

#### 198 North Street

Built for Henry Chew A free man of color Mariner c. 1834

Research & Writing Provided by Amy E. Kellett

October 2018

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## House History Report for

198 North Street



с.1967 Photograph — 198 North Street

REPORT COMPLETED BY
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OCTOBER 2018

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## 198 North Street

Built for

# HENRY CHEW

A FREE MAN OF COLOR

MARINER

C.1834

1867-1925 | Part of the Cressey Estate

1949-1983 | Property of Salem Housing Authority — Veteran's Housing

#### 1833 - Henry Chew, mariner, purchases land from the Town of Salem

Amidst the rapidly expanding neighborhoods of the prosperous seaport town of Salem, Massachusetts a mariner named Henry Chew purchased a plot of land in 'Northfields' (what is now North Street) from the Town of Salem for one-hundred dollars on the 2nd of August, 1833. As there is no buildings noted on the deed as being part of the property, it can be assumed that shortly after the land purchase, the Greek Revival dwelling house was built on the land where it stands to this day.

Selectron of the town of falism a cting for and in behalf of the selectron of the town of falism a cting for and in behalf of the small and of said your in consideration of one hundred dollars paid by Honry Chew the receipt whereof we do hereby acknowledge do hereby a cknowledge do hereby give, grant, sell wrad convey unto the said Chew his heirs executors, a doministrators and assigns for ever a certain parect of land situate in North fields in said Salem containing about one and soven eighths of an acre be the Same more on left and bounded Northerly & Weslerly by land of John Bares

2ND AUGUST 1833 — NORTHFIELDS PROPERTY SOLD FROM TOWN OF SALEM TO HENRY CHEW ESSEX COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS

BOOK 273 | Page 15

This home remains one of the best examples of vernacular Greek Revival architecture in the City of Salem, and has remained largely unchanged on its exterior through the decades of history that have passed by its front door. Indeed, this house is one that is passed by millions of cars every year, as North Street is one of the main thoroughfares in and out of the 'Witch City', and its unassuming appearance belies its fascinating and extensive history. The architectural history standard text, *A Field Guide to American Houses*, by Virginia & Lee McAlester notes the historical significance of Greek Revival architecture, which is often associated with government buildings and the like, but the vernacular examples hearken to the same historic influences:

Greek revival was the dominant style of American domestic architecture during the interval from about 1830 to 1850 [...] during which its popularity led it to be called the National Style. [It] especially flourished in those regions that were being rapidly settled in the decades of the 1830s, '40s, and '50s.

... ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION IN THE EARLY 19TH CENTURY EMPHASIZED GREECE AS THE MOTHER OF ROME WHICH, IN TURN, SHIFTED INTEREST TO GRECIAN MODELS. Two additional factors enhanced Greek influence in this country. Greece's involvement in a war for independence (1821-30) aroused much sympathy in the newly independent United States; at the same time, the war of 1812 diminished American affection for British influence, including the still dominant Adam style in domestic architecture.

An important and enduring legacy of the Greek Revival to American domestic architecture is the front-gabled house. Popularized during the ascendance of the Greek Revival style in the early 19th century, this became the predominant form for detached urban houses in cities of the Northeast...<sup>1</sup>

The purchase of this property and the subsequent building is especially significant as the home's builder, Henry Chew, listed in the 1833 City Directory as a mariner living on North Street, was a free black man. Records indicate that he lived at the Greek Revival home on North Street for a number of years with his family, including his wife Venus (married in 1801) and several children. Although the Chew family were of a higher social status than many of their enslaved counterparts in the South, life was not easy for them, as the couple buried several children in the time that they lived at the home on North Street, including a son born the year that the home was built. Just fourteen months later the little boy died of an unnamed illness in 1834. Prior to the family's residence on North Street, they had also buried a daughter, Hannah, who had died in 1822 from consumption, what is today called tuberculosis, at only eight years old.

