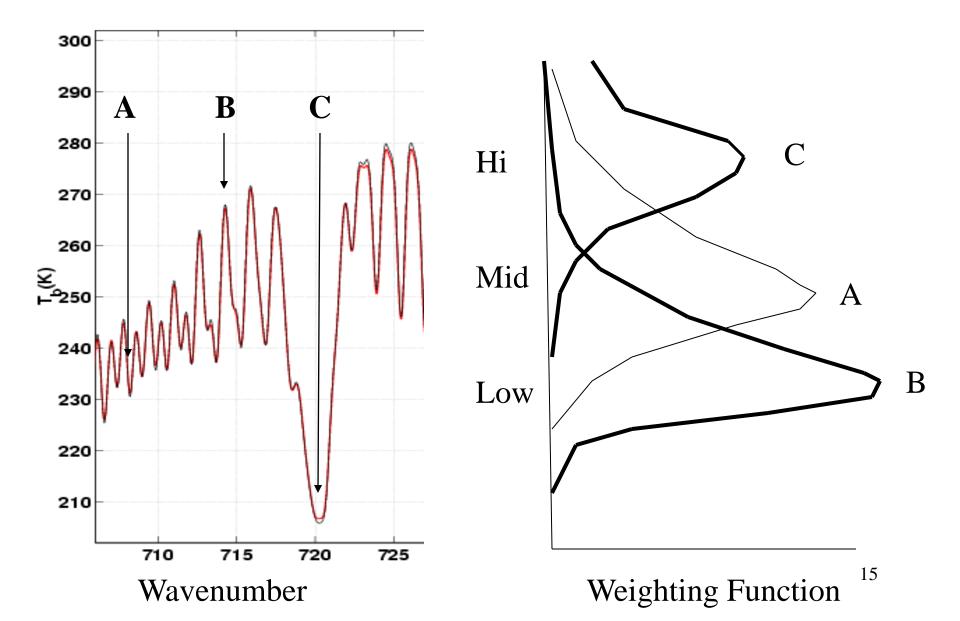


Earth emitted spectrum in CO2 sensitive 705 to 760 cm-1

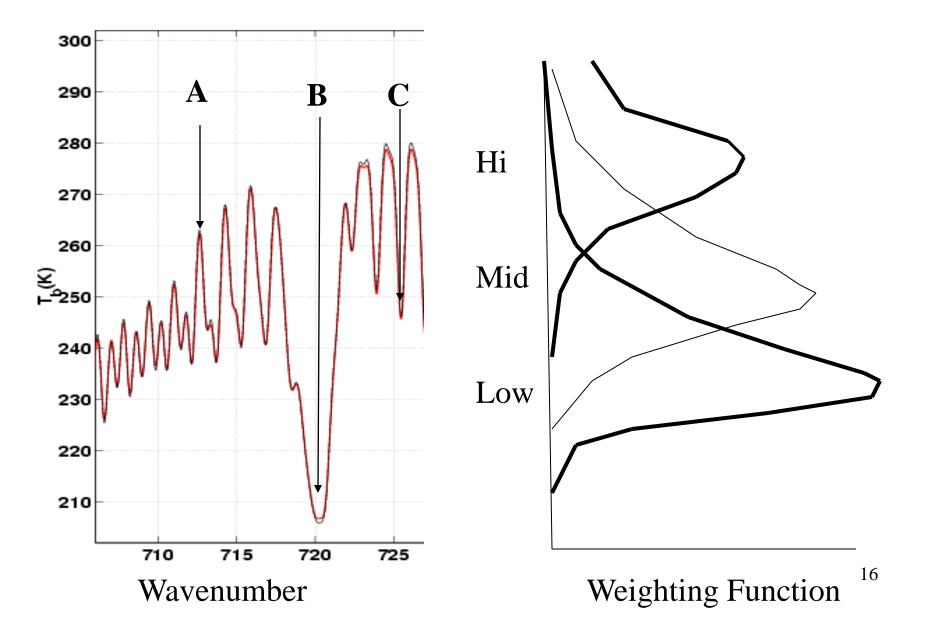


14

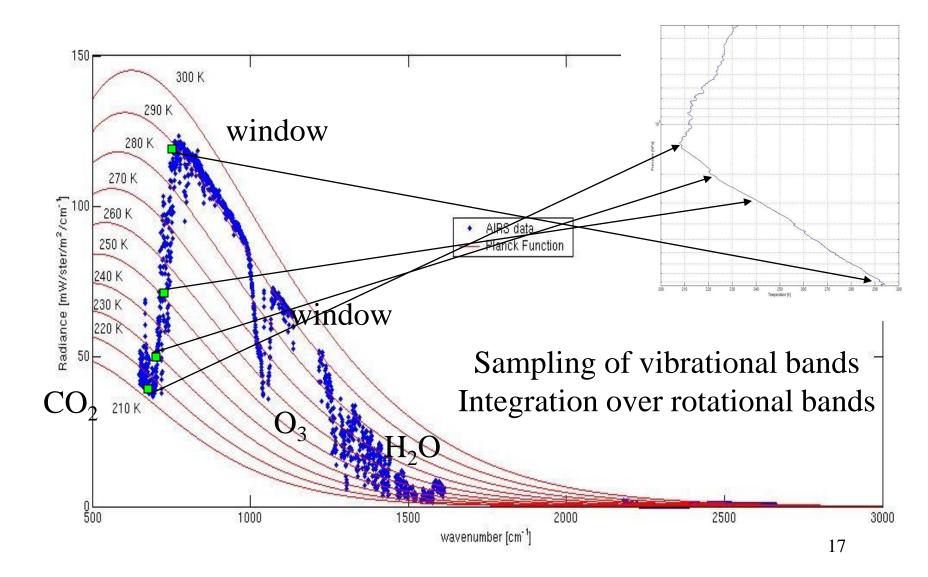
Associating relative weighting functions with the CO2 rotational bands

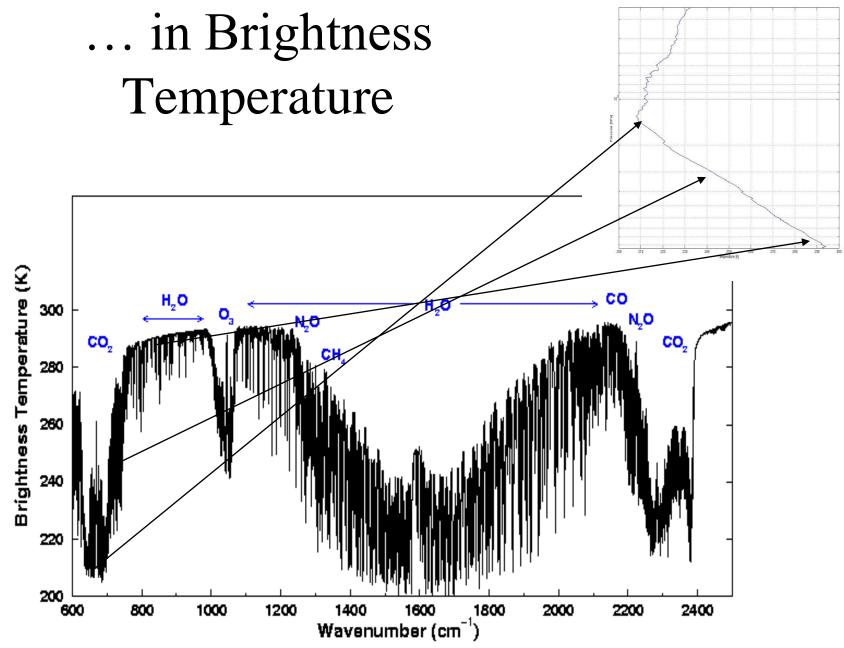


Associating relative weighting functions with the CO2 rotational bands

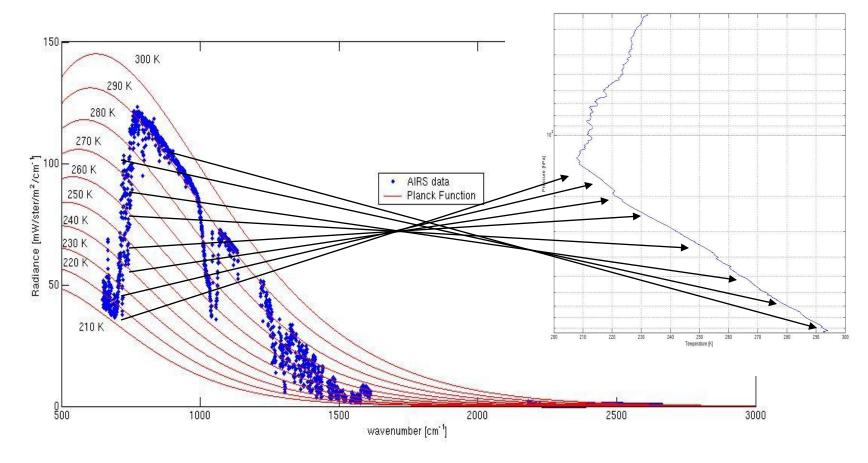


Broad Band

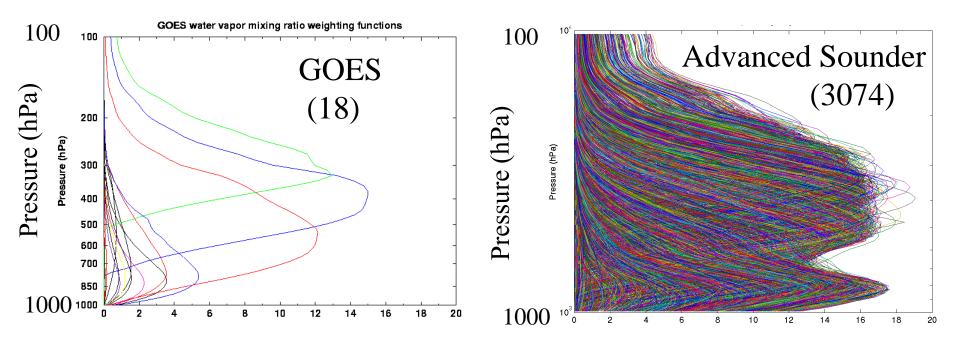




High Spectral Resolution

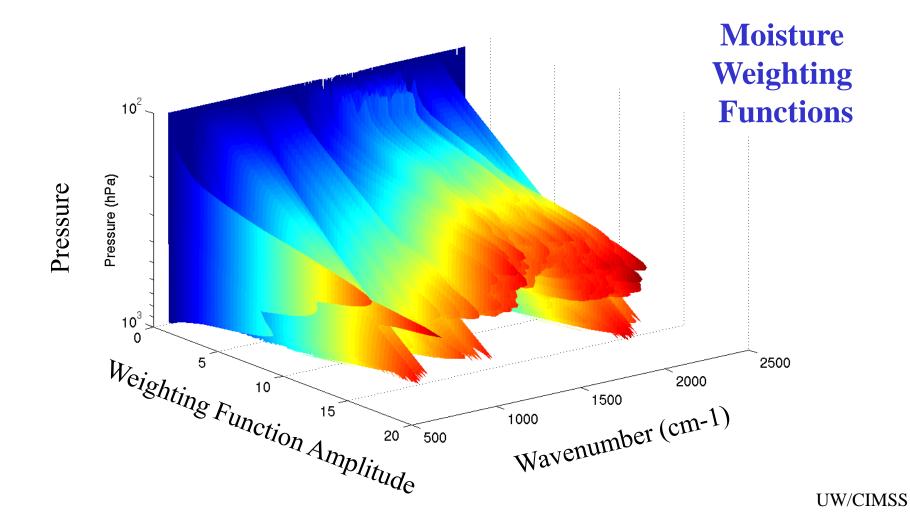


Sampling over rotational bands



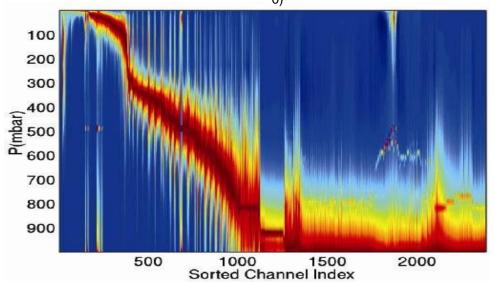
Moisture Weighting Functions

High spectral resolution advanced sounder will have more and sharper weighting functions compared to current GOES sounder. Retrievals will have better vertical resolution. These water vapor weighting functions reflect the radiance sensitivity of the specific channels to a water vapor % change at a specific level (equivalent to dR/dlnq scaled by dlnp).



The advanced sounder has more and sharper weighting functions

temperature weighting functions sorted by pressure of their peak (blue = 0)



Instrument

- Hyperspectral radiometer with resolution of 0.5 2 cm⁻¹
- Extremely well calibrated pre-launch
- Spectral range: 650 2700 cm⁻¹
- Associated microwave instruments (AMSU, HSB)

Design

Grating Spectrometer passively cooled to 160K, stabilized to 30 mK

• PV and PC HdCdTe focal plane cooled to 60K

with redundant active pulse tube cryogenic coolers

• Focal plane has ~5000 detectors, 2378 channels. PV detectors (all below 13 microns) are doubly redundant. Two channels per resolution element (n/Dn = 1200)

• 310 K Blackbody and space view provides radiometric calibration

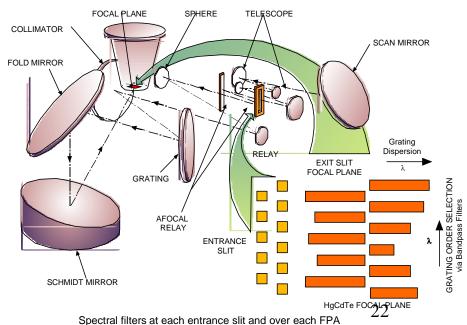
• Paralyene coating on calibration mirror and upwelling radiation provides spectral calibration

• NEDT (per resolution element) ranges from 0.05K to 0.5K

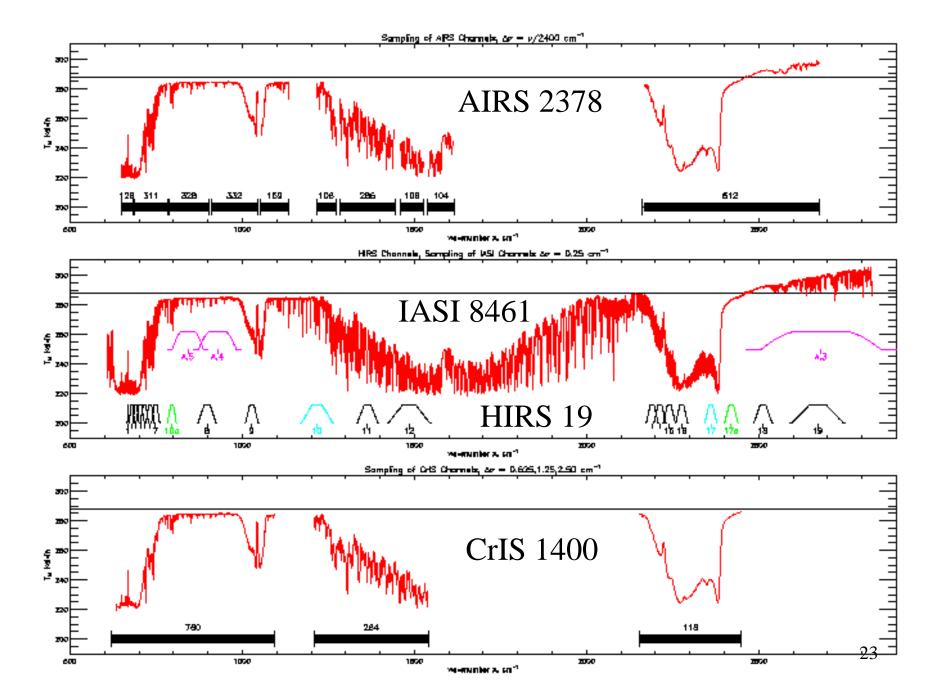


AIRS On Aqua





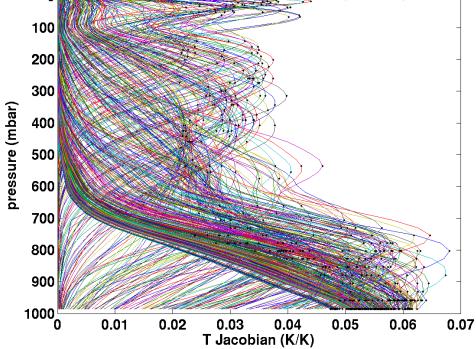
array isolate color band (grating order) of interest



AIRS movie

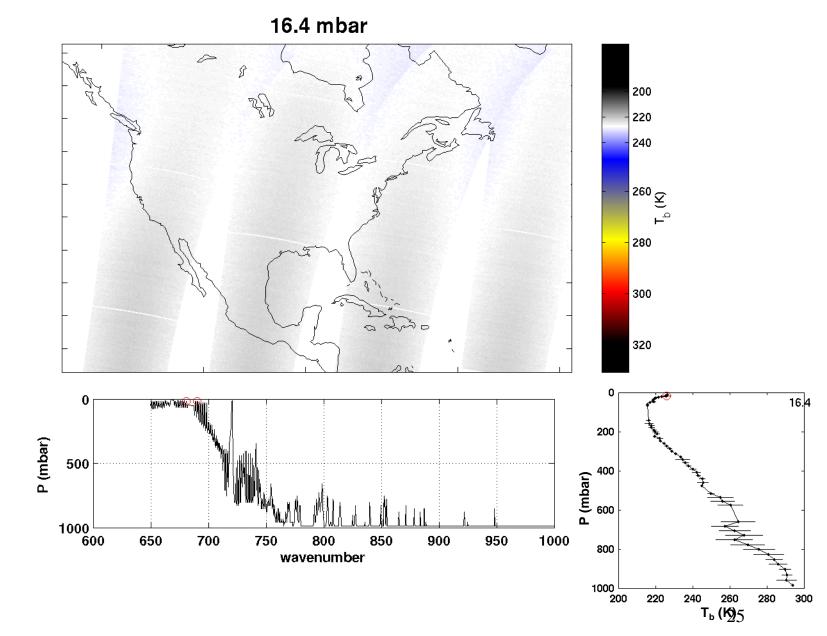


AIRS Clear Sky Temperature Jacobians for US Standard atmosphere, 680 cm⁻¹ < v < 900 cm⁻¹, Bad_Flag = 0

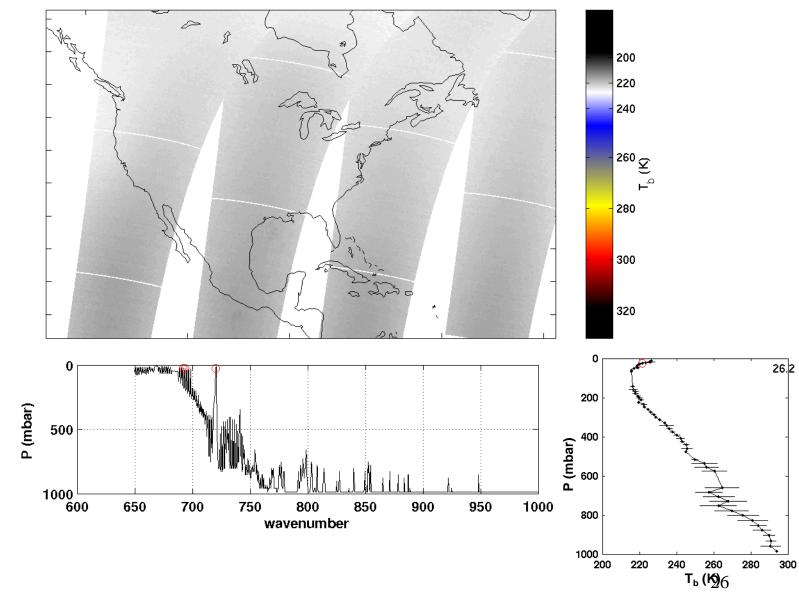


✓ Sort channels by pressure of Jacobian peaks

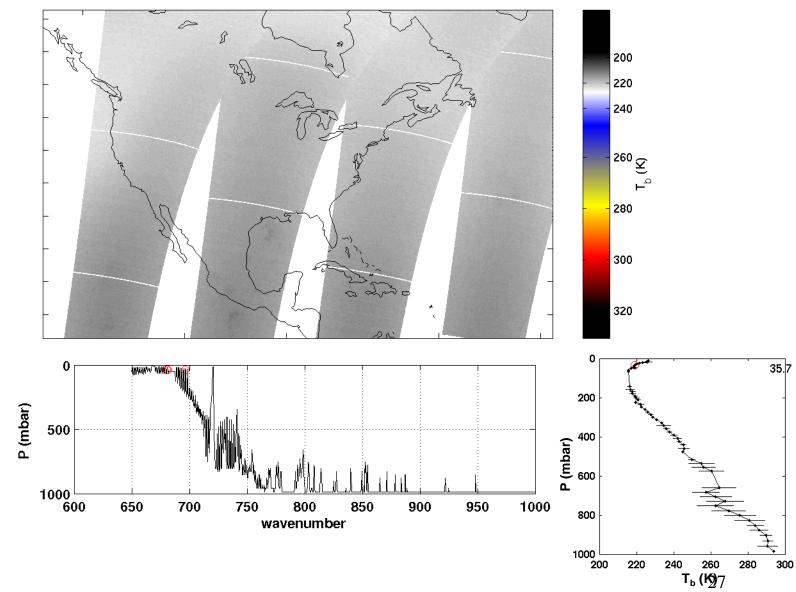
AIRS nighttime granules over CONUS, 6 Sept 2002



