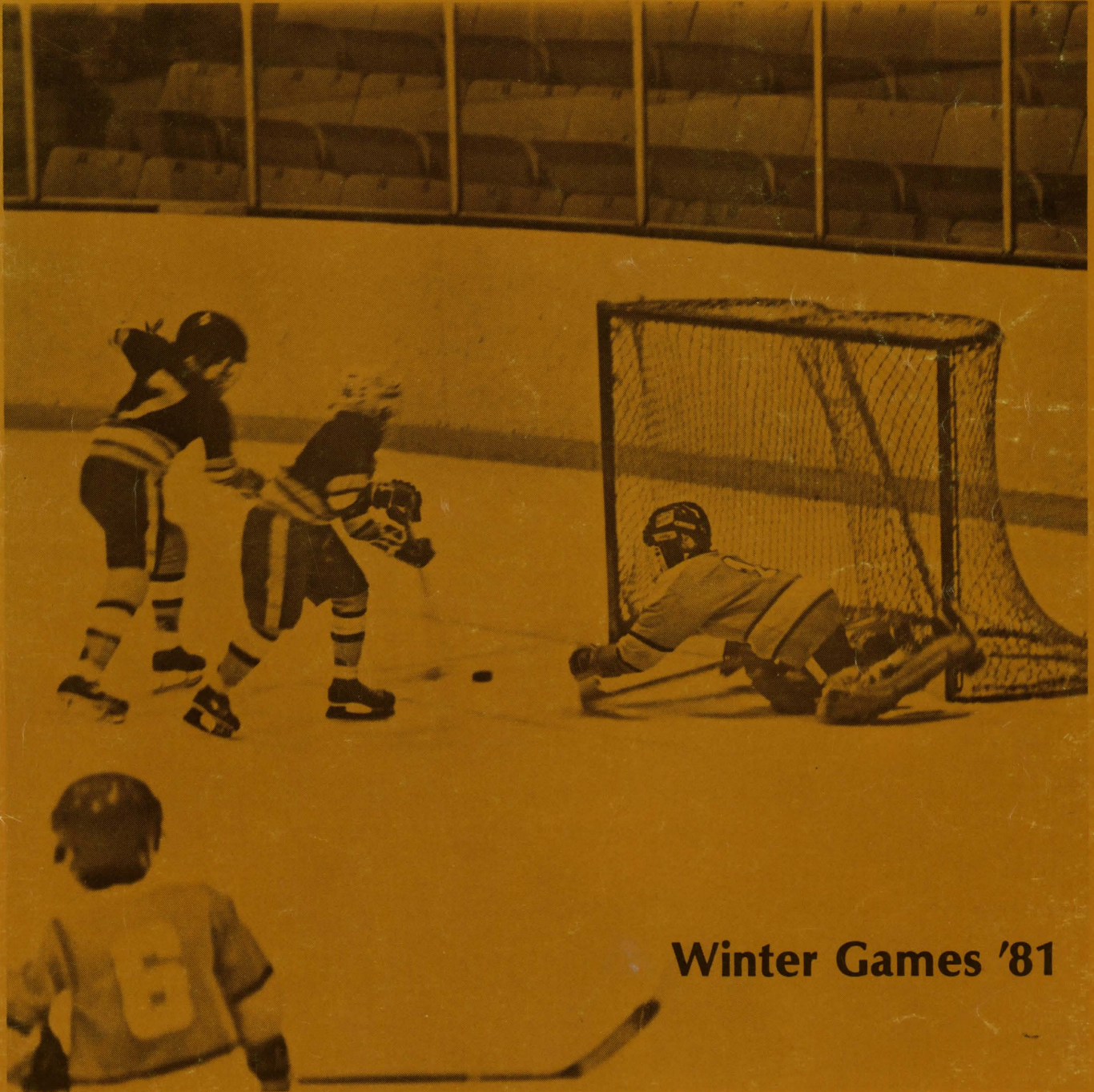


SASKATCHEWAN



The Official Monthly Publication of the Federation of Saskatchewan Indians



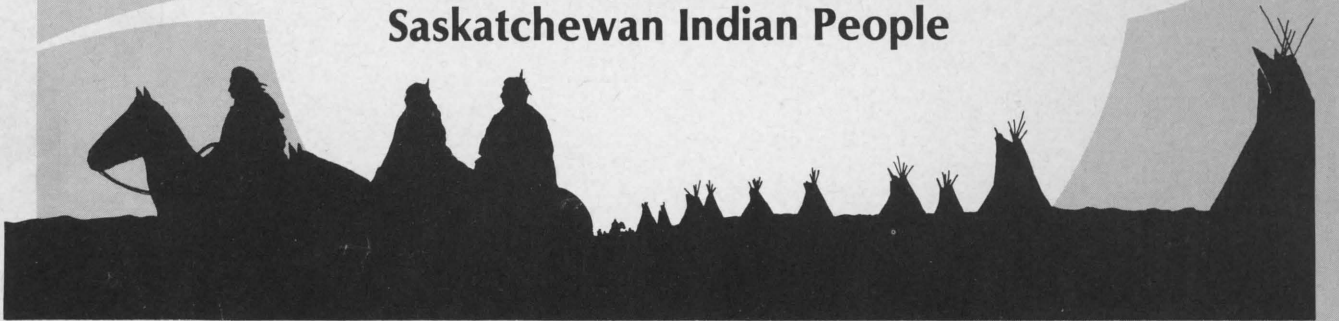
Winter Games '81

JUNE 1981

VOLUME 11, NUMBER 6

FIFTH GENERATION FIFTH GENERATION FIFTH GENERATION FIFTH GENERATION

Focusing on the local, provincial
& national issues of interest to
Saskatchewan Indian People



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The Official Monthly Publication of the Federation of Saskatchewan Indians



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HOCKEY ACTION at the Winter Games.
Rear cover photo: Mary Makeechak.

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The Saskatchewan Indian newsmagazine is the official monthly publication of the Federation of Saskatchewan Indians (FSI). The newsmagazine has a Second Class Registration Number 2795 and an International Standard Serial Number (ISSN) 0048-9204. The newsmagazine is intended to serve as an effective communication vehicle for Indian opinion in the province of Saskatchewan. Since the newsmagazine represents divergent views from Indians in this province, signed articles and opinions are the views of the individuals concerned and not necessarily those of the Federation.

EDITORIAL OFFICES

The editorial offices of The Saskatchewan Indian newsmagazine have now been centralized and are located in the Saskatchewan Indian Cultural College, 1030 - Idylwyld Drive North, Saskatoon. All correspondence should be directed to: The Editor, The Saskatchewan Indian, P.O. Box 3085, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan S7K 3S9 or telephone (306) 244-1146.

REPORTING

The Saskatchewan Indian newsmagazine has an editorial staff of five covering the entire province of Saskatchewan. With numerous news stories, sporting events, and social activities to cover, reporters may not be able to attend all events local residents wish to have reported on. In order to ensure that a reporter is available to cover your event, please notify the editor of this newsmagazine well in advance of the event. Last minute arrangements for reporters will not be made.

PRODUCTION

All pre-press production done by Media/Communications, Federation of Saskatchewan Indians. Printed on a web offset press by Midwest Litho, Saskatoon.

DEADLINES

Deadlines for all material will be the 15th of each month for publication in that month's edition. Late material will be held, and used the following month.

NOTICE:

Subscribers who receive their copies by mail, please notify our circulation department as soon as possible when you change your address.

ADVERTISING RATES

Column Inch	\$ 11.00
Quarter Page	\$ 75.00
Half Page	\$ 150.00
Full Page	\$ 300.00

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Dear Editor:

I would like to thank you for the fine stories you have printed. I would also like to talk to you about discrimination among the Indians in our area.

First of all, we are two reserves in the same band. Our reserve, with a population of over 100, is called Mudie Lake; The other reserve is called Little Island or Ministikwan. They are nine miles apart.

We, the people of Mudie Lake, have been discriminated against. There are no reserve jobs, no garbage collection, and we have poor housing. There is no inner contact with the Island Lake band at all. This has been going on for the past 10 years.

The only time we see the chief and council is on nomination day, or election day. An election day was held in March. People who were running for chief and council kept coming to visit each house and said, if elected, conditions in Mudie Lake would change.

A chief and council were elected, but still no change. Recently they held a meeting at Little Island where they gave out maps about Little Island. A laundromat, store, arena, band office and drop-in centre were included on the map, and were to be built in the near future, at Little Island. But there is nothing on the map about Mudie Lake. We've been left out completely. Most of the people there have vehicles because of their reserve jobs. Only one or two here have trucks. They bought them with their child income. People here all live on welfare.

We have tried twice to separate from Little Island, but without success.

To them, when we talk about the subject, they laugh at us. I want every **Saskatchewan Indian** reader to read about how we've been mistreated. This is the only way we can SPEAK OUT.

I HOPE some top official, somewhere, reads this and does something about it.

Thank you,

**A Concerned Person
from Mudie Lake** ■

Dear Editor:

I want to congratulate your staff for the hard work they put into "The Saskatchewan Indian."

It is very informative.

Sincerely,

**Mrs. Yvonne Bellegarde
Box 115
Goodeve, Saskatchewan.** ■

**Reprinted from the
Meadow Lake Progress**

Dear Editor:

As a member of the Canoe Lake Reserve, I would like to relate to the Editor, a drawback which we experienced recently regarding the unusual number of encumbrances directed at us by the Meadow Lake Recreation Board. Our Ball Club has participated in numerous ball tournaments around Meadow Lake and surrounding area. I believe that it has had enough exposure to gain notoriety as an average ball team.

With this in mind, we approached the Town with a great deal of enthusiasm and great expectations that encouragement and assistance would be the response from the Town towards a financially exhausted Ball Club, trying to make a go at enhancing good competitive and entertaining ball during the summer. It should be noted that our club is not a money making venture but is meant strictly for entertainment, hence at the end of the summer our bank account is left with several dollars just to keep the account active. Yet when the Town accepted our request to rent the Meadow Lake District Arena for a bingo on April 4, 1981, we were quoted a rental fee of \$2,500, payable in advance, or no sound system would be released.

We agreed to pay the price although we realized that \$2,500 for four hours use of the facility is, to put it mildly, outrageous. But where does a ball club locate a sum that large to pay in advance?

Our team members were forced to humble themselves and request assistance from the Canoe Lake Band General Account and here we

received a favourable response. Did the Town know in advance that this would be the end result? In Reserves we hear from the taxpayers that government contributions only motivate the Reserve residents to be dependent on handouts and squander funds on a whim. In this case who is exploiting the taxpayer?

On the other hand, I would also like to admit that after a dialogue with a member of the Town Council, I can understand some of the reasoning behind the high cost of rental. Obviously, the funds raised will not go into Town (Meadow Lake) improvements as the Elks and Lions Clubs are defined to do from monies they raised from bingos this size. However, when you consider that \$50,000 was contributed by the Meadow Lake District Chiefs towards the building of the arena several years ago, you would expect some form of co-operation and treatment similar to what the local clubs get. Furthermore, the Meadow Lake District Chiefs paid \$7,500 during this period for ice use for the District Reserve teams preparing for the Federation of Saskatchewan Indian Winter Games on April 13-17, 1981. The time period this money is meant to cover is between March 30 and April 10, 1981. It seems to me that April 4, 1981 falls within this time period. Again, I admit that we should pay for the use of the arena but \$2,500, to me, still seems a bit high.

