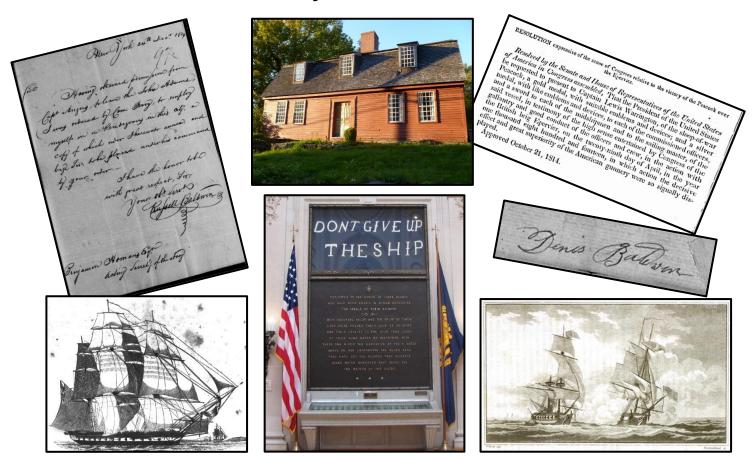
Rose-Baldwin-Baker-Phelon House

Addendum D: Documentation – The Sons of Lieutenant Jacob Baldwin serve in The U.S. Navy: The War of 1812 . . .



USS United States, USS Chesapeake, USS Peacock, USS Epervier
USS John Adams, USS Franklin, USS Constellation, USS Guerriere
&

The Lt. Russell Baldwin Letters assembled for the first time 1813-1832

Illustrating Research in PART 4 and at MACRIS

The Daniel Rose-Jacob Baldwin-Francis G. Baker-Phelon House by Corey Phelon Geske

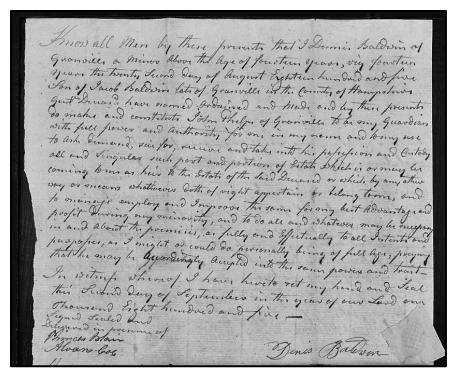


Figure D1. Denis Baldwin (signed) lived in Granville until age 8 (1800) with rights to his father's house at age 22 (1813) and thereafter. On Sept. 2, 1805, 11 days after his fourteenth birthday, Denis, then resident in Hartford, CT, agreed to his guardianship by John Phelps, resident in Granville. Jacob Baldwin Estate Hampshire County, MA Probate Court Records, Box 8-1:42. For entire document, see Addendum Fig. B5 and https://www.americanancestors.org/databases/hampshire-county-ma-probate-file-papers-1660-1889/image?pageName=8-1:42&volumeId=33926. Online database.

AmericanAncestors.org. New England Historic Genealogical Society, 2016, 2017. Records from Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court Archives and Hampshire County Court. Digitized images provided by FamilySearch.org**)

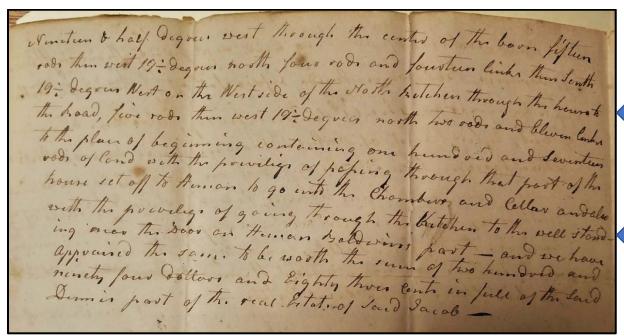


Figure D2. Jacob Baldwin's six children continued to own their father's home and land after each received an equal apportionment from the court, May 1813. Detail of Denis Baldwin's legal "privilige" as Jacob's second oldest son, to the western half of the house and homestead land with the right to pass through the west side of the "North Kitchen" to the "well stand" in 1813 (blue arrows); followed by the portions designated for his brothers Heman and Russell; sisters Polly, Fannie and Lucy. On October 10, 1814, Denis who as an adult, preferred to be called Denizen, was killed in action at age 23 aboard the *USS Peacock*. Jacob Baldwin Estate, Hampshire County, MA Probate Records, 1660-1889, Box 8-1:3 (April 20, 1813). For a more recently photographed image, see https://www.americanancestors.org/databases/hampshire-county-ma-probate-file-papers-1660-1889/image?volumeId=33926&pageName=8-1:3

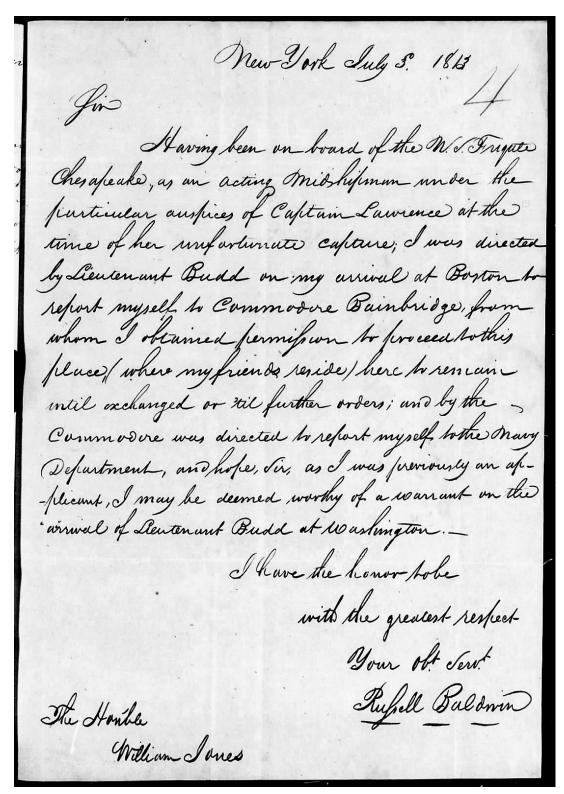


Figure D3a. Less than three weeks after court papers were finalized and while his father's homestead in West Granville still belonged to his children, acting Midshipman Russell Baldwin, "under the particular auspices of Captain Lawrence," was aboard the *USS Chesapeake* and fought in the Battle of Boston Harbor on June 1, 1813. Seventy-one members of the crew were killed in action fighting to honor the orders of their mortally wounded captain, whose last words have echoed through naval history, "Don't give up the ship." It is not known how Russell came to reach Boston after the vessel was captured, but he may have been 'exchanged', a word he uses, in lieu of the modern 'transferred', in his letter from New York of July 3, 1813 to William Jones, Secretary of the Navy. Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.



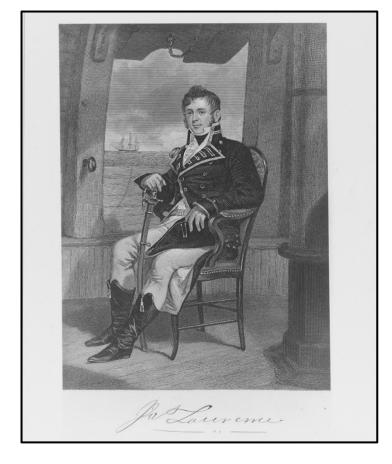


Figure D3c. Captain James Lawrence with a facsimile of his signature. Engraving ca. 1850, after Alonzo Chappel, published by Johnson, Fry & Company, New York. Courtesy of the Navy Art Collection, U.S. Naval History and Heritage Command, Washington, D.C. Photograph at https://www.history.navy.mil/content/history/nhhc/our-collections/photography/us-people/l/lawrence-james/nh-61180.html



Figure D3b. Acting Midshipman Russell Baldwin was aboard the USS Chesapeake "under the particular auspices" of Captain James Lawrence and fought in the Battle of Boston Harbor on June 1, 1813. Seventy-one of the crew were killed in action, finally fighting hand to hand on the quarter deck, to honor the command of their mortally wounded captain, whose last words have echoed through naval history, "Don't give up the ship." (Upper Right) Captain James Lawrence, USN (1781-1813), Portrait in oils, 28 x 22, by J. Herring (1794-1867), after Gilbert Stuart. Painting in the U.S. Naval Academy Museum Collection. Gift of Mrs. Albert Gleaves, 1938. Official U.S. Navy Photograph, now in the collections of the National Archives. Accessed at

https://www.history.navy.mil/content/history/nhhc/our-collections/photography/us-people/l/lawrence-james/80-g-k-17587.html (Upper Left) Oliver Hazard Perry's Battle of Lake Erie Flag, specially sewn, September 1813, with his friend Lawrence's words for Perry's flagship *Lawrence*, at Bancroft Hall, United States Naval Academy in Annapolis, Maryland. Photograph by Patrick McConnell. See U.S. Naval Academy Virtual Memorial Hall at https://usnamemorialhall.org/index.php/File:DGUTS_large.jpg and

https://usnamemorialhall.org/index.php/USNA_Virtual_Memorial_Hall



Figure D3d. Midshipman Russell Baldwin reported to Commodore William Bainbridge (1774-1833), on arrival in Boston, in early summer 1813, following the capture of the *Chesapeake* on June 1. On the Commodore's order, Russell traveled to New York (where his brother Heman Baldwin worked as a merchant and accountant), and reported to the Navy Department, writing to the Secretary of the Navy from New York on July 13, 1813.

When Russell Baldwin reported to Bainbridge, the Commodore was a national hero, having served as Captain of the *Constitution*, defeating *HMS Java* on December 29, 1812. Off the coast of Brazil. he ordered the *Java* destroyed. In 1814-1815, the United States built and commissioned the 44-gun frigate *Java*, named after Bainbridge's victory and Russell would assemble a crew for it under the orders of Captain Oliver Hazard Perry, with whom he would sail on the *Java*. Portrait of Commodore William Bainbridge, Oil on wood, 30 by 21, by John Wesley Jarvis (1780-1840). Painted circa 1814. Painting in the U.S. Naval Academy Museum Collection. See Naval History and Heritage Command, Washington, D.C. at https://www.history.navy.mil/our-collections/photography/us-people/b/bainbridge-william/kn-1365.html

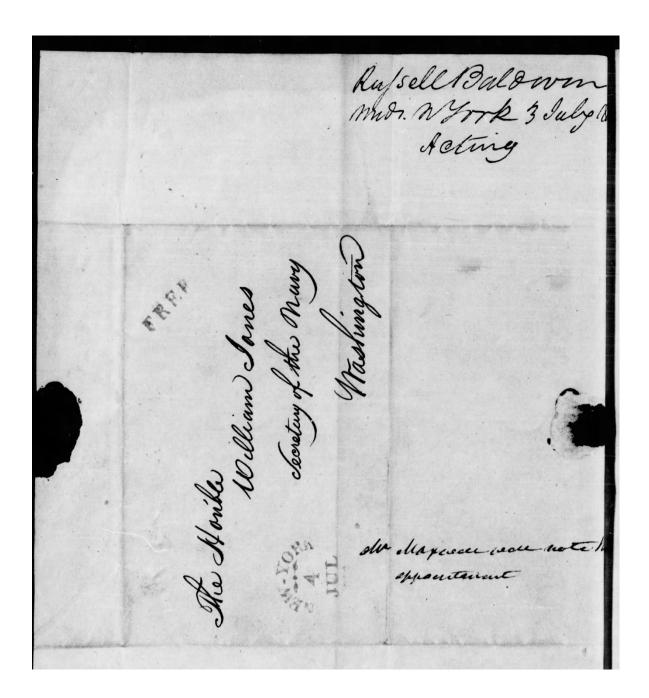


Figure D3e. Russell Baldwin wrote to the Hon. William Jones, Secretary of the Navy, July 3, 1813, noting he was on the *Chesapeake* "under the particular auspices of Captain Lawrence" when it was captured. Russell Baldwin, Letter to Hon. William Jones, Secretary of the Navy, July 3, 1813. From *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus, 1802-1884, NARA M148, RG 45, Roll 0012 at https://www.fold3.com/image/635855811. Courtesy, National Archives and Records Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.*