Unfortunately, not much more is known about the Chew family, as records available from the time are scarce. As a free black family, they were likely involved in the Abolitionist movement that had taken hold in the greater Boston and North Shore region. Furthermore, this property *may* have been involved in the Underground Railroad, as there is evidence that escaped slaves on the Railroad went through Essex County, including Salem, on their route North to freedom. Maybe it is appropriate to note the coincidence here — that Henry Chew and his family purchased land and built their home along a farmland path that would eventually be named 'North Street' before the house was sold to the next generation of owner in 1842.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> McAlester, Virginia & Lee. A Field Guide to American Houses, Romantic Houses, Greek Revival. Pages 179-84

#### PEOPLE OF COLOR.

ALLEY, Ellen, Mrs. near High

BARNEY, Samuel, laborer, near Blaney Barney, Samuel, jr. mariner, 12 Derby Barney, William, Osgood Benson, John R. mariner, 15 Pond Brooks, John, mariner, 4 Essex Brown, Jacob B. mariner, 13 Rust Brown, James, hair dresser, 131 Derby, h 17 High

CHADWICK, John P. handcartman, near High Chase, Jacob, Osgood
Chew, Henry, mariner, North
Chew, Henry, jr. laborer, near Mill
Chew, Venus, 18 Lemon
Clark, William, near Pond
Collins, Henry, laborer, 3 Spring
Colman, William, 12 Porter
Cooper, Daniel, mariner, 15 Pond
Cotman, John F. Lemon
Cox, Andrew, mariner, 14 Becket
Curtis, Mary Ann, cook, 17 High

DICKINSON, George, 58 Broad Dickinson, Ovid, 59 Federal Downing, Charles M. mariner, 62 North Drew, Thomas, clothes cleaner, 6 Washington, h 14 Porter

FARMER, Prince, oysters, 6 market square, h 184 Crombie Fletcher, Hazard, near High Fowler, William, mariner, North Francis, Ephraim, stabler, h North court

1842 SALEM CITY DIRECTORY — HENRY CHEW, MARINER, NORTH [STREET]
FOLLOWING THE ALPHABETICAL LIST OF NAMES OF SALEM'S WHITE RESIDENTS, THE CITY DIRECTORY INCLUDED A
SEPARATE SECTION ENTITLED "PEOPLE OF COLOR" — THE 1842 PUBLICATION OF THE DIRECTORY NOTES HENRY CHEW AS
LIVING ON NORTH STREET, AND LISTS THE PLACES OF WORK FOR THE OTHER CHEW FAMILY MEMBERS.

#### 1842 – Elisha Odlin purchases property from Henry Chew

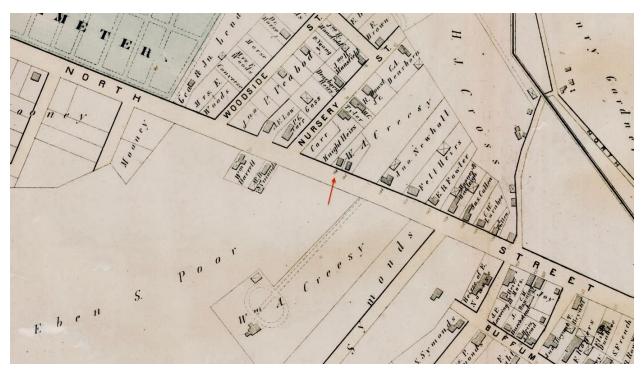
According to the records found through the Essex County Registry of Deeds, Elisha Odlin purchased the property on North Street from Henry Chew, including "a dwelling house and out buildings thereon" for \$100, plus interest. The deed also importantly notes about the North Street property, as "being the same I (Henry Chew) purchased of the City or Town of Salem," which refers to the earlier cited 1833 deed.

Know all men by these presents. Chem That I Henry I hew, of Palem, in the bounty of the Essex. Mariner in consideration of one hundred Oalin. dollars paid - Elisha Odlin, of said Palem. Trader, (the receipt whereof of do hereby acknowledge) do hereby give, grant, sell and convey unto the said him the said Odlin a certain piece of land situated in North Palem, so called, and bounded Easterly on the road leading to Danwers,

Northerly on land formerly of John Barr, Westerly on lund for merly hnown as the Barr Pasture and Southerly on land formerly of Kimball; with a dwelling house and out buildings thereon, being the Same I purchased of the City or Stron of Palem by deed which is duly recorded reference to which may be had.