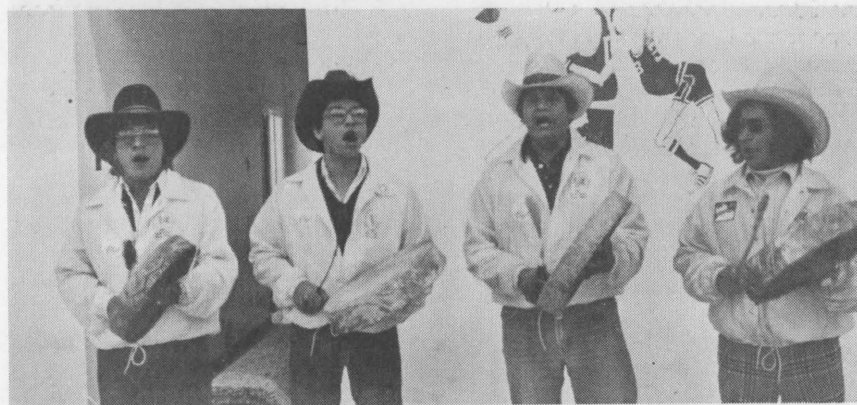
I could go on to elaborate on Northern peoples spending in Meadow Lake, how healthy competitive sports are to adolescents during their growing years in decreasing delinquency and how actions like this seem to be directed towards minority groups. This experience has awakened many negative ideas in my mind which I fully believed before no longer existed in our modern culture and find it is alive and well, even in my back yard.

Thank you,

**Guy Lariviere
Band Administrator
Canoe Lake Reserve** ■

SPORTS

Winter Games '81



Opening ceremonies of the 1981 Winter Games.

WINTER GAMES OFFICIAL OPENING

by Gloria Ledoux

The Traditional Indian Pipe Ceremony performed by the Elders from the Sturgeon Lake Band officially opened the 1981 Winter Games. Approximately 250 athletes, elders, singers, drummers, chiefs, visitors and officials were on hand

to witness and participate in the opening ceremonies.

James Roberts was the acting Master of Ceremonies.

Among the dignitaries to welcome the athletes and offer words of encouragement were Bill Flamand from National Indian Brotherhood, Ted Bowerman, Minister of Environment and Mike Feschuk,

M.L.A.

Along with their greeting from the province, the provincial officials announced an additional grant of \$15,000 would be forthcoming to offset cost and expenses. In his greeting Bowerman mentioned the spiritual conviction of the pipe ceremony. He told the athletes, "You have won," just by being here and participating in the games.

Glen Sinclair, Regional Director of Education, told the assembly their contribution will certainly go along way in promoting a worthwhile event enjoyed by many participants throughout the province. Sinclair hopes more emphasis will be placed on sports as part of our education.

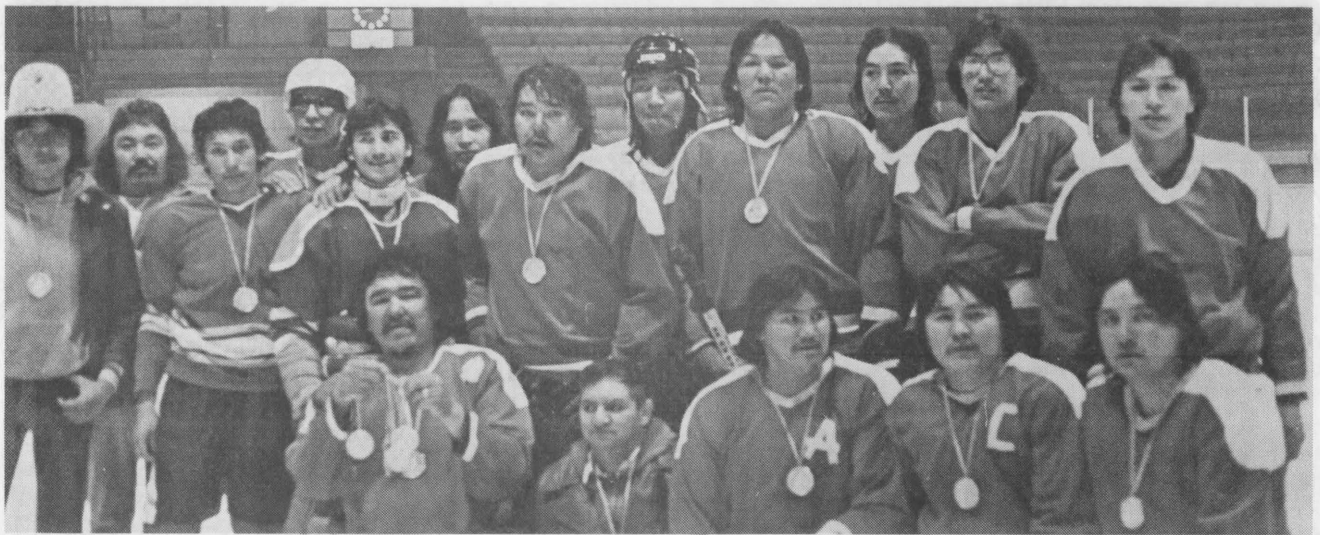
Wayne Ahenakew, Treasurer for the Federation of Saskatchewan Indians who has the sports and recreation portfolio, was on hand to welcome the athletes. "This event will be long remembered," said Ahenakew. He extended his thanks to the Prince Albert District Chiefs, Sturgeon Lake elders and singers, the games committee and to the approximate 250 who competed. He also commended S.O.R.T.I. (Services to Off-Reserve Treaty Indians) for their co-operation. Ahenakew would like to see the Winter Games become an annual event.

Roy Bird, Chief of Montreal Lake Band brought greetings on behalf of the District Chiefs. Phil Morin on behalf of the Winter Games Committee was on hand to welcome visitors and wished everyone a very enjoyable week.

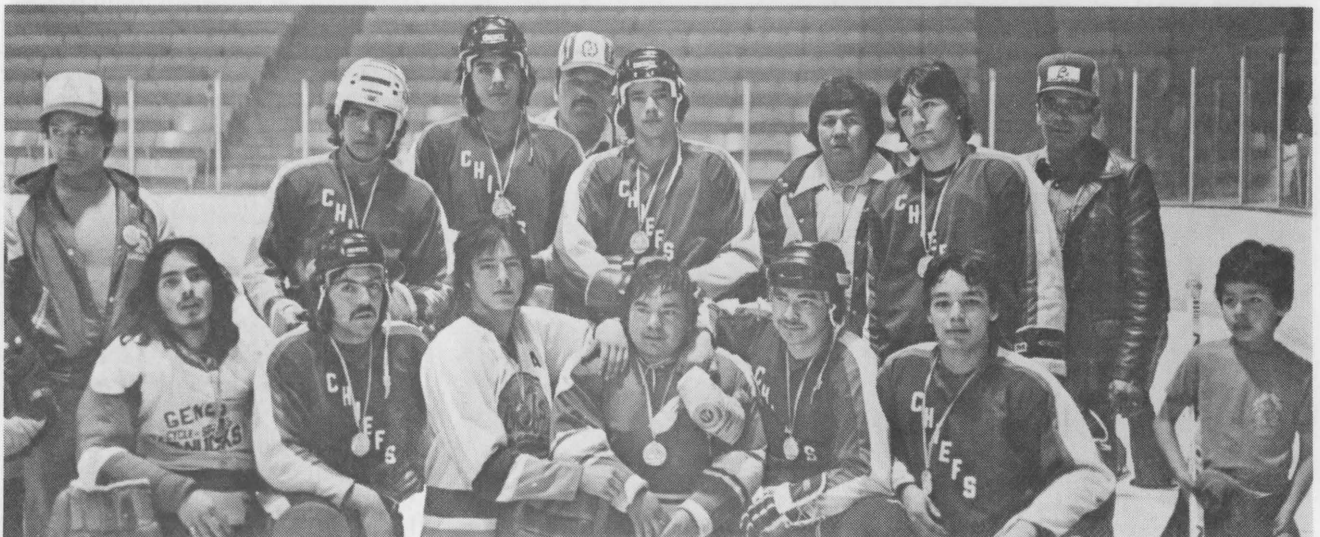
Ron Albert, Third Vice-President of the Federation of Saskatchewan Indians, Chief Cy Standing, Chief Roy Bird, Chief Henry Daniels, also attended. Special thanks went to Howard Bighead, Prince Albert Student Residence Administrator for his hard work and effort in promoting the Winter Games. Greetings also came from Chief Sol Sanderson, to the attending athletes and visitors.

Jerry Hammersmith, M.L.A. for the Prince Albert Constituency was unable to be present due to previous commitments but relayed a message telex of good will and success in the Winter Games.

The Union Jack and the Canadian flag led the Grand March around the gym to conclude the opening ceremonies. ■



The Fort Qu'Appelle team captured the Gold in the Senior Men's Hockey series.



Shellbrook fought their way to the Silver medal.

SENIOR HOCKEY — 1981 WINTER GAMES

by Deanna Wuttunee

PRINCE ALBERT — Fort Qu'Appelle blasted Shellbrook capturing the gold medals with a 9-2 victory during the wrap up game of the 1981 Winter Games Saturday, April 25, in the senior hockey series.

To earn the champion's platform, Fort Qu'Appelle edged the host team James Smith 11-8, and clobbered Saskatoon on Friday's hockey action. This advanced them to Saturday's face-offs with Yorkton and Shellbrook.

Shellbrook steamrolled their way to the contender position and the silver medals by defeating four teams in twelve hours of exciting hockey, Saturday. They opened the first game at 10:30 a.m. against Saskatoon. Saskatoon lost the game to two misconduct calls in the

second period and were ejected from the game. With a 7-3 score on the boards against Saskatoon, the misconduct calls resulted from a referee's call on a Saskatoon goal at the sound of the buzzer ending the period. Muskeg's protest included spitting in the referee's face and displaying extremely threatening behavior. As a result, two players are being assessed by the Saskatchewan Amateur Hockey Association.

In the first round action Friday, Yorkton whipped Shellbrook sending them to the B side. This triggered Shellbrook's dynamic 'domino' action in ousting Prince Albert, Saskatoon and Yorkton, catapulting the team to second place. Meadow Lake failed to show. Yorkton netted the bronze medals in the most exciting game of the series, while squaring off with Fort Qu'Appelle, Saturday. With the

score 11-6, for Fort Qu'Appelle the goalie was pulled out from the Yorkton side to give them a man advantage with only 40 seconds of ice time left. He was quickly replaced when Fort Qu'Appelle popped in a goal. Yorkton refused to lay down to die and scored the last two goals with 21 and seven seconds left in the game, totalling in a 12-8 score and one helluva game!

Meadow Lake and North Battleford lost their way to the rink during the senior hockey face-offs resulting in an egg score for district points. Several unavoidable injuries during the games included a broken wrist for James Kaiswatum of Fort Qu'Appelle during the second period of Friday's game with Saskatoon. Kaiswatum was slightly mollified by his teams' gold medal win on Saturday, however. ■

SHELLBROOK AGENCY DOMINATES JUNIOR HOCKEY

by Archie King

PRINCE ALBERT — Shellbrook Agency recorded impressive wins in Junior hockey competition during the FSI Winter Games defeating Saskatoon District 4-1, for the gold.

The gold medalists recorded a 10-3 shellacking to Meadow Lake, blanked Fort Qu'Appelle 9-0, whipped Saskatoon 10-6, and its convincing win over Saskatoon 4-1, in the final.

A total of eight Junior hockey teams including Shellbrook Agency and Prince Albert (host team) participated in a double draw affair during the Winter Games.

In semi-final action Saskatoon District defeated Fort Qu'Appelle, earlier losing to Shellbrook in quarter-finals for its first loss.

Randy Albert lead Shellbrook's win scoring three goals followed with Glen Ahenakew with a single while Ear! Cameron provided Saskatoon lone marker.

Albert put Shellbrook on the scoreboard deflecting a blistering shot from the blueline from Ron Ahenakew while Earl Cameron replied for Saskatoon knocking his own rebound. Albert scored his second marker knocking in a loose puck to end the first period 2-1 for Shellbrook.

Both teams played fast clean hockey during the second period until Albert scored on a neat passing play but Barry Longneck kept Saskatoon in the game foiling Shellbrook's scoring attempts time and time again.

Barry Longneck must have thought he was on a shooting range facing numerous shots during the third period until Ron Ahenakew's slapshot from the blueline found an opening.

The two Junior finalists were laden with some top Junior hockey calibre mentioning Ron and Glen Ahenakew from Shellbrook and Gary Daniels and Barry Longneck from Saskatoon. ■



Shellbrook Juniors capture the Gold.



Saskatoon District Canadiens (Juniors).



North Battleford Juniors.