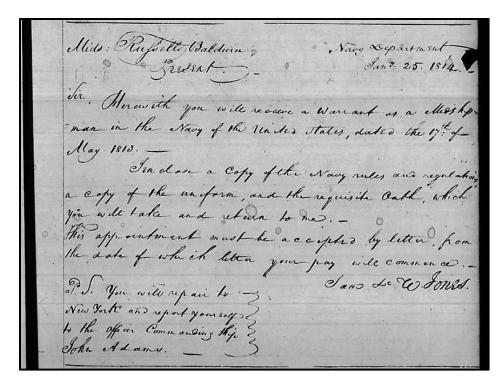


Figure D4a. Russell Baldwin, January 25, 1814 Notification of becoming a Midshipman in the Navy of the United States, dated May 17, 1813 with notice to report to New York and the officer commanding the ship *John Adams*. Entry of Hon. William Jones, Secretary of the Navy, January 25, 1814. *Appointments*... *Miscellaneous Records of the Navy Department*, NARA T829; RG 45; Roll 0382 at https://www.fold3.com/image/624530177 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

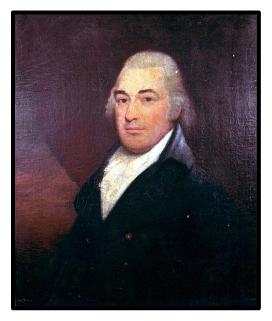


Figure D4b. To receive and confirm orders, Russell Baldwin corresponded directly with the Hon. William Jones, Secretary of the Navy (January 19, 1813-December 1, 1814) who was instrumental to the success of the United States Navy during the War of 1812. Jones sent notice of Baldwin's warrant as a Midshipman, dated May 17, 1813, a week after the apportionment of Jacob Baldwin's homestead and land was finalized in the court. Jones would also forward to the Naval Committee the official account and other papers related to the capture of the *Epervier* by the U.S. sloop *Peacock* on which Denizen Baldwin served in April 1814 (see below). Image, Public Domain from Wikimedia.org at https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:William-Jones.jpg

EXHIBIT C.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, October 3, 1814.

Sin: Agreeably to your request, I have the honor to enclose the official account, and other papers, relating to the capture of the enemy's sloop-of-war Epervier, on the 29th April last, by the United States sloop-of-war Peacock, commanded by Captain Warrington.

If the relative force and comparative effect of the fire of the combatants, and the speedy termination of the contest, though protracted by the early loss of the Peacock's fore-yard, be taken as the criterion, then does it display a steady valor and superior skill on the part of the commander, officers, and crew of the Peacock, which may fairly challenge any single action on record.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, sir,
Your obedient servant,
W. JONES.

The Hon. Charles Tait, Chairman of the Naval Committee, Senate.

Figure D4c. Secretary of the Navy William Jones sent the Naval Committee the official account of the capture of the brig *HMS Epervier* by the U.S. sloop-of-war *Peacock* on April 29, 1814, a battle that Denizen Baldwin fought in and, according to a letter to his mother preserved by his great-grandson, then assisted First Lieutenant John B. Nicolson, in bringing the prize-of-war into Savannah. Excerpt from Captain Lewis Warrington, *Memorial* April 26, 1848. House of Representatives Misc. No. 74, Exhibit C, p. 17. Image, from Google Books for study only.



Figure D5. Denizen Baldwin was aboard the 22-gun sloop, *USS Peacock* on April 29, 1814 when it defeated the *HMS Epervier* of 'equal force' and assisted First Lieutenant John B. Nicolson to sail the prize – with 45 holes in the hull, 20 at or below the water line — into Savannah where it was refitted to be recommissioned as the *USS Epervier*. Print from Boston engraver Abel Bowen (1790-1850), "*The Naval Monument, Containing Official and Other Accounts of All the Battles Fought Between the Navies of the United States and Great Britain During the Late War*," 1836. Engraving by Abel Bowen after English born American marine painter Thomas Birch (1779-1851). From *USS Constitution* Museum Art Collection at Digital Commonwealth, Massachusetts Collections Online at https://www.digitalcommonwealth.org/search/commonwealth:66830m78g

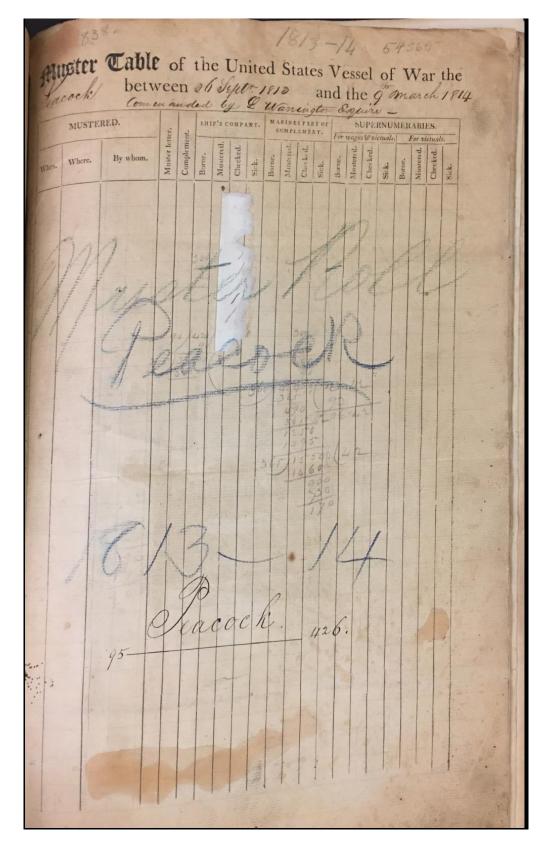


Figure D6a. Muster roll for the *USS Peacock* for "between 26 Sept^r. 1813 and the 9th March 1814 Commanded by L. Warrington, Esquire." Denison Baldwin, Master's Mate, also considered a Sub-Lieutenant, was entered on the *Peacock's* Muster Roll on October 3, 1813, a few weeks after his father Jacob Baldwin's estate in Granville was apportioned by the court and Denison received the legal right to the west side of the house and homestead land. NARA T829, RG 45, Entry 68 Muster Rolls and Pay Rolls for US Navy Vessels. Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. For study purposes herein only.

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Figure D6b. Denison Baldwin, Master's Mate, also considered a Sub-Lieutenant or a Master's Mate in the navigator's branch, is the ninth name listed, eight names after Commander Lewis Warrington and immediately after the Surgeon's Mate. Denison was entered into the muster roll of the *Peacock* on October 3, 1813. Muster roll for the *USS Peacock* for September 26, 1813 to March 9, 1814, NARA T829, RG 45, entry 68 Muster Rolls and Pay Rolls for US Navy Vessels. Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. For study purposes herein only.

U. S. SLOOP PEACOCK, At sea, lat. 27° 47', long. 80° 9', April 29, 1814.

Sin: I have the honor to inform you that we have this morning captured, after an action of forty-two minutes, his Majesty's brig Epervier, rating and mounting eighteen thirty-two pound carronades, with one hundred and twenty-eight men, of whom eight were killed and fifteen wounded, (according to the best imformation we could obtain.) Among the latter is her first lieutenant, who has lost an arm and received a severe splinter wound on the hip. Not a man in the Peacock was killed, and

only two wounded-neither dangerously so.

The fate of the Epervier would have been determined in much less time, but for the circumstance of our fore-yard being totally disabled by two round shot in the starboard quarter, from her first broadside, which entirely deprived us of the use of our fore and foretopsails, and compelled us to keep the ship large throughout the remainder of the action. This, with a few topmast and topgallant backstays cut away, and a few shot through our sails, is the only injury the Peacock has sustained. Not a round shot touched our hull; our masts and spars are as sound as ever. When the enemy struck, he had five fect water in his hold, his maintopmast was over the side, his main boom shot away, his foremast cut nearly in two and tottering, his fore-rigging and stays shot away, his bowsprit badly wounded, and forty-five shot holes in his hull, twenty of which were within a foot of his water-line, above and below. By great exertions we got her in sailing order just as dark came on.

In fifteen minutes after the enemy struck, the Peacock was ready for another action in every respect but her fore-yard, which was sent down, fixed, and had the foresail set again in forty-five minutes; such was the spirit and activity of our gallant crew.

The Epervier had under her convoy an English hermaphrodite brig, a

Figure D7a. Letter (continued next page) from Lewis Warrington to the Department of the Navy regarding the action of April 29, 1814 whereby the *U.S. Sloop Peacock* under his command captured *HM Epervier*. Excerpted from *Memorial of Lewis Warrington, Captain in the U.S. Navy (In behalf of himself and the officers and crew of the U.S. sloop-of-war Peacock) Praying that the one half of the proceeds of the Epervier and goods, which went into the treasury by mistake, be returned to the officers and crew of said vessel, it having been decreed to them by the United States court as captors. April 26, 1848. House of Representatives Misc. No. 74, Exhibit C, p. 17. Image from Google Books for study purposes only at <a href="https://books.google.com/books?id=T2tHAQAAIAAJ&pg=RA10-PA1&lpg=RA10-PA1&dq=what+did+captain+and+crew+do+with+proceeds+of+the+epervier?&source=bl&ots=BZxCB1Rh6F&sig=ACfU3U33sMqNcVHK3rnURdz5CLj2dwXHDw&hl=en&sa=X&ved=2ahUKEwjN3q3lxsjrAhV-gnIEHdUPAFs4ChDoATAEegQIAxAB#v=onepage&q&f=false*

18

Mis. No. 74.

Russian and a Spanish ship, which all hauled their wind, and stood to the ENE. I had determined upon pursuing the former, but found that it would not answer to leave our prize in her then crippled state; and the more particularly so, as we found she had one hundred and twenty thousand dollars in specie, which we soon transferred to this sloop. Every officer, seaman, and marine did his duty, which is the highest compliment I can pay them.

I am, respectfully,

L. WARRINGTON.

The foregoing are truly copied from the files of the Navy Department.

JOHN APPLETON,

Chief Clerk.

DECEMBER 21, 1846.

EXHIBIT D.

SAVANNAH, GA., May 1, 1814.

Sin: I have the honor of informing you of my arrival here in late his B. M. brig Epervier, of 18 32-pound carronades, Captain Wales, captured by the sloop Peacock, on Friday morning, the 29th, off cape Carneveral, after an action of 45 minutes, in which time she was much cut up in hull, spars, rigging, and sails, with upwards of five feet water in her hold, having the advantage of the weather-gauge. She lost eight killed and fifteen wounded; among the latter her first-lieutenant, who has lost his arm. I am happy to say the Peacock received no material injury—her fore-yard and two men slightly wounded. She received not one shot in her hull. The brig had upwards of \$100,000 on board.

I have the honor to be, respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN B. MICOLSON.

Hon. WILLIAM JONES.

Figure D7b. Continuation of Warrington letter; and letter from First Lieutenant John B. Nicolson of the USS Peacock to Hon. William Jones, Secretary of the Navy regarding the action of April 29, 1814 whereby the USS Peacock captured HMS Epervier. Nicolson was responsible for repairing and sailing the prize brig Epervier, with heavy damage as described by Lewis Warrington in his letter, to Savannah. Nicolson's appreciation of **Denizen Baldwin's** assistance in that effort was mentioned by **Denizen** in a letter to his mother Lucy Seymour, widow of Jacob Baldwin. Russell Baldwin would consider Nicolson a good friend, writing to him, requesting that he present his request to the Secretary of the Navy in support of his plans to obtain furlough to see the southern and western United States and Texas. Excerpted from Memorial of Lewis Warrington, Captain in the U.S. Navy (In behalf of himself and the officers and crew of the U.S. sloop-of-war Peacock) Praying that the one half of the proceeds of the Epervier and goods, which went into the treasury by mistake, be returned to the officers and crew of said vessel, it having been decreed to them by the United States court as captors. April 26, 1848. House of Representatives Misc. No. 74, Exhibit D, p. 18. Image from Google Books for study purposes only at

https://books.google.com/books?id=T2tHAQAAIAAJ&pg=RA10-PA1&lpg=RA10-

PA1&dq=what+did+captain+and+crew+do+with+proceeds+of+the+epervier?&source=bl&ots=BZxCB1Rh 6F&sig=ACfU3U33sMqNcVHK3rnURdz5CLj2dwXHDw&hl=en&sa=X&ved=2ahUKEwjN3q3lxsjrAhV-gnIEHdUPAFs4ChDoATAEegQIAxAB#v=onepage&q&f=false

RESOLUTION expressive of the sense of Congress relative to the victory of the Peacock over the Epervier.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be requested to present to Captain Lewis Warrington, of the sloop-of-war Peacock, a gold medal, with suitable emblems and devices; and a silver medal, with like emblems and devices, to each of the commissioned officers, and a sword to each of the midshipmen and to the sailing-master, of the said vessel, in testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of the gallantry and good conduct of the officers and crew, in the action with the British brig Epervier, on the twenty-ninth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in which action the decisive effect and great superiority of the American gunnery were so signally displayed.