26th August 1842 —North Street Property sold from Henry Chew to Elisha Odlin Essex County Registry of Deeds Book 333 | Page 65

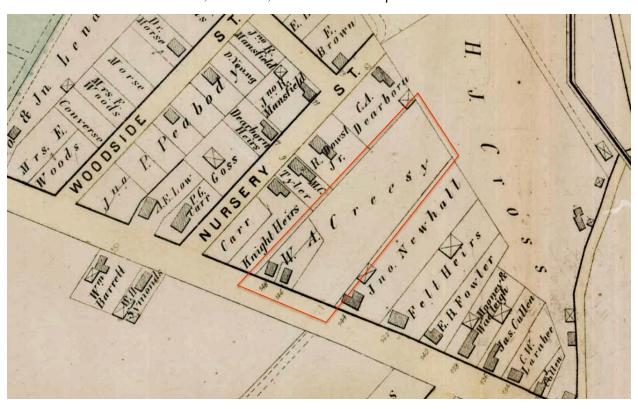
Elisha Odlin's occupation is noted as 'trader' on the deed (above), which likely refers to the maritime trade that supported Salem's booming economy. Although there are several generations of men named 'Elisha Odlin' throughout the decades of the 18th and 19th centuries in Salem, the generation that aligns with this deed suggests it was owned by Elisha Odlin, Jr. son of Samuel Odlin. Unfortunately, just five years after Elisha Odlin Jr.'s purchase of the property on North Street, he died from consumption at only twenty-seven years of age on November 19, 1848. Subsequently, his estate was divided among multiple owners, until the property was procured by Pierce L. W. Gardner, and shortly thereafter sold to Caleb A. Smith in 1855.



1874 SALEM CITY ATLAS

(Top) North Salem was a rapidly-developing neichborhood from the 1830s through the early 20th century, and these Atlas images show the great swaths of land owned by Wm A. Creesy, as well as other prominent Salem families. The arrow indicates the property that is now 198 North Street.

(Bottom) Close-up view of the 1874 Salem City atlas that notes 148 and 146 North Street as being the property of William A. Creesy, and contemporaneous Federal censuses city directories list David Singlair, carpenter, as the resident of 148 North Street.



#### 1855 – North Street property becomes part of the Estate of Caleb A. Smith

The Essex County Registry of Deeds records records multiple purchases of property by Caleb Smith in the mid-18th century, including a "parcel of land with the buildings thereon, situated on North Street in Salem" described as "the premises to me (Caleb A. Smith) conveyed by the heirs of Elisha Odlin, by various deeds on record." Mr. Smith also appears on Historic Salem, Inc. historic house report records as being the builder in 1861 of what is now 3-5 Ridgeway Street, less than a tenth of a mile from the North Street property. For the next twelve years the Smith family would own the property and dwelling house across the street from their own home on North Street, during which time the home would likely have been used as a residence for the Smith family staff, or as an income property that they could rent out.

Finow all men by these Presents, That ever bales A Smith of inty of Bessy and Commonwealth of Massachusetts the State of New Hompshire the secript whereof is providedged, do hereby gives grant bargain, seek and convey unto the William & breezy The real estate in soid Salem which is bounded rner. and running Northwesterly by North threat hundred and forty-eight feet to land of Dear born, then turning Northeasterly by land of Learborn about four hundred and twenty feet to land of bross, then turning and running Southerly! lay land of baos about one hundred and thirty feet to land of Newhole, then turning and running South westerly by said I weakall's land to Worth street and the point begun at (about three hundred & thirty & one half feet) Being the same premises conveyed to bales of Smith by Pierce La Co. Gordner by dead dated hay 5. 1855, recorded in the Registry of Deeds for Basey & ounty in Book 513 Leaf. 13. To have and to hold the above granted premises, with fall the privileges and appuntenances thereto be longing to the said Tirle

14TH MARCH 1867 — NORTH STREET PROPERTY SOLD FROM CALEB A. SMITH TO WM. A. CREESY ESSEX COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS BOOK 719 | Page 242

#### 1867 – Smith sells Estate, including North Street property, to William A. & Emily F. Creesy

Documentation shows that William A. Creesy, along with his wife Emily, purchased the estate from Caleb A. Smith in 1867. Creesy had made his fortune, along with so many others, in Salem's booming maritime trade industry. According to the text entitled 'Old Marblehead Sea Captains and Ships in Which they Sailed" published by the Marblehead Historical Society in 1916, William Andrew Cressy (whose name spelling seems to have varied depending on who recorded the documentation) was the brother of Josiah P. Cressy, and was the captain for a number of Salem's ships, including the Oneida, Mary Whittredge, and Cohota.