FORT QU'APPELLE EMERGE FROM SECLUSION

by Archie King

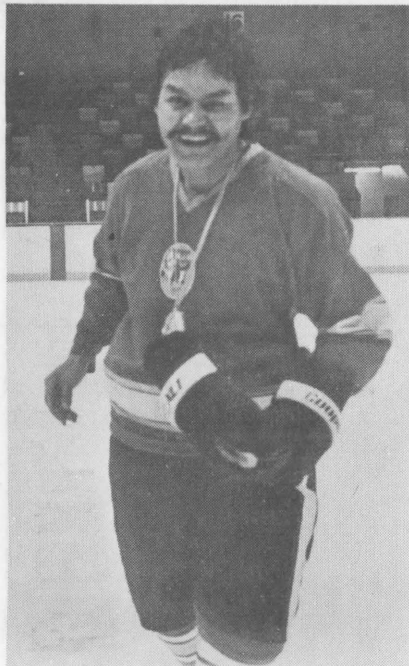
PRINCE ALBERT — The legs may be gone but the desire is still there as Fort Qu'Appelle defeated Meadow Lake 7-3, to capture the 35 years and over hockey action during the FSI Winter Games.

A total of four Old Timers hockey clubs displayed their courage lacing up their skates including Meadow Lake, Yorkton, Fort Qu'Appelle, and Prince Albert. Three other hockey clubs lost their way to the rink including Shellbrook, Saskatoon, and North Battleford.

In opening action Meadow Lake and Yorkton won their games by default over Shellbrook and Saskatoon, Fort Qu'Appelle skated to a 10-6 win over Prince Albert advancing against North Battleford, but North Battleford failed to ice a team advancing against Meadow Lake in quarter-final action, earlier defeating Yorkton 10-8.

In bronze medal action Meadow Lake defeated Yorkton 5-4, in overtime to advance against Fort Qu'Appelle for the gold medal but was turned back with a 7-2 shellacking.

Charlie Crookedneck proved to be the workhorse for Meadow Lake scoring two hard earned goals followed by Earl Lariviere and Gabe Crookedneck with singles and in a losing cause Lloyd Cote scored two big ones followed by Scott Cote with a single for Yorkton.



Chief Leon Cataract from Meadow Lake District.

Fort Qu'Appelle proved to be a handful for Meadow Lake in the final for the gold.

Both teams were tied two apiece during two periods of hockey action but Meadow Lake ran out of steam in the last period allowing Fort Qu'Appelle to pump in five unanswered goals to register a 7-2

win.

Charlie Crookedneck and William Iron scored singles for Meadow Lake while Ron Whiteman and Bert Kaisawatim scored two goals apiece followed by Ben Gordon, Brian McNab and Vic Machiskinic with singles for Fort Qu'Appelle. ■



Fort Qu'Appelle Old Timers.



Meadow Lake Old Timers.

PRINCE ALBERT BANTAMS CAPTURE GOLD

by Gloria Ledoux

It was 8:30 p.m. at the Stewart Arena when Prince Albert and Meadow Lake Districts met at the face-off to open the bantam division playoff titles.

Prince Albert led 2-0 at the end of the first period. Meadow Lake hit the scoreboard early in the second period, Prince Albert answered with two more goals to end the second period at 4-1 in favor of Prince Albert. It was then off to the race for Prince Albert as they popped in six unanswered goals. Meadow Lake scored at 4:48 only to have Prince Albert pop in another four unanswered goals to end the game 13-2 for Prince Albert.

In the Fort Qu'Appelle and Yorkton game, Yorkton seemed to come on strong gaining the first goal advantage during the first period. Fort Qu'Appelle pulled their socks up during the second period when they scored six unanswered goals. Yorkton scored one goal to lead the score 8-3 at the end of the second period. Fort Qu'Appelle fired in six unanswered goals in the third period before Dean Whitebear of Yorkton scored his second goal of the game to end the final score at 14-2.

Saskatoon District were fortunate in getting a bye but not for a win as Prince Albert stomped them 11-6. It was then down to the B side where Yorkton got by Meadow Lake 8-6. It was their third game that same day when Prince Albert edged out Fort Qu'Appelle 7-6 in a ten minute sudden death overtime contest. Darwin Bighead, No. 3, for Prince Albert came in to score the winning goal. As we drop to the B side, it was Saskatoon District blanking Yorkton 15-0 in a hard hitting game. Saskatoon advanced to a 11-4 win over Fort Qu'Appelle. Fort Qu'Appelle were awarded the bronze medal for their efforts in that game.

It was a penalty for any team to drop to the B side. It meant games were played back to back with barely time for a breather in between games. The tired Saskatoon team met up with the undefeated Prince Albert District for the Gold Medal. The score at the end of the final game was 7-5 in favor of Prince Albert. You would



have to watch these children play their hearts out to appreciate their enthusiasm and seemingly never ending energy. ■

SHELLBROOK MIDGETS CAPTURE GOLD MEDAL

by Gloria Ledoux

If you are a hockey enthusiast, then the Winter Games was the place to be.

Hockey was played from 8:30 each morning until as late as 11:30 p.m. Shellbrook skated to a 4-3 victory over Prince Albert to capture the Gold.

Saskatoon and Shellbrook Midgets faced off at the Communiplex on Saturday as Shellbrook easily dropped Saskatoon to the B side 10-2. While this game was in progress, it was Fort Qu'Appelle edging out the Host team 3-2 at the Stewart arena. The following game was Prince Albert trampling Meadow Lake 13-2.

Hockey action Sunday morning saw Saskatoon edge the host team 4-3 to knock them out of competition.

Shellbrook downed Fort Qu'Appelle 7-3 in the third game. Prince Albert took an easy win over Yorkton as they skated off with a score of 13-6.

Monday morning, full of determination, Yorkton edged Saskatoon out of further competition by a score of 7-6. It was then off to Stewart arena to watch the two undefeated teams in exciting action as Shellbrook eased Prince Albert over to the B side 10-8.

Yorkton skimmed by Meadow Lake to advance to a second round with Prince Albert. Prince Albert came out on top again 13-3. All was not lost for Yorkton as they took home the bronze medal.

In the final round, Prince Albert had to meet Shellbrook again in a fast gruelling game. This game had to be one of the better games I was fortunate enough to watch. At the end of the second period, the score was 2-2 and again at the end of the third period the teams skated to a 3-3 tie to necessitate overtime. Elwin Martin, No. 17, on a hat trick scored the winning goal for Shellbrook. ■

YORKTON DISTRICT STRUCK GOLD IN PEE-WEE HOCKEY

by Archie King

PRINCE ALBERT — Yorkton District defeated Saskatoon District 10-2, to capture the gold in Pee-Wee hockey action during the Winter Games.

A total of eight including the host team participated in the 11-12 years hockey action.

In opening action Fort Qu'Appelle squeezed by Saskatoon 6-5, Prince Albert clobbered Meadow Lake 20-1, Yorkton won by default over North Battleford, Shellbrook whipped Prince Albert (host team) 11-1.

Earlier losing its opener Saskatoon advanced in B-action defeating Meadow Lake 11-4, won over Shellbrook, squeezed by Fort Qu'Appelle 5-4, and whipped Prince Albert 14-2, in semi-final action to advance against Yorkton for the gold.

In semi-final action Russel Lafond scored five goals, Dory Daniels netted four markers, Marvin



Saskatoon Pee-Wees (Silver Medalists).

Johnstone with two, Derek Arcand, Edwin Moose and Barry Ahpay with singles for Saskatoon while the Ted and Melvin Mirasty twosome replied with singles for Prince Albert.

Advancing into the final Saskatoon met an enthusiastic Yorkton hockey squad.

Tony Stevenson lead Yorkton's scoring blitz with three markers, Everette St. Ready and Robin Big Eagle with two apiece, followed with Floyed Musqua, Wendall Sparvier and Fred Bryant with singles while Rory Daniels and Leon Tawpimisim replied with singles for Saskatoon. ■

FEMALE PRESQUIRT CAPTURES BRONZE

by Gloria Ledoux

Nine year old Lori-Ann Greeyes is a Grade III student attending Marcelin Joint Integrated School and after two years of pre-squirt hockey, she has to start making her own major decisions.

While watching the Saskatoon District play host to Prince Albert for the bronze medal during the Winter Games, I heard comments that went something like, "Is that a girl?", "I don't want to undress in front of a girl!" I even heard rumors the game would be protested on her account. It is not too many teams across the country that can boast they have a GIRL on their hockey team. When you belong to a small community such as Muskeg Lake, it is not only a must, but a major factor in being able to ice a team. It not only enhances hockey as a sport girls can participate in, it might also tone down the unnecessary roughing in a game. After coming home with the bronze medal and her love for hockey, Lori-Ann is having second thoughts about hanging up her hockey skates for figure skates. She has come up a winner and should be commended for her bravery in taking up what is a fast, competitive sport.

Her proud parents, Richard and Georgina Greeyes often accompany her and her younger brother to hockey games.

Good Luck Lori-Ann. ■

SPORTS COMMENTARY

Lori-Ann Greeyes.



FORT QU'APPELLE DOMINATES SQUIRT HOCKEY

by Archie King

PRINCE ALBERT – Fort Qu'Appelle District went on the warpath in squirt hockey outscoring their opponents by large margins during the FSI Winter Games held in this city.

A total of six districts and Shellbrook Agency participated in the 9-10 years hockey action for gold, silver and bronze medals.

In opening action North Battleford defeated Prince Albert 6-1, Yorkton won by default over Saskatoon, Meadow Lake won over Shellbrook 8-5, and Fort Qu'Appelle received a bye but clobbered Meadow Lake 12-3 in their first game.

Prince Albert went on to capture B-action defeating Saskatoon 6-3. Shellbrook 8-5 won by default over Meadow Lake, and later defeated Yorkton 8-3, in semi-final action to advance against Fort Qu'Appelle for the gold.

En route to their impressive scoring record Fort Qu'Appelle clobbered Meadow Lake 12-3, in the opener and went on to squash Yorkton 14-1, and surpassed all records by



Pre-Squirt champs, Fort Qu'Appelle District.

its impressive 11-3 win over Prince Albert in the final for the gold.

The scoring explosive trio of Kurt Morris, Brad Desjarlais and Pat McNab carried their teammates to the championship scoring a total of 31 goals establishing a new record.

Pat McNab scored three goals in the first period to lead Fort Qu'Appelle for its 4-0 lead and Kurt Morris added a single during the three minute mark of the second period before Prince Albert replied from Stan Stonechild to end the second period 6-1 in their favor.

Scott McLean replied for Prince Albert at the start of the last period but couldn't stop Kurt Morris from scoring two unanswered goals before Prince Albert replied from Stan Stonechild. Then the damage had been done with Bras Desjarlais scoring two goals and Kurt Morris scoring one.

In spite of being outscored in the final Prince Albert played a good clean entertaining hockey game to receive the silver medal. Yorkton received the bronze. ■

YORKTON DISTRICT TAKES THE GOLD IN PRE-SQUIRTS HOCKEY

by Archie King

PRINCE ALBERT – Yorkton District turned the table around for Prince Albert District defeating the hosting club by a identical score in the final for the gold.

Earlier the host team had won over Saskatoon District 7-3, in semi-final action to advance against Prince Albert in the final.

The start of a great hockey potential were displayed by the 6-8 years old youngsters playing their hearts out for the gold, silver and bronze medals.

In opening action Yorkton whipped Shellbrook Agency 15-4, Saskatoon won by default over North Battleford, and Prince Albert defeated Fort Qu'Appelle 7-3.

En route to B-action Prince Albert advanced into the final defeating Yorkton 8-3 in semi-final action, but was earlier defeated by Yorkton 5-3, in A-action for its first loss.

In semi-final action David Morin scored three goals, Derrick



Pre-Squirt Yorkton.

Sanderson with two followed by Jack McLean and David Bighead with singles for Prince Albert.

Three youngsters including Elliot Wolfe, Parry Venne and Justin Albert replied with singles for Saskatoon.

The two finalists Yorkton and Prince Albert were winners despite Prince Albert losing to Yorkton but, to

many that witnessed the final will agree that the youngsters displayed great hockey potential yet to be developed.