Approved October 21, 1814.

Figure D7c. Resolution of Congress to award Captain Lewis Warrington of the *USS Peacock*, a Congressional Gold Medal; and the officers and Midshipmen, each a sword. The *Epervier* carried \$117,900 in specie and was valued at roughly half that amount upon sale as a prize of war. Excerpted from *Memorial of Lewis Warrington, Captain in the U.S. Navy (In behalf of himself and the officers and crew of the U.S. sloop-of-war Peacock) . . . April 26, 1848. House of Representatives Misc. No. 74, Exhibit N, p. 24. Image from Google Books for study purposes only at <a href="https://books.google.com/books?id=T2tHAQAAIAAJ&pg=RA10-PA1&lpg=RA10-PA1&dq=what+did+captain+and+crew+do+with+proceeds+of+the+epervier?&source=bl&ots=BZxCB1Rh6F&sig=ACfU3U33sMqNcVHK3mURdz5CLj2dwXHDw&hl=en&sa=X&ved=2ahUKEwjN3q3lxsjrAhV-gnIEHdUPAFs4ChDoATAEegQIAxAB#v=onepage&q&f=false*

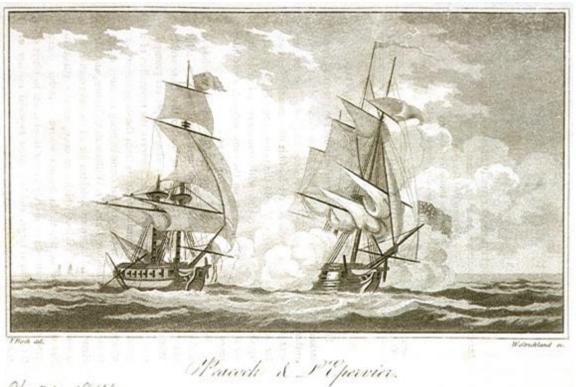


Figure D8. Denizen Baldwin was on board the *USS Peacock* (right) when it captured *HMS Epervier* on April 29, 1814 and as a Master's Mate assisted First Lieutenant John B. Nicolson to sail the damaged prize to Savannah where it was recommissioned as the *USS Epervier*. Aquatint *Peacock & L'Epervier*, ca. 1814, engraved by William Strickland after Thomas Birch. Courtesy, National Maritime Museum, Greenwich, London at https://collections.rmg.co.uk/collections/objects/110000.html



Figure D9. Letters of Administration, December 30, 1814 for Denizen Baldwin, called 'Mariner', defined in 1856 as "one who helps to navigate a vessel": the administrator was his elder brother Heman Baldwin of New York. Letters, Vol 012, 1811-1813 in Letters of Administration (New York County, New York), 1743-1866; Index, 1743-1910; New York. Surrogate's Court (New York County); Probate Place: New York, New York. See <a href="https://www.ancestrylibrary.com/imageviewer/collections/8800/images/005523635_00686?treeid=&personid=&hintid=&queryId=88c38d8946ec4bf1a27a57830d3bf0e6&usePUB=true&_phsrc=PUK812&_phstart=successSource&usePUBJs=true&pId=7089583 Courtesy of Ancestry.com. New York, Wills and Probate Records, 1659-1999 [database on-line]. Provo, UT, USA: Ancestry.com Operations, Inc., 2015. Original data: New York County, District and Probate Courts. Image for study purposes only.

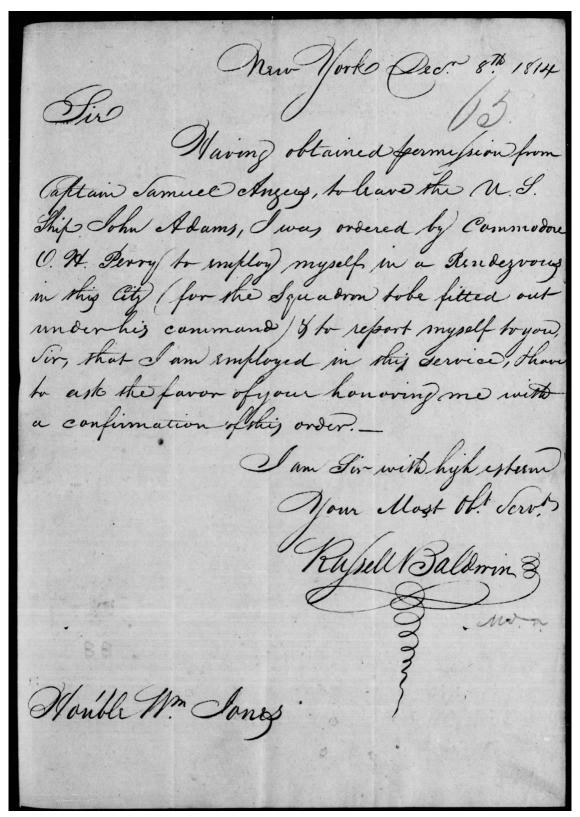


Figure D10a. Russell Baldwin received leave of the *USS John Adams* to conduct a "Rendezvous," a recruiting station to find and sign up a crew for Captain Oliver Hazard Perry in 1814-1815. Russell Baldwin, New York, Letter to William Jones, Secretary of the Navy, December 8, 1814. *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus, 1802-1884*, NARA M148, RG 45; Roll 0013 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636011926 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

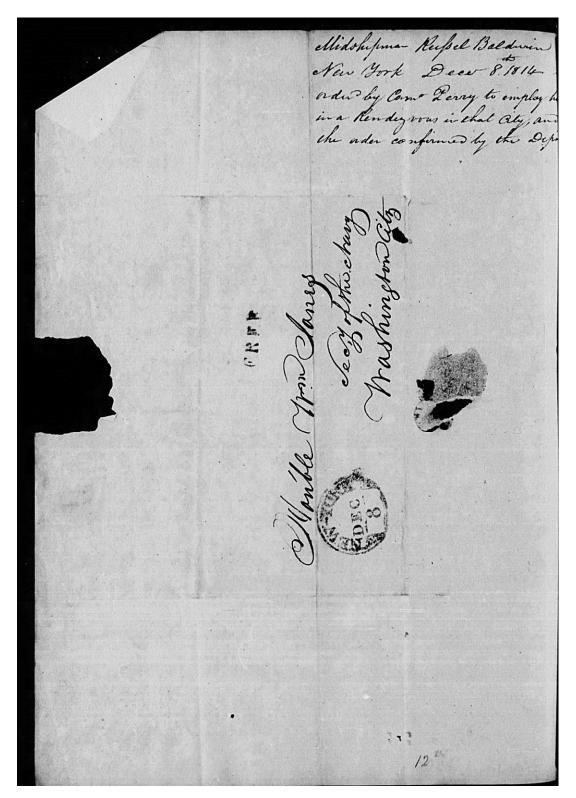


Figure D10b. Endorsed "Midshipman Russell Baldwin, New York Dec." 8, 1814. Order by Com. Perry to employ him in a Rendezvous in the City and the order confirmed by the Dept." Russell Baldwin, New York, Letter to William Jones, Secretary of the Navy, December 8, 1814. Postmarked, New York, Dec. 8, 1814. *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus, 1802-1884*, NARA M148, RG 45; Roll 0013 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636011926 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

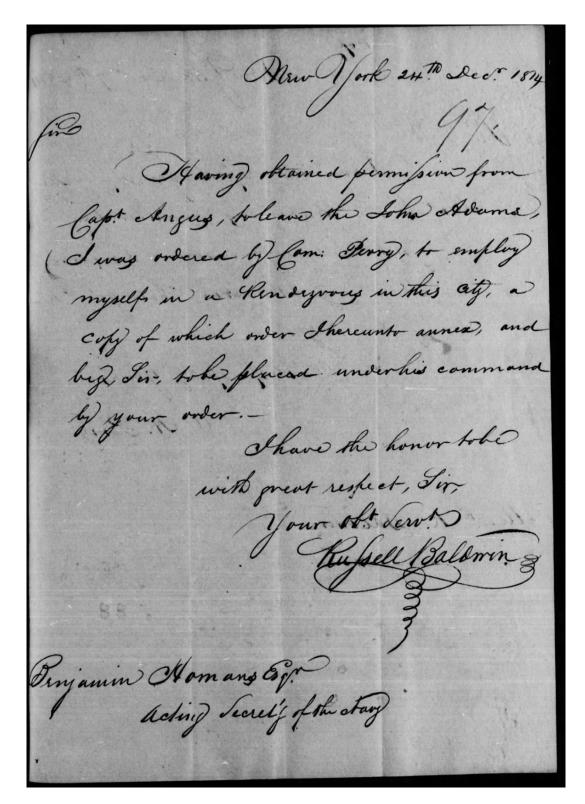


Figure D10c. Seeking confirmation of orders from Commodore Perry to conduct a 'Rendezvous' and recruit a crew, Russell Baldwin sent a second request to Jones' protégé, in charge when Jones left the position. Baldwin signed his letters of Dec. 8 and 14th with a calligraphic flourish approximating a sword and hilt, perhaps honoring his brother Denizen's service recognized by Congressional Resolution awarding a Presentation Sword to Denis' fellow midshipmen aboard the *Peacock*, in October when Denis was killed in action. Russell Baldwin, New York, Letter to Benjamin Homans, Acting Secretary of the Navy, December 24, 1814. *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus, 1802-1884*, NARA M 148, RG 45; Roll 0013 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636011847 Courtesy, NARA, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

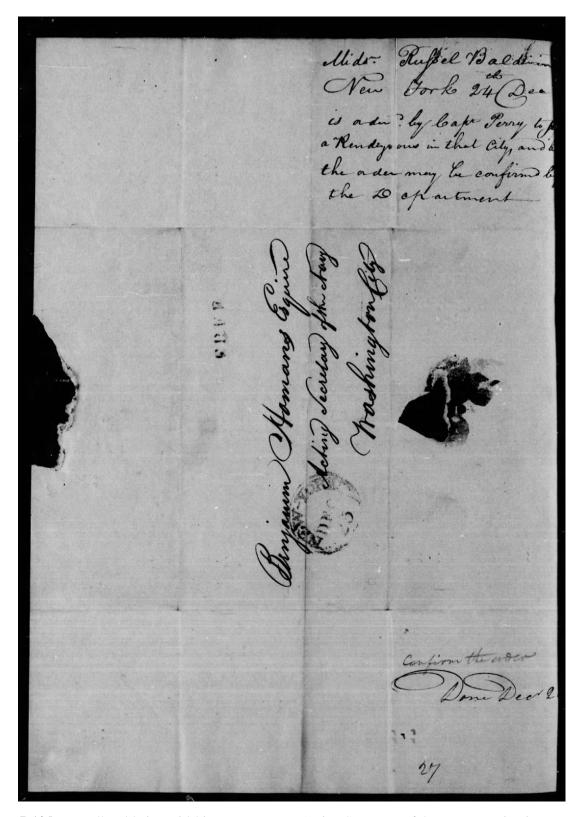


Figure D10d. Russell Baldwin, Midshipman, Letter to Acting Secretary of the Navy, Benjamin Homans, a protégé of Jones. Endorsed December 24, ordered by Capt. (Oliver) Perry to rendezvous in New York. *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus, 1802-1884*, NARA M148, RG 45; Roll 0013 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636011923 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