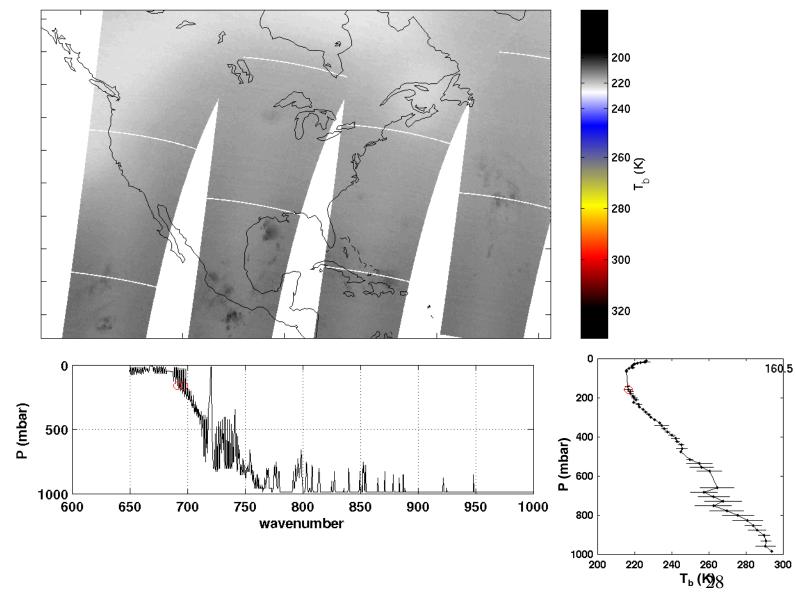
26.2 mbar



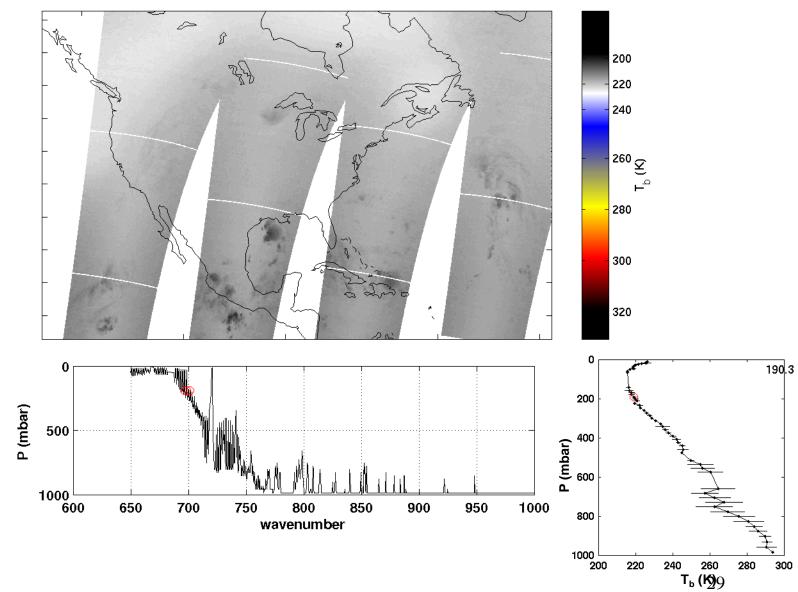
35.7 mbar



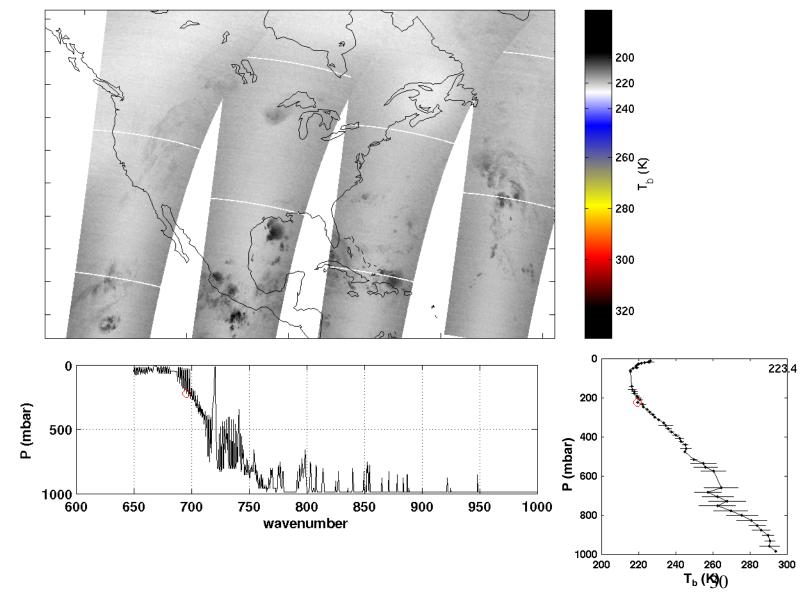
160.5 mbar



190.3 mbar

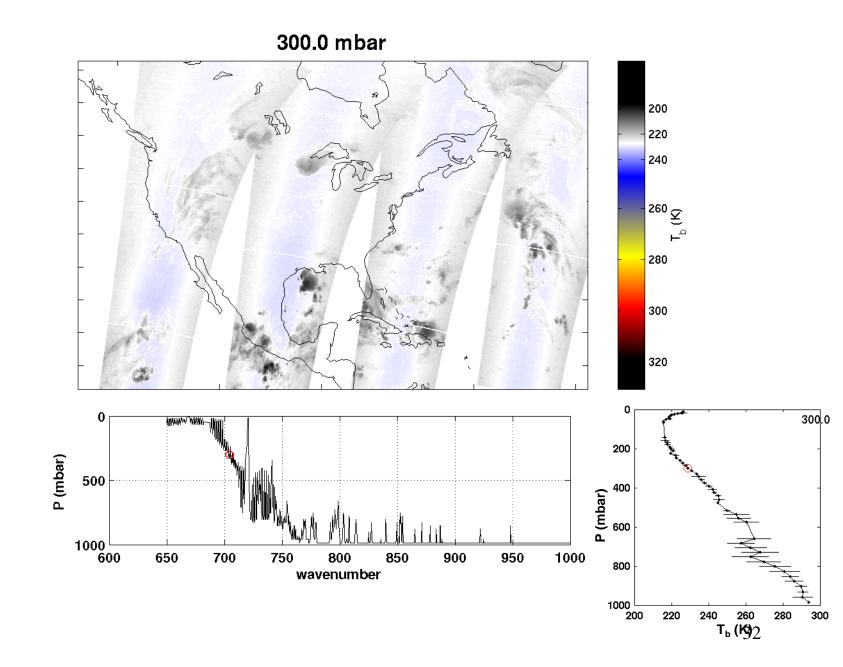


223.4 mbar

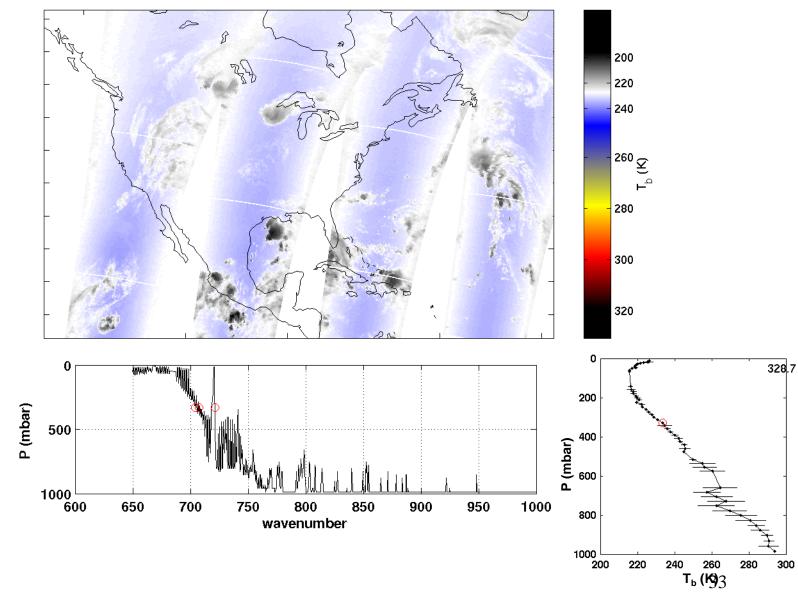


260.0 mbar \sim ^{¶ 260} ∑ ⊢ິ NANA M P (mbar) P (mbar) 00⁹ 600 wavenumber 200 ²⁴⁰ 260 Т_ь (Ку)1