Carl Standingready scored three goals, Anthony Ketchemonia with two and Rodney Cote with a single for Yorkton while David Morin replied for Prince Albert for its four markers. ■

SASKATCHEWAN INDIAN WINTER GAMES BASKETBALL CATEGORY

by Martha Ironstar

Jr. Girls

It started April 21st when hundreds of fleet-fingered players flocked their way to Prince Albert's Carleton gym to start off the basketball tournament. There were four divisions of Jr. Girls', Jr. Boys', Sr. Womens', and Sr. Mens', basketball teams. The Jr. teams played for the first two days.

In the Jr. Girls' division, teams from Whitefish Lake, Prince Albert, Montreal Lake, Yorkton and Saskatoon were represented. Who won? When do you play next? and other questions could be heard as Yorkton, Saskatoon and Prince Albert Saints advanced to the semi-finals.

Wallace Tawpisim, Saskatoon coach watched his team move within one point in the last few minutes of the game against the Prince Albert Saints. Janice Morin, top scorer for the Saints shot and rebounded her team to outscore Saskatoon 19-18 in the semi-final.

Carleton gym was humming with excitement as Yorkton and Saskatoon played for the finals in the Jr. Girls division. Yorkton's Helene Cote made a dazzling performance as she maneuvered the basketball around the Saskatoon players to bring Yorkton to a 36-24 victory.

The games were played 20 minutes straight time in the first half and 15 minute stop time in the second half.

The Prince Albert Saints met Yorkton's Cote team for the final game in this series. After hours of competition the two top teams honed their skills for the final game. Coach for the Saints said, "I only watched the second half, Prince Albert had a substantial lead of 28-13 and Yorkton came back and outscored us pretty bad in the last few minutes of the game, but we had a big enough lead to carry us through." A member of the Cote team added, "that brought our defense together, our offense together, our over-all game together." Final score was 42-30 for the Saints.

Jr. Boys

Stanley Mission, Saskatoon, File Hills, Whitefish Lake, Yorkton and



Prince Albert Saints — Junior Girls Basketball Gold Medalists.

Meadow Lake shot their way through victories, thus, moving closer to the finals. Stanley Braves, Montreal Lake and Saskatoon clashed for the final place in the Jr. Boys basketball series. All the games were tough. . . The game between Stanley Braves and Montreal Lake was outrageous as the Braves defeated Montreal Lake 43-23. Russell Charles was the Braves' top scorer with 17 points. Saskatoon played File Hills in the Jr. Boys divisional semi-finals. The game was a close one throughout the entire game. Saskatoon's Spencer (Duke) Greyeyes played with an on-court coolness which made everyone focus their attention on him. He easily controlled the basketball game to bring his team to first place. No. 14 of the File Hills team, Michael Walker, a fast moving player gave Saskatoon tough competition, forcing them to perform to their ultimate abilities. Russel Greyeyes of Saskatoon team brought his team on top from a free throw, "it's a confidence thing, one of the players said, I've got one shot I call my line drive. If there's no one in front of me I just shoot it straight in the basket no arch, I just let it go. The release is the main thing, you learn good release by

making thousands of shots."

Screams and shouts were heard as Saskatoon made their winning basket to out-shoot File Hills 25-24, with 5 seconds left to play. Saskatoon again upset Montreal Lake to play the final game against the Stanley Braves.

It is said basketball players (more than any other athletes) experience the greatest hardship with the crowds. In football and baseball, the crowd sits far away from the field of play. Not so in basketball. In the final game — screaming fans filled the benches a few short feet from the action.

Saskatoon and Stanley Braves poured onto the court with light feet, to begin the Jr. Boys final game. Saskatoon's Duke Greyeyes contributed four points for two baskets to bring his team into the lead. An inbounds pass by the Braves was scooped up by Duke who made a driving basket. Saskatoon held their eight point-margin all through the game. "We figured if we could get ahead of them, we won't lose the lead." The tumultuous crowd roared the countdown in the last few seconds. The Saskatoon team felt quite confident with their 14 point margin. The final score was 32-46 for Saskatoon.

Sr. Ladies

The senior teams played on April 23-24 at Carleton gym. The Sr. Ladies basketball teams were Prince Albert Saints, Meadow Lake, Saskatoon, North Battleford, James Smith, File Hills and Yorkton. It was a fantastic series of games as the teams of Prince Albert, Yorkton and North Battleford upset the other teams to advance to the finals. The Cote - Yorkton team met P.A. Saints in the semi-final game.

The Saints took the lead in the first half, but was outscored by Yorkton on a number of free throws and rebounds. The Saints tried to set up Helene Cote for a shot, but she was double-teamed and passed to Kietha Cote who sunk the basket taking a lead for Yorkton. The Cote team advanced to the finals by defeating Yorkton 36-27.

North Battleford and P.A. Saints clashed to play the loser in game No. 15 for the final spot. The North Battleford team put their heads together and tried zoning, and man-to-man plays, they kept their scores until the second-half when Prince Albert captured the lead. Janice Morin played with stunning abilities to bring the Saints on top with a score of 34-28, placing them in the finals with Cote.

The final game of the Sr. Ladies basketball competitions was played by Cote and the Prince Albert Saints. Tension and excitement was in the air as the fans filled the gym for the big game. The game started with the Saints sinking their first basket. The score was close in the first-half. The tension built by the minute and became unbearable in the second-half. The final minutes of the game had the Saints sinking the winning basket, final score was 39-38.

Sr. Mens

In this category, six teams represented File Hills, Meadow Lake, Prince Albert, Montreal Lake, Saskatoon and Yorkton. The series displayed excellent physical abilities. I must commend the Yorkton Sr. Mens team for their sportsmanship displayed at the games. The semi-finals were played between Saskatoon, Prince Albert and Montreal Lake.

Prince Albert and Saskatoon played at 2:30 p.m. It was a small point margin throughout the game, the first-half scores were 16-18 for



File-Hills - Senior Womens Basketball.



Cote Selects.

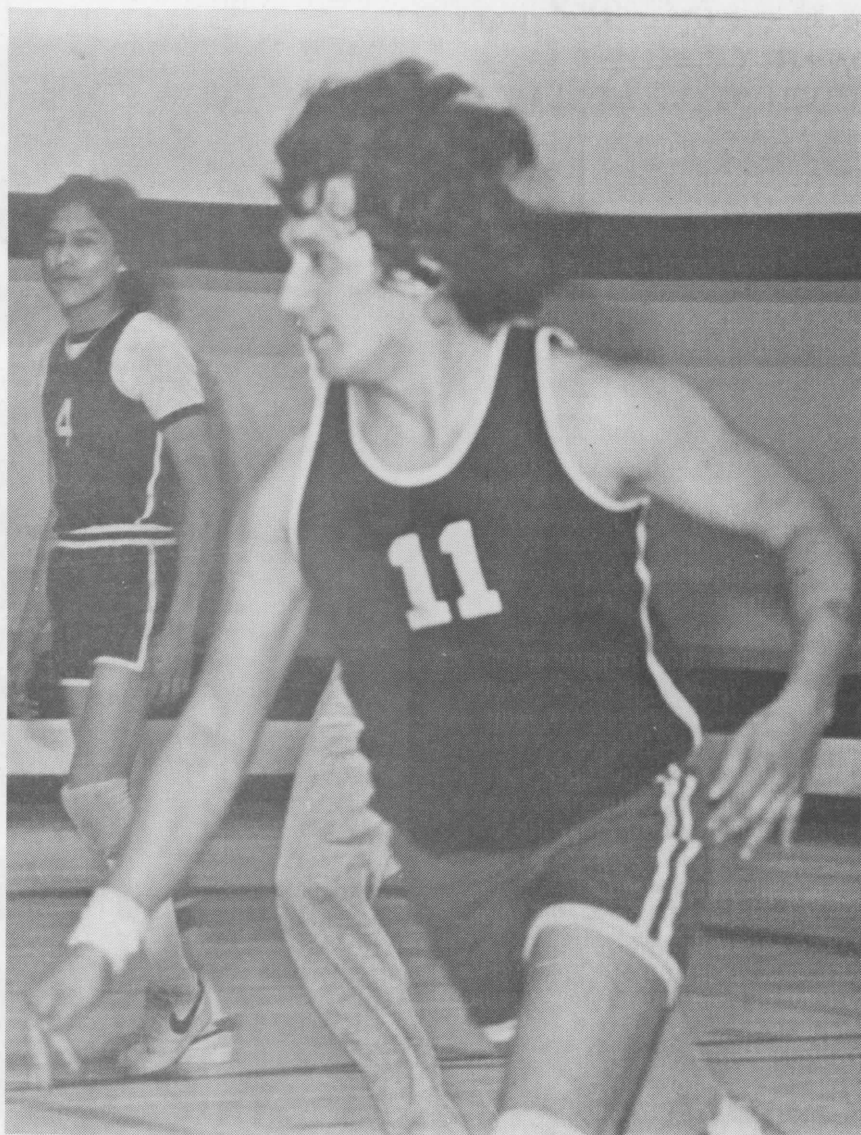
Prince Albert. The referee called once for elbowing. The referee said, "the next one that throws an elbow is out of the game." It was a tough game, an exciting one as Saskatoon's Duke Greyeyes attempted to make a basket within the closing four seconds of the game. The fans screamed as the buzzer sounded. If Saskatoon had scored a basket, it would have been a tie. The final score was 34-30 for Prince Albert.

The next semi-final game was between Montreal Lake and Saskatoon at 4:45 p.m. Montreal outscored Saskatoon in the first-half 27-23. The second-half saw Saskatoon explode with energies as they upset Montreal Lake with an eight point margin. With 29 seconds to play in the game, the score was 63-63. Saskatoon then scored a basket to come out on top in this division. The final score was 65-63. A tremendously exciting game.

At 7:15 p.m. Saskatoon took on Prince Albert for the final game in this series. With a combination of drive, determination and character, the Saskatoon team took the lead in the first half with a score of 29-25. A Prince Albert player said, "It was a pressure-packed game, but we didn't let falling 18 points behind scare us. Saskatoon fouled and we made both free throws, my intention was to make the first basket then miss the second, so we could go for the rebound." The atmosphere was electrifying at Carleton gym as the players quickly picked up on the strategy.

Whatever it is, Saskatoon was clearly something special, and they showed it by storming through the second-half to beat Prince Albert 72-54.

The emotion-charged game ended like an explosion, which lacked only background music, as team members leaped in victory. Winning the game was possibly the single sweetest moment of the basketball competitions at the Second annual Indian Winter Games. ■



Lindsay Starr — File Hills Senior Men's basketball.



SASKATCHEWAN INDIAN WINTER GAMES CURLING CATEGORY

submitted by
Ruth Ahenakew

In the three events played in the 1981 Saskatchewan Indian Winter Games curling category seventy-two teams participated. The three events were Men's, Women's, and Mixed and were played Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

Curling was classified as an open event. This means that you could play out of your district. Points were awarded to your district by individuals not teams.

Teams came from all points in the province. Curling is a sport that is picking up in the Indian Sports World. There were various happenings at the bonspiel that made it interesting. One slightly inebriated curler was overzealous in his sweeping till he noticed he was sweeping BEHIND the rock. As well there was a variety of acrobatic acts and tumbles. All in all the spirit of the Winter Games was very apparent at the P.A. Golf & Curling Club.

The Mixed event started on Friday April 17 with thirty two teams. The first draw started around noon. In the "A" mixed event it was Morris Bellegarde over Francis Desnomie. Richard Brittain over Roy Bird by default. Hilliard Gardipy taking John Cote by default. Marveena Tootoosis defaulted to Ken Whitehawk. Smith Atimoyoo won by absence of Robert Cote team. It was Philip Morin advancing over Harry Bird in a tough match. John Shingoose forfeited to Tom Seeseequasis. Maynard Whitehead team won over Enoch Poitras team by default. Denzil Kitchemonia over Arnold Waditika.