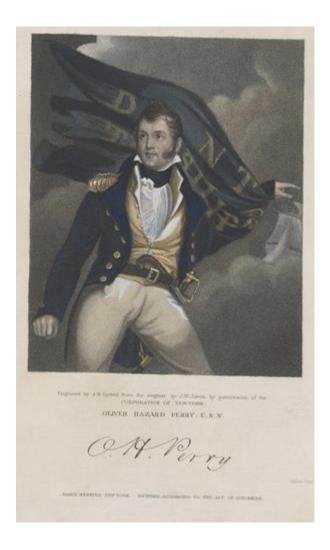


Figure D10e. Engraving, Oliver Hazard Perry at the Battle of Lake Erie with flag bearing words "Don't Give Up the Ship." Engraved by J.B. Forrest after J.W. Jarvis. USS Constitution Museum Art Collection. Image from Digital Commonwealth Massachusetts Collections Online at https://www.digitalcommonwealth.org/search/commonwealth:66830m96d



Figure D9f. Portrait of Oliver Hazard Perry by Gilbert Stuart. Russell Baldwin may have gained the attention of Commodore Perry in late 1814, because he had served as an acting Midshipman on the *Chesapeake* at the Battle of Boston Harbor when Captain James Lawrence, a friend of Perry, gave his dying command, "Don't give up the ship." In defending Lake Erie, Perry named his flagship Lawrence and hoisted a flag with Lawrence's command upon it, gaining victory at the Battle of Lake Erie, September 10, 1813, one hundred days after Captain Lawrence's death. By July 1815, Russell Baldwin had assembled the crew for Perry's recently commissioned 44-gun ship *Java* and would sail under his command in the Mediterranean Squadron. Portrait, Oliver Hazard Perry, painted by Gilbert Stuart, 1818. Toledo Museum of Art. Image, Public Domain from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Portrait of Oliver Hazard Perry, 1818.jpg

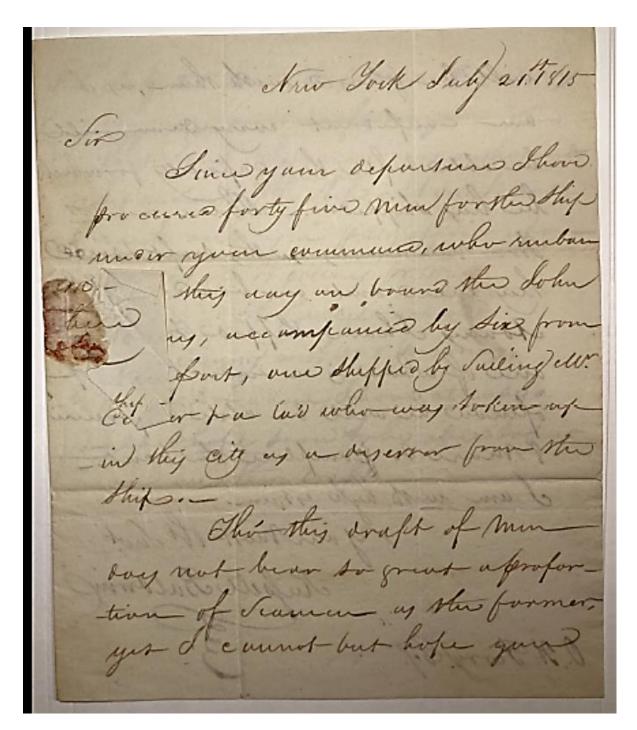


Figure D11a. Russell Baldwin assembled 'drafts' of men for crews for Oliver Hazard Perry; this draft followed at least one earlier one in 1815. Russell Baldwin Letter to Captain Oliver Hazard Perry, July 21, 1815, advising Perry that he had assembled 45 men "for the ship," the newly commissioned 44-gun *Java* intended for the Mediterranean Squadron. Digitized for this research for study purposes only: Russell Baldwin Letters, Oliver Hazard Perry Papers, William L. Clements Library, The University of Michigan at https://clements.umich.edu/eadadd/perryo_contributors.pdf

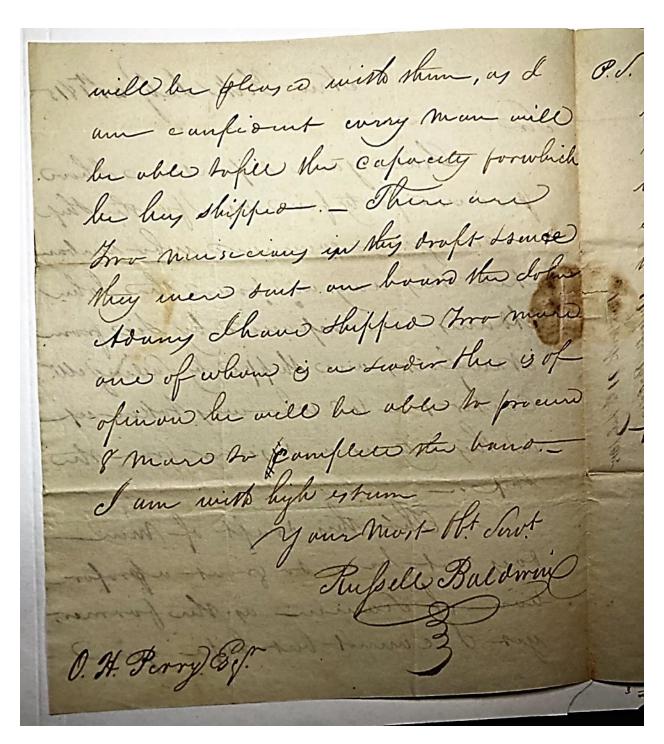


Figure D11b. "Though this draft of men may not have so great a proportion of Seamen as the former, yet I cannot but hope you will be pleased with them, as I am confident every man will be able to fill the capacity for which he has shipped." Russell Baldwin Letter to Captain Oliver Hazard Perry, July 21, 1815, quote continued from page 1, page 2 of 3. Digitized for this research for study purposes only: Russell Baldwin Letters, Oliver Hazard Perry Papers, William L. Clements Library, The University of Michigan.

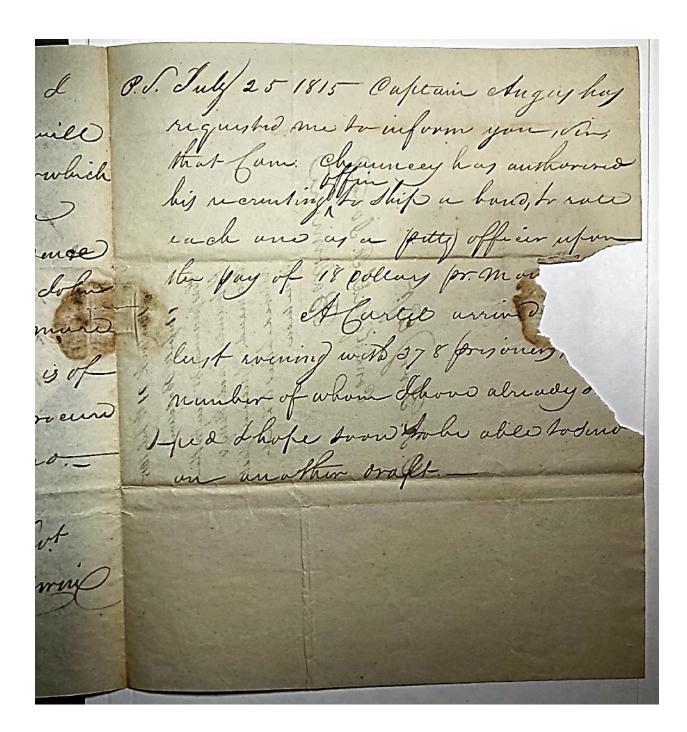


Figure D11c. Russell Baldwin, a prisoner of war after the Battle of Boston Harbor on June 1, 1813, met with returning American prisoners of war, offering them the opportunity to serve again. Baldwin, postscript, July 25, 1815, concerning a humanitarian return of prisoners to the United States in a 'cartel' ship under a flag of truce, for that purpose: "A Cartel arriv'd last evening with 278 prisoners (letter damaged) number of whom I have already (damaged: seen?) And I hope soon to be able to send on another draft." Russell Baldwin Letter to Captain Oliver Hazard Perry, July 21, 1815, page 3 of 3. Digitized for this research for study purposes only: Russell Baldwin Letters, Oliver Hazard Perry Papers, William L. Clements Library, University of Michigan.



Figure D11d. Endorsed: "Russell Baldwin has procured 45 men for the ship under Comdr Perry's command. Prisoners just arrived hoped to send more men." Russell Baldwin Letter to Captain Oliver Hazard Perry, July 21, 1815. Perry was in Baltimore with the recently commissioned U.S. Frigate *Java* intended for the Mediterranean Squadron. Digitized for this research for study purposes only: Russell Baldwin Letters, Oliver Hazard Perry Papers, William L. Clements Library, University of Michigan.

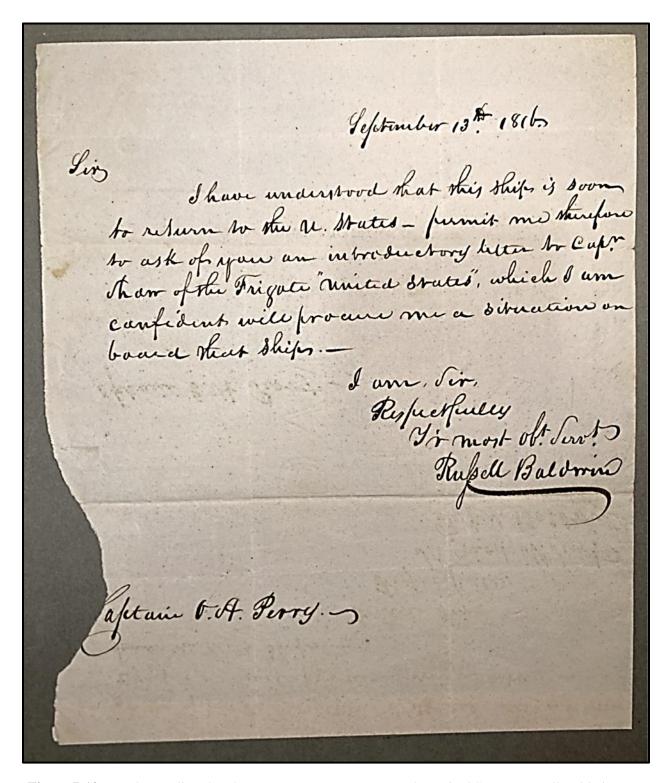
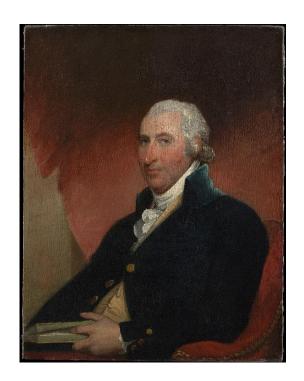


Figure D12a. Understanding that the *Java* was soon to return to the United States, Russell Baldwin requested an introductory letter from Captain Perry to Captain Shaw of the Frigate *United States* to obtain a situation. Russell Baldwin Letter to Captain Oliver Hazard Perry, September 13, 1816. Digitized for this research for study purposes only: Russell Baldwin Letters, Oliver Hazard Perry Papers, William L. Clements Library, University of Michigan.

Figure D12b. Russell Baldwin requested a letter of introduction from Commodore Perry to Commodore John Shaw (Ireland, 1773 - Philadelphia, PA, 1823) of the Frigate *United States*, on September 13, 1816. Shaw was highly regarded by his men. Portrait of John Shaw, 1793 by Gilbert Stuart, Accession Number: 2005.462.1. Gift of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Grima Johnson, 2005, Metropolitan Museum of Art at https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Jo hn_Shaw_MET_DP136861.jpg Commodore Shaw was interred at Christ Church Burial Ground at Philadelphia, where Benjamin Franklin and signers of the Declaration of Independence were buried.