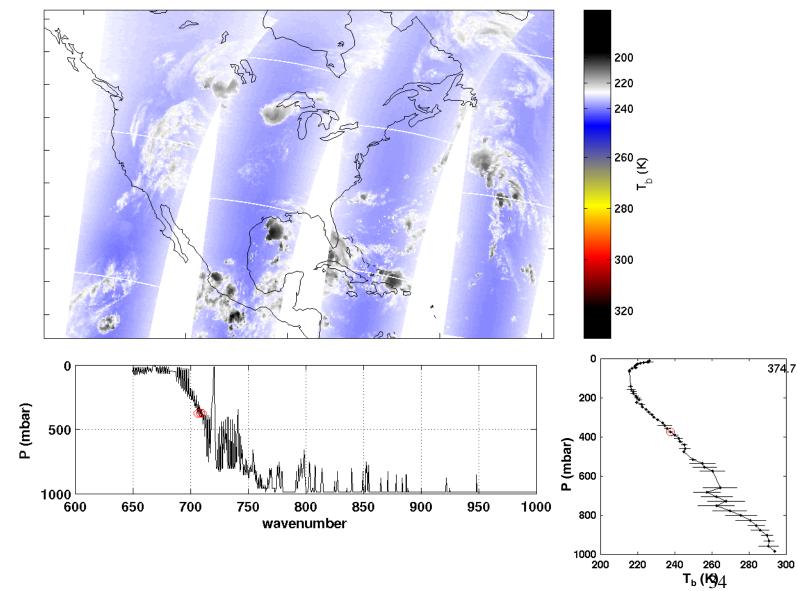
260.0



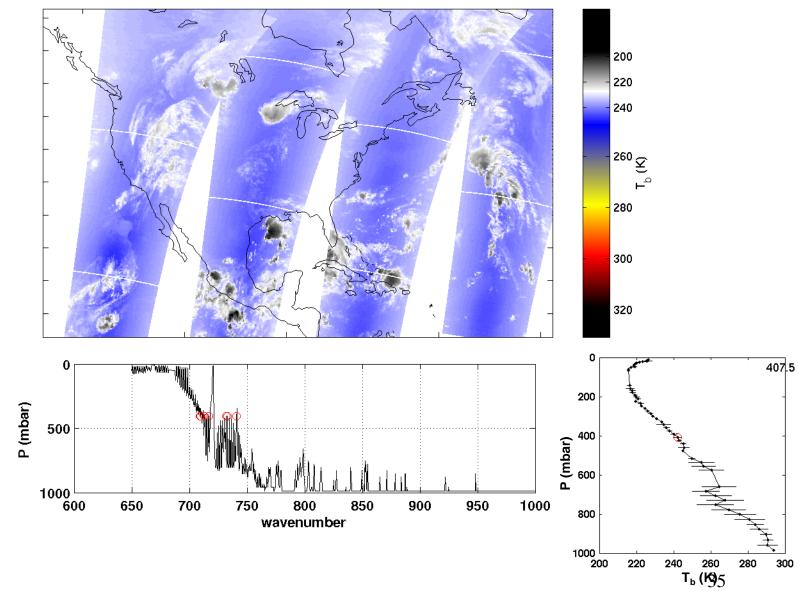
328.7 mbar



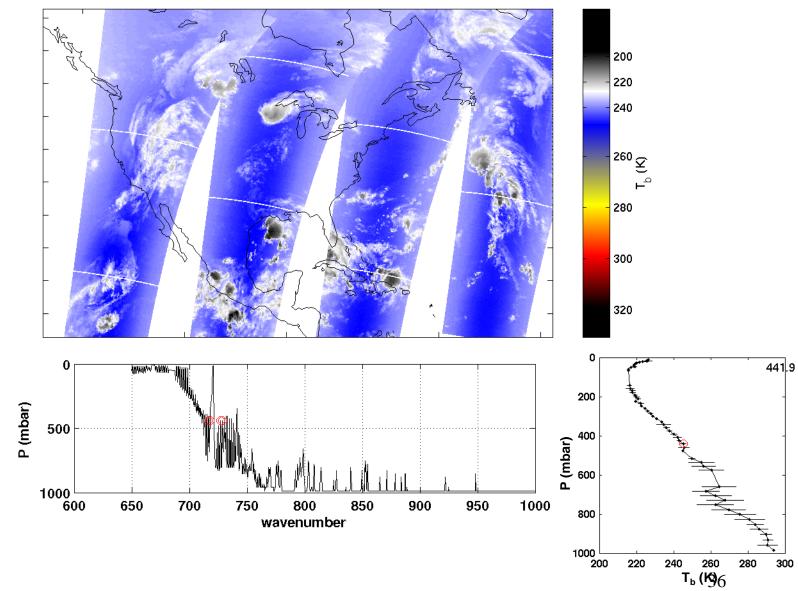
374.7 mbar



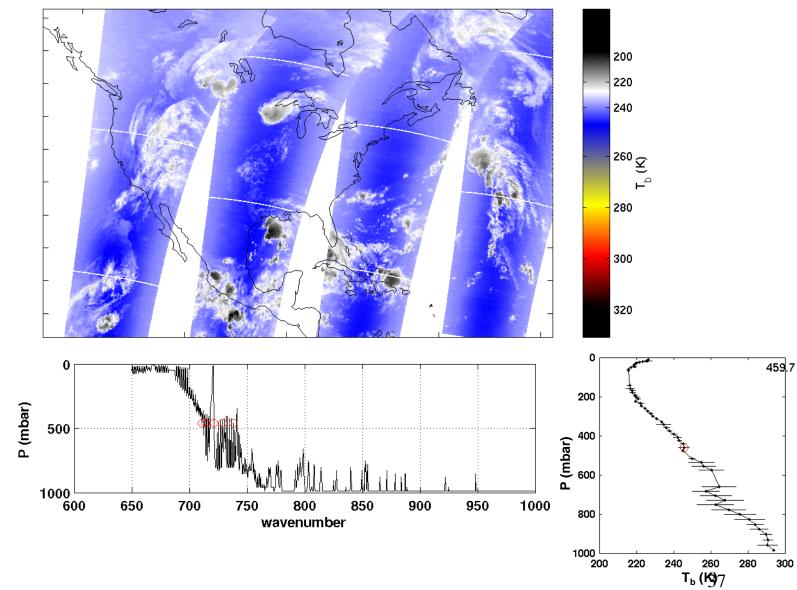
407.5 mbar



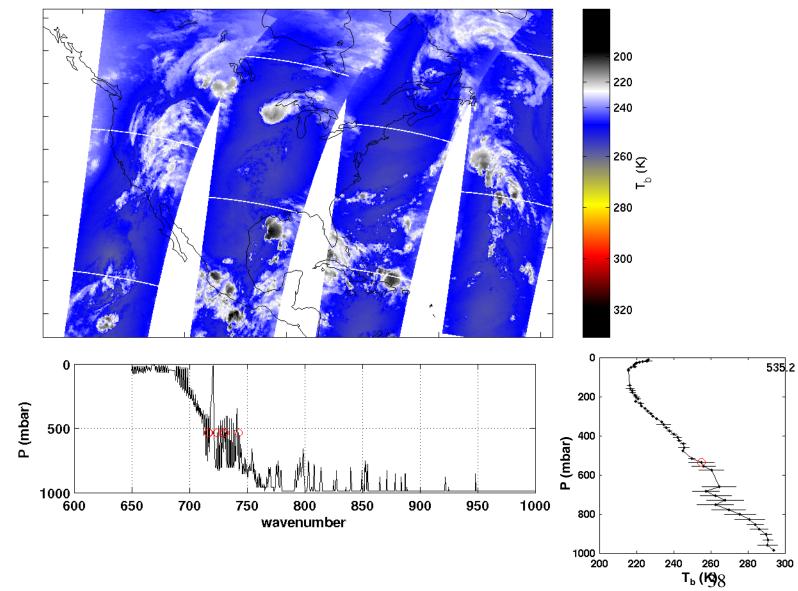
441.9 mbar



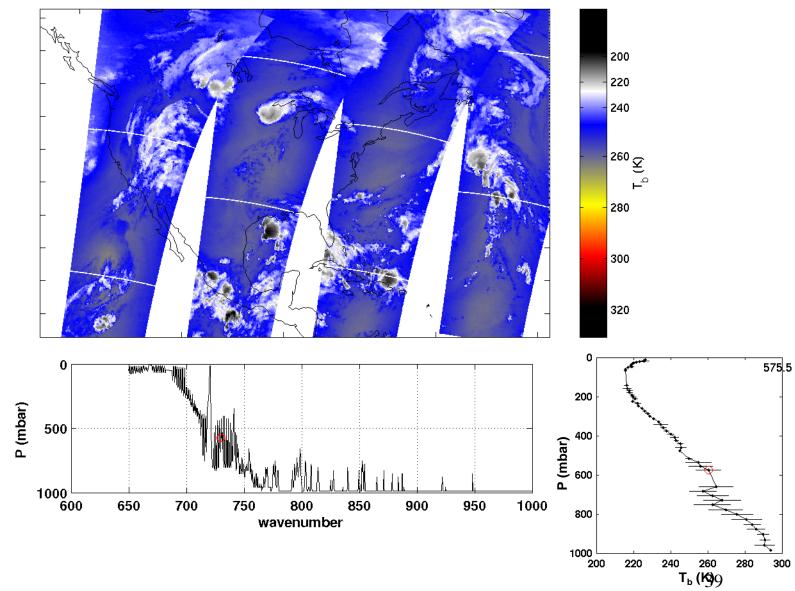
459.7 mbar



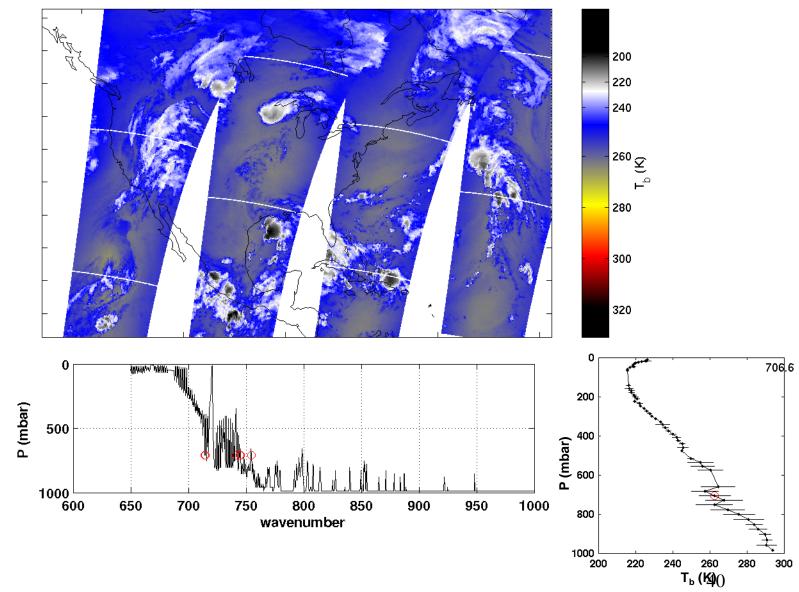
535.2 mbar



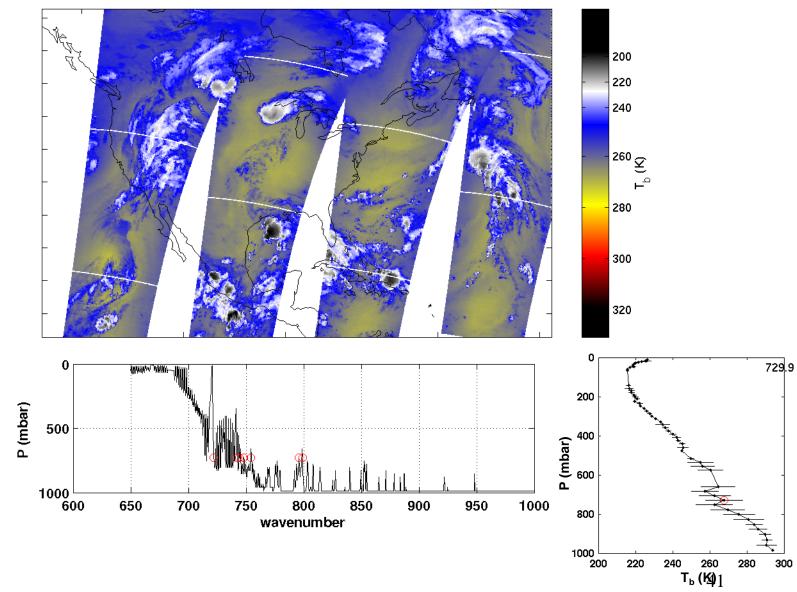
575.5 mbar



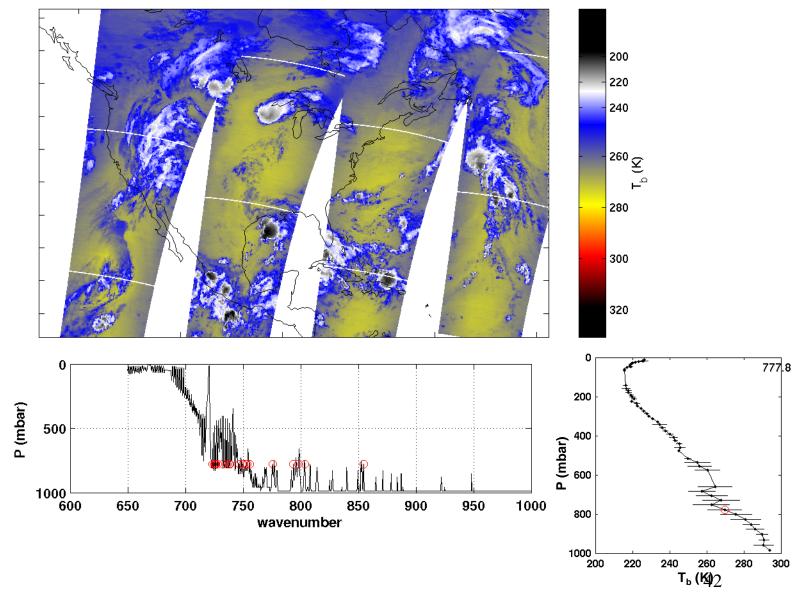
706.6 mbar



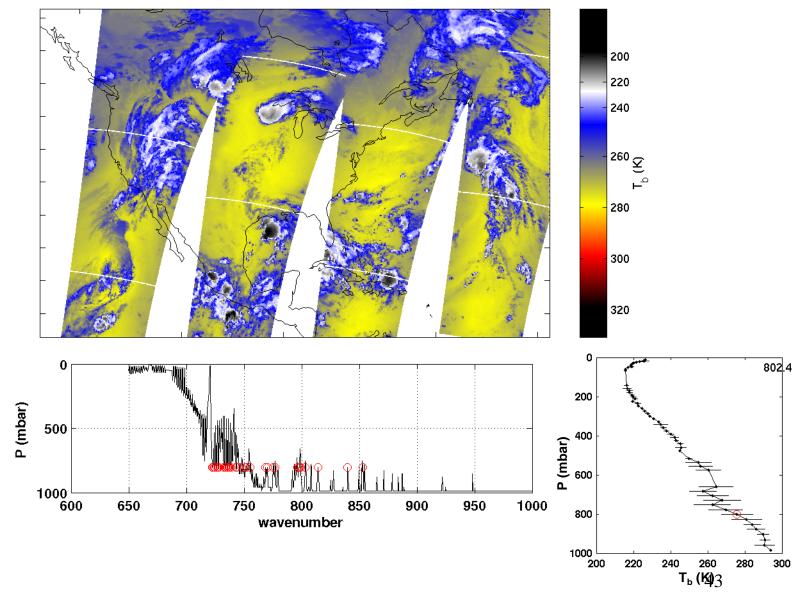
729.9 mbar



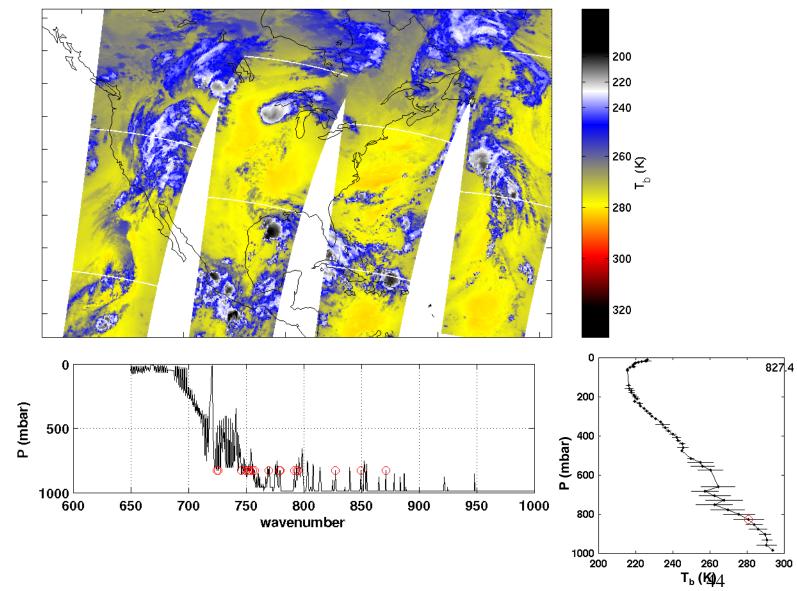
777.8 mbar



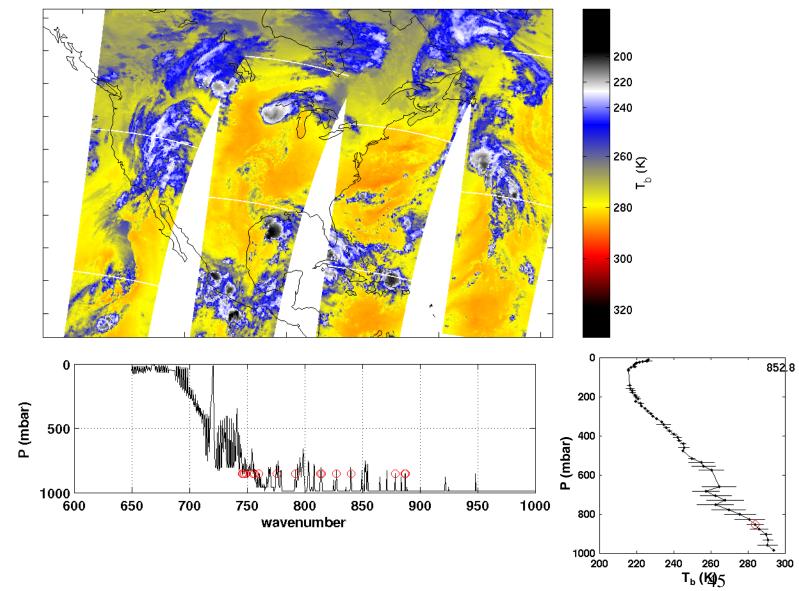
802.4 mbar



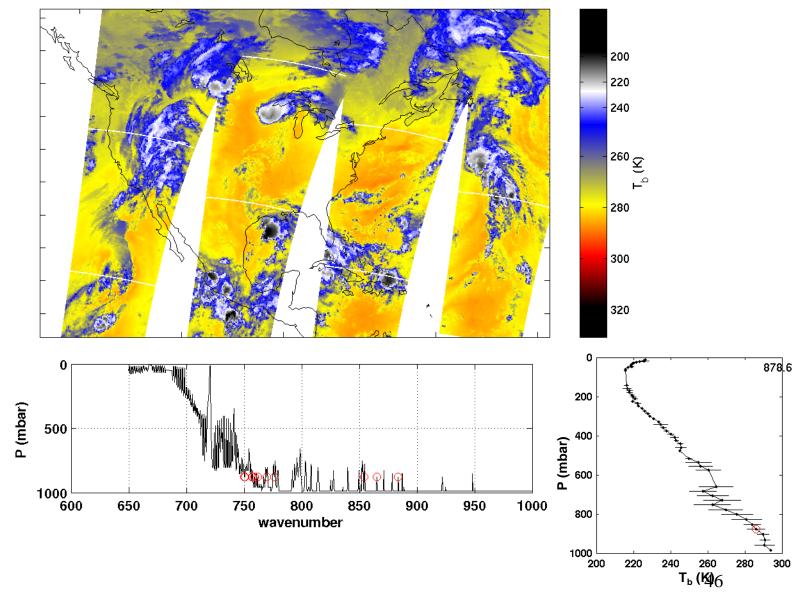
827.4 mbar



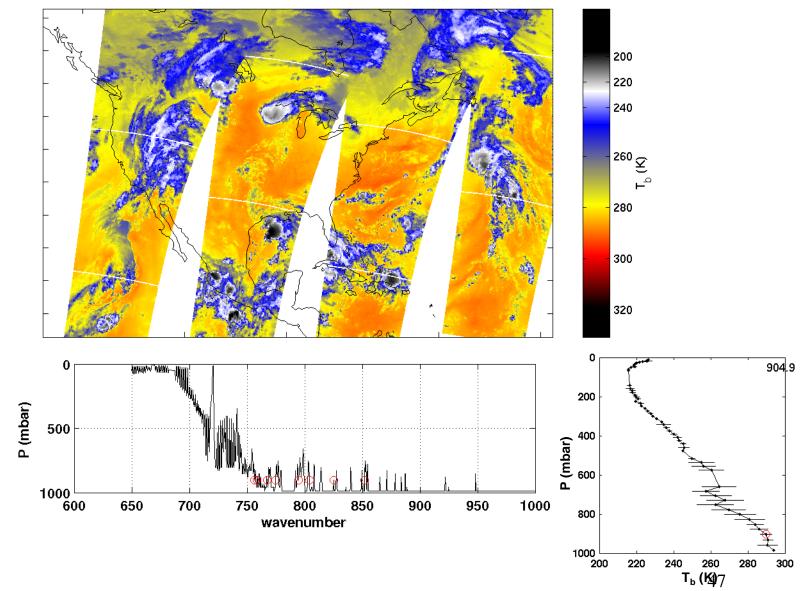
852.8 mbar



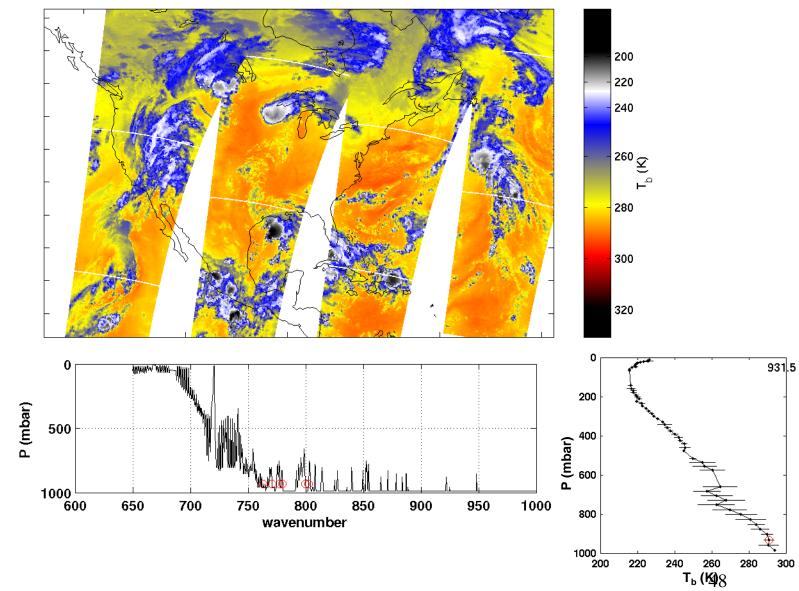
878.6 mbar



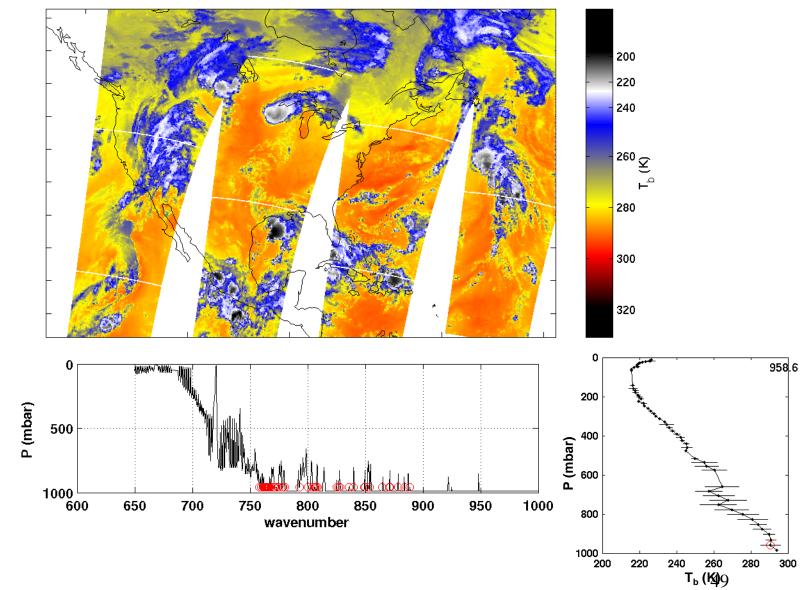
904.9 mbar



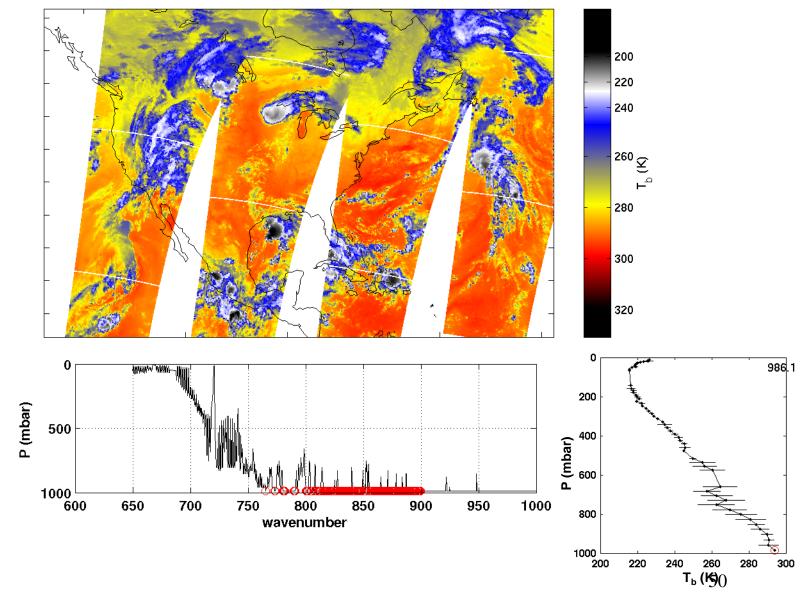
931.5 mbar



958.6 mbar



986.1 mbar



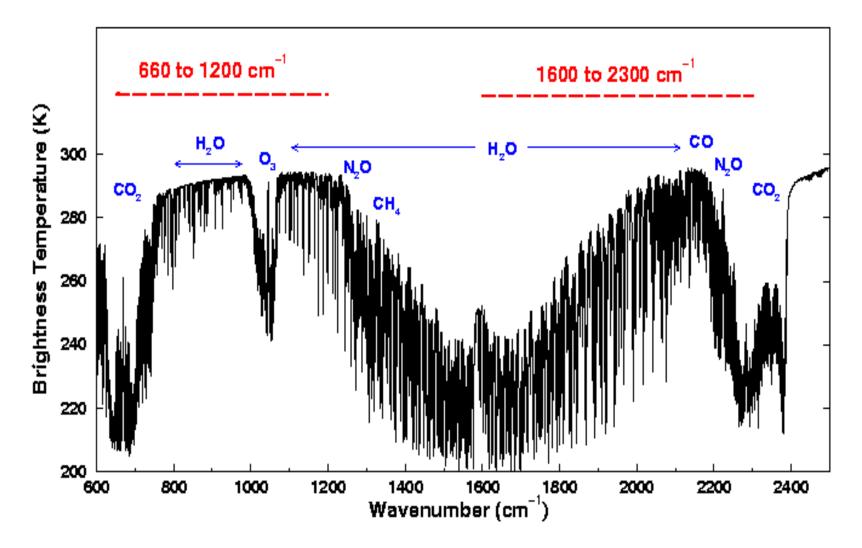
AIRS data and Level 2 Products are processed at the GSFC DAAC and available to the public!

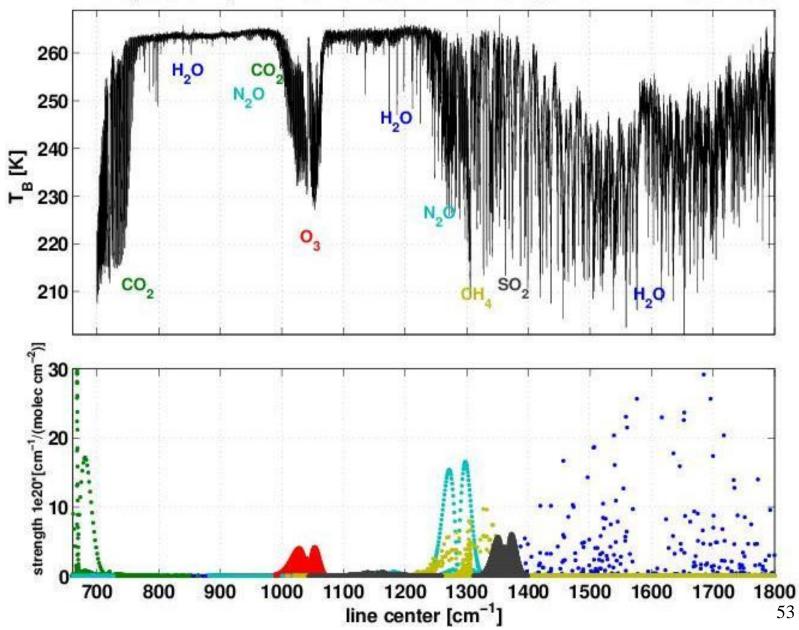
The NASA GSFC Data Active Archive Center at

http://daac.gsfc.nasa.gov/

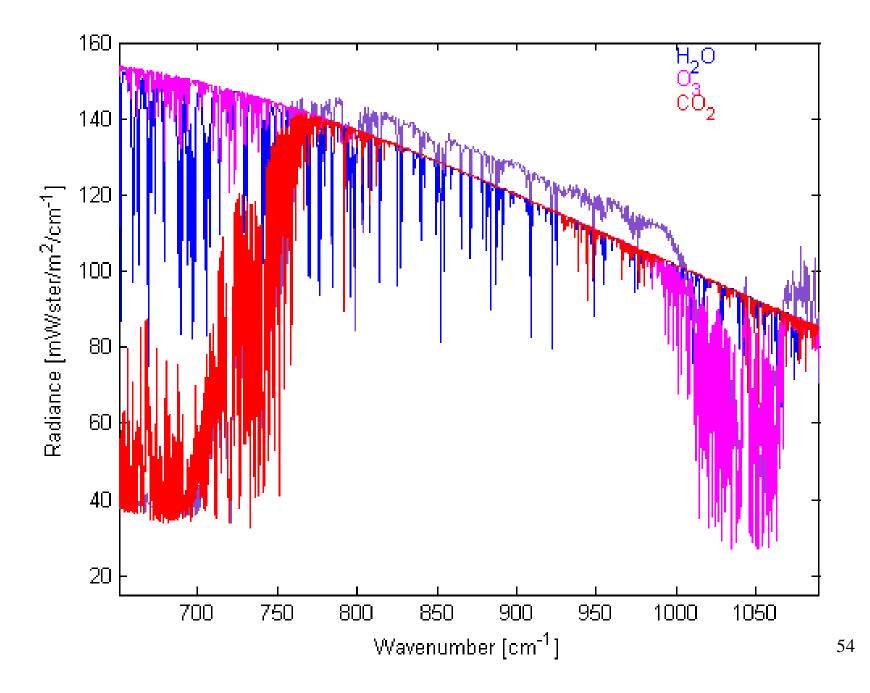
offers a menu driven

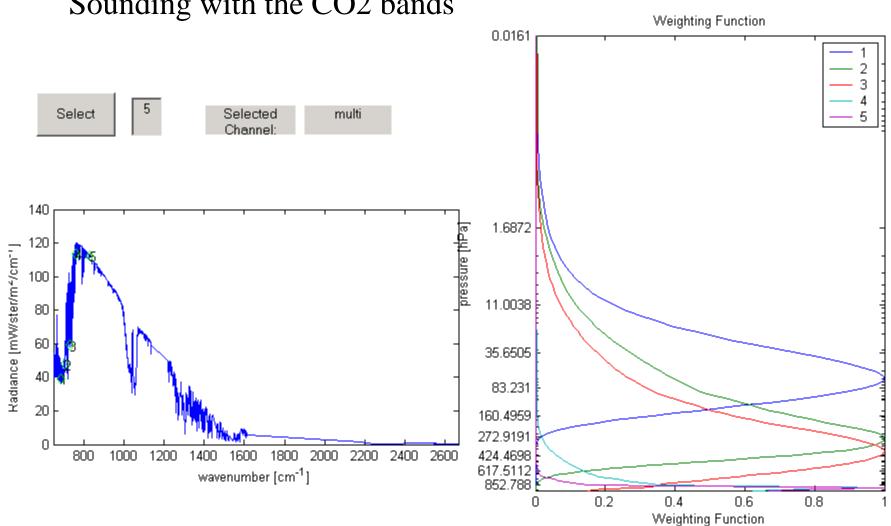
selection of archived calibrated navigated radiances as well as derived products such as temperature and moisture soundings and total column concentrations of water vapor and ozone.



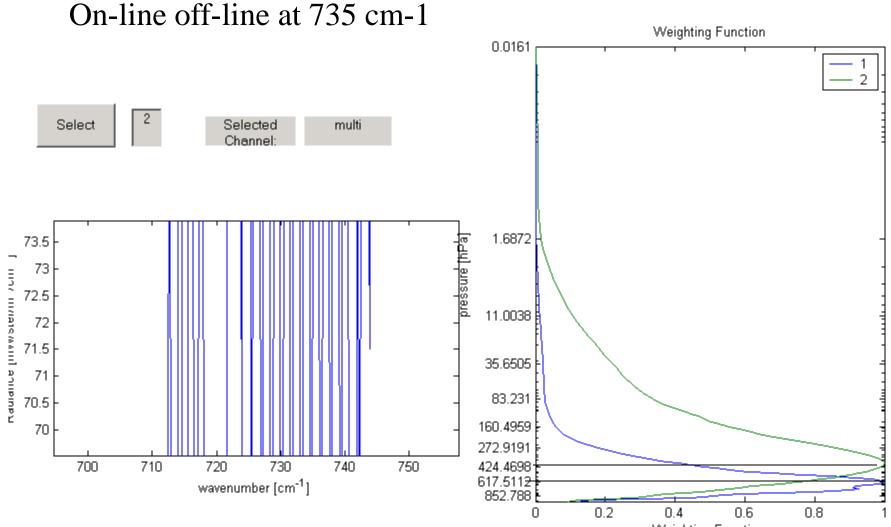


IMG spectrum (WINCE, 970128 over Nebraska) and HITRAN database



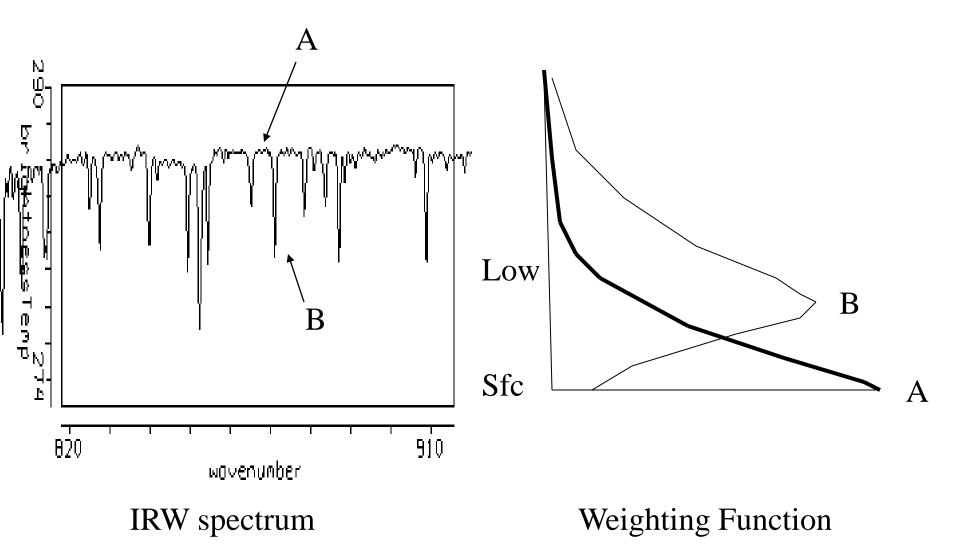


Sounding with the CO2 bands

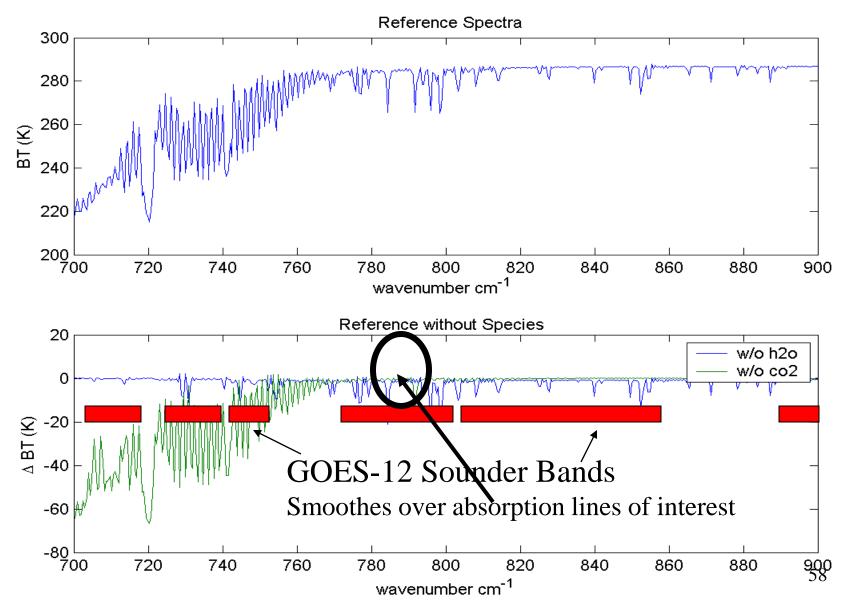


Weighting Function

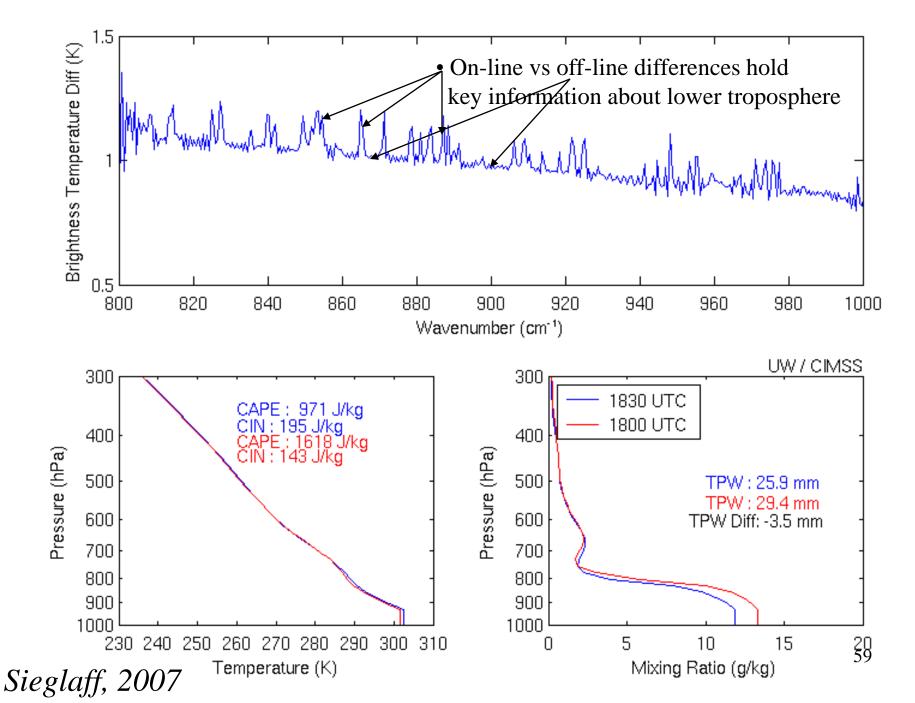
In the IRW - A is off H2O line and B is on H2O line