Last year's champion Art Desnomie trouncing Ralph Sanderson. Cy Standing beating Andy Micheal. Andrew Bear taking out Fred Arcand. Julia Lariviere team defeating Malcolm Sanderson. Pat Desnomie team defaulted to David Baptiste. Jeff Ahenakew won over Charles Sokwaypnace. Louis Bear won by default over Gerry Carrier. In the next round in the 'A' mixed event Morris Bellegarde won by default over Richard Brittain. Ken Whitehawk lost to John Cote by default. Smith Atimoyoo defeated Philip Morin. Maynard Whitehead took out Tom Seeseequasis. Art



Women's 'A' Event Gold Medalists – Dally Ilnicki (Skip), Ruth Ahenakew (Third), Rosaline Michael (Second), Yvonne Seeseequasis (Lead).



Women's Silver Medalists – Loyise Bear team.



Women's Bronze Medalists – Francis Goodvoice team.



Gold Medalists Mixed Event – David Baptiste team.



Silver Medalists Mixed Event – L.R. Gerald Daniels (skip), Marilyn Daniels (Third) Rose Anne Antoine (Second), Mervin Nightraveller (Lead).



Bronze Medalists Mixed Event – L.R. Franices Goodvoice, Charles Sokwaypnace. Norman Antoine, Valerie Bonaise.

Desnomie won over Denzil Kitchemonia. Cy Standing won over Andrew Bear. David Baptiste beat Julia Lariviere. It was Louis Bear team taking out Jeff Ahenakew. In the semi finals it was Morris Bellegarde over John Cote. Smith Atimoyoo defeating Maynard Whitehead. Art Desnomie taking out Cy Standing. David Baptiste winning over Louis Bear. Further action in 'A' mixed event saw Smith Atimoyoo winning over Morris Bellegarde and David Baptiste over Art Desnomie.

The final game in "A" mixed event saw David Baptiste winning over Smith Atimoyoo. The Gold Medal Winners were David Baptiste team with the silver going to Smith Atimoyoo.

In the Mixed "B" event in the first draw Francis Desnomie won over Gerry Carriere. Roy Bird lost to Charles Sokwaypnace. Hilliard Gardipy took out Pat Desnomie. Malcolm Sanderson over Marveena Tootoosis. Fred Arcand winning over Robert Cote. Harry Bird defeated Andy Michael. Ralph Sanderson lost to John Shingoose. Arnold Waditika by default over Enoch Poitras.

Action in the "B" mixed event semi finals saw Charles Sokwaypnace defeating Francis Desnomie. Hilliard Gardipy losing to Malcolm Sanderson. Harry Bird taking out Fred Arcand and Arnold Waditika defeating Ralph Sanderson. The last four teams in the "B" mixed resulted in Charles Sokwaypnace winning over Malcolm Sanderson and Harry Bird over Arnold Waditika. The Bronze Medal winners were Charles Sokwaypnace team with loss going to Harry Bird. The Men's curling event had a total of thirty two teams. The opening draw resulted in Hickson Weenie losing to Charles Gamble. Cy Standing won over Dennis Bear. John Cote defeating Jeff Ahenakew. Denzil Kitchemonia lost to Leo Cameron. Art Desnomie took out Walter Constant. Harry Bird victorious over Frank Roberts. Malcolm Sanderson defeating Eldon Bellegarde. Ken Crain over Ernie Ahenakew. Ernie Dreaver won over Fred Arcand. Gerry Desnomie took out Gilbert Twist. Bill Cameron over Guy Lariviere. P. Koochicum over M. Brass. Cliff Stonestand defaulted to Marshall Bear. Fred Starr winning over Smith Atimoyoo. Osborne Turner defeated Louis Bear. Roy

Bird won over Lawrence Bigknife. In the second round Charles Gamble defeated Cy Standing. John Cote lost to Leo Cameron. Art Desnomie over Harry Bird. Ken Crain winning over Malcolm Sanderson. Ernie Dreaver trouncing Gerry Desnomie. Bill Cameron defeating Paul Koochikum. Fred Starr over Cliff Stonestand. Osborne Turner lost to Roy Bird.

In the third round Charles Gamble lost to Leo Cameron. Art Desnomie over Ken Crain. Bill Cameron winning over Ernie Dreaver. Roy Bird losing to Fred Starr. Leo Cameron defeated Art Desnomie and Bill Cameron winning over Fred Starr. This resulted in Leo Cameron team playing Bill Cameron with Bill Cameron capturing the Gold Medal for "A" event. Leo Cameron team won the silver medal.

In the Men's curling "B" event results were Lawrence Bigknife defeating Hickson Weenie. Louis Bear winning over Dennis Bear. Jeff Ahenakew losing to Smith Atimoyoo. Denzil Kitchemonia beating Marshall Bear by default. Walter Constant trouncing Mervin Brass. Guy Lariviere over Frank Roberts. Eldon Bellegarde over Gilbert Twist and Ernie Ahenake narrowly defeating Fred Arcand.

The next draw in the event resulted in Lawrence Bigknife winning over Louis Bear and Smith Atimoyoo beating Denzil Kitchemonia. Walter Constant downed Guy Lariviere and Eldon Bellegarde victorious over Ernie Ahenakew.

The semi-final results were Smith Atimoyoo winning over Lawrence Bigknife and Walter Constant defeating Eldon Bellegarde.

The two teams meeting for the Bronze medal were Smith Atimoyoo who emerged victorious over Walter Constant.

In the Women's Category there were eight teams that entered. It started out in the first draw with Loyise Bear defeating Marian Kitchemonia. Isabelle Weenie winning over Francis Goodvoice. Dally Ilnicki team over Blanche Seesequasis. Norma McLean won over Margaret Koochikum by default.

In the second draw Loyise Bear took out Isabelle Weenie. Dally Ilnicki won over Norma McLean.

The women's "A" final game saw Dally Ilnicki against Loyise Bear. Dally Ilnicki team won the Gold



Gold Medalists Men's Event – Bill Cameron (skip), George A. Cameron (Third), Peter Gardipy (Second), Howard Cameron (Lead).



Silver Medalists Men's Event – Leo Cameron (Skip), Harris Cameron (Third), Ivan Cameron (Second), Gerald Cameron (Lead).



Bronze Medalists Men's Event – Gerald Daniels (Skip), Charles Sokwaypnace (Third), David Baptiste (Second), Darryl Kasokeo (Lead).

medals with silver medals going to Loyise Bear team.

In the Women's "B" event Margaret Koochikum defeated Marian Kitchemonia. Francis Goodvoice

won over Blanche Seesequasis. In the "B" final for the Bronze medal the Francis Goodvoice team captured the bronze medal by defeating Margaret Koochikum. ■

HAND GAMES AT P.A. WINTER GAMES

by Deanna Wuttunee

Indian hand games are one of the few games that can evoke pure pleasure in today's competitive world. So it was at the Prince Albert Winter Games 1981.

The drums and singing stirred deep emotions from reluctant hearts, even in the sterile surroundings of the Prince Albert Communiplex. Body movements carried you along the tide of life . . . fluid, rhythmic and joyous. Utter pleasure and goodwill prevailed among the participants. Echoes of history rickety from the participants to the crowd. The crowd swelled within the confined area where the games were taking place. The harsh light from the television cameras added a slightly macabre touch to the scene.

It was so that the games between Black Lake, Wollaston and Fond du Lac swept you along. The three communities are located approximately 50 miles east of Uranium City in Northern Saskatchewan.

Black Lake captured the gold medal, Wollaston went home with the silver and Fond du Lac took the bronze. The winners were determined by a round robin elimination process rather than through the point system. Only the three teams were entered in this event.

This kicked off some mixed feelings as to whether the hand games should be included in the district scores as all the teams were from the Prince Albert district. Points scored would have determined the winning district.

The Winter Games Committee decided in consultation with the Prince Albert district chiefs not to include these points with the district scores, according to the chairman, Angus McLean. The reasoning behind this being that hand games are not an amateur sport, he added.

Regardless of the decision, these players displayed great enthusiasm for their games and provided one of the highlights of the whole event of the Winter Games. Their enthusiasm was matched only by the enthusiasm of the youngest athletes.

The hand games are a traditional



The Black Lake team who took home the Gold.



The Wollaston team who took home the Silver.



The Fond du Lac team who took home the Bronze.

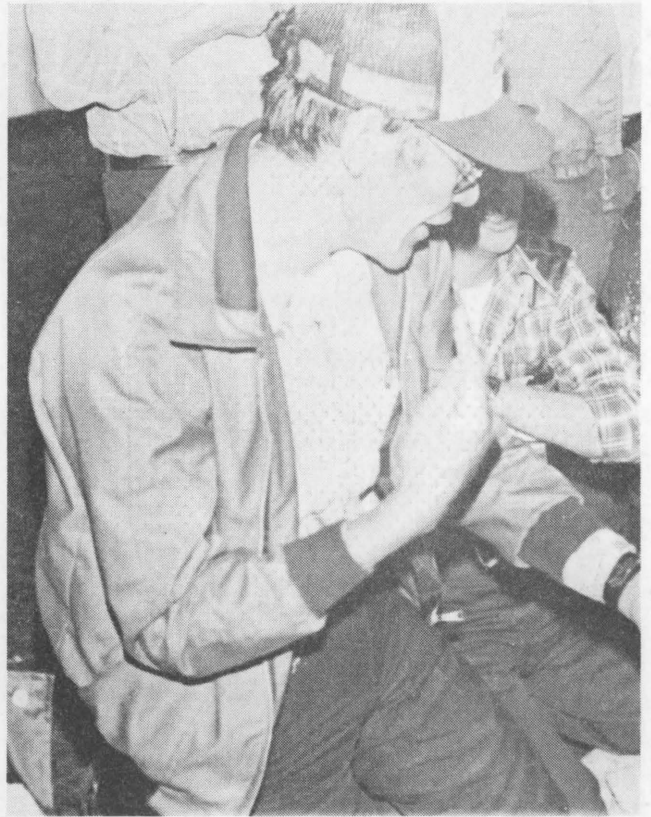
guessing game of Indian people and requires skill and matching of wits. The objective of the game is to successfully hide an object from your opponent using a series of

moves to distract or fool him. Event co-ordinator was Phil Morin of the Prince Albert FSI and referee was Modest Bigeye of Black Lake. ■

HANDGAMES . . .



Rapt audience and players.



Calling a play!



Players!

Hand Games

PETER BALLANTYNE
RED EARTH
SHOAL LAKE
STONEY RAPIDS
STURGEON LAKE
WAHPETON

LAC LA RONGE MONTREAL LK
PETER BALLANTYNE RED EARTH
SHOAL LAKE STONEY RAPIDS
STURGEON LAKE WAHPETON

YORKTON
COTE COWESSESS
KAHKEWISTAHAW KEY
KEESEKOOSE OCHAPOWACE
SAKIMAY WHITE BEAR

MUSKOWISSIA SI
POUNDMAKER SI
RED PHEASANT
THUNDERCHILD SI

MEADOW
CANOE LAKE
FLYING DUST
JOSEPH BIGHEAD
PETER POND LK.
PORTAGE LA LOCHE

Chief Cy Standing presenting the medals.