#### SALEM DIRECTORY.

53

Creesy William A. captain, house 145 North Creesy William A. jr. (bookkeeper, 479 Tremont, Boston), house 145 North Creesy Daniel Jahorer, heards rear 46 Peabody

Cregan Daniel, laborer, boards rear 46 Peabody

1874 SALEM CITY DIRECTORY

Captain William A. Creesy and his son and namesake, William A. Creesy Jr. are both noted as living at 145 North Street — their former home is now 3-5 Ridgeway Street, and the property at 198 North Street belonged to part of the same Creesy Estate.

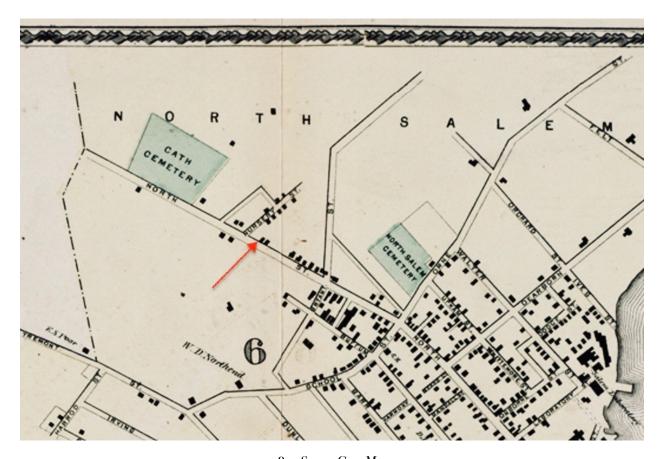
The 1867 Deed, dated March 14th, notes and references the premises as being the same that were purchased by Smith in 1855 from Pierce L. W. Gardner:

...the real estate in said Salem which is bounded commencing at the Southwest corner and running Northwesterly by North Street about one hundred and forty eight feet to the land of Dearborn about four hundred and twenty feet to land of Cross, then turning and running Southerly by land of Cross about one hundred and thirty feet to the land of Newhall, then turning and running Southwesterly by said Newhall's land to North Street and the said point begun at. [...] Being the same premises conveyed to Caleb A. Smith by Pierce L. W. Gardner by deed dated May 5, 1855, recorded in the Registry of Deeds for Essex County in Book 513 Leaf 13.

### COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. ESSEX. ss. Justice of the FIRST DISTRICT COURT, of Essex, To the Honorable the begun and holden at Salem, on the Lund and by adjournment to the Swednesday of Human A. D. 18 27 David Sinclair befal-Respectfully represents of Salam to white Some of Essex, a free white person, that he was born at Sichhord in Norm Scotica on or about the Salam of Salam or about the Salam or Salam or Scotica on or about the Salam or Salam o in Normal Scotian on or about the Second day of August A. D. eighteen hundred and Frank first being now about 63 years of age; that he arrived at Salam, in the United States of America, on or about the ninth day of Normal A. D. eighteen hundred and frity rund and that it then was and still is his bona fide intention to become a citizen or the United States, and to renounce all allegiance and fidelity to every foreign Prince, Potentate, State and Sovereignty whatever, especially and in particular to Victoria, Queen of Great Britain and Ireland, whose subject he has heretofore been. He also represents that ever since his arrival at said Salur fores and has continued to reside within the jurisdiction of the United States, to wit, at Salum . in said County of Essex. He further represents that he enlisted in the Volunteer forces of the Armies of the United their day of October rom on the furnitieth day of farmany and that he has never borne any hereditary title, nor been of any honorably discharged therefrom on the A. D. 18 6 6 of the orders of nobility. He intends to summon as witnesses at his final hearing Agustus Hulchnis whose residence is at No. 3 December Level follow and Ginge & Bousley whose residence is at No. 137 North Stew Puller Munn. Wherefore your petitioner prays that he may be admitted to become a citizen of the United States of America, according to the form of the Statutes in such case made and provided. Larid Sinclair

1886-1889 Massachusetts State and Federal Naturalization Records Petition for Naturalization — David Sinclair Volume 3 | No. 4692-1xv3

Upon William A. Creesy's passing in 1874, the Creesy Estate became the property of Mrs. Emily F. Cressey (whose name spelling yet again changed on subsequent documentation). This is also around the same time frame that the earliest map and atlas images appear showing the property at what is now 198 North Street. By 1872 a carpenter named David E. Sinclair and his family are listed in the City Directories as living at 148 North Street (now 198).



1872 SALEM CITY MAP
THIS CLIP FROM AN 1872 PUBLICATION THAT INCLUDED A MAP OF SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS WARD 6 AREA OF NORTH
SALEM, WHILE THE ARROW INDICATES THE NORTH STREET PROPERTY THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THIS REPORT.