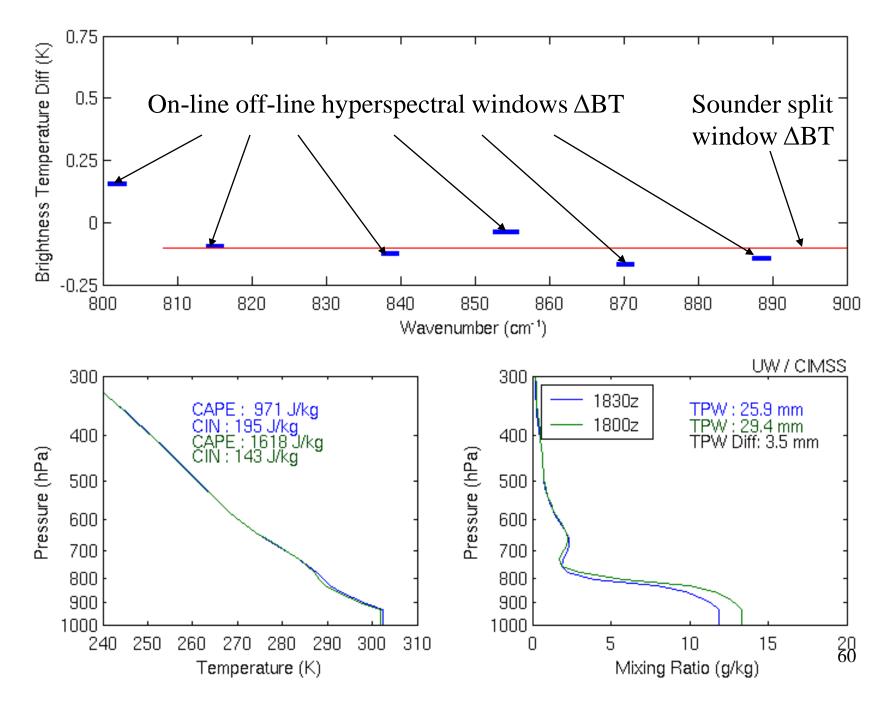
Microchannels in window region of spectrum enable boundary layer moisture investigations



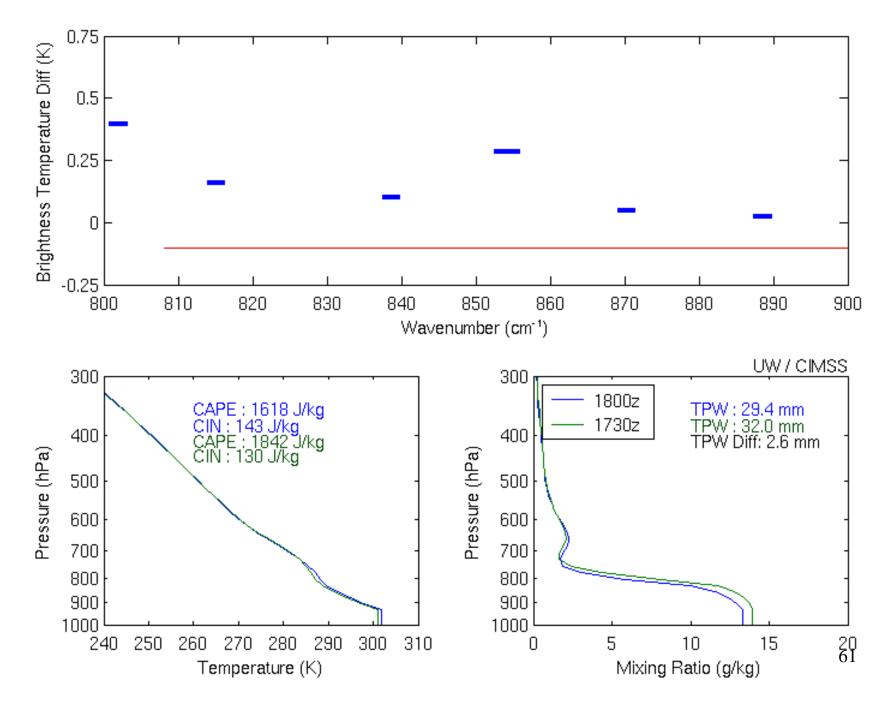
2003-05-08-ram: 1830 UTC - 1800 UTC



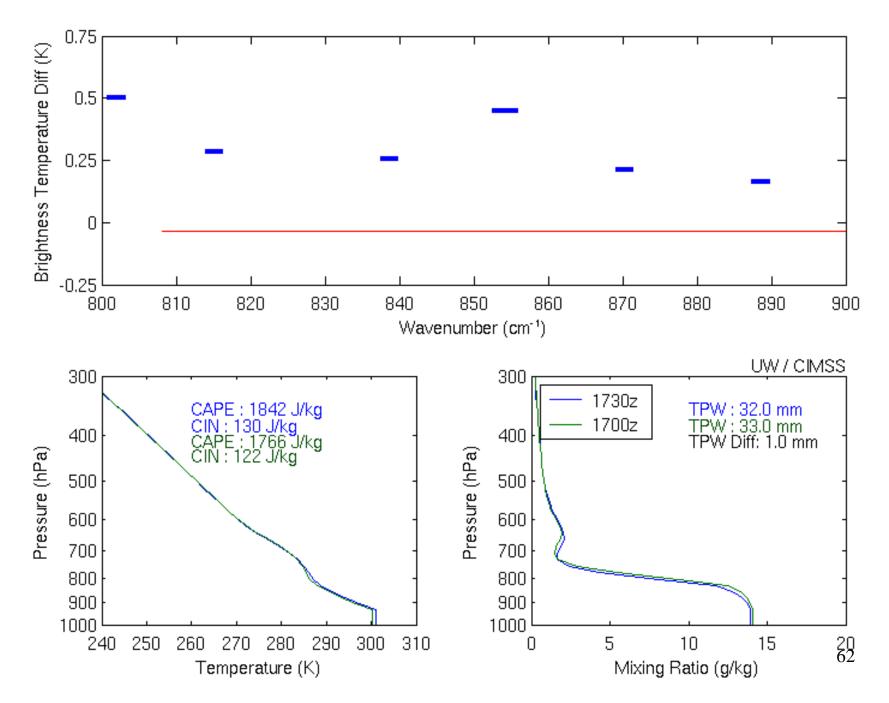
RAMS Sim: 1830 UTC - 1800 UTC



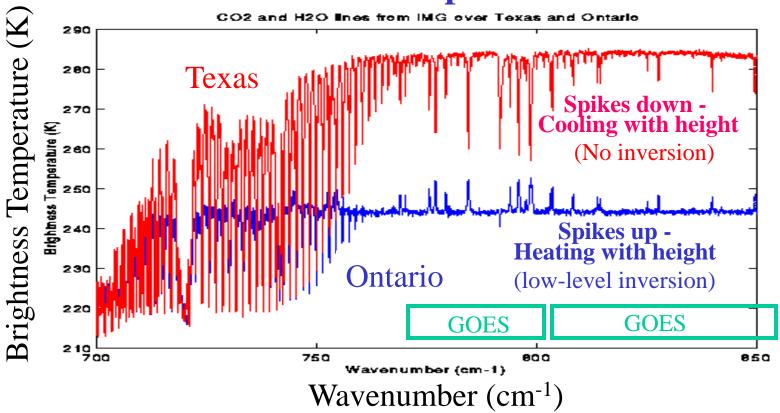
RAMS Sim: 1800 UTC - 1730 UTC



RAMS Sim: 1730 UTC - 1700 UTC

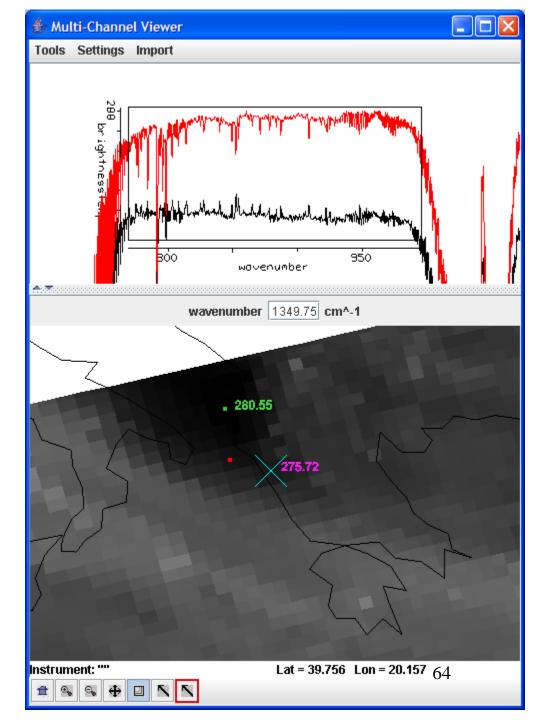


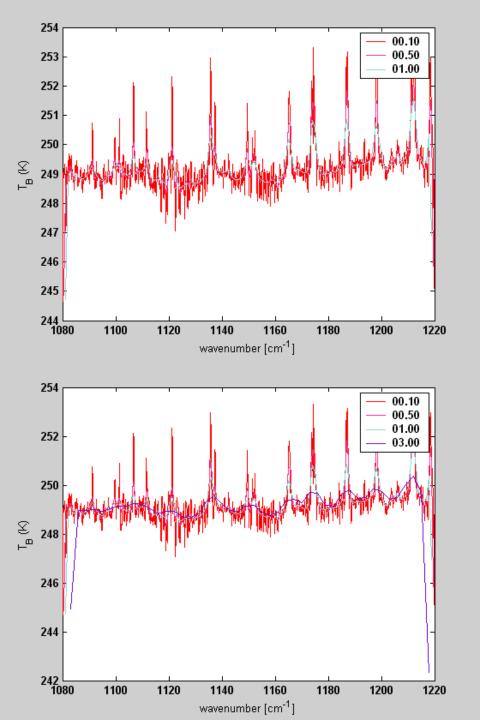
Resolving absorption features in atmospheric windows enables detection of temperature inversions



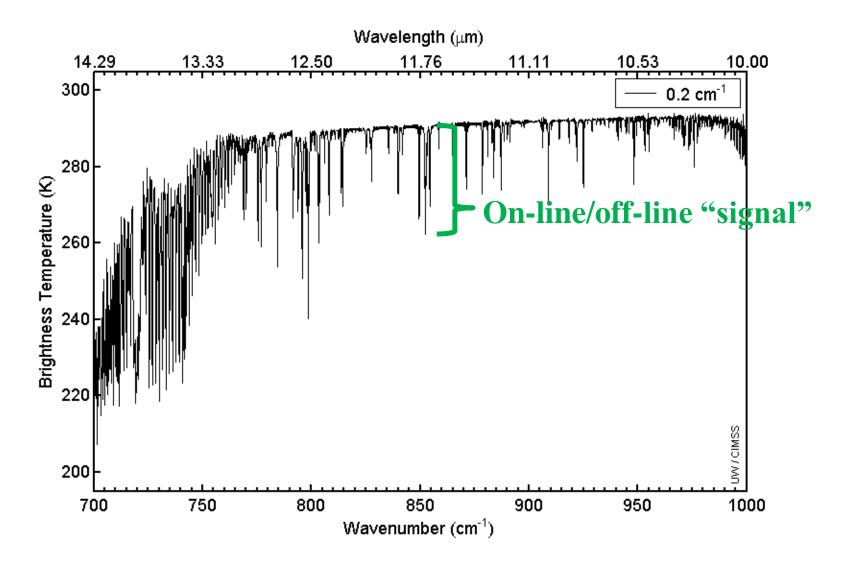
Detection of inversions is critical for severe weather forecasting. Combined with improved low-level moisture depiction, key ingredients for night-time severe storm development can be monitored. 63

IASI detection of temperature inversion (black spectrum) VS clear ocean (red spectrum)

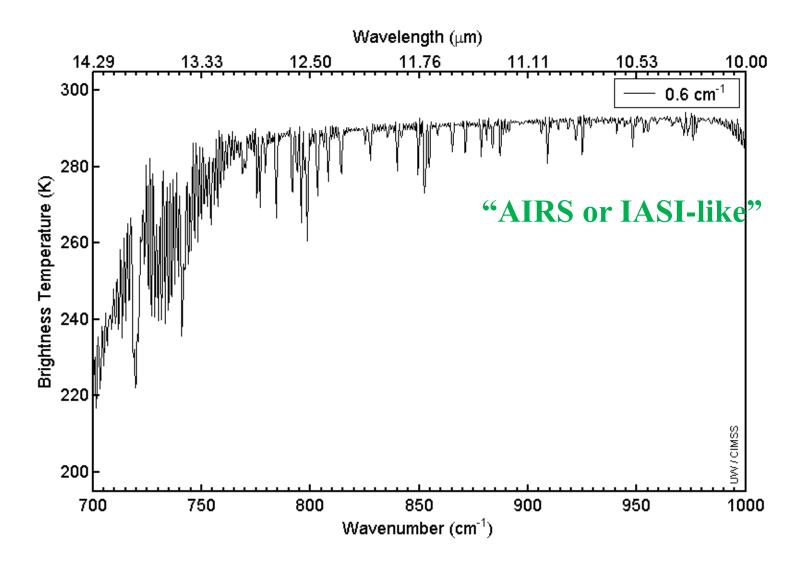




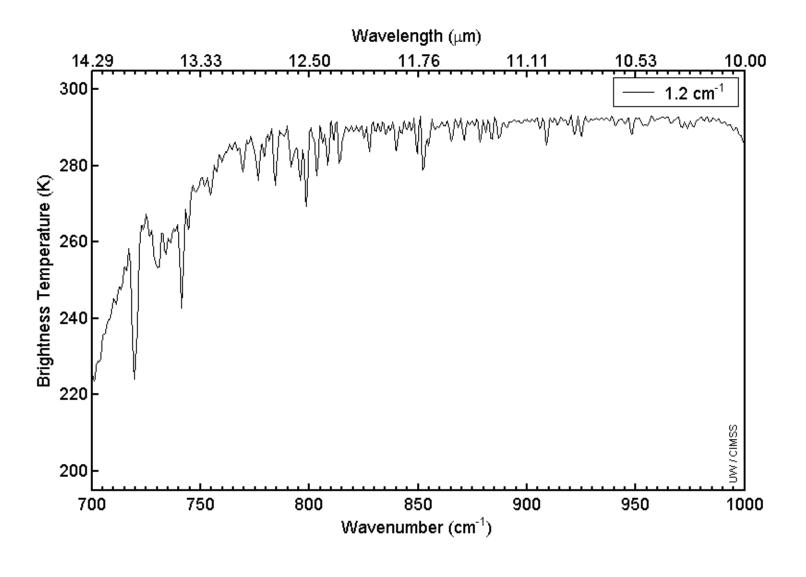
Ability to detect inversions disappears with broadband observations (> 3 cm-1)