WINTER GAMES WRAP-UP

by Deanna Wuttunee

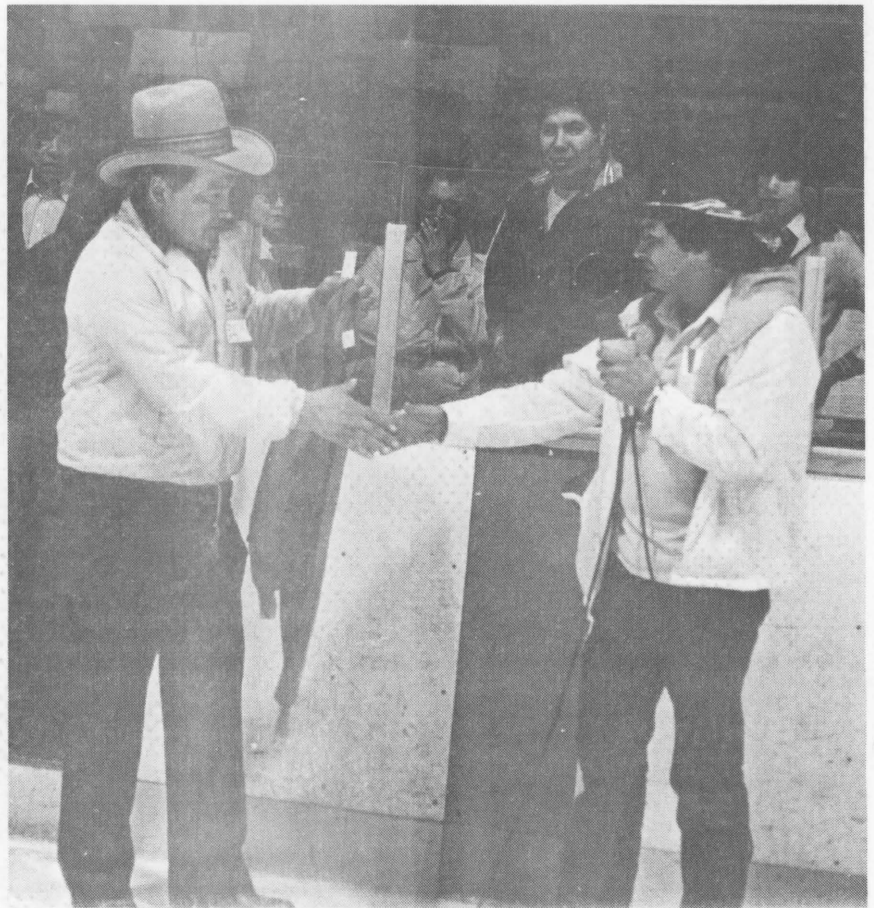
Angus McLean, chairman of the Winter Games Committee was awarded a T-shirt in appreciation of his work during the closing ceremonies of the games, April 25.

All winners were given team medals. The sheer volume of the participating teams prevented the usual individual awards that are up for grabs in major hockey events, according to Phil Morin of the Winter Games Committee. For the hockey event alone, there were 62 participating teams.

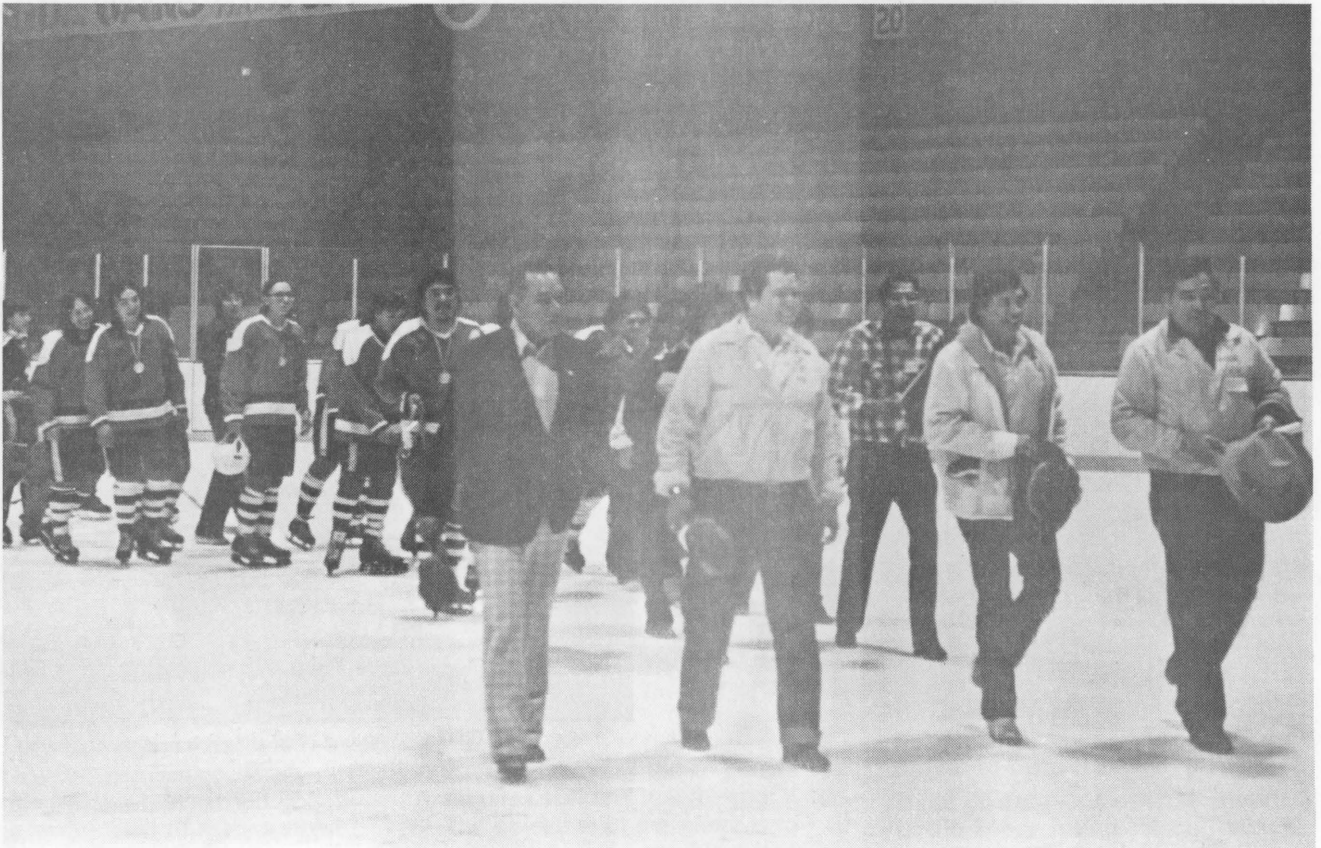
The winning district was Saskatoon for over-all points in the seventeen event program with a total of 117½ points. The deciding points came from the curling event which slid in 29½, followed by the senior men's basketball/volleyball teams and the junior boys' volleyball team who went home with eight points each.

The Prince Albert district came in second with curling bringing in 20 points. The Montreal Lake Junior girls' volleyball team and the bantam hockey team went home with eight points each.

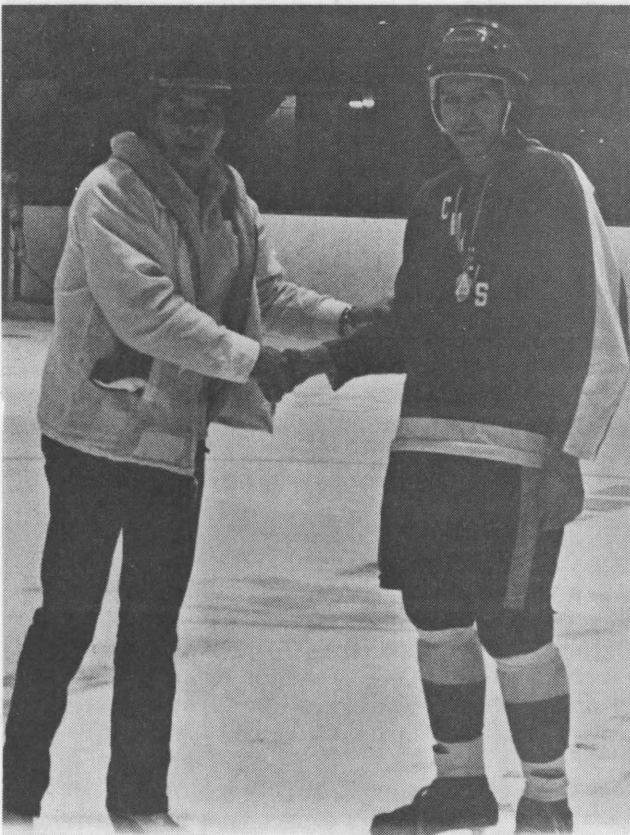
Fort Qu'Appelle came in third with



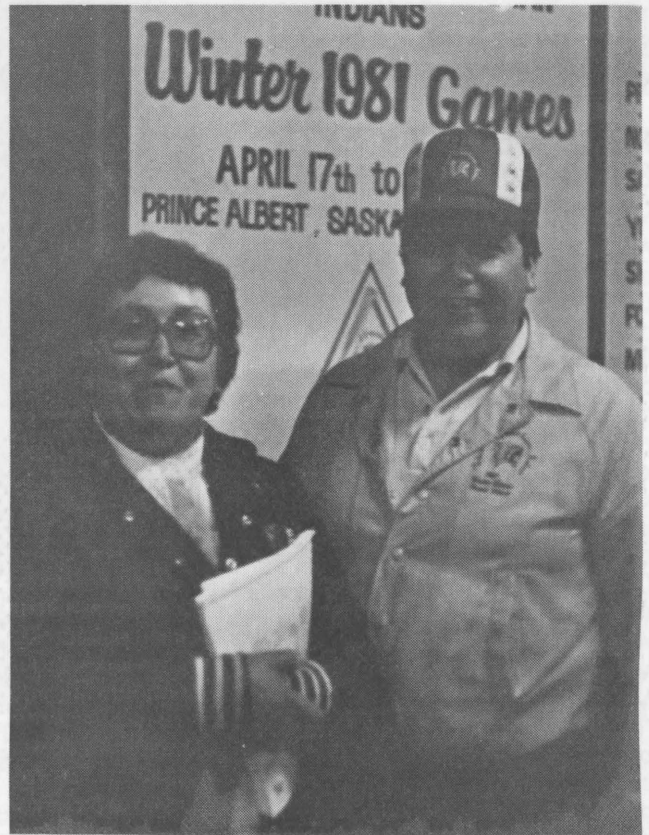
Chairman of the Winter Games Committee, Angus McLean, presented with a T-shirt from FSI executive member Wayne Ahenakew.



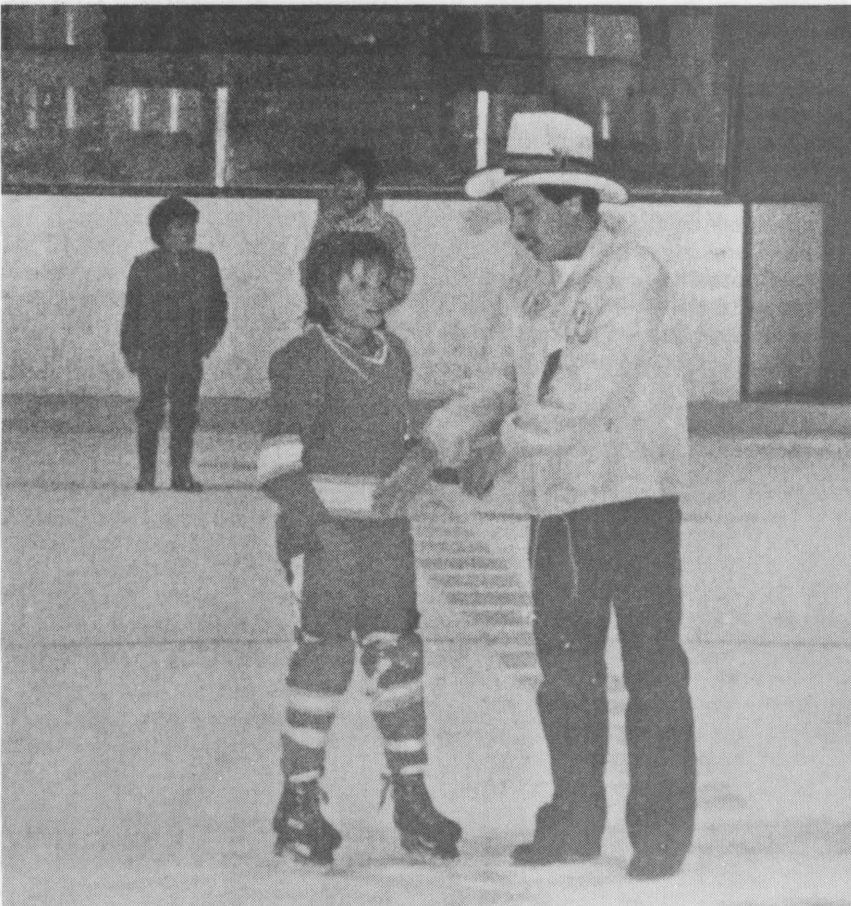
Closing ceremonies included a dance around the rink.



Presentation of team medals.



Sol and Carol Sanderson on their way home.