The larger historic context is important to note before recording the Sinclair's history at 198 North Street: as noted earlier, the neighborhood of North Salem was rapidly becoming more densely populated throughout the 19th century, including a major renovation completed by the city around 1871 near what is now the North Street Bridge (adjacent to the MBTA Commuter Rail station). As a result, land parcels were subdivided as well as the numbering of the dwelling houses throughout the neighborhood, including on North Street, where in the time period between 1870 and 1880 the address for the North Street house that is the subject of this report changed from 148 to 198 North Street. For this reason,

earlier historic records of this property proposed a feasible theory that the building had been moved from another parcel of land to its current current location, but further research confirms that the dwelling house at 198 North Street has been on its current foundation since the area was called 'Northfields' and the path that now bears the name North Street was little more than a passageway for merchants, goods, and travelers to and from Danvers.

#### 1870-c.1887 - David E. Sinclair & Family live at North Street property dwelling house

Prior to living at the home that would become 198 North Street for nearly two decades, David Sinclair, housewright, and his family lived at a number of addresses throughout Salem. Naturalization records note David Sinclair's immigration to Salem on the 9th of November, 1849. He and his young wife Margaret are listed on the 1850 Federal Census as living in Ward 1 along with Catherine Humber, Ann Garret, Rebecca Phillips, and James A. Humber. The couple soon had a family of their own, and by 1853 are listed as living at 14 Turner Street (in Ward I of Salem, Mass.), and then at 15 Mall Street by 1855.

The 1860 US Federal Census provides more detail about the Sinclair family ten years after the couple first appeared on Federal records. The family is listed as living in Ward 3, confirmed by the 1861 Salem City Directory which notes the family's address as 57 Broad Street. In 1860 the family included Mr. David Sinclair, a 35 year-old carpenter, his wife Margaret, now 27 years old attended to the house and the children: David A., age 9; Charles H., age 6, and 2-year-old Frank.

The family of five did not remain in the Broad Street neighborhood of Ward 3 very long, however, as the American Civil War called Mr. Sinclair to join the Union Army, the family moved once again, this time to 15 Essex Street in Salem's Derby Street neighborhood, during the absence of David. Mr. Sinclair's naturalization records note his voluntary enlistment into the Army of the United States on October 3rd, 1861 until he was honorably discharged in January of 1866. This is confirmed through Salem City directories that list David Sinclair as serving with Company B of the 24th Army Regiment. Upon the ending of the war, David Sinclair returned to his family at 15 Essex Street where they remained until 1870, when the US Federal Census lists the Sinclair family as living in the 6th Ward of the City: North Salem.

By the 1870 recording of the US Federal Census, the Sinclair family had changed in the preceding decade; the two oldest Sinclair boys, David and Charles Sinclair, now 19 and 16 years old, no longer are listed as living with the family (for reasons yet discovered). David Sinclair, now 44 years old, is again listed as a carpenter, his wife Margaret, now 37, continued to maintain the family home and raise the younger Sinclair children: Joseph F. Sinclair, 12 (most likely the 'F' meaning 'Frank' or 'Francis' — the youngest Sinclair child from the 1860 Census), a 3-year-old daughter, Annie F. Sinclair, and 7-month-old Stephen H. Sinclair. In all, David and Margaret Sinclair would raise four boys and one girl during their lives and time lived at 198 North Street.

	Scn	4 3 4 3 5 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7															State 749		
	Dwelling-bouses, numbered in the order of visitation.	Families, numbered in the order of visitation.	The name of every person whose place of abode on the dres day of June, 1870, was in this family.	Age at last birth-day. If under I year, give months in fractions, thus, 12.	Sex.—Males (M.), Females (F.)	Color.—White (W.), Black of (B.), Mulatto (M.), Chi-	Profession, Occupation, or Trade of each person, male or female.	Value of Real Estate.	A Parity of the	Place of Birth, naming State or Territory of U. S.; or the Country, it of foreign birth.	Father of foreign birth.	Mother of foreign birth.	If born within the year, state month (Jan., Feb., &c.)	If married within the year, state month (Jan., Feb., &c.)	d school within the year	Cannot read.	Whether deaf and dumb, blind, insane, or idiotic.		Male Citzman of U.S. of 21 program of the program o
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5			n Margaret E	37	4	h	Keeping House			Nova Scotia	_	1			Ц				
6	17		" losekh H	12	M	n	At School			Means.	1	/			1				
7			" Annie Je	3	4	h	At Home			Moass	/	1							
8			" Stephen H.	12	M	W	At Home			Mass	1	/	Nov.						
9	129	6/6	Bulger James	32	M	h	Currier	0		Marine								/	