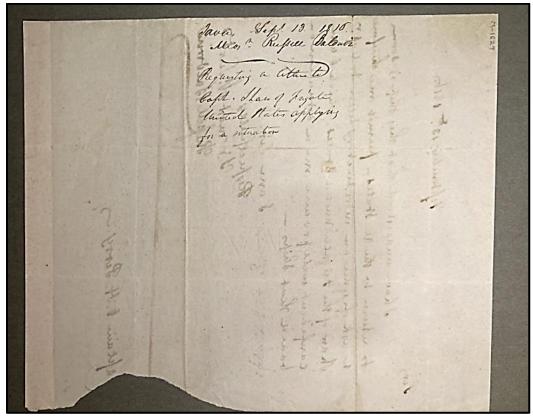


Figure D12c. Endorsed "Java September 13, 1816. Mid^s Russell Baldwin Requesting a letter to Capt. Shaw of the Frigate *United States* applying for a situation." Russell Baldwin Letter to Captain Oliver Hazard Perry, September 13, 1816. Digitized for this research for study purposes only: Russell Baldwin Letters, Oliver Hazard Perry Papers, William L. Clements Library, University of Michigan.

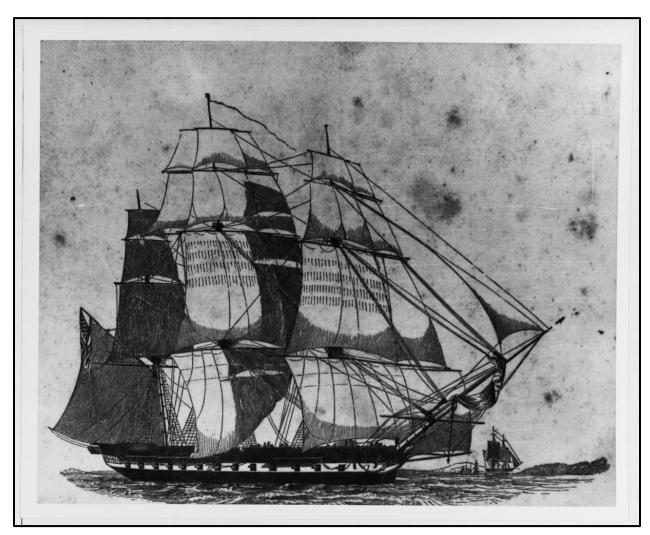


Figure D12d. Russell Baldwin would sail three of the first six frigates of the United States Navy, the *USS United States*, the *Constellation* and the *Chesapeake* – the sister ships to the *USS Constitution*, all authorized by Congress with the Naval Act of 1794. Transferred to the *USS United States* from the *USS Constellation*, in October 1817, Russell Baldwin sailed on the *United States* (1797) the first of the six original frigates authorized for construction by the Naval Act of 1794 signed by President George Washington. As "Frigate A," the ship was named the *United States* by the President. Apparently, Russell Baldwin received the letter of introduction that he requested September 13, 1816 from Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry to Commodore Shaw of the *USS United States*. Engraving ca. 1852, *USS United States* (1797-1861) under full sail after a drawing by Master William Brady, USN. Copied from the Kedge Anchor. Photograph, courtesy of the U.S. Naval History and Heritage Command, Washington, D.C., at https://www.history.navy.mil/content/history/nhhc/our-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-series/NH-01000/NH-1016.html

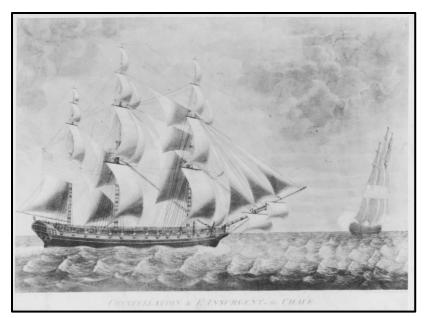


Figure D13. Russell Baldwin sailed the 38-gun three masted frigate *USS Constellation* (1797) with Captain Shaw, before the officers transferred to the *USS United States*. These were the first two of the original six frigates (the *Constitution* was the third) authorized by Congress in 1794, the year Lieutenant Jacob Baldwin bought the Daniel Rose House in Granville. In 1816, Russell was listed on the *Constellation's* muster roll presented to Congress, January 1817. The *Constellation* was part of the Mediterranean Squadron under the command of Commodores Bainbridge, Isaac Chauncey and Shaw (Baldwin met with, or served with, all three) in the Second Barbary War; and returned to Hampton Roads in December 1817. This print shows the *Constellation* in 1799 chasing the French ship *Insurgente*, the year that five-year-old Russell Baldwin's father Jacob died. Engraving by Edward Savage from his own painting. Reproduced by courtesy of Charles H. Taylor, from a very rare engraving in his collection by the U.S. Naval History and Heritage Command, Washington, D.C. at <a href="https://www.history.navy.mil/content/history/nhhc/our-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nh-collections/photogra

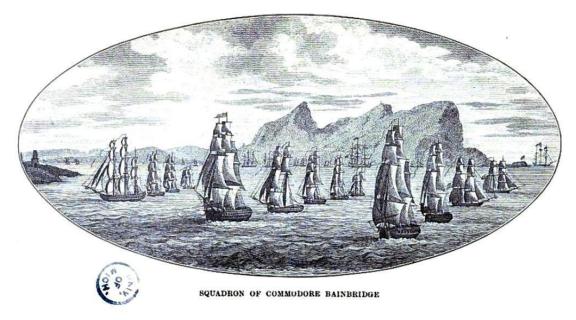


Figure D14. Under orders of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry, Midshipman Russell Baldwin enlisted the crew for Perry's ship the *Java* (1814-1815) while she was being built, and then served aboard in the Mediterranean Squadron from 1816-1817 during the Second Barbary War, also known as the Algerian War. Engraving depicting Commodore Bainbridge's Squadron off Algiers, taken from *Our Navy and the Barbary Corsairs*, 1905 by, Gardner Weld Allen, Wikimedia Commons (Public Domain) at

https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Engraving_depicting_Bainbridge_Squadron_off_Algiers.jpg





Figure D15a. The third ship named after statesman Benjamin Franklin, Founding Father of the United States and an early supporter of the American Navy during the American Revolution, carried 74 guns. Five years after the *USS Franklin* was built in 1815 at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, Russell Baldwin sailed on the *Franklin* in 1820-1821 when it was the flagship of the Pacific Squadron. He wrote from the *Franklin* in 1831 at the time she was listed as 'in ordinary' under service and repair. For image of the *Franklin*'s figurehead at the U.S. Naval History and Heritage Center, Washington, D.C., see Catalog Nos. 115215 at

https://www.history.navy.mil/content/history/nhhc/our-collections/photography/numerical-list-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-series/NH-115000/NH-115215.html

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Figure D15b. Russell Baldwin sailed from 1820-1821 aboard the *USS* Franklin (1815-1852) when she was the flagship of America's Pacific Squadron; and wrote from the Franklin in 1831 when she was laid up in ordinary for repairs in New York. Photo of painting Rounding Portovenere, near La Spezia, Italy, ca. 1819. Courtesy of Mr. E. Wheeler Barto, NH53940 at the U.S. Naval History and Heritage Command, Washington, D.C. at https://www.history.navy.mil/content/ history/nhhc/ourcollections/photography/numericallist-of-images/nhhc-series/nh-

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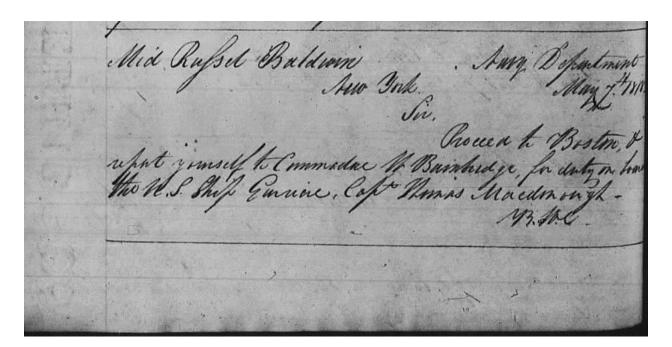


Figure D16a. Russell Baldwin, May 7, 1818: Entry of order signed 'BWC', Benjamin Williams Crowninshield, Secretary of the Navy, for Midshipman Russell Baldwin to proceed from New York to Boston and report to Commodore Bainbridge for duty on the U.S. Ship *Guerriere*, Captain Thomas McDonough, commanding. Miscellaneous Records of the Navy Department, NARA T829; RG 45; Roll 0383 at https://www.fold3.com/image/624574804 Courtesy, National Archives and Records Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.



Figure D16b. Russell Baldwin served on the USS Guerriere built in 1814 and named after a British ship defeated by the USS Constitution.\ during the War of 1812. From 1818 to 1819, Baldwin served on the Guerriere, departing Boston on July 24, 1818 and after stops in Copenhagen and Gibraltar, disembarking the American Minister and his family in Russia and then cruising the Mediterranean, under the command of Captain Thomas Macdonough. Portrait Commodore Thomas Macdonough, ca 1815/18 by Gilbert Stuart. Andrew W. Mellon Collection, Courtesy, National Gallery of Art, Washington at https://www.nga.gov/collection/art-objectpage.1111.html

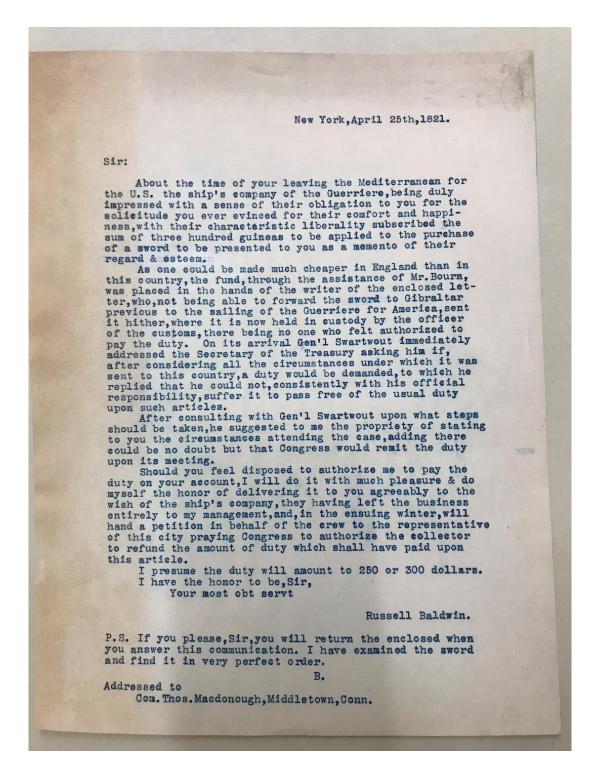


Figure D16c. Russell Baldwin, New York, Letter to Commodore Thomas Macdonough, Middletown, CT, April 25, 1821, concerning arrangements by Baldwin to present a sword to the Commodore on behalf of the crew of the *Guerriere*, to show their "regard and esteem." Typescript, War of 1812 mss., 1775-1879, Archives Online at Indiana University. Courtesy of The Lilly Library, Indiana University. Digitized for the first time for this research, for study purposes only. See http://webapp1.dlib.indiana.edu/findingaids/view?brand=general&docId=InU-Li-VAC1213-02243&startDoc=1

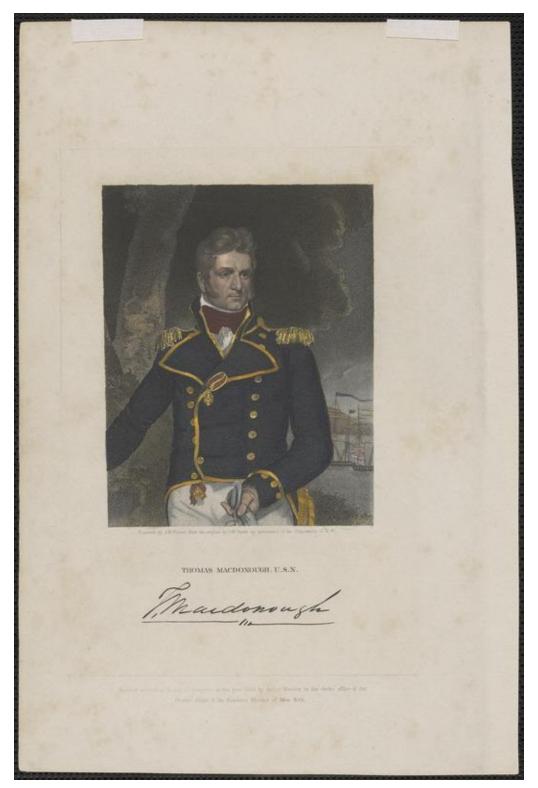


Figure D16d. Russell Baldwin likely completed his mission to present Commodore Macdonough with a sword from the crew of the *Guerriere*. Perhaps the *Guerriere* sword is that held by Macdonough in this ca. 1833 hand-colored engraving of Thomas Macdonough, with his signature. Engraved by John B. Forrest (ca. 1814-1870) after a painting by John Wesley Jarvis (1780-1840). *USS Constitution* Museum Art Collection. From Digital Commonwealth, Massachusetts Collections Online at

https://www.digitalcommonwealth.org/search/commonwealth:66830k91t Published in black and white in The national portrait gallery of distinguished Americans / conducted by James B. Longacre ... and James Herring ... under the superintendence of the American Academy of the Fine Arts. Philadelphia: Henry Perkins, 1834.