Ron Albert presents medal

106 points. The curling team iced 28¼ points with the eight pointers scored by the senior men's hockey team, the junior boys' volleyball team and the squirts' hockey team.

"It was tiring but exciting to organize the games. The only thing that could have made it more ideal was if it could have been held in February to retain the winter atmosphere," said Angus.

The only other concern McLean had was the part politics played in the major sports event.

"The Winter Games Committee was put in a bind when the 69 chiefs in the province were dragged in over policy. It was grossly unfair when the committee was asked to change rules the day before the games were to kick off," he said.

The situation arose when the topic of the Winter Games was raised during the All Chiefs Conference in April.

The games were closed with the winning hockey teams, FSI officials and the Winter Games officials dancing in a circle around the rink in recognition of the meaning of the circle to Indian people.

Back to the drawing board for next year's Winter Games planning. They will be held in Cote. ■

MEADOW LAKE DISTRICT

PORTAGE LA LOCHE BAND — A REASON TO CELEBRATE

April 28th marked a day full of event and pride and ceremony for the Portage La Loche Band. That day saw the official opening of the Band's new reserve . . . and construction company . . . and grocery store . . . and school bus.

Doug Anguish, Steve Pooyak, Ron Albert, Rod King and Emil Korchinski were but a few of the many guests who turned out to offer accolades to the Band and its Chief, Frank Piche, for their dedication and tenacity in turning a vision into a reality.

Mr. Anguish, M.P. for Battleford and Meadow Lake, remarked that the "reserve opening is a unique process. Chief Piche, the Council and Band members deserve to be proud of their fine accomplishments."

Mr. Anguish went on to say that he "hopes that the funds allocated to the reserve will serve to augment summer youth employment."

New Reserve

Order-in-Council 1747/79 dated September 21, 1979 transferred to Crown Canada an area of land north of the Town of La Loche in exchange for La Loche Indian Reserve number 222 which was surrendered. The new land was set aside as a reserve for the use and benefit of the Portage La Loche Band and the former reserve was transferred, with its mineral rights, to the Province of Saskatchewan.

Building of roads commenced in the fall of 1979 and Band members began moving to the new reserve in March 1981. This is the first reserve the Band has had even though they signed a Treaty specifying, among other things, that they be granted reserve land.

About 300 Band members live on the reserve at the present time and the increase in occupancy will depend largely on housing being made available. While some Band members brought their houses from the Town of La Loche, new ones are also being constructed. All of the houses have electricity and basements and it is anticipated that

a sewage system will be in place within the next two to three years.

La Loche Band Construction Company

Because the La Loche area supports a great deal of heavy construction work, the chief and council seized the opportunity to create a construction company in a move to create employment for band members. The Department of Indian Affairs and Northern Development (DIAND) approached the Department of Regional Economic Expansion (DREE) and Canada Employment and Immigration Commission (CEIC) for financial assistance and at the same time assured the band that they should be provided the opportunity to bid on all Western Northlands Capital projects. The Town of La Loche has also assured the band that contracts for sewage and water, road maintenance and construction will go to the new company.

The Department of Northern Saskatchewan (housing), and Metis housing groups will provide work to the company for building basements. The total projected revenue for the first year of operation is \$158,000 with approximately eight jobs being created. Many opportunities for heavy equipment contracts will be possible through other clients such as the Key Lake Area, Western Northlands, Cluff Lake and

Department of Highways.

Steve Pooyak, second vice-president of the Federation of Saskatchewan Indians (FSI), said that one of the priorities of the FSI is to help Indian people start businesses. "Only through hard work did you get where you are today and more hard work will get you further," he said.

Peter's Grocery Store and Service Station

The Band's new store, Peter's Grocery Store and Service Station, officially rang in sales on April 28th. This is the first and only store on the reserve and therefore provides a service which is otherwise not available - the nearest town is seven miles away.

Ron Albert, third vice-president, FSI, brought words of congratulations and cheer from Sol Sanderson, Chief of the FSI. He commended Chief Piche, the Council and Band members on their successes.

Rod King, DIAND's Meadow Lake district manager said that Chief Piche's expectations have come true. Hard work made the vision of a community a reality. I congratulate the chief and council, said Mr. King.

School Bus

Because children claim a very special place in Indian culture, it was fitting that the convivialities culminated in the inauguration of a new school bus. The bus will enable the children to travel home for lunch - a distance of seven miles.

There seemed to be a consensus





among those who attended the opening ceremonies: had it not been for the initiative, hard work and integrity demonstrated by Chief Piche, the Council and Band members, the vision would still be a dream instead of a thriving reality. ■

"5-10 UPGRADING WALK-A-THON"

by Gordon Mirasty

Early Saturday morning on May 2, 1981, the students from the 5-10 upgrading class of Meadow Lake hosted a walk-a-thon. Participants included the students, their teacher and Darryl Mirasty whom despite his handicap "wheeled" the proposed twenty miles.

Through hot sun and windy weather, with a little help from refreshments, they completed the twenty miles.

The money raised from this walk-a-thon will go towards expenses of their graduation at the end of May. Pledges totalled approximately \$1000, so it was worth every mile. ■

CANOE LAKE'S ARENA PROBLEMS

by Gordon Mirasty

On April 4, 1981, the Canoe Lake ball club held a Bingo in the Meadow Lake district arena. This cost the ball club a sum of \$2,500 for four hours of use. The high rent of the arena prompted Guy Lariviere, band manager for the Canoe Lake Band to write a letter

to the editor of the Meadow Lake Progress. In his letter he commended on the high rent and about the "\$50,000 that was contributed by the Meadow Lake District Chiefs towards the building of the new arena." He wanted some consideration and fair treatment be shown towards them. In response to this former Mayor, Frank Langlechner sent a letter to the editor of the Progress commenting on Mr. Lariviere's editorial. He admitted that "we had to get consent from the Chiefs . . . but not one cent came from the local chiefs as the grant was direct from the Department of Indian Affairs."

This caused yet another response, this time from Rod King, District Manager for the Meadow Lake District Indian Affairs office. He agreed with Lariviere's statement that, "\$50,000 was contributed by the District Chiefs to the building of the arena . . ." He also stated, "that under no circumstances would funds have been granted to the Meadow Lake District Arena Association without the authorization of the District Chiefs." He then added that, "the District Chiefs have exhibited the characteristics of good citizenship." This seems to say it all. Without the District Chiefs consent to distribute the funds, there would be no completion of the arena. This was the situation at the time.

It doesn't seem to solve Canoe Lake's problem but it directs it to another, the completion of their arena. Funding for the construction of the arena is short and more must

be acquired for completion. Two proposals were sent to the Department of Indian Affairs for this funding. The first was rejected and the second is under negotiation. It must be noted that the Meadow Lake Arena Association is non-Indian and the DIA funded the completion of the arena. So the question is how much more should the DIA fund an Indian project such as Canoe Lake's. I am sure that the DIA shouldn't be reminded that Indians are the DIA's priority. Completion of the arena would benefit Indians both present and future. This above problem wouldn't arise again. ■

"LOON LAKE BAND MEETING"

by Gordon Mirasty

On May 6, 1981, the Chief and Council of Makwa Sahgaiehcan (Loon Lake) held a band meeting. First on the agenda was the subject of the Loon Lake lagoon. The town wanted permission to pass an open drainage canal through reserve land. Permission was withheld for fear of contamination of wells and possibly the Makwa Lake. The problem was lack of knowledge on land surrenders which seem to be illegal. It seems transactions were made by B.C.R. which isn't sufficient by law, because the law states that these land transactions must be made by referendum, which wasn't the case. The Band is presently undergoing a complete archival research on land ownership. They also are in the process of getting information from Environment Canada and engineers on the drainage system.

Next on the agenda was the educational problem which has plagued the community for the past decade. Since the school was built in Loon Lake in 1970 there has been only one graduate. Most students drop out at grade seven and many are under educated. To make things worse the Department of Indian Affairs were paying that particular school unit a sum of over \$300,000 a year. Over a period of ten years this works out to over \$3 million for one graduate. There was a B.C.R. sent out requesting a band member sit on the Loon Lake School Board and the Meadow Lake School Unit Board. The school seemed apathetic about the

problem further more the band has passed another B.C.R. to have the band administer the tuition monies which are presently handled by DIA. This won't settle the problems immediately but it's a place to start. A good example of a successful agreement is in Blaine Lake (Muskeg). It takes time, the real work comes when the negotiating of the transfer of the agreement is made. The end results will be better than before.

As the meeting progressed they discussed general matters such as housing and staff reports. There is a fantastic staff working for the band and everything is running efficiently. There is involvement from band members as well. Way to go Loon Lake (Makwa Sahgaiehcan). ■

FLYING DUST BAND MEETING

by Gordon Mirasty

On May 11th, 1981 the chief and council of the Flying Dust reserve held a general band meeting to discuss land entitlement claim. Percy Durocher, former chief, was hired to look into land selections. He has come up with the following figures as of December 31, 1976, based on 310 people.

39,680 acres

9,596 acres (land now owned)

30,084 acres (entitled)

He has four land selections for the band to choose from. First, land near the Alberta border (Mudie Lake) which is presently being surveyed for mineral potential. Second, land in the Carrot River region 400 miles to the east. Third, was the Big River pasture which is 8,000 acres in size. Finally, the 12,000 acre Cookson Pasture near the Prince Albert National Park. This piece was recommended by Mr. Durocher because 8,000 acres is developed. According to Durocher, since this piece of land is under Game Management, it might cause some friction between the two parties. ■

"WATERHEN BAND HUNTING MEETING"

by Gordon Mirasty

On May 5, 1981, the Chief and Council of the Waterhen reserve along with band members met with officials from the Department of

Tourism, Department of Northern Saskatchewan and park officials (M.L. Provincial Park).

The purpose of the meeting was to discuss the problem of charges being laid against Indians relating to hunting in the park.

Fred Martell, District Representative gave a brief history of the park and the negotiations that had been made. He had been told that the park would not effect the reserve and their Indian way of life back in 1964.

The Department officials now claim they know nothing of these negotiations. The people from these provincial departments back then didn't have the authority to do this. There was no records.

Now they claim that they have no authority to change this but that they would listen and try to do something about it. They also advised the Band Council to follow the laws that they have to enforce, as part of their job.

Other than that they couldn't or wouldn't change anything.

The Band won't take this lying down and plan to do a history of the park and use F.S.I. expertise. FSI priority is treaty rights protection since this is a violation of our treaty rights, this situation must be resolved. ■

MEADOW LAKE DISTRICT JOINT VENTURE SIGNED

by Gordon Mirasty

During the recent District Chiefs meeting held in Meadow Lake, the ten Bands of the district signed, in principle, a Joint Venture Agreement titled "The Meadow Lake District Chiefs".

The joint venture agreement had been a topic of discussion at various meetings since May 1980. The chiefs had reviewed the initial document and over the course of several months modified the document substantially, to fit the expressed wishes of their respective bands.

The joint venture agreement is a legal partnership between all the bands of the Meadow Lake District, enabling the bands to function as a legal unit, which is recognized by the Department of Indian Affairs and the province.

This partnership will enable the

bands to participate in various programs as a group in addition to individual participation.

Reaction from the DIA has been positive. Previously the DIA did not really recognize the ten bands as a group, giving them only partial and guarded recognition. The district bands could not administer their own consultation funds identified for the District Chiefs meetings. Rather, they were required to channel such funds through one band who in turn administered the funds on behalf of the ten bands.

With the Joint Venture signed in principle, the ten bands will now elect a president and a vice-president; followed by either an appointed secretary-treasurer or an elected one. Once this process has taken place the District Chiefs will appoint a "nominee", who will engage in any capital acquisitions required by the District Chiefs.

This agreement is the first signed by a District as a whole. It may lead to the reorganization of the Federation of Saskatchewan Indians, resulting in a structure for the organization based on a partnership rather than the Society's Act.

The District Chiefs, to date, have several projects under consideration, and will be initiating programs throughout the summer months, under their Joint Venture Agreement. ■

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

by Gordon Mirasty

During a recent band meeting held on the Makwa Sahagiehcán reserve, some interesting attitudes came to light.