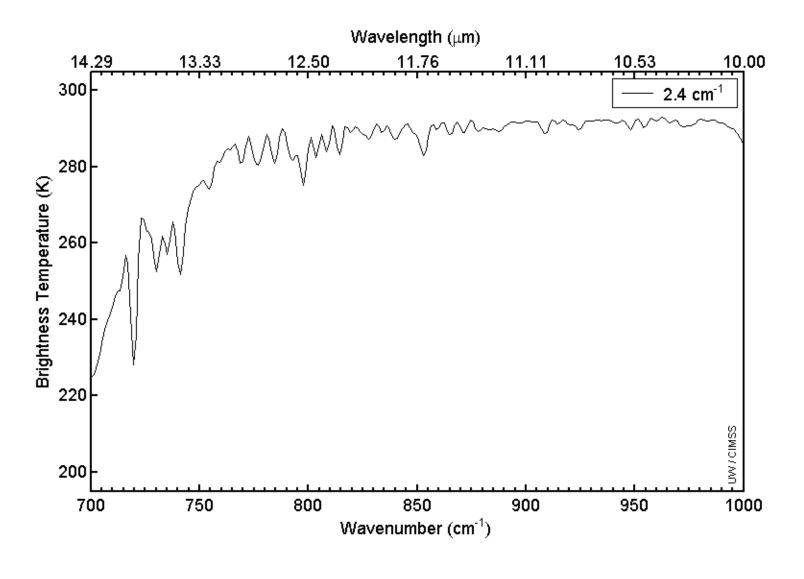
Longwave window region



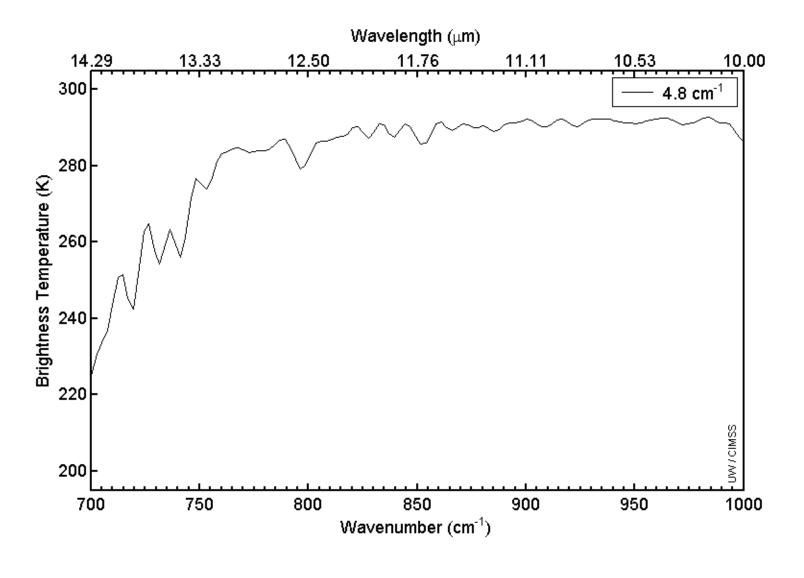
Longwave window region



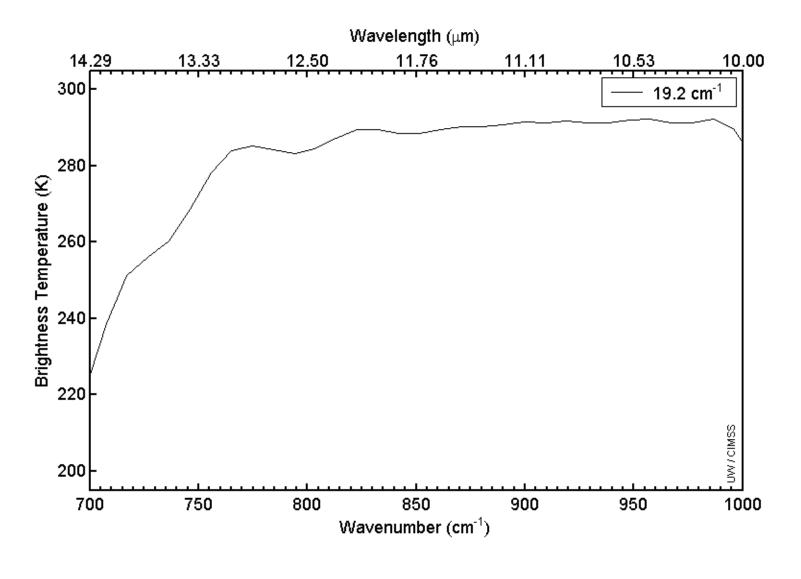
Longwave window region



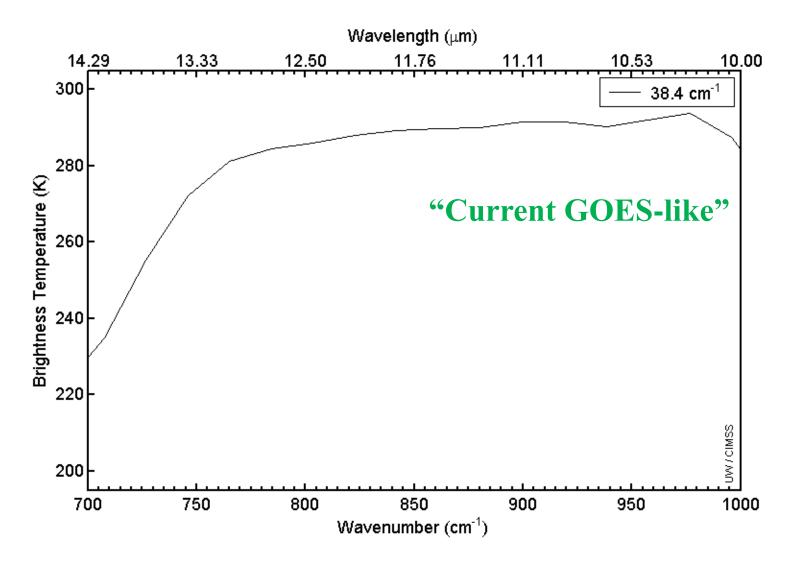
Longwave window region



Longwave window region

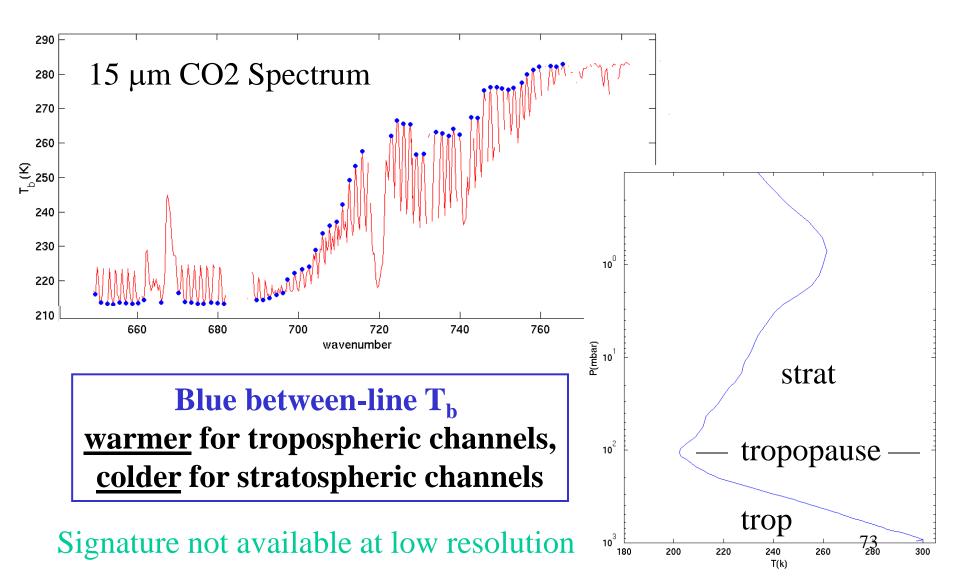


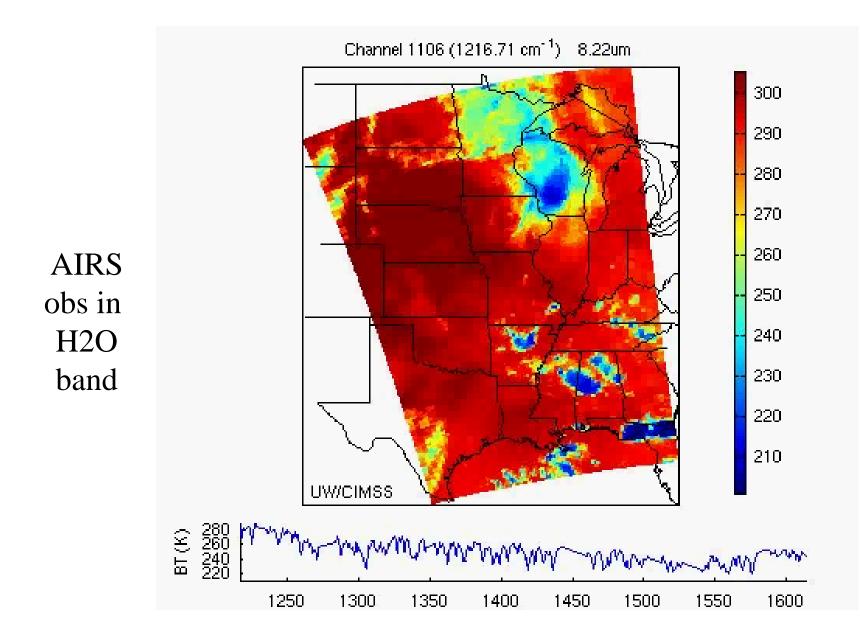
Longwave window region



Longwave window region

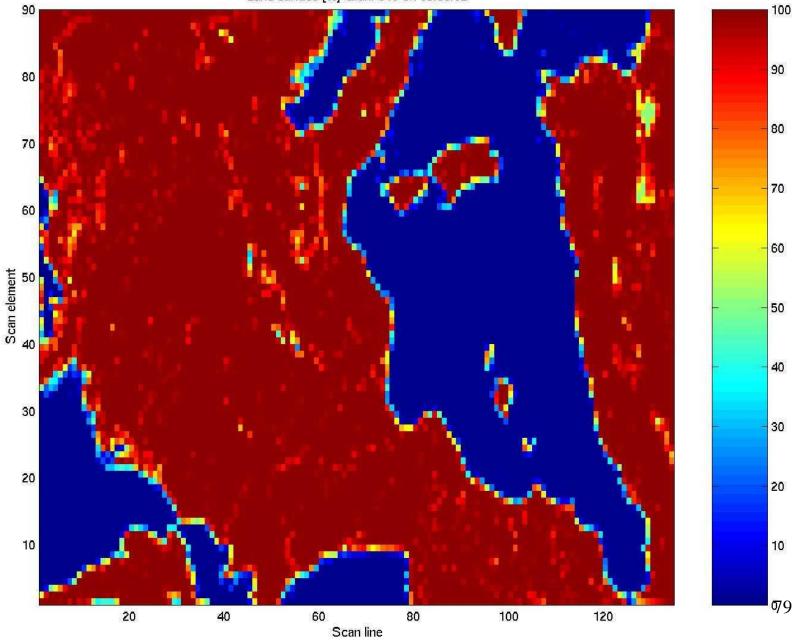
Twisted Ribbon formed by CO₂ spectrum: Tropopause inversion causes On-line & off-line patterns to cross





AIRS over Europe on 6 Sep 02

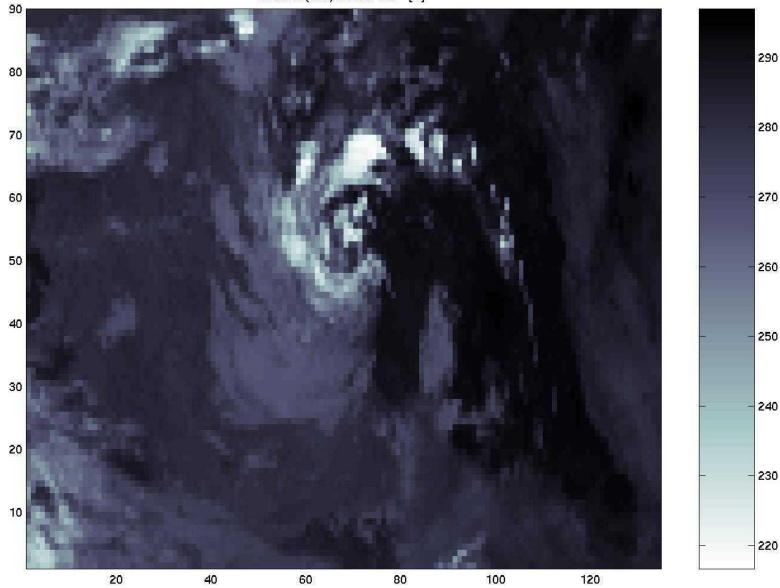
Land surface [%] Gran. 016 on 09.06.02



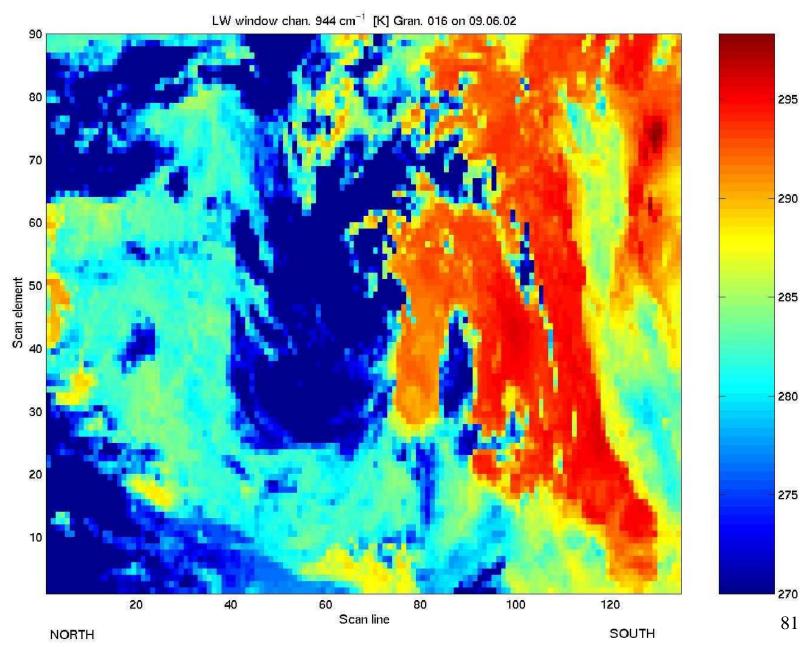
NODTI

Spatial distribution of 944.1 [1/cm] measurements [K]

Channel(860) 944.35 cm⁻¹ [K]

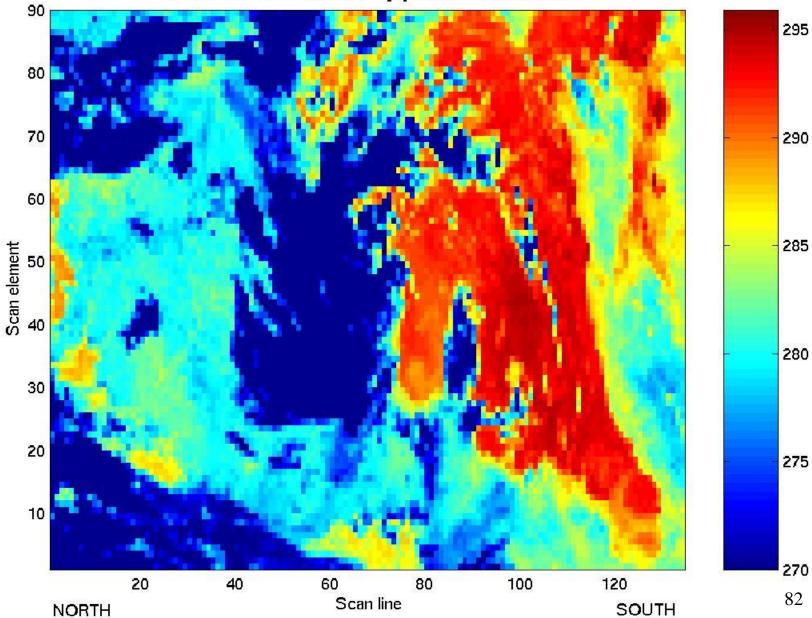


Spatial distribution of 944.1 [1/cm] measurements [K]

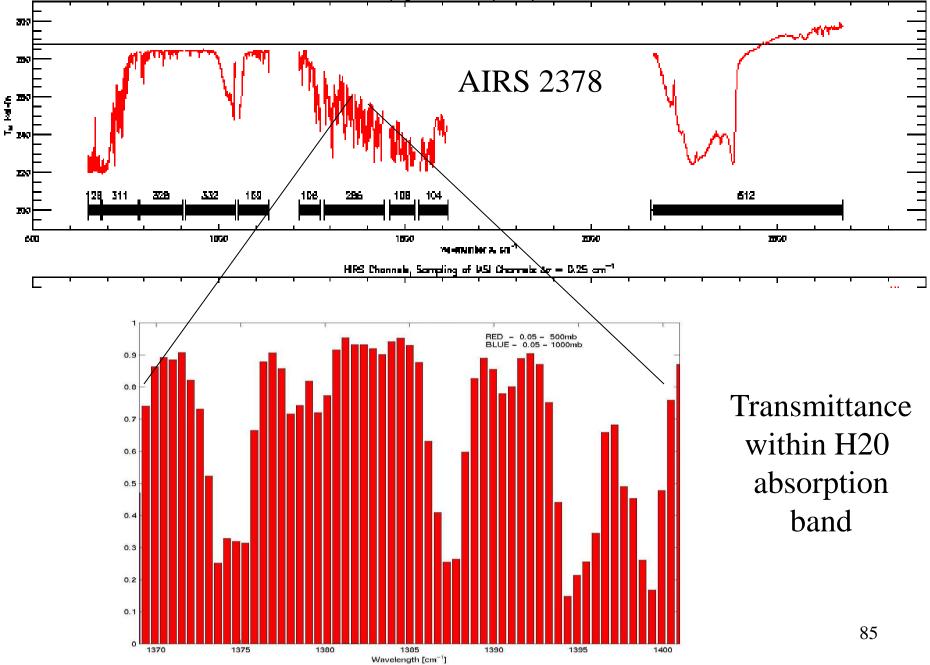


Spatial distribution of 2555 [1/cm] measurements [K]

SW window chan. 2555 cm⁻¹ [K] Gran. 016 on 09.06.02



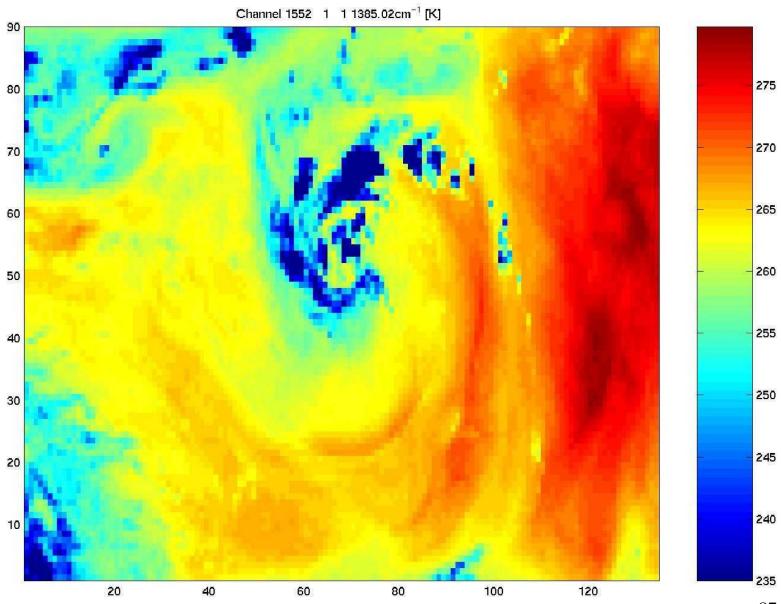
Sampling of ARS Channels, or = v/2400 cm⁻¹



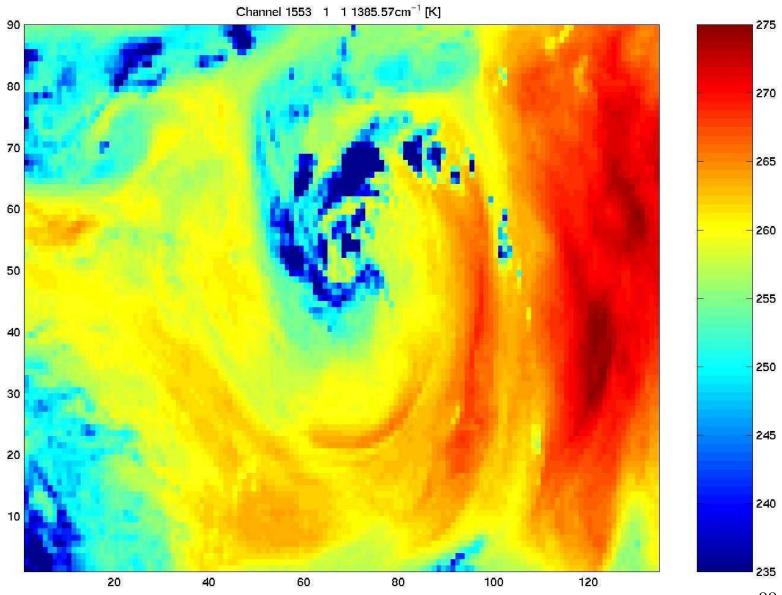
1 RED - 0.05 - 500mb BLUE - 0.05 - 1000mb 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1 0 1370 1375 1380 1385 1390 1395 861400 Wavelength [cm⁻¹]

Atmospheric transmittance in H2O sensitive region of spectrum

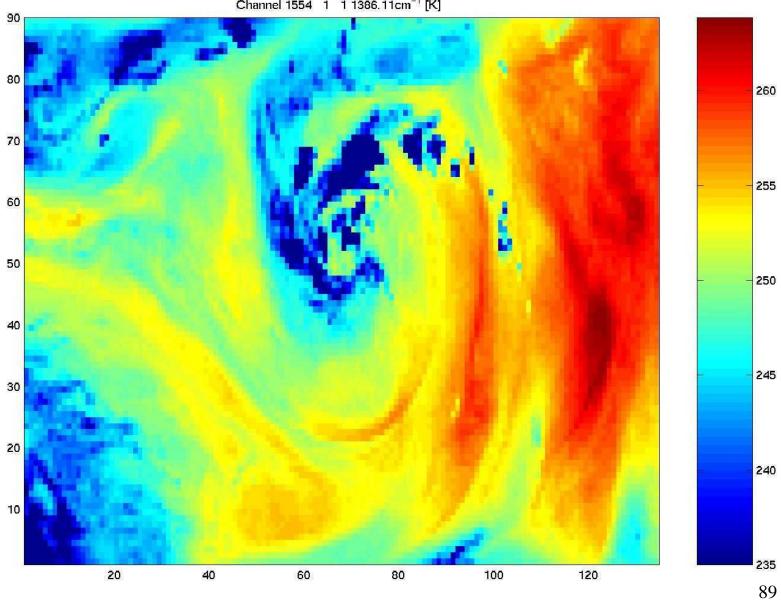
Spatial distribution of Ch 1552 at 1385.02 [1/cm] measurements [K]



Spatial distribution of Ch 1553 at 1385.57 [1/cm] measurements [K]

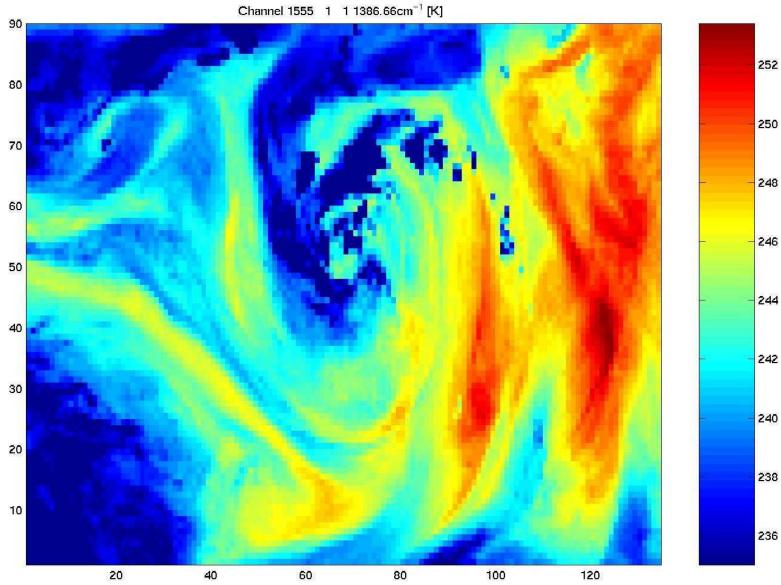


Spatial distribution of Ch 1554 at 1386.11 [1/cm] measurements [K]

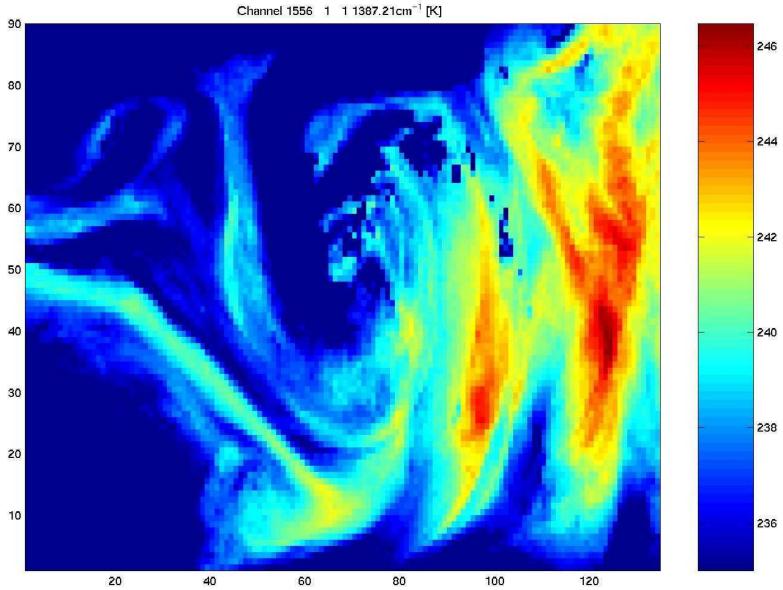


Channel 1554 1 1 1386.11cm⁻¹ [K]

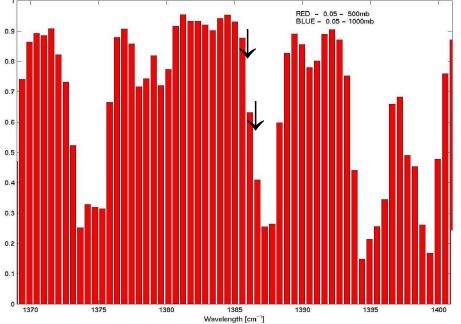
Spatial distribution of Ch 1555 at 1386.66 [1/cm] measurements [K]



Spatial distribution of Ch 1556 at 1387.21 [1/cm] measurements [K]



Atmospheric transmittance in H2O sensitive region of spectrum



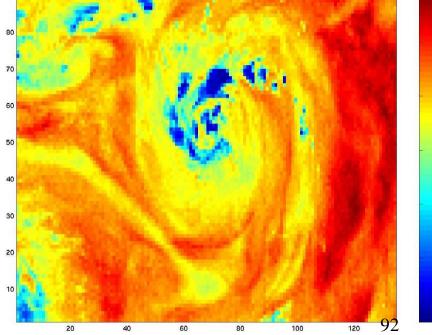
Spectral change of 0.5 cm-1 causes BT changes > 10 C

Studying spectral sensitivity with AIRS Data

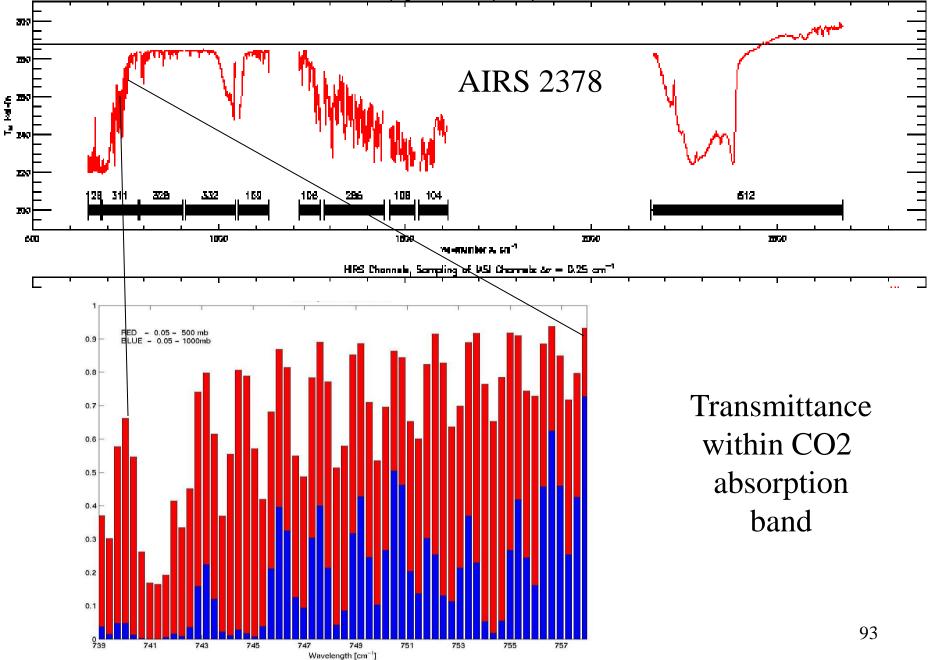
AIRS BT[1386.11] – BT[1386.66]

10

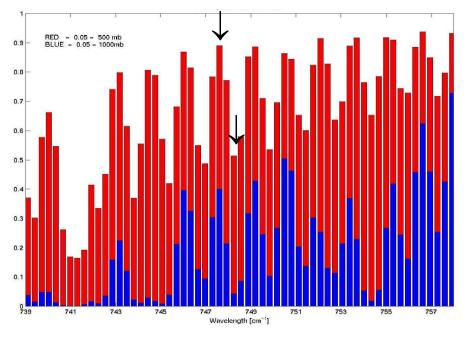
Difference [K] (1386.11 – 1386.66) cm⁻¹ (original)