1870 US Federal Census – Salem, Mass. – Ward 6

THE SINCLAIR FAMILY, INCLUDING DAVID SINCLAIR WITH HIS OCCUPATION LISTED AS 'CARPENTER, MARGARET E. SINCLAIR AS KEEPING HOUSE, AND THEIR 3 CHILDREN, JOSEPH (12), ANNIE (3), AND STEPHEN (7 MONTHS).

Salem City Directories during the Sinclair tenure at the North Street property show the change in address for the home from 148 to 198 North Street between 1876 and 1878, just a few years after the family's first appearance at the address. Throughout their time at the residence David Sinclair is listed as a carpenter by trade through the 1886 City Directory, after which he and his family moved to 29 Osborne Street by 1888.

#### 1888-1925 - 198 North Street remains part of the Cressey Estate while rented by several tenants

While the estate was owned and managed by the widow of William Creesy, Emily F. Cressey, the property at 198 North Street was home to several tenants, whose names and occupations are traceable though the Salem City Directories:

1888-c1896: John E. Scanlan – Morocco Dresser

"Morocco Dresser" is a specialization in leather finishing; specifically, 'morocco' referred to a type of goat skin leather that is much lighter than other 19th and 20th century finished leathers, and a 'dresser' tanned the leather. This type of leather work was most often used in shoe leather applications, so Mr. Scanlan likely worked with of one of the many shoe factories in Salem and the greater North Shore region of Boston.

1897: Walter A. Tarr – Shoe Trimmer

1899: Ernest A. Oliver – Electrician

1901: George M. Sinclair – Clerk

1903-1904: Arthur W. Stevens – Shoemaker

1905-1910 : Frank J. Verry — Brakeman for the Boston & Maine Railroad

1911-1912 : Oliver Collette – Driver

1913: Otis H. Pickard – Plumber

1914 : Albert Dyer – Teamster

In the early 20th century, 'teamster' referred to a person whose occupation it was to manage and be in charge of a team of horses, which could be used for anything from transportation to fire brigades.

1915: Albert Nolet – Carpenter

1916-1920 — Charles W. Chapman — Machinist

(& Martha A. Chapman)

1921-1922 – John F. Farnsworth – Bricklayer

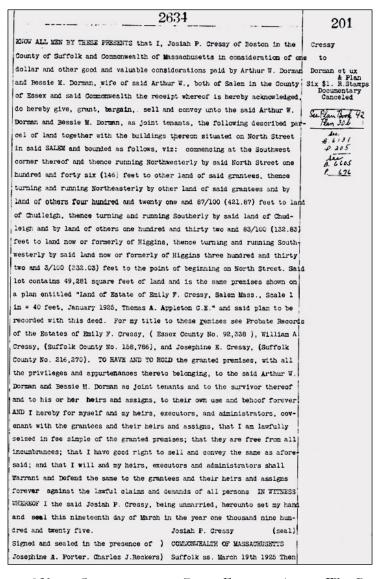
(& Sadie J. Farnsworth)

1924-1926 – William A Walsh – Leatherworker

(& Blanche Walsh)

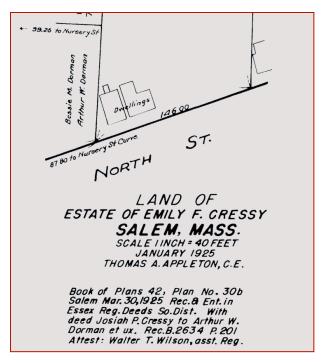
## 1925 – The Heirs of Emily F. Cressy sell the property at 198 North Street to Arthur W. & Bessie M. Dorman

The property at 198 North Street remained the property of the Cressy Family until 1925, at which time the Essex County Registry of Deeds records indicate the land belonging to the Estate of Emily F. Cressey on the even-numbered side of North Street was sold to Arthur W. & Bessie M. Doorman. Importantly, this deed references an official survey plan recorded by Civil Engineer Thomas A. Appleton of the property entitled "Land of Estate of Emily F. Cressy, Salem, Mass." which clearly depicts the properties at both 198 and 196 North Street.