New York Jan y 22 d 1823. The royage to the Pacific ocean an which I way about sailing when I last had the honor of speaking with you in this city, I way unable to complete until the 15th Met; at which period, the board convened for examining dis-- thip men was desolved - And as I am very desirous of possing a certificate of my qual--ifications as a seamon, I take the liberty of asking your permession to apply for such carificate to captains whom you shall be pleased to name, confidently hoping they will deene me worthy of having my name placed whom the list of candidates for promotions & that they mengere will not be incompatible with the exequette of the service or your own idias of justico. The

Figure D17a. Russell Baldwin to Secretary of the Navy, Jan. 22, 1823 from New York, p. 1 of 2, referring to his service in the Pacific (on board the flagship *Franklin*) and requesting permission to apply for certificate of captaincy and placement "upon list of candidacy for promotions." Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0030 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636049028 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

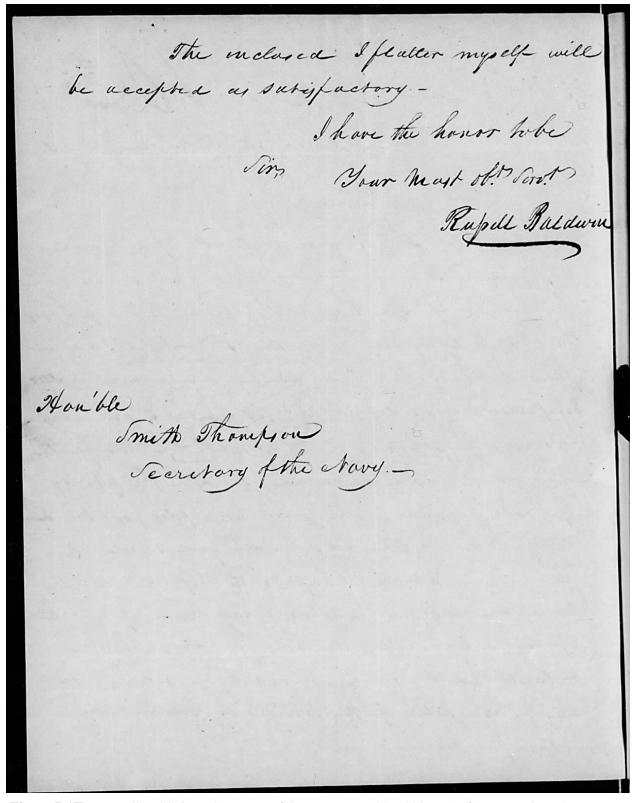


Figure D17b. Russell Baldwin to Secretary of the Navy, Jan. 22, 1823, p. 2 of 2, requesting placement on the list of "candidacy for promotions." New York. Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0030 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636049031 Secretary Smith Thompson's endorsement was: "Mid. R. Baldwin wishes to be examined specially." See https://www.fold3.com/image/636049034 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

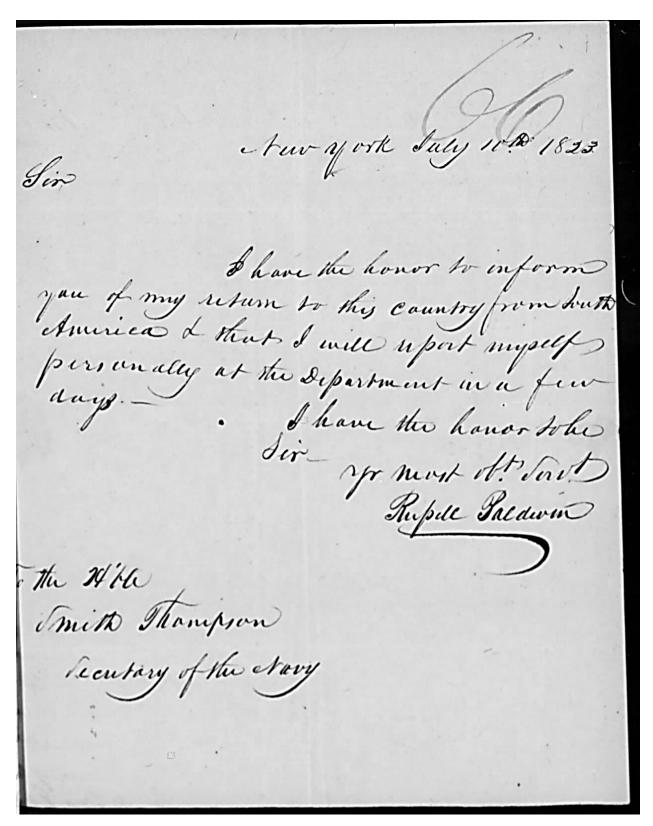


Figure D18. Russell Baldwin, New York, to Secretary of the Navy, July 11, 1823 on "my return to this country from South America." Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0031 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636055938?terms=russell,baldwin Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

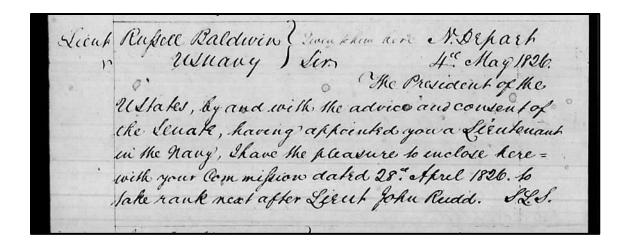


Figure D19. Russell Baldwin, May 4, 1826: Commission as Lieutenant: The President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, having appointed you a Lieutenant in the Navy, I have the pleasure to enclose herewith your Commission dated 28th April 1826 to take rank . . .", Appointments . . . United States Navy, NARA T829; RG 45; Roll 0384 at https://www.fold3.com/image/624574400 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

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Figure D20a. Midshipman, later Lieutenant, Russell Baldwin, on the Muster Roll of the *USS Constellation* at Gibraltar, listed after Captain John Shaw and (his son-in-law) Lieutenant Francis H. Gregory, all three appearing on board October 22, 1817. Lt. Gregory would mention Lieutenant Baldwin first, in his letter to the Secretary of the Navy, September 1826, when hand-picking officers under his command to deliver the frigate *Hope*, built in New York, to the Greek independence revolutionary authorities. Russell Baldwin, Muster Roll of the *Constellation, Miscellaneous Records Of The Navy Department*, NARA T829; RG 45; Roll 0086 at https://www.fold3.com/image/624392198 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

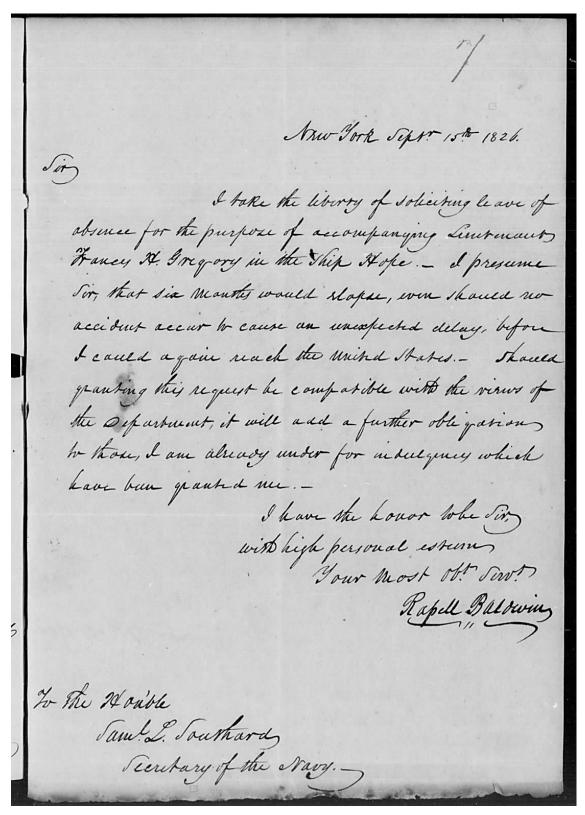


Figure D20b. Russell Baldwin, request for leave of absence to accompany Lt. Francis H. Gregory (1789-1866) [serving from the War of 1812 to the Civil War (then a Rear Admiral)] in the ship *Hope*, September 15, 1826, to deliver the frigate to Greece where it became the flagship of the Revolutionary Hellenic Army. Leave granted September 18, 1826. Circa 1820, Gregory married Elizabeth Shaw, the daughter of Baldwin's former captain, Commodore John Shaw. Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0044 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636042884 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.



Figure D20c. On October 16, 1826, Russell Baldwin sailed with Lt. Francis H. Gregory who commanded the frigate Hope, built in New York 1825-1826, that would become the flagship, and "most powerful" vessel of, the Revolutionary Hellenic Army during the Greek War of Independence. Sailing with the unofficial authorization of the Department and without register or neutrality bond, the officers upheld a matter of national "honor" by delivering the ship in the cause of liberty. They faced two mutinies by the crew seeking to sell the vessel; yet the officers succeeded in delivering the ship to the Greek Revolutionaries who had paid for its construction in New York City. It became the Greek frigate *Hellas*. Greek frigate Hellas, built as the *Hope* in New York City, 1826. Public Domain accessed at Wikimedia Commons at https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Hellas_Frigate_1827.jpg

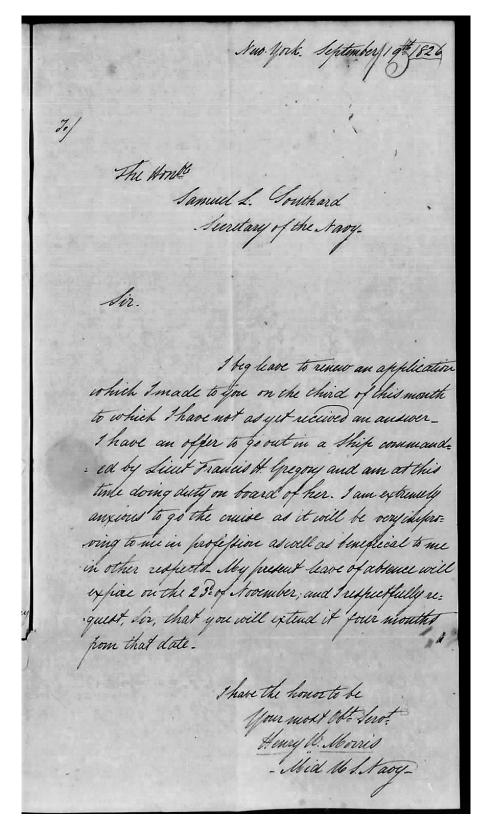


Figure D20d. The grandson of Robert Morris, signer of the Declaration of Independence, requested a leave of absence to sail with Lieutenant Gregory commanding a ship (the *Hope*) upon which he was "at this time doing duty on board of her. I am extremely anxious to go the cruise as it will be very improving to me in profession." Henry W. Morris, New York, Letter to Samuel L. Southard, Secretary of the Navy, September 19, 1826, Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG45; Roll 0044 at https://www.fold3.com/image/1/636042925 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