Sampling of APS Channels, or - v/2400 cm⁻¹



Atmospheric transmittance in CO2 sensitive region of spectrum

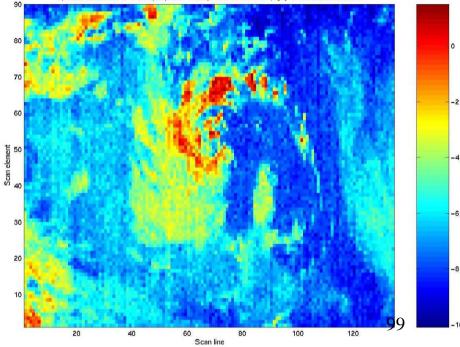


Spectral change of 0.4 cm-1 causes BT changes > 8 C

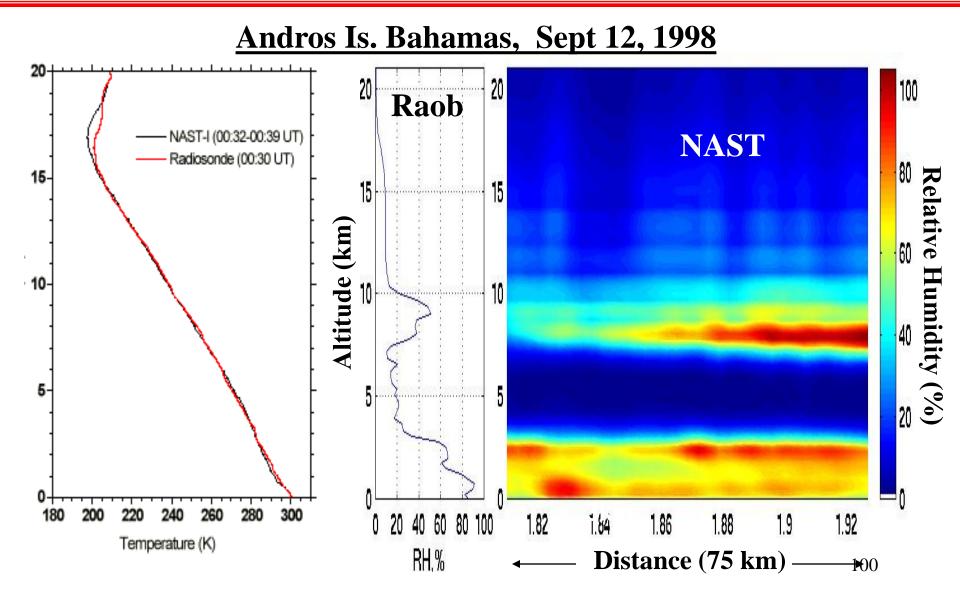
Studying spectral sensitivity with AIRS Data

AIRS BT[747.8] – BT[747.4]

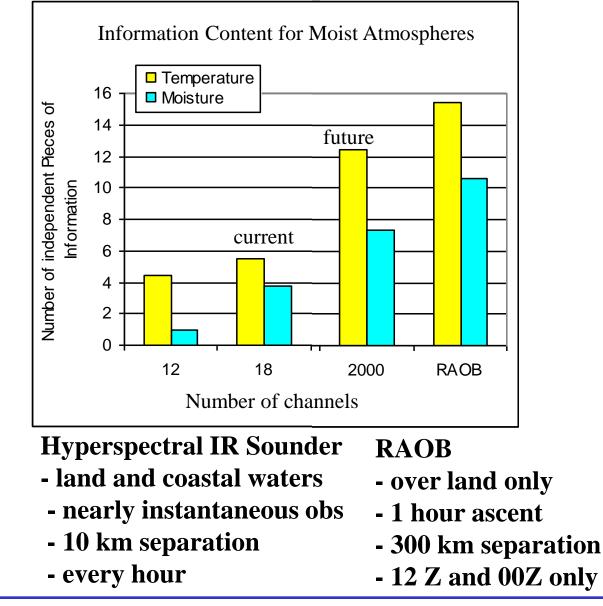
Spectral difference of mid tropospheric chan. (747.8 - 747.4 cm⁻¹) [K] Gran. 016 on 09.06.02







Hyperspectral IR Sounder nears Raob-like Depiction of Atmosphere with an Order of Magnitude Increase in Spatial and Temporal Resolution

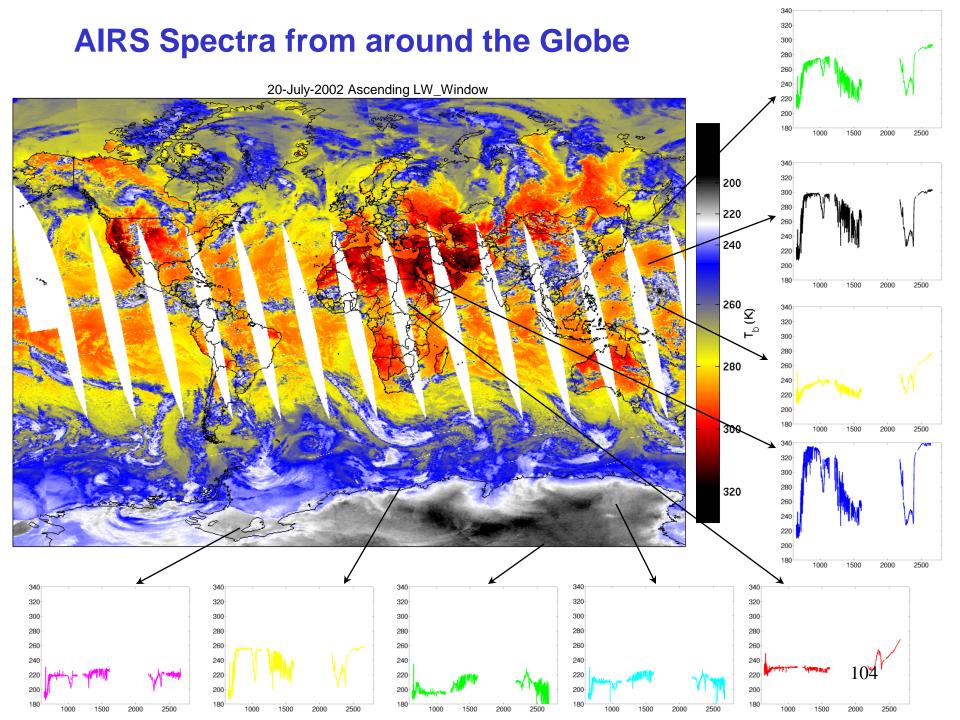


Doubles critical low-level moisture information (wrt current sounder)

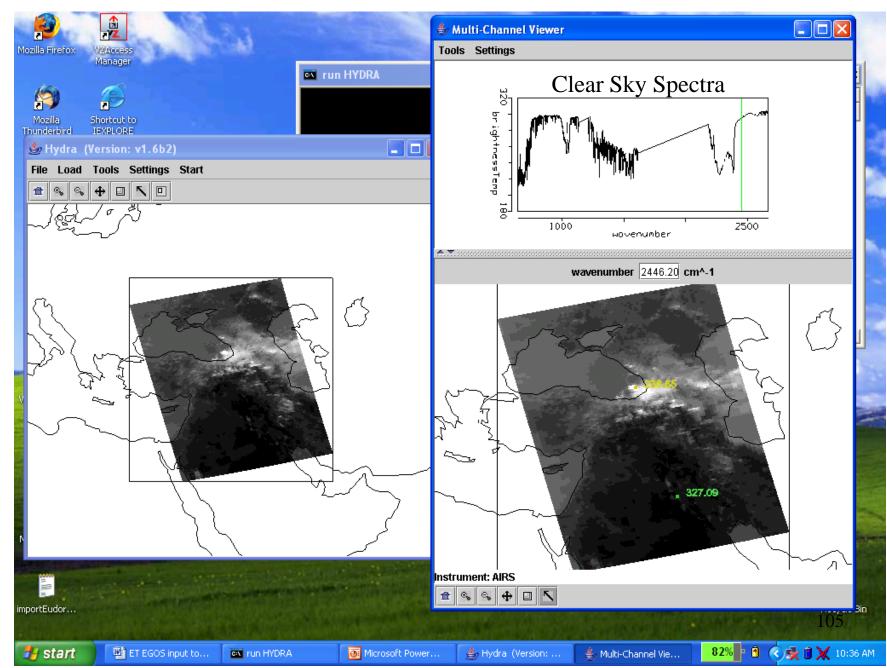
Spectral Signatures seen with AIRS & IASI

Lectures in Delhi 2 February 2011

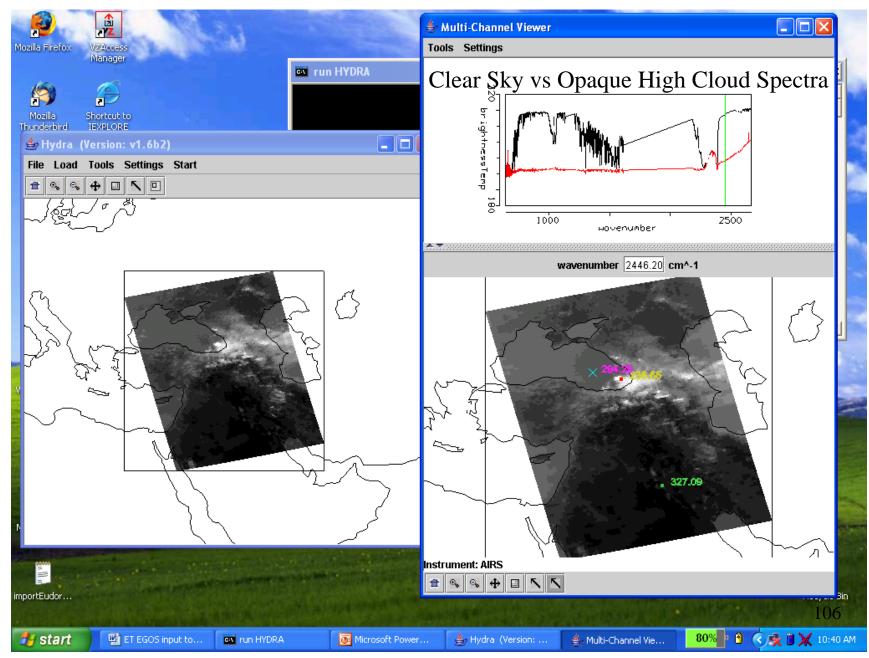
Paul Menzel UW/CIMSS/AOS



AIRS data from 28 Aug 2005

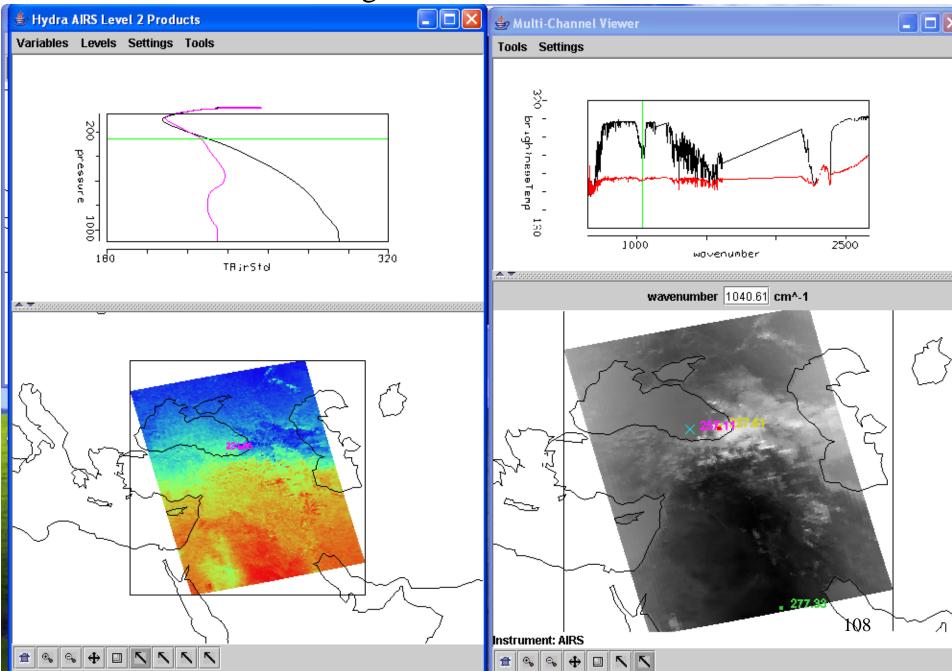


AIRS data from 28 Aug 2005

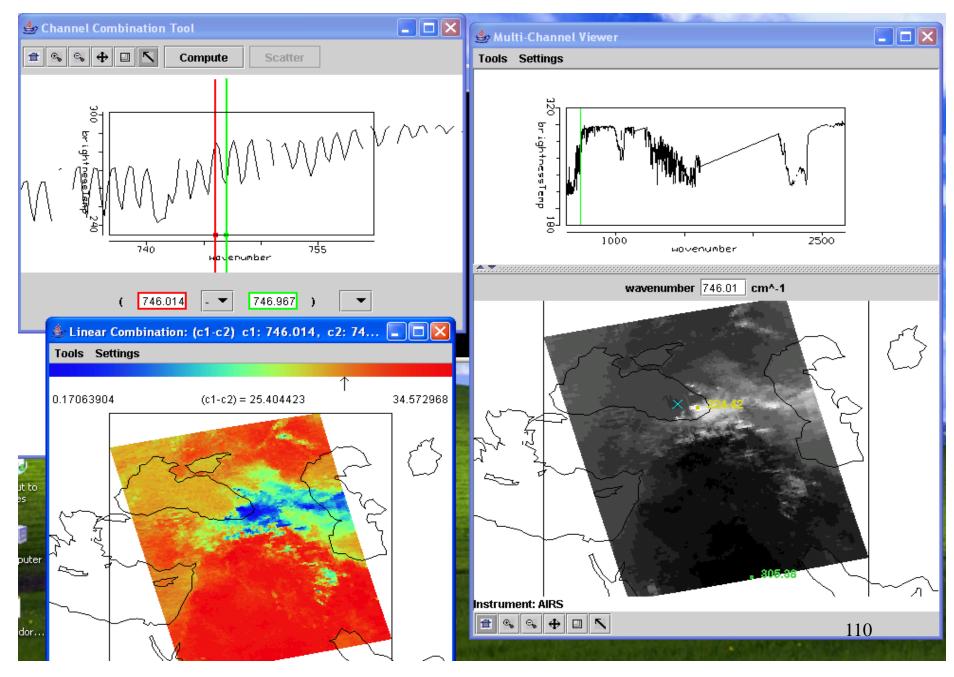


ទម្លំ-Zoom in 1020 1090 on spectra from cloudy fov wovenumber to see warming with height wavenumber 919.47 cm^-1 above tropopause in O3 absorption band Zoom toolbar trument: AIRS 1075

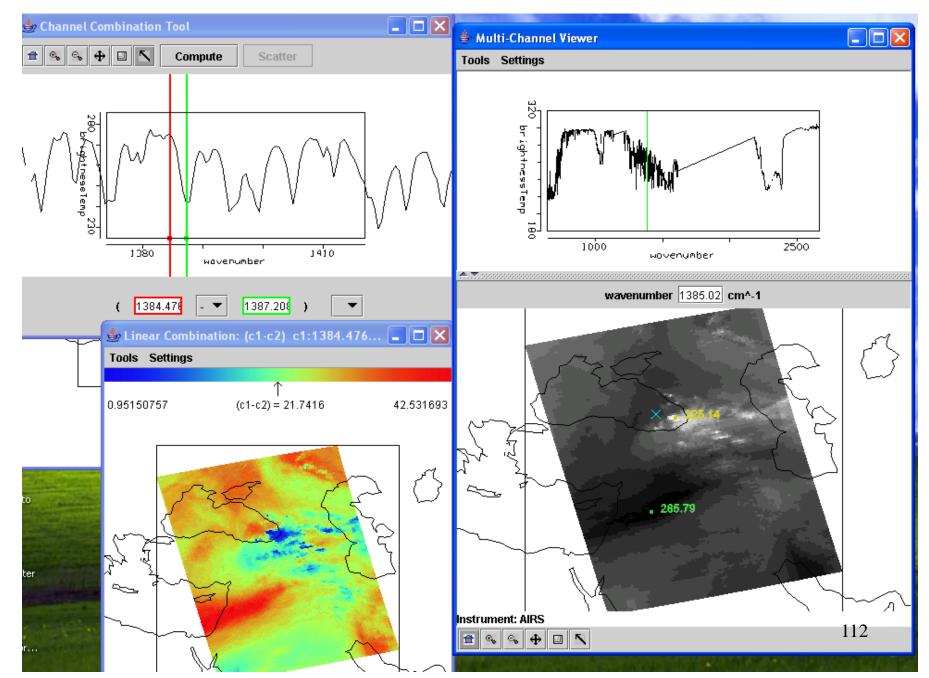
High cloud at 250 hPa



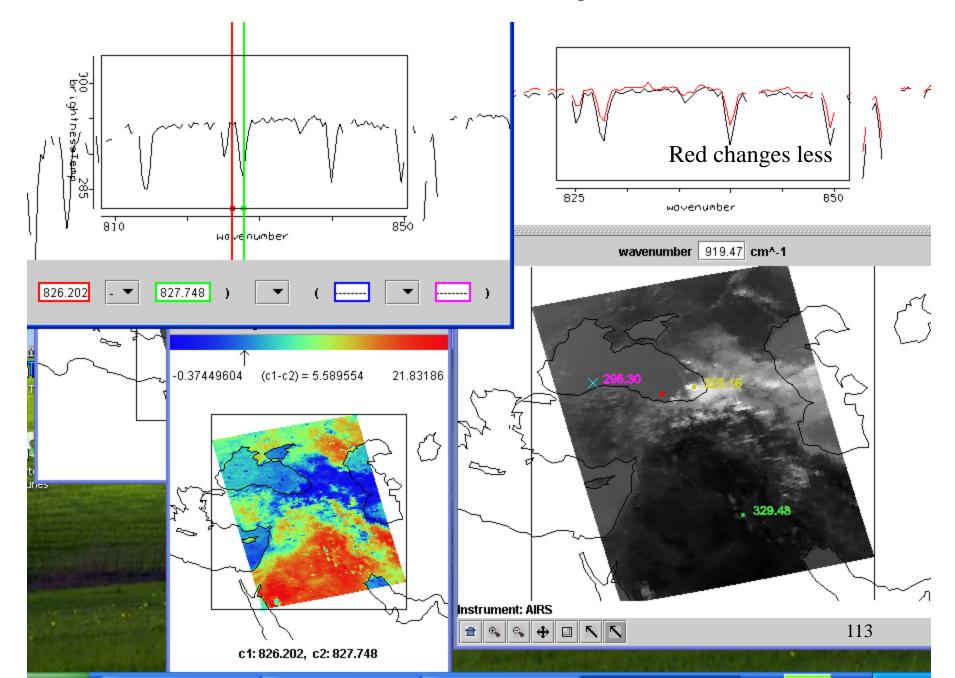
Offline-Online in LW CO2



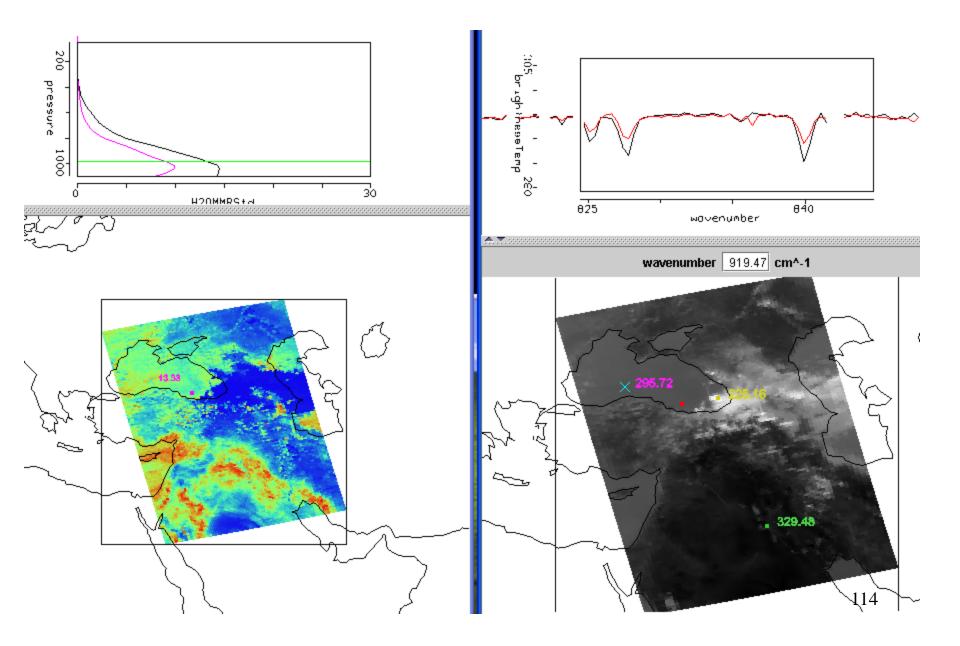
Offline-Online in H2O



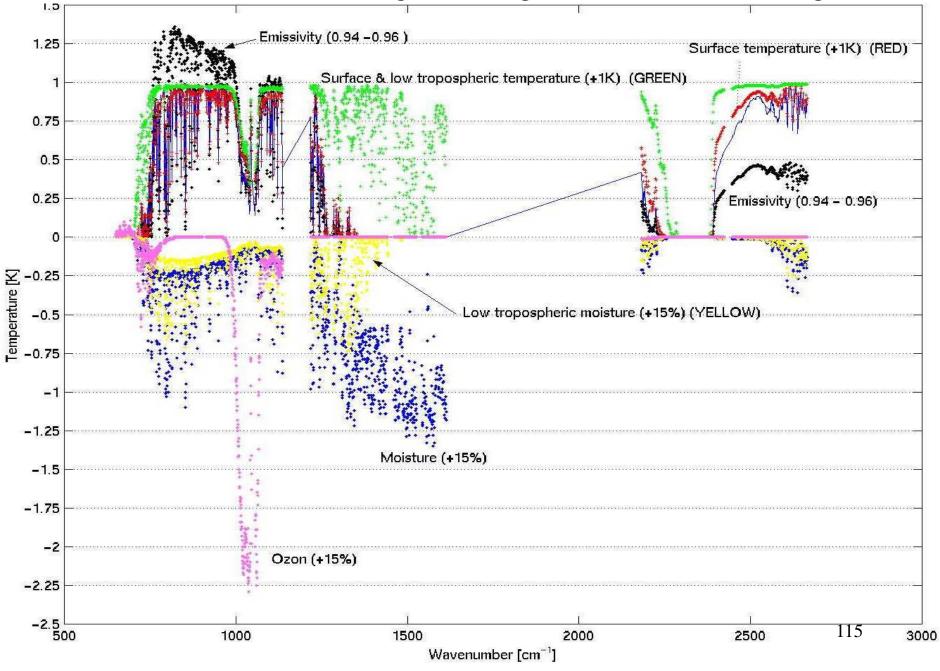
Offline-Online in LW IRW showing low level moisture