30TH MARCH 1925 — 198 NORTH STREET SOLD FROM CRESSY ESTATE TO ARTHUR W. & BESSIE M. DORMAN ESSEX COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS

BOOK 2634 | Page 201



#### January 1925

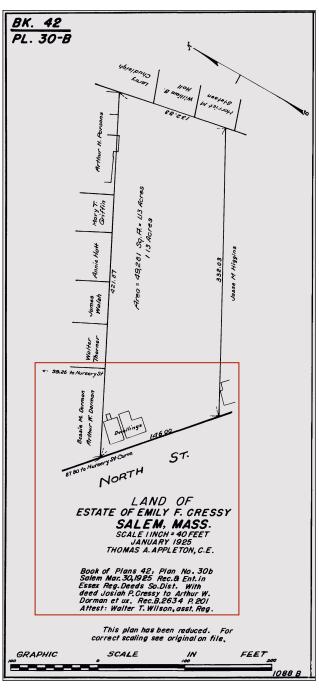
Land of Emily F. Cressy — Salem, Mass. Book of Plans 42, Plan No. 30B

WITH DEED JOSIAH P. CRESSY TO ARTHUR W. DORMAN ET UX. REC.B.2634 P.201

1929 - 1935 — Charles E. Millner —Leatherworker (& Lillian B. Millner)

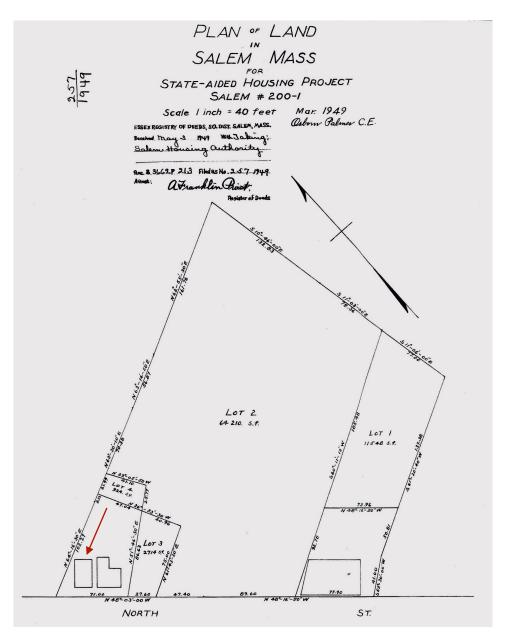
1936-1939 — Robert J. Preston — Salesman (& Rose M. Preston)

1940-1949 — John J. O'Shea — Post Office Clerk (& Mary A. O'Shea) After being in the Cressy family for nearly six decades since 1867, Arthur & Bessie Dorman purchased the property at 198 North Street and maintained its ownership until 1949. The City Directories give insight to the tenants of the Greek Revival house at 198 North Street:



#### 1949 - Salem Housing Authority issues an 'Order of Taking' for 198 North Street

Following the second World War, the nation's burgeoning population, known as the 'Baby Boom' created a need for veteran's housing throughout the country, including in Salem, Massachusetts. As a result, the property that had been purchased by Arthur and Bessie Dorman in 1925 was the subject of an official 'Order of Taking' by the Salem Housing Authority, by order of an official State-Aided Housing Project. Two documents record this transaction: the Essex County Registry of Deeds Book 3662 Page 213, and the Plan of Land for the 'State-Aided Housing Project, Salem #200-1', which included the dwelling houses at 198 and 196 North Street, as well as two additional parcels of land:



#### 1949-1983 – 198 North Street owned by the Salem Housing Authority

Following the government seizure of the property at 198 North Street, the property is listed as 'Vacant' in the 1950 Salem City Directory. Available City Directories only give insight to tenants through 1963; the recorded residents of 198 North Street through the early 1960s create a more detailed look into this property's extensive history:

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1951-1953 — Ernest P. Snow — Leatherworker
(& Anna P. Snow)

1954-1962 — Emerson E. Pollock — Masonic Temple Superintendent
(& Lucy C. Pollock)

1964— Leo W. Dragon — Leatherworker at A. C. Lawrence
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The final document of this report correlates to the 1983 Deed regarding the property at 198 North Street, by which time the property had been in the ownership and management of a trustee of Allyn Realty Trust. Recorded in October of 1983, the deed and plan record the sale of the property from being managed as State-Aided housing project to a private home, which it remains to this day.