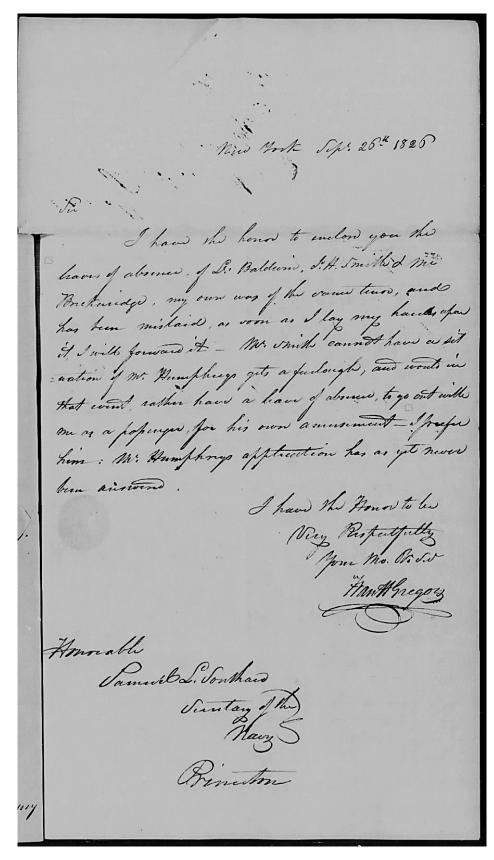


Figure D20e. Specifically requesting Lieutenant Baldwin and two other men to be on the voyage of the *Hope* (vessel unnamed), Lt. Francis H. Gregory, New York, Letter to Samuel L. Southard, Secretary of the Navy, Sept. 26, 1826. Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus., NARA 148, RG 45, Roll 044 at https://www.fold3.com/image/1/636042999 Courtesy, NARA, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

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Figure D21. Lieutenant Russell Baldwin was picked up by the *USS Ontario* at Aegina, on December 27, 1826, one month after the American officers delivered the *Hope* to the revolutionaries fighting for Greek independence. Aegina was the island headquarters of the Greek independent authorities. Russell is listed after John H. Smith and Henry W. Morris, grandson of Robert, Signer of the Declaration of Independence, who were picked up on Christmas Day by the *Ontario* from the Greek island of Salinas, two days voyage away. These three men were specifically requested as dependable by Lt. Francis H. Gregory in his letters to the Secretary of the Navy, when he requested that they sail with him on the voyage. They sailed without register or a bond of neutrality to deliver the frigate to Greece to uphold the honor of America, where the ship was built in New York; and the officers overcame two attempts at mutiny intent on selling the ship to enemy powers. Muster and Pay rolls *USS Ontario*, 1827. Miscellaneous Records of the Office of Naval Records and Library, 1803-1859, NARA T829, RG 45, Rolls 0065 at https://www.fold3.com/image/624155093 Courtesy, NARA, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

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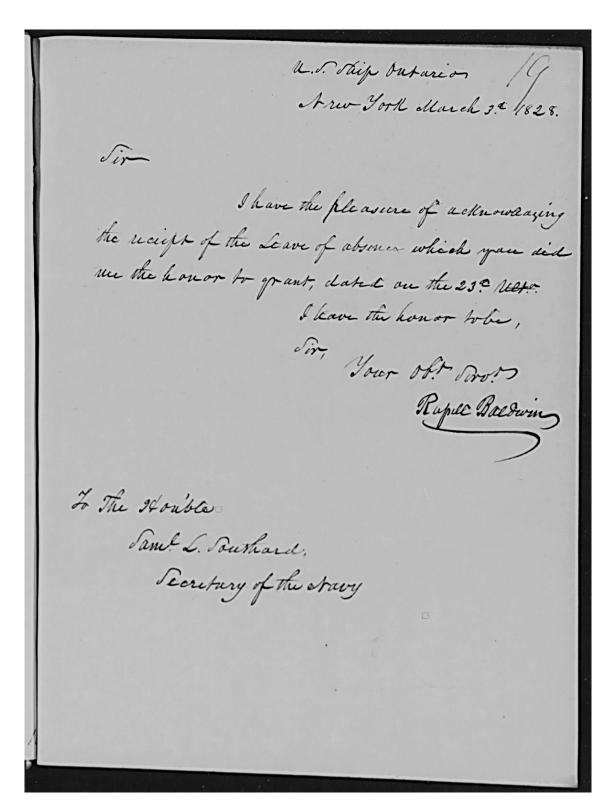


Figure D22. The *USS Ontario* returned to New York from an extended deployment in the Med, on February 20, 1828; Russell Baldwin wrote from on board the *Ontario* in New York, March 3, 1828, to Samuel L. Southard, Secretary of the Navy, acknowledging a requested leave of absence. He returned to New York aboard the *Ontario* after his voyage to deliver the *Hope* to Greece in late 1826. Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0039 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636342740 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

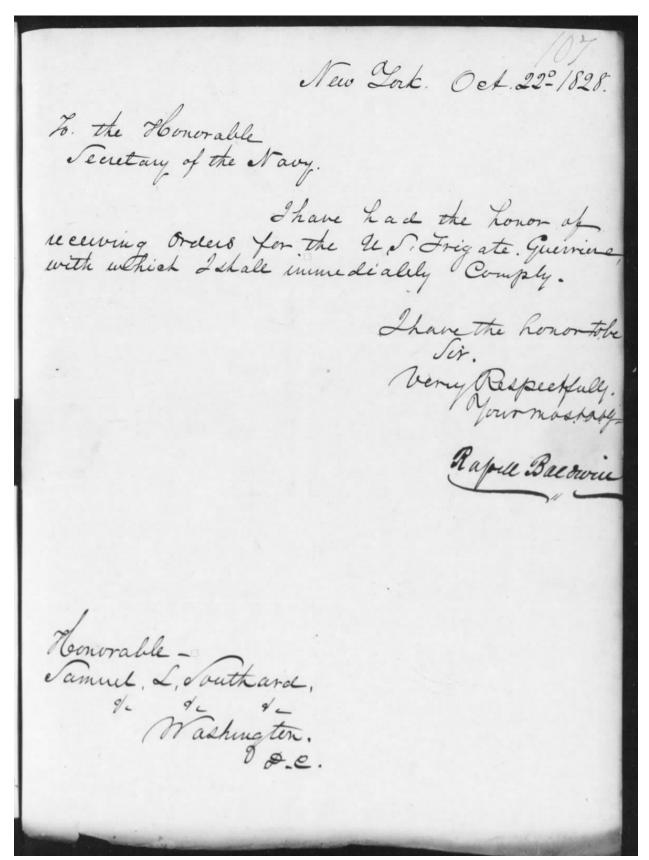


Figure D23. Russell Baldwin, complying with order to report to the *Guerriere*, Letter to Secretary of the Navy, October 22, 1828: Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0053 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636353755 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

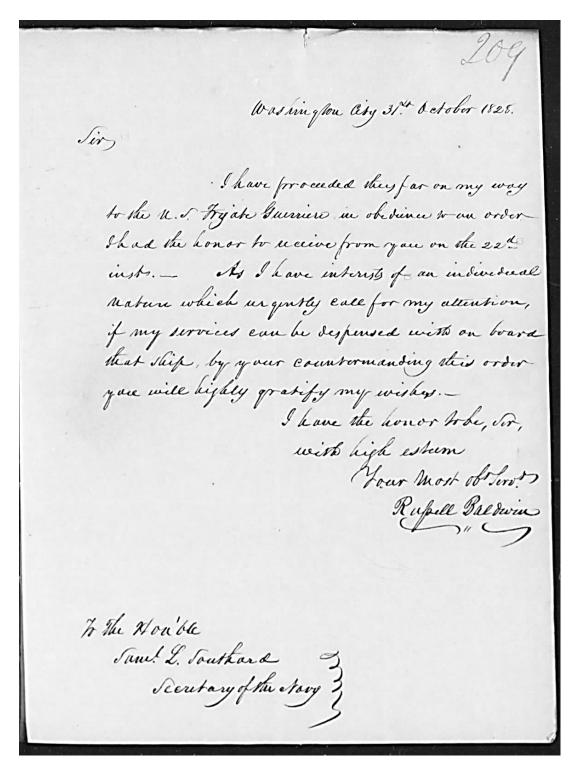


Figure D24. Russell Baldwin, requesting countermanding of order to attend to urgent matters of a personal nature, October 31, 1828; his request was approved and he was relieved on Nov. 1, 1828. Samuel L. Southard was appointed by President James Monroe and served as Secretary of the Navy (1823-1829) continuing under the administration of John Quincy Adams; he would become Governor of New Jersey, 1832. Russell Baldwin to Samuel L. Southard, Secretary of the Navy, October 31, 1828. Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus.* NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0053 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636353975 and https://www.fold3.com/

New York Febr 2ª 1830. My sear dis I have never yet had an opportunity siting the Southern Lucstern States of our union are a great described to for the purpose myself, what I have often read of with as well as bourset my sick frund with whom of money which is now in poparos we Louisian I am anacous to avoil migself of the present meanent, provided it in no way interfere with the views of the under my present leave of ful authorsedly or so great a distance from the Government - I therifore lake the liberry of request or me the favor, to ask the Honorable the decretary of the cravy, whether my loking the pourney has his full acquiercence - I will report myself from time to time as he may be pleased to It is my wish loviget west Floredu-Alabama ascend the sleepeppe & ohio Rivers visit the Mouthern Lakes & thence to this city which will

Figure D25a. Russell Baldwin, New York, Letter to Captain John B. Nicolson, his friend and a commanding officer of his brother Denizen Baldwin who helped Nicolson deliver the *Epervier* to Savannah in 1814 (see Fig. D6b). Baldwin seeks the Secretary's approval of his plans of "visiting the southern and western states of our union . . . to visit west Florida, Alabama, Louisiana – ascent the Mississippi & Ohio rivers, visit the great northern Lakes and thence to this city (New York)" . . . Feb. 2, 1830 page 1 of 2; Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0060 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636325621 Courtesy, NARA, Washington. DC; Fold 3.

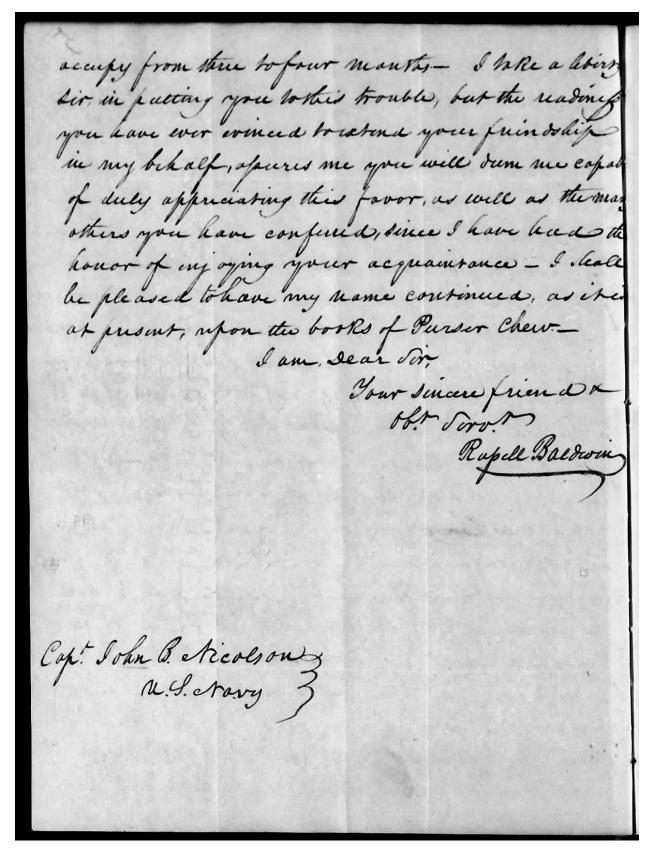


Figure D25b. Russell Baldwin, cont. Feb. 2, 1830; Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0060, Fold 3 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636325622 envelope addressed to Capt. Jn° B. Nicolson, Washington City at https://www.fold3.com/image/636325624 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