This band is interested in building a multi-purpose complex to house a band office, hall, clinic and gymnasium. Over the past several months the band officials found a design which fits their needs perfectly. The problem arose when the band was informed that the design which had been paid for already by the Department of Indian Affairs, could not be used. Rather, the firm which had completed this design would have to be contacted and asked to draw a new design for this band, irrespective of the fact that the "new design" would, for all intents and purposes, be the same as the one reviewed by the Band. During the discussion, the Band decided to

contact several architectural companies to ascertain what the cost of a "new design" for the complex would be. Out of the thirteen that were contacted, eleven replied. Each company quoted the same price to produce a set of design drawings. Remember this band has already reviewed a design which they want and which they could pass on to an engineering firm. However, the Department maintains that they must utilize an architectural firm to produce what they already have access to.

What seems to have emerged is the sketchy details of an "agreement" between the DIA and the architectural firms of Saskatchewan.

This agreement seems to be that the architectural firms have simply stated that they do not wish to compete against each other when it comes to projects on Indian reserves. Therefore, they have told the DIA that they will charge seven percent for all designs of projects occurring on reserves. It seems the DIA has accepted.

The interesting attitude which comes to light is this. The DIA has a multitude of designs for various buildings, paid for either directly, or through, bands. But they insist that bands wishing to build various projects utilize the architectural firms and pay seven percent. In this case, seven percent comes to approximately \$40,000 to receive a design which the DIA already owns. All of this is accomplished under the term of "professional ethics".

What is professional about a fixed rate when it comes to projects on Indian reserves? What is professional about paying \$40,000 for a design which is already on file?

The results of such an agreement between the DIA and architectural firms in this province indicates that selection of a firm relies more on geographical location than on competence and quality of work.

It would be an interesting bit of research to determine how many times the DIA or bands have paid for designs, which had previously been produced. And furthermore, to determine who, when and how this so-called agreement between the DIA and the architectural firms developed. So much for professional ethics. ■

NORTH BATTLEFORD DISTRICT



The Two Nation Singers at the Sixth Annual Pow-wow in Saskatoon in December, 1980.

THE TWO NATION SINGERS GAIN INTERNATIONAL RECOGNITION

by Deanna Wuttunee

The Two Nation Singers from the Mosquito-Grizzly Bear's Head Reserve and the Red Pheasant Reserve are closing down the disco joints in North Battleford, according to manager of the pow-wow group, Pat Bugler.

The group was established in March of 1980 and has since made a name for itself. They have performed in the Convention Centre for the Second Annual North American Pow-wow in Las Vegas last fall and in Seattle this spring.

"According to our tape sales, we have gained international recognition in the pow-wow circuit", says Bugler. Prior to a November 4th recording session in Phoenix, Arizona, the group also recorded at the Saskatchewan Indian Cultural College last fall. They have, since, received an invitation to perform in the state of Washington.

Bugler was instrumental in forming the Two Nation Singers with the encouragement of Winston Wuttunee and Chief Harry Nicotine of the Red Pheasant Reserve.

The group is part of the movement to revive the round dances for Saskatchewan's native youth which

has swept the province this winter. Any enthusiastic dancer could find a round dance on any given weekend. Most of the dances, especially in the northern part of the province, were held in capacity-filled halls.

The lead singer for the group is Frank Moosomin of the Mosquito reserve. Others are Clarence Moosomin, Wilmer Baptiste, Solomon Stone, Percy Keeskotagan, Gerald Baptiste and Pat Bugler. ■

THESE SHOES ARE WALKING SAY YOUNGSTERS

by Archie King

SWEETGRASS — Students from this Indian elementary school 'walked a mile' to raise its necessary funds to finance its proposed Cultural Camp to be held later this summer.

According to Rose Johnstone, teacher, the funds raised were proposed to finance a field trip to western Alberta. But now has been used to finance a cultural camp to be held later this summer, she said.

Many of its young walkers were joined by their elders including teachers, parents, Indian Affairs field staff, and its leader, Chief Gordon Albert.

The 12-mile trek from Cutknife to the Indian reserve is covered by a paved highway through some

rolling hills approaching the Indian community.

Recollecting the pounding steps made on pavement, Chief Albert mentioned that the only discomfort felt was some sore leg muscles and tired feet. But he thought the trek was worth it estimating that probably a total of \$1000 was raised by the students.

Special thanks were extended to Chief Albert, teachers, parents, and to Ray Gamble supporting the students in their effort to raise funds for extra-curricular activities. ■

RAISE NECESSARY FUNDS FOR EXTRA-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

by Archie King

MOSQUITO – Students and teachers joined forces walking a 11-mile trek to raise funds for extra-curricular activities to be held by the elementary school situated on this Indian community, 19 miles south of North Battleford.

Gathering at Cando, the first walker covering the 11 miles in 90 minutes was Walter Oxebin followed by John Spyglass and Gerald Stanley. The youngest walker was 9 year old Steve Walobin and the oldest walker was Jack Gorver approaching mid 40's.

According to teacher, Ernie Kozan the many walkers that participated will raise \$500 unofficially. Although the walk was demanding it was worthwhile and if next year another walk-a-thon is held you can be sure I will be walking, he said.

A weiner roast held at noon concluded the walk-a-thon. ■

SAULTEAUX UTILIZE SPECIAL PROJECTS MONIES

by Archie King

SAULTEAUX – After receiving the green light from the District Chiefs, construction has begun on a band hall. This will be the first of its kind to be situated on this Indian community. During a district Chiefs' meeting held earlier, Chief Gabriel Gopher presented a proposal requiring funding of \$100,000 and consent tapping Special Projects Monies of \$300,050 allocated for the North Battleford district.

Undergoing some heavy discussions Saulteaux Indian band was allocated \$100,000 while the remaining amount was divided in equal share amongst the remaining eight Indian bands.

According to Chief Gopher further funding for the project included \$12,000 from Culture and Youth and \$40,000 from Canadian Development Project Program of Indian Affairs.

Under the leadership of Chief Gopher this Indian community is making great strides in establishing the community with a recreation centre, utilizing its pasture land and the administration of its programs from a band office. ■

FOUR RECEIVE BACHELOR OF EDUCATION DEGREES

by Deanna Wuttunee

The preoccupation with identity of the Indian people of today is matched by the determination of native youth to carve their own place in society.

One of these young people is

Audrey Beth Sokwaypnace of the Little Pine Reserve. Along with 1800 happy graduates, she received her Bachelor of Education degree from the University of Saskatchewan, May 15th.

She started the off-campus classes in the fall of 1974. She resided on the reserve and commuted to North Battleford for night classes twice a week. She also enrolled in the summer classes on campus, in addition to part time teaching during the year and raising her two children, Jamie and Trevor.

How do you feel? "Relieved, just relieved, it's over," she said. She added that she wants to teach Indian children and is now happy to be job hunting after the long haul.

Audrey is the daughter of Charles and Nellie Sokwaypnace.

Other graduates in this crowd were Harry James Lafond of Muskeg Lake, Clifford Carter of Onion Lake and Ralph Opekekow of Canoe Lake.

Congratulations!!! ■

PRINCE ALBERT DISTRICT

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION FORMED

by Glen M. Wasicuna

A corporate entity able to enter legal contracts and establish other corporations was recently realized at the Prince Albert and District Chiefs meeting.

Fashioned after Sinco Developments which is involved in trucking, construction, building supplies and realty and owned by the chiefs of Saskatchewan, the Prince Albert Economic Development Corporation also is now in existence. It will be able to purchase land and buildings. The I.A.E.D. Fund has already \$277,000 to purchase property with the balance of the money to be split by the member bands.

Lawyer for the corporation, Ray Wellman, said, "Each band makes a financial contribution. The number of shares bought will be held in trust and transferable. The chief will be the trustee and routinely assigned to each succeeding chief.

Each share is a certificate with the name and seal of the corporation and the trustee's name on the back."

"The P.A. Economic Development Corporation can enter into any commercial venture that the Board of Directors decide. There is no limitation on the venture explored. The first transaction for the corporation will be the acquisition of property in P.A." he added.

A motion to appoint Cyrus Standing of the Wahpeton Band as president of the corporation was passed and carried along with Alvin Head as secretary and signing authority and was granted to Roy Bird and Henry Daniels.

Chief Alvin Head commented that, "this is our chance to make an impact in economic development instead of the piece-meal approach of a one-shot deal. We have something here (P.A.E.D.C.) that will be very beneficial to our people."

An organizational meeting for the corporation will be arranged to establish the ways and means to carry out the work in detail. ■



PROFILE — WILFRED BEAR

submitted by — Robert Ahenakew

On May 1st 1981, a special banquet was held in honor of Wilfred Bear. The banquet was held in commemoration of the 16 years of service that Mr. Bear contributed to Muskoday Reserve as a band administrator. I had the opportunity to interview many of the people that had attended the banquet. All of the people that had encountered Mr. Bear had nothing but great admiration for this man. Three of four women donated their own personal time to prepare the meal for the banquet. The ladies came from St. Leonard's.

Wilfred Bear was described to me by one of his close personal friends, as being the pillar of the community. Wilfred was very humble and did not expect to be recognized for the years of work he devoted to the band of Muskoday Reserve as a band administrator. In the year of 1955 he became a band counsellor. In 1966, he became the band administrator, and just retired on March 1981, after the 16 years of service.

Wilfred, besides being a band administrator, was a commissioner of oaths, a welfare administrator, and at one point in his life was bonded. Wilfred was also a consultant at one time. Wilfred was a very honest individual and a shining example of the community. Wilfred was a tremendous athlete in his younger years. He was in the army for a period of time. Was in the Regina Rifles, and was overseas in Germany during the Second World War, in the signal core.

The banquet was well-attended by the people from the reserve as well as people representing the

provincial government and the federal government. Wilfred received many awards from the people. Some plaques from Indian Affairs, Muskoday band, as well as a plaque from Beaver Lumber from Prince Albert. Mr. George Vatamanick from Prince Albert Saskatchewan Power Corporation gave Wilfred a mounted duck, which he had prepared through taxidermy.

The reserve of Muskoday is completely self-administrated as far as land management and administration. Muskoday has all programs except education in their own control. It is people like Wilfred Bear who takes actual personal interest in their reserves that make the reserve of Muskoday, what it is today.

Wilfred may be retiring but he is going to be in a sort of semi-retirement. It was my understanding that the band want Wilfred to still



take active participation in the local band issues, in a consulting role.

These are a few of the comments I received from the invited guests:

Chief David Knight — "He was a very efficient and always ready to give. Wilfred is a man who is irreplaceable among the band staff members. I wish him the best in his retirement.

George Vatamanick — Presented Wilfred with a mounted Mallard Drake. He said, "I worked with Wilfred for many years and have enjoyed the close working relationship with him. I wish him the best of luck in his retirement."

Wayne Temple — (Beaver Lumber Rep.) "On behalf of Beaver Lumber Co., I would like to extend our congratulations on a job well done; we are sure the band and council will miss Wilfred's very capable helping hand. We wish him every success and lots of happiness in his retirement. I hope you will find the time to stop in and visit."

Emile Venne — (Economic Development IAB) - "In 1969 Beady's, One Arrow, John Smith, and James Smith formed the Saskatoon District, and that is when I first encountered Wilfred. He was working as the band administrator and I have enjoyed working with him since our first working encounter. It has been a pleasure working for and with him. I wish him all the best in his retirement."

In closing, to you Wilfred, may the rest of your life be one of prosperity and good health to you and your family. ■



LAC LA RONGE BAND OPENS A NEW SCHOOL

by Kenny Loon

Invited guests and interested observers witnessed a historical event occur at Lac La Ronge on May 12, 1981.

What was the occasion? It was the grand opening of the Kitsakik School. This is the fourth school to be operated by the Lac La Ronge Indian Band.

In his opening remarks, Chief James Myles Venne said that it had been the band's ultimate goal "to operate a band-controlled school where the Cree culture and language can be taught to our children."

The Lac La Ronge Indian Band began operating the Kitsakik School in September 1977 in the Old Gateway School complex, located on La Ronge Avenue. The Kitsakik School