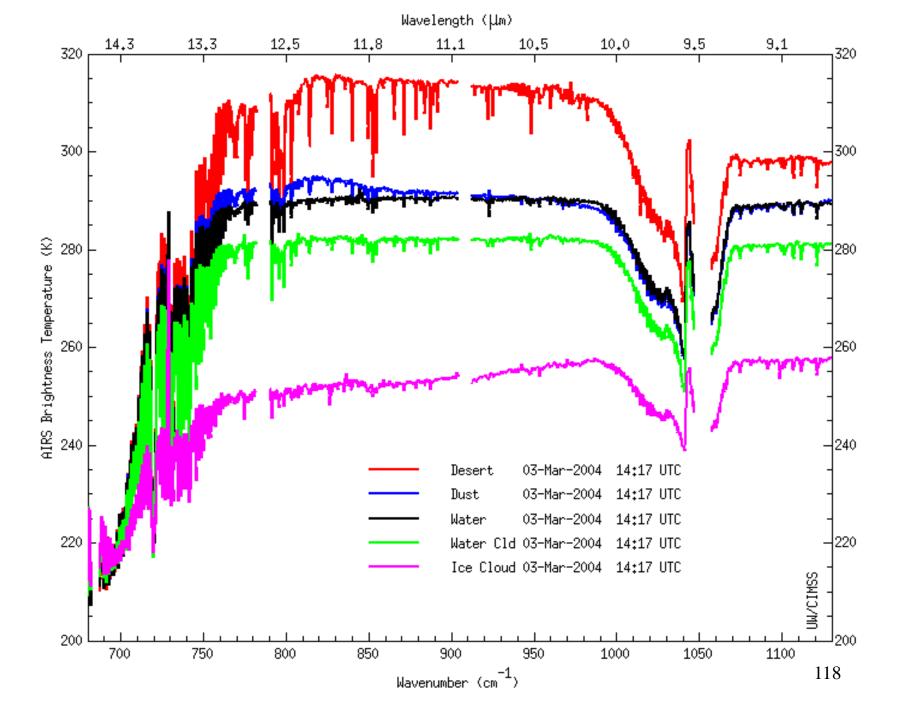


Moisture Profiles (left) confirm west Black Sea (black) is more moist



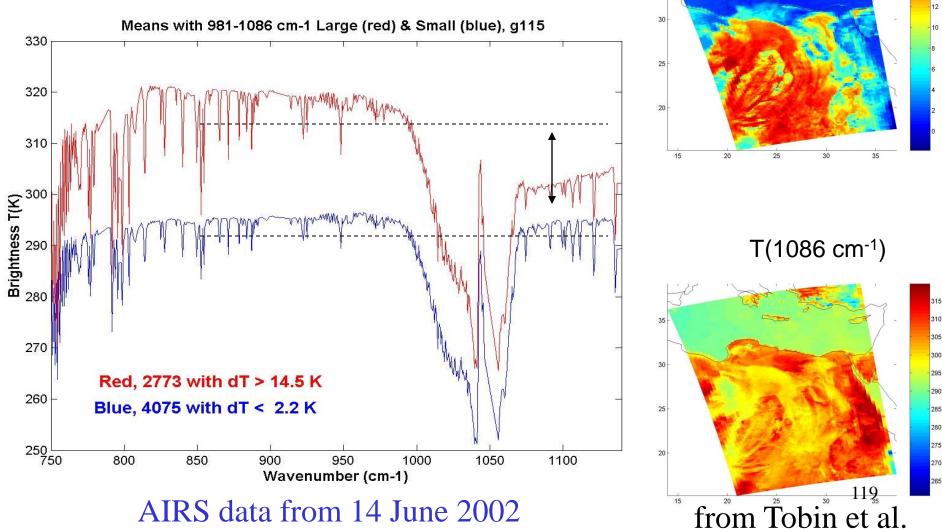
AIRS radiance changes (in deg K) to atm & sfc changes



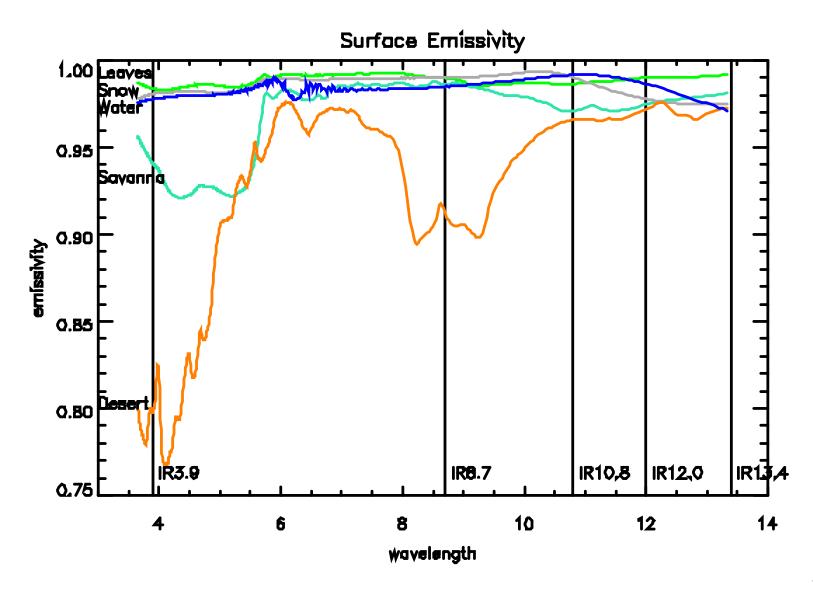


Inferring surface properties with AIRS high spectral resolution data Barren region detection if T1086 < T981 $T(981 \text{ cm}^{-1})$ - $T(1086 \text{ cm}^{-1})$

Barren vs Water/Vegetated



AIRS data from 14 June 2002



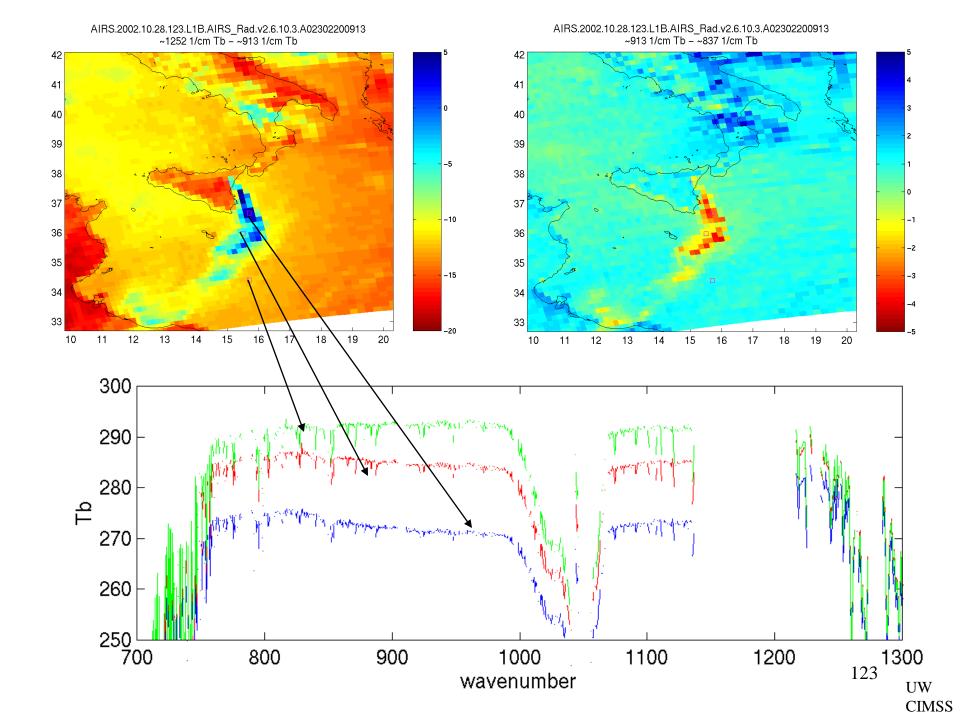
Mt Etna eruption



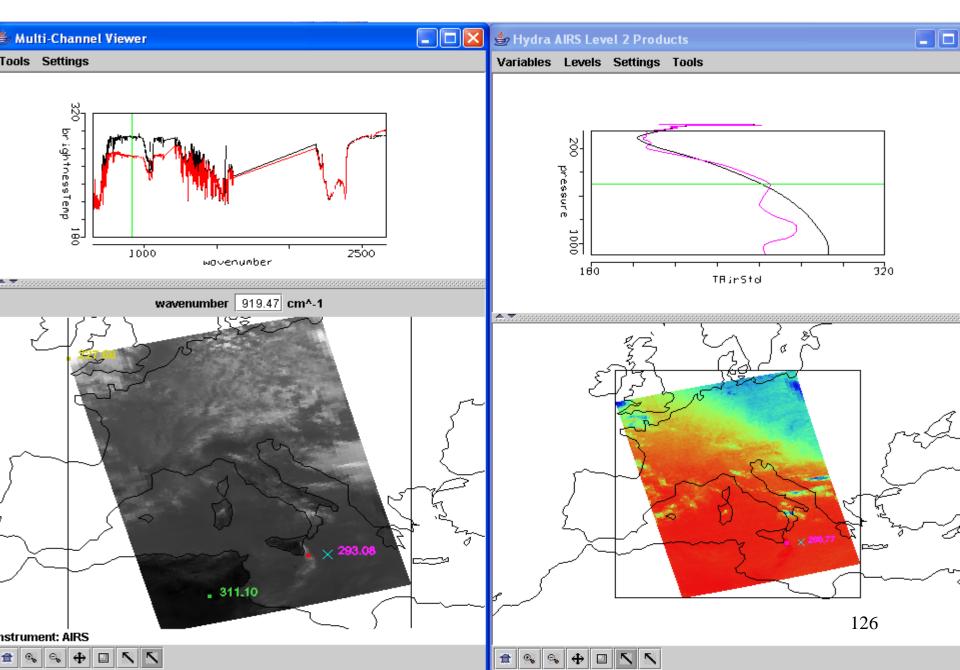


28 October 2002 ISS photo

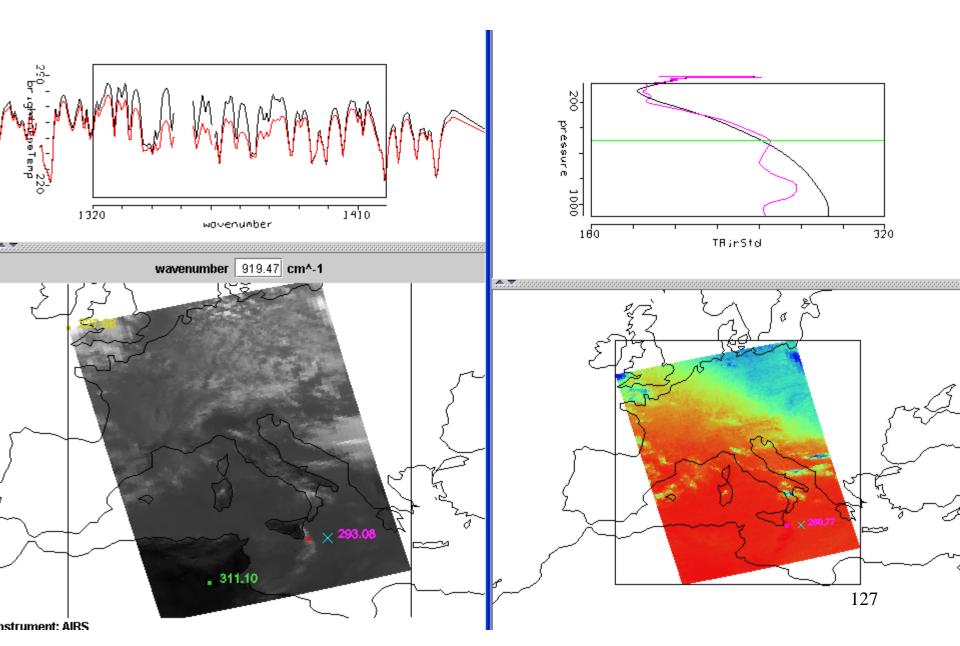
28 October 2002 MODIS Aqua

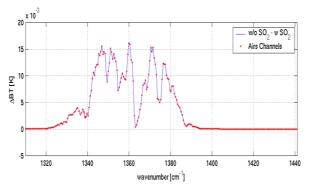


Mt Etna Ash cloud at 500 hPa

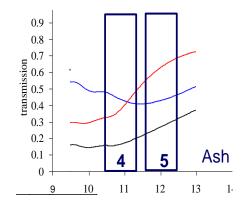


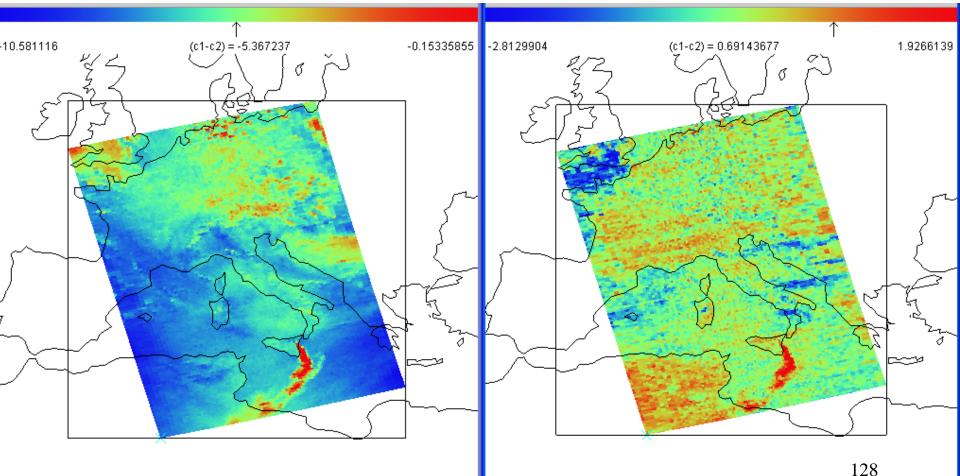
Ash cloud and clear sky spectra



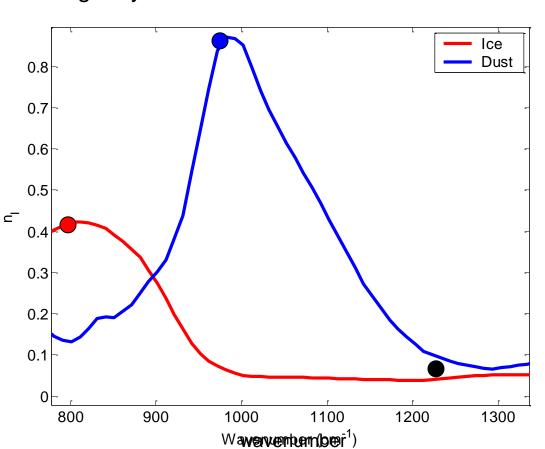


Mt Etna volcanic plume SO2 (left) from 1284-1345 Ash (right) from 832-900





Dust and Cirrus Signals



Imaginary Index of Refraction of Ice and Dust

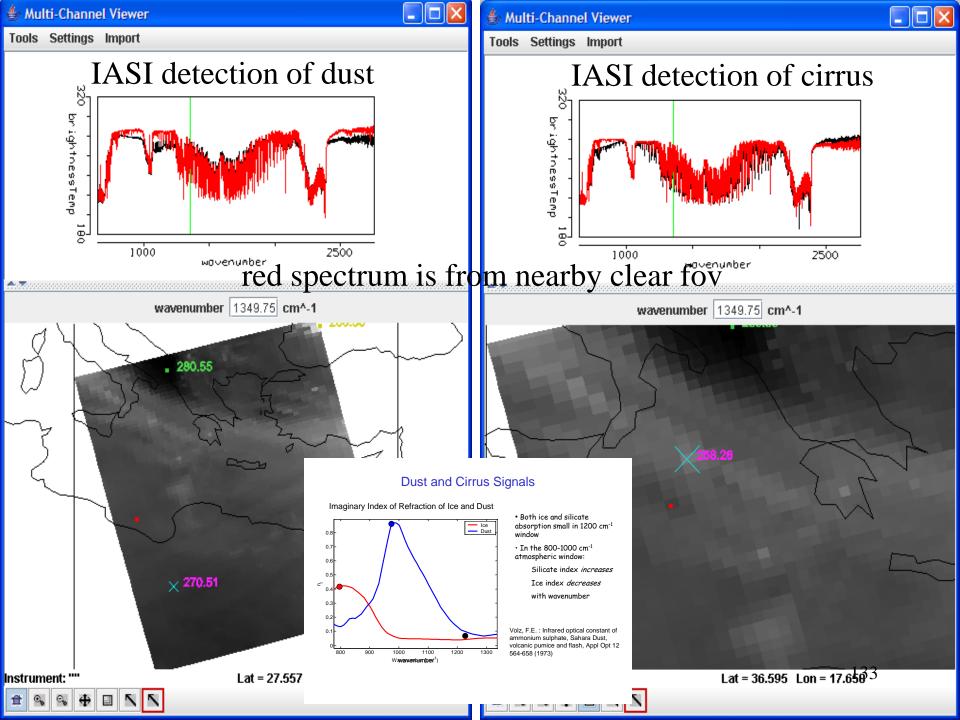
• Both ice and silicate absorption small in 1200 cm⁻¹ window

• In the 800-1000 cm⁻¹ atmospheric window:

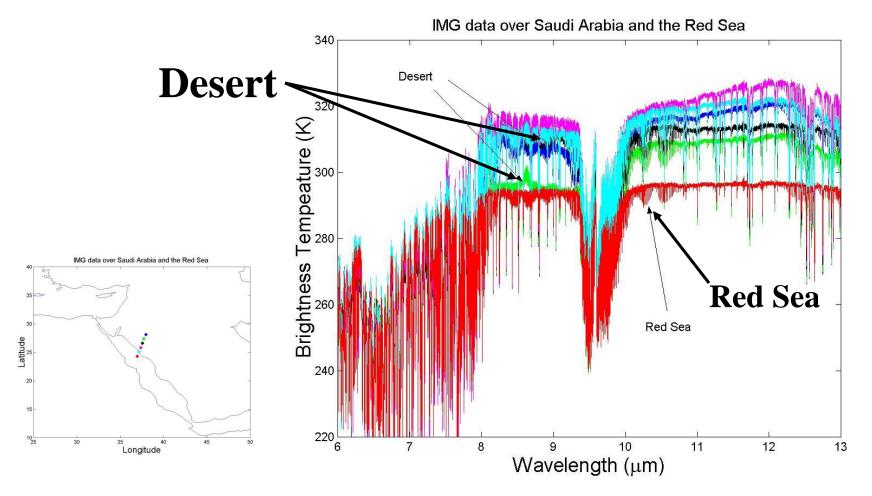
> Silicate index *increases* Ice index *decreases*

with wavenumber

Volz, F.E. : Infrared optical constant of ammonium sulphate, Sahara Dust, volcanic pumice and flash, Appl Opt 12 564-658 (1973)

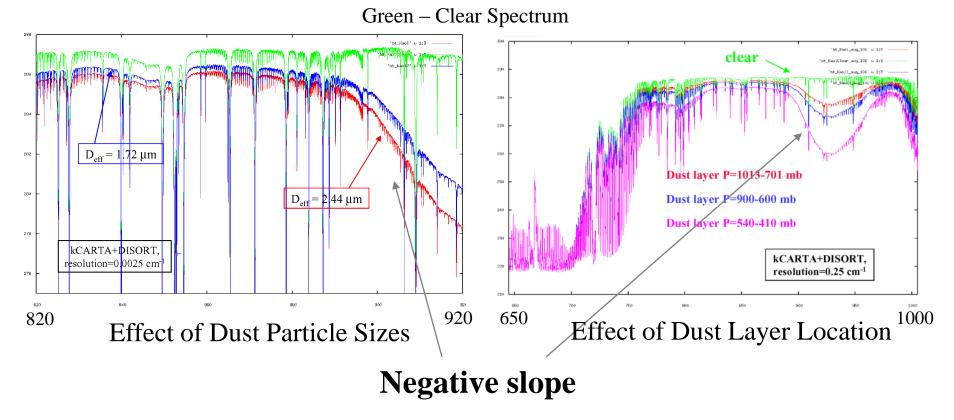


Hyperspectral Dust Observations



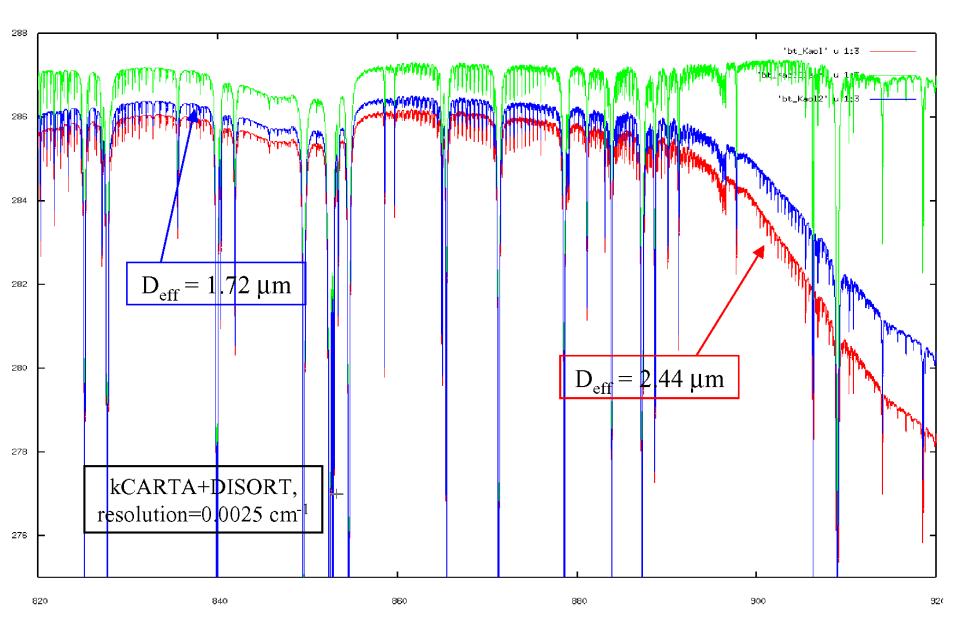
Hyperspectral Dust/Aerosol Modeling

Negative Slope 880 to 920 cm-1– The Dust Signature

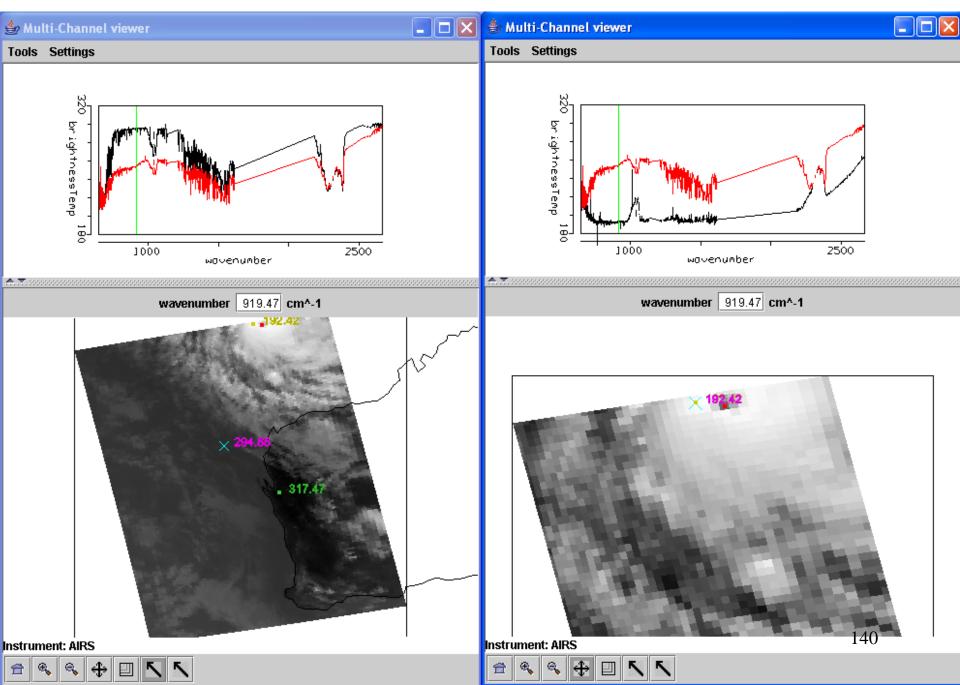


kCARTA+DISORT, spectral resolution = 0.0025 cm⁻¹

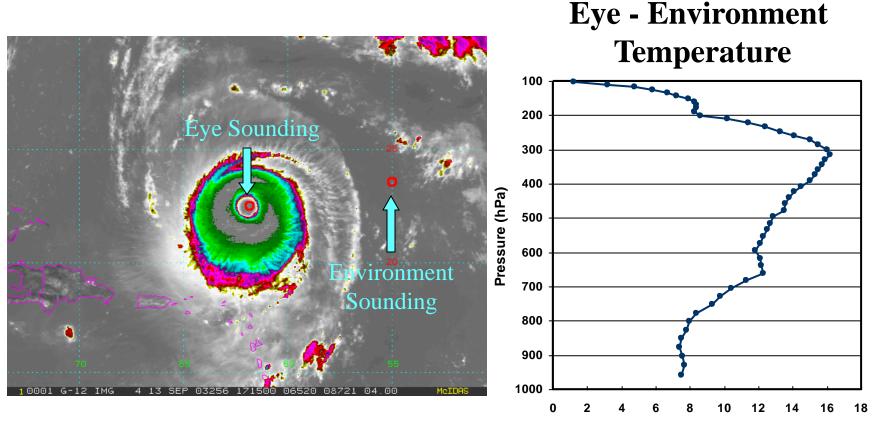
Sokolik, Univ Colo¹³⁵/₂₀₀₂



Investigating the Eye of a Tropical Cyclone with AIRS



Isabel Eye Sounding from AIRS

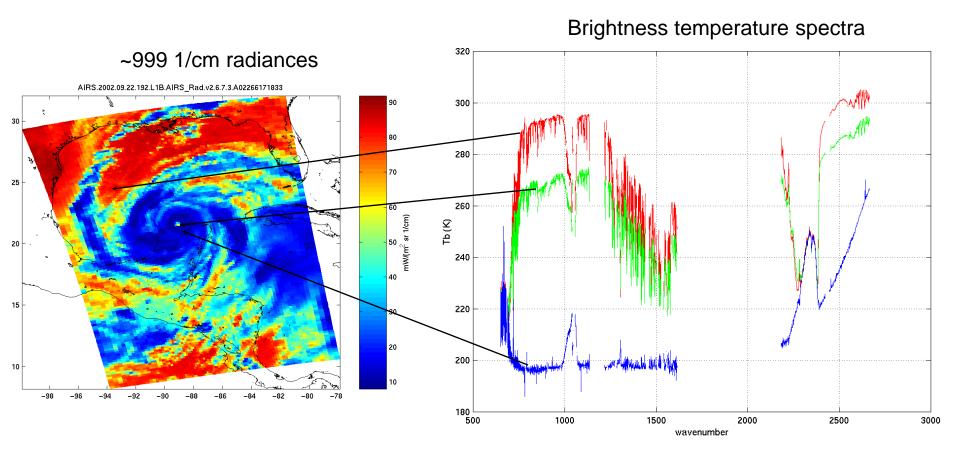


Temperature Anomaly (C)

Integrate Hydrostatic Equation Downward from 100 hPa to SurfaceEnvironment Sounding: $P_s = 1012 hPa$ Eye Sounding: $P_s = 936 hPa$ Aircraft Recon: $P_s = 933 hPa$ DeMaria, (

DeMaria, CIRA, 2004

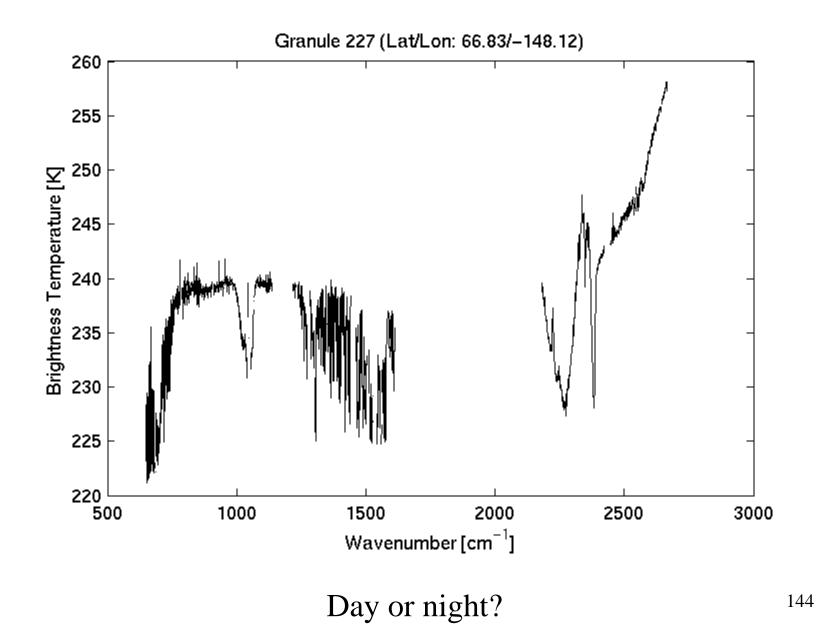
Brightness Temperature Spectra reveal changes in atmosphere from eye to boundary of Tropical Cyclone

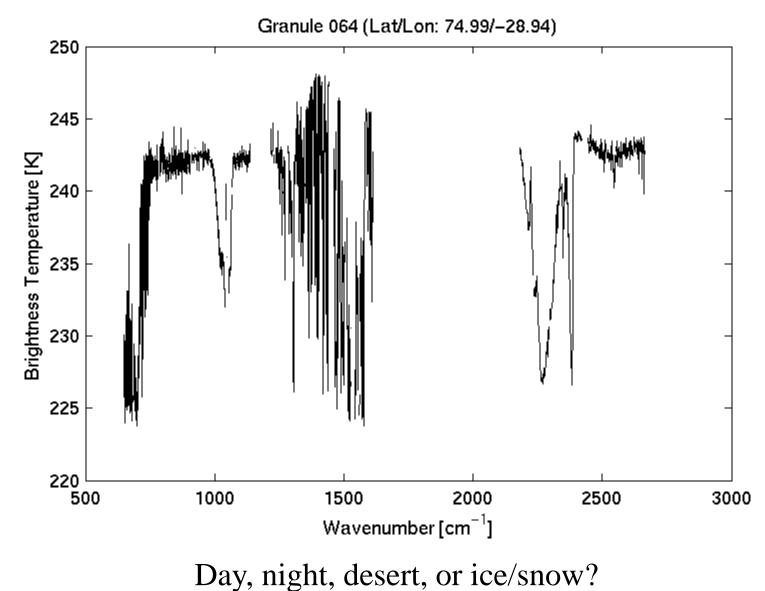


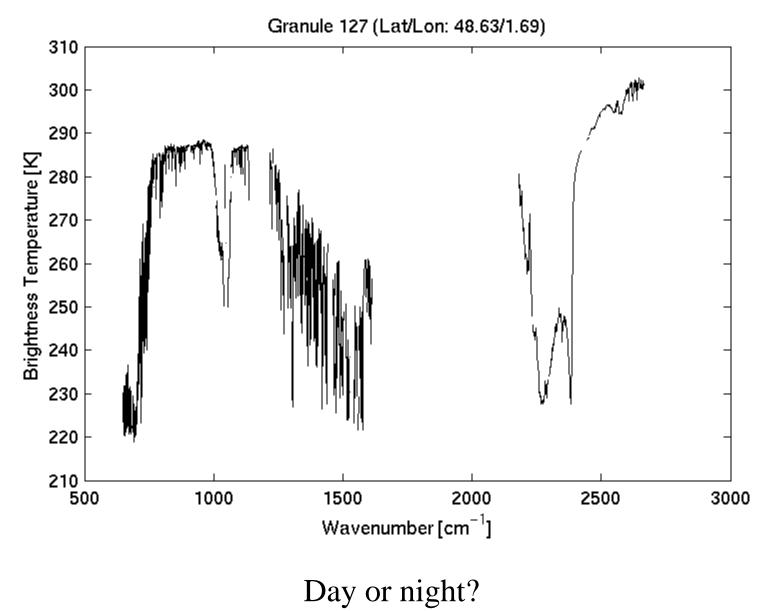
AIRS observations of tropical storm Isadore on 22 Sept 2002 @ ~19:12-19:18 UTC

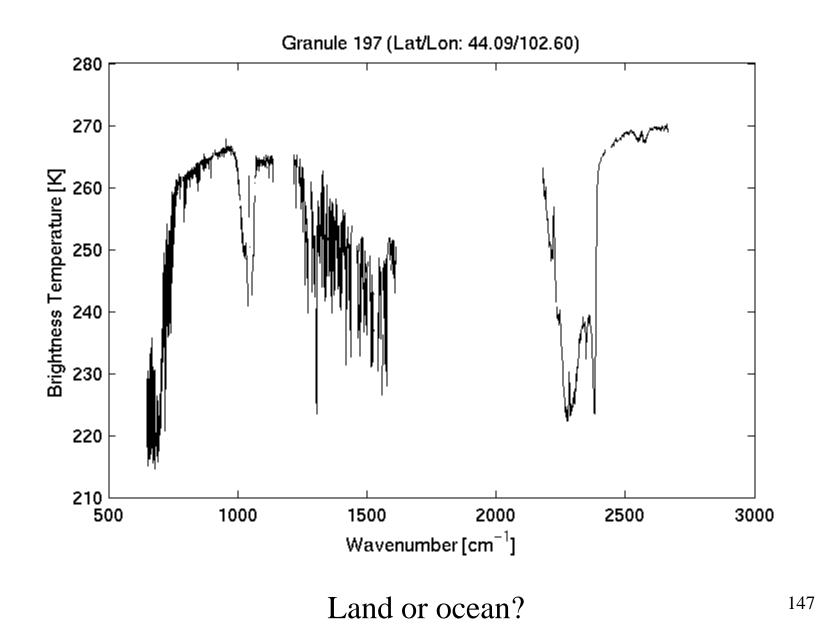
142

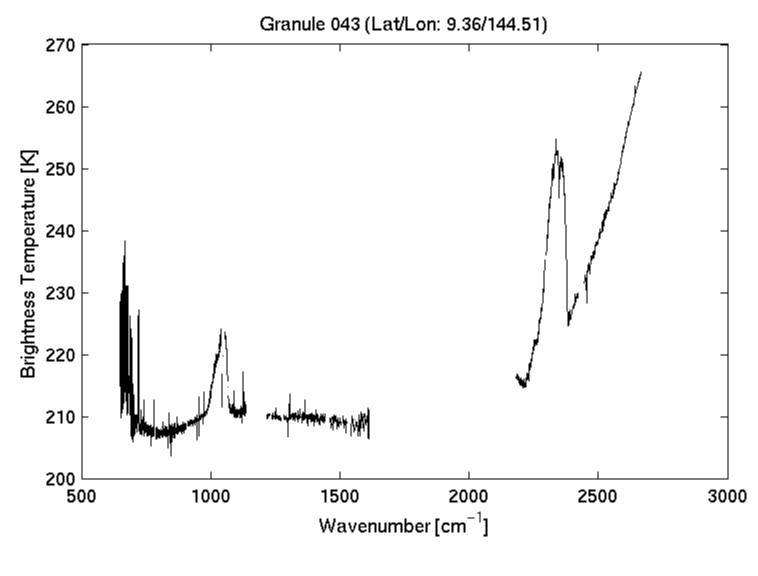
Example Spectra



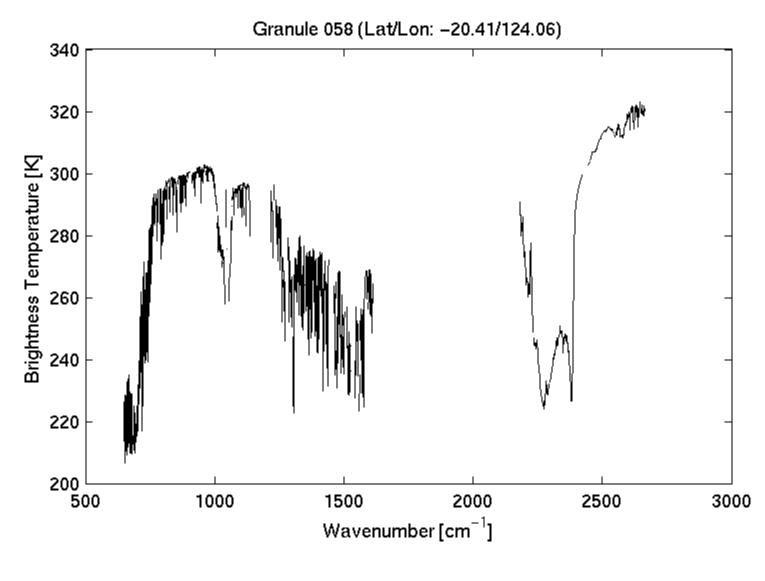




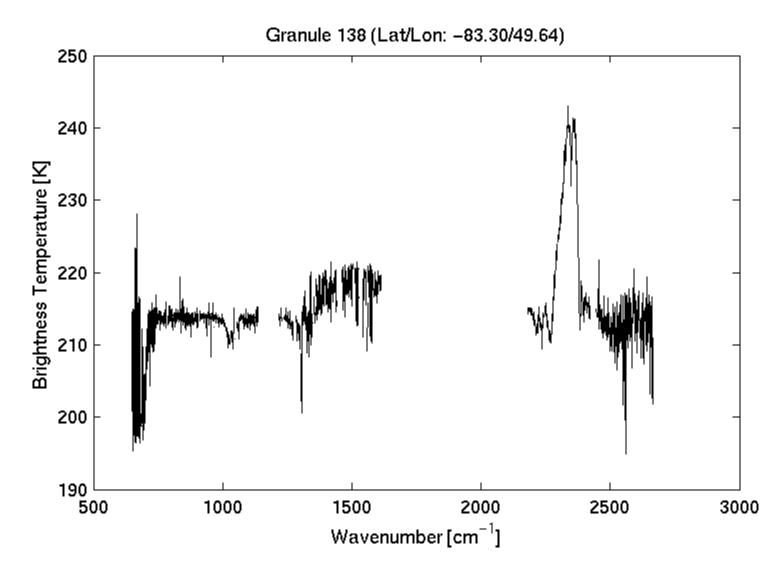




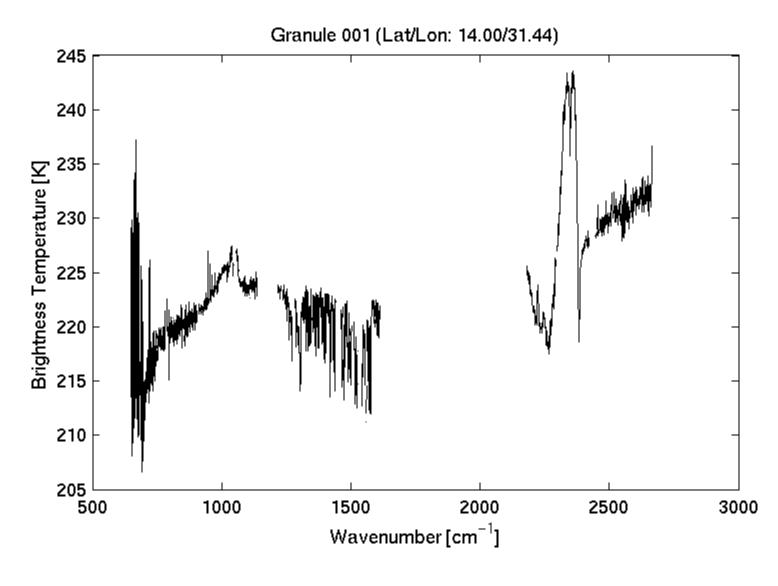
Desert, ocean, or cloudy?



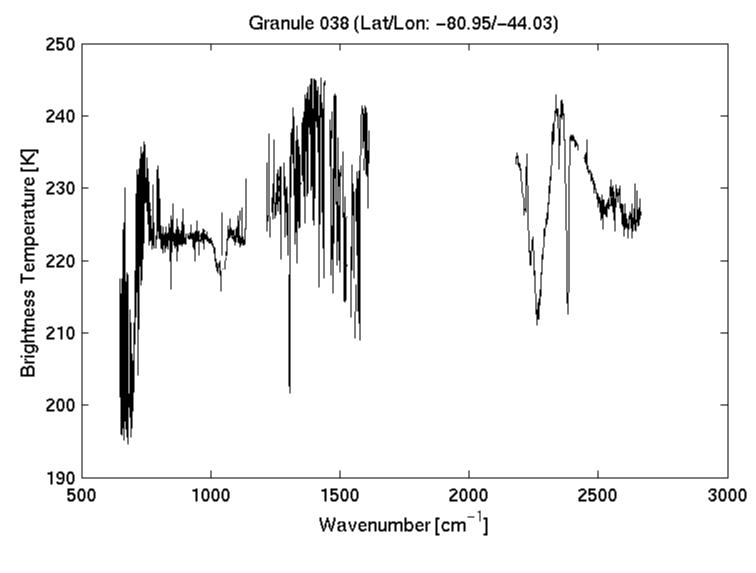
Day, night, desert, or ocean? ¹⁴⁹



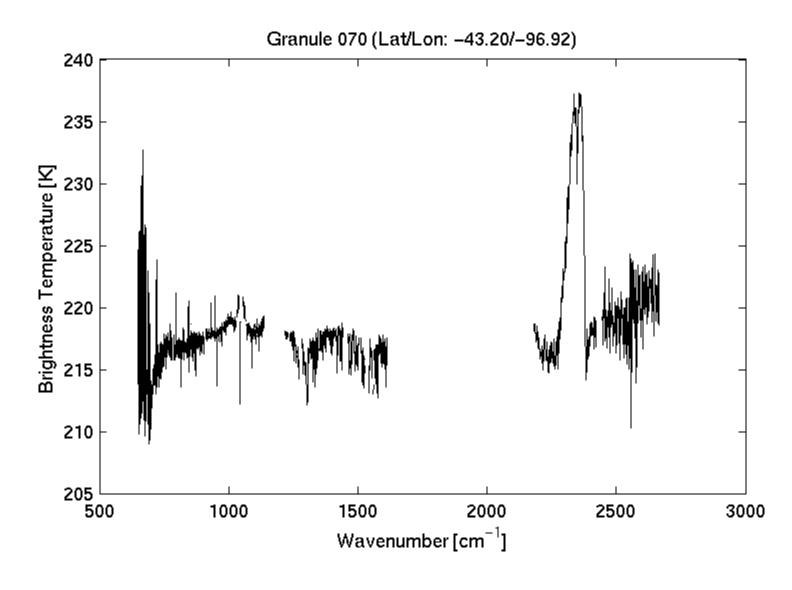
Ocean, cloudy, snow/ice, or desert?



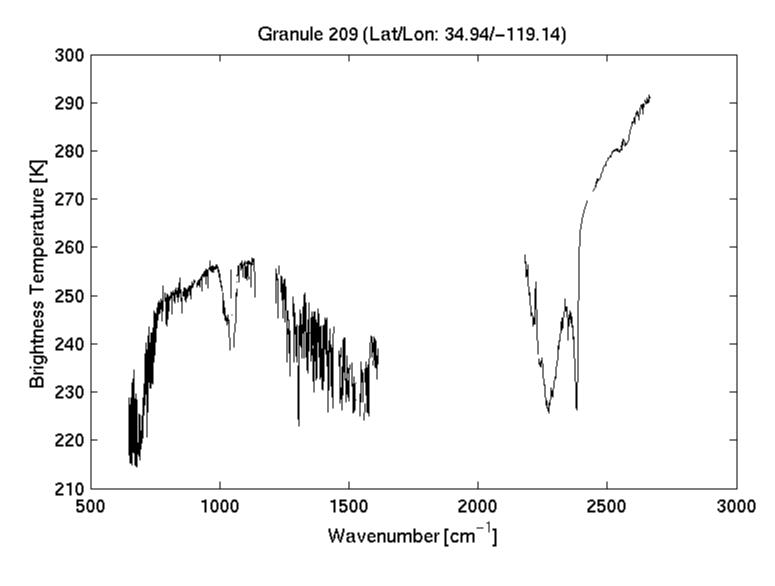
Day, night, desert, or cloudy?



Cloudy, desert, or ocean? ¹⁵²

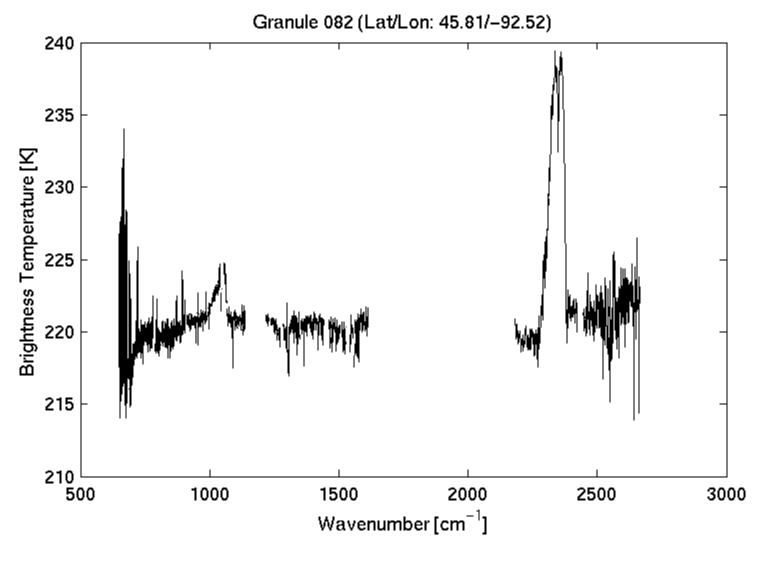


Land, desert, ice/snow, or ocean?



Day, night, desert, or cloudy?

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Day, night, ocean, or cloudy?