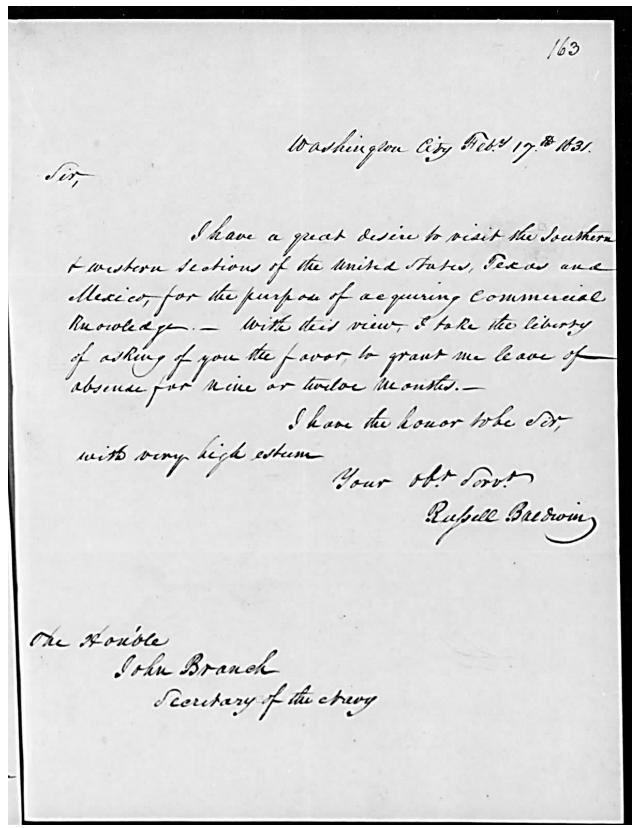


Figure D26. Russell Baldwin, Washington City, February 17, 1831, to Secretary of the Navy John Branch (previously governor of North Carolina 1817-1820), requesting leave of absence "to visit the southern & western sections of the United States, Texas and Mexico, for the purpose of acquiring commercial knowledge." Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0065 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636328398 Courtesy, National Archives and Records Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

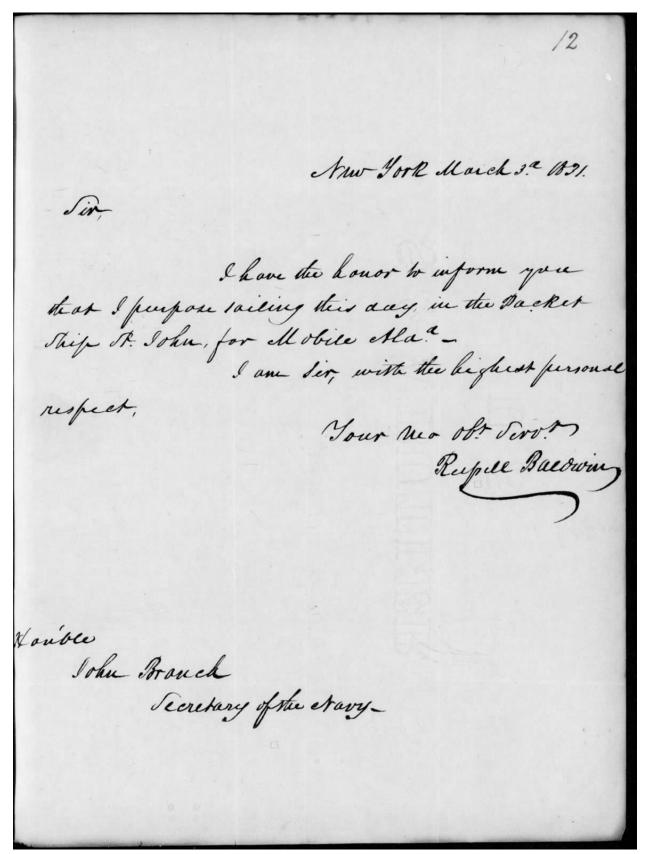


Figure D27. Russell Baldwin, New York, March 3, 1831, to John Branch, Secretary of the Navy, notifying the Secretary he is sailing for Mobile, Alabama in the packet ship St. John. Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0066 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636327307 Courtesy, National Archives and Records Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

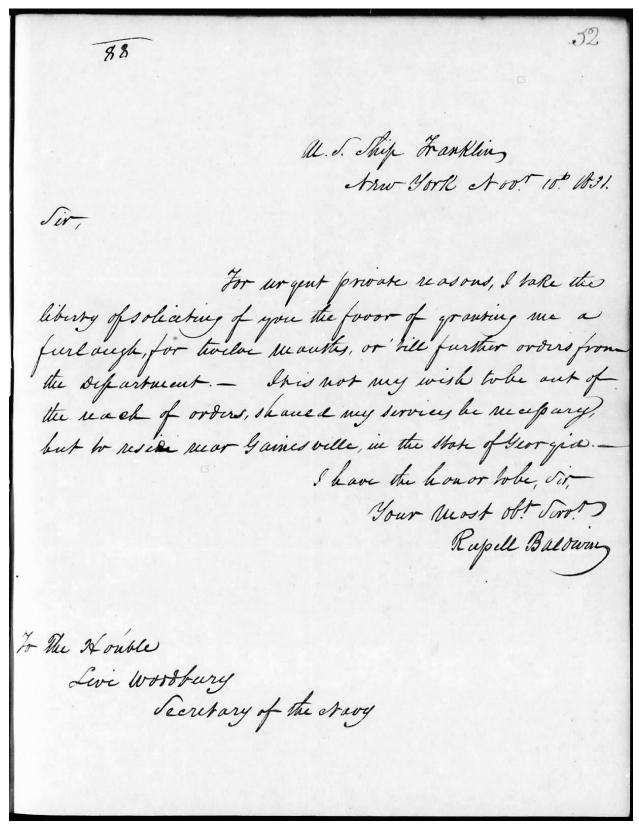


Figure D28a. Russell Baldwin, *USS Franklin*, New York to Levi Woodbury, Secretary of the Navy, November 10, 1831, requesting a furlough of twelve months: "It is not my wish to be out of the reach of orders, should my services be necessary, but to reside near Gainesville in the State of Georgia." Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus.* NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0071 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636333540 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

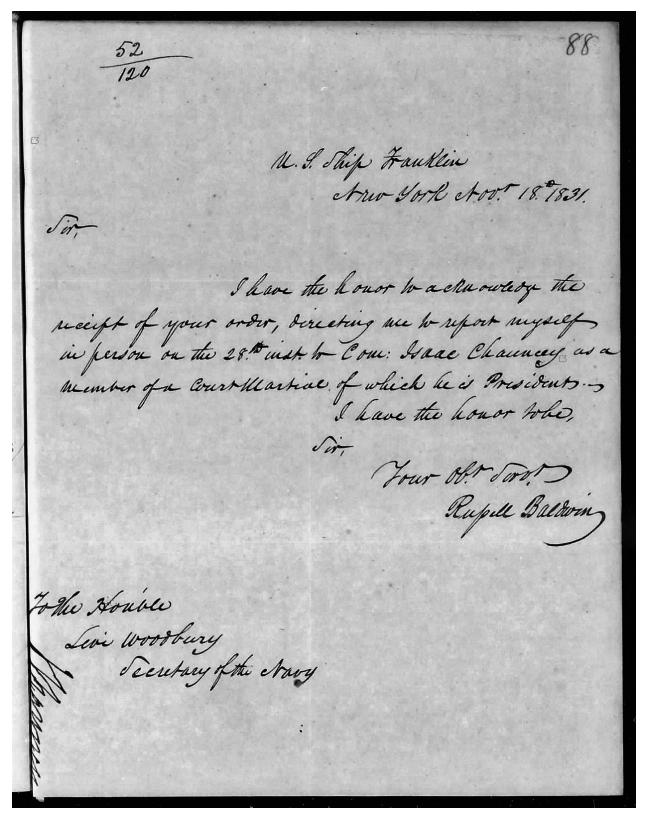


Figure D28b. Russell Baldwin from the *USS Franklin*, New York to Levi Woodbury Secretary of the Navy, November 18, 1831: "I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your order, directing me to report myself in person on the 38th inst. to Com. Isaac Chauncey as a member of a court martial of which he is President." Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0071 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636333732 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

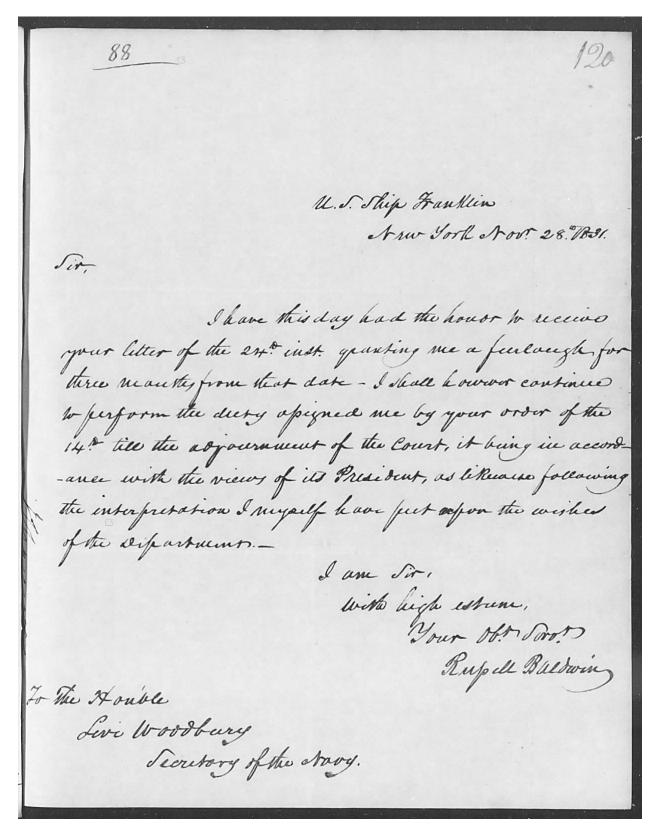


Figure D28c. Russell Baldwin, on board the *USS Franklin* in New York, Letter to Levi Woodbury, Secretary of the Navy, November 28, 1831, accepting furlough. Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus*. NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0071 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636333894 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.

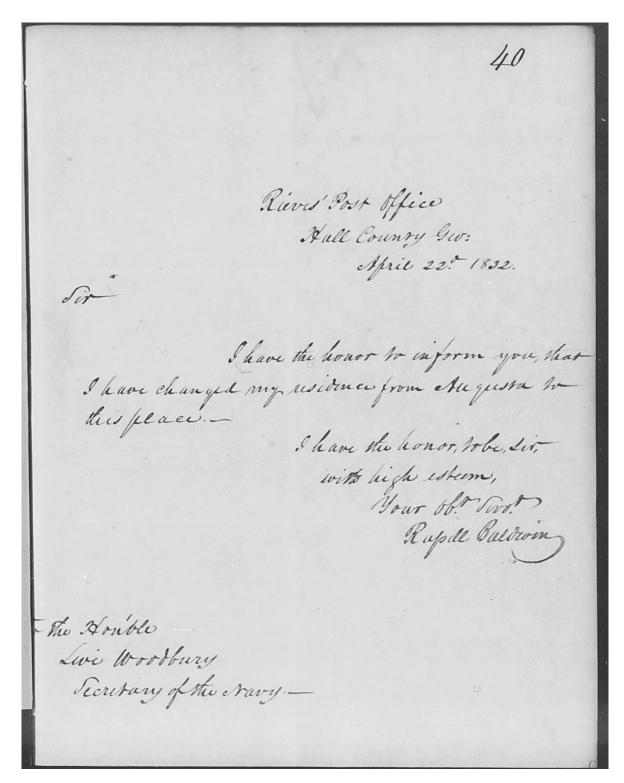


Figure D29. Russell Baldwin, Rievis Post Office, Hall County Georgia to Levi Woodbury, Secretary of the Navy, April 22, 1832, notifying of his change of address to receive orders, having traveled west from Augusta to Hall County, Georgia. Russell's death two weeks later, on May 9 in Murrayville, GA, close to today's hardwood forests that Russell may have been exploring as timberland for shipbuilding, was reported in newspapers describing him as a United States Navy Lieutenant, born in Massachusetts. Navy Officers' Letters 1802-1884, *Officers' letters to the Secretary of the Navy by officers assigned to ships, stations, and Navy bureaus.* NARA M148; RG 45; Roll 0074 at https://www.fold3.com/image/636344694 Courtesy, National Archives and Record Administration, Washington, D.C. and Fold 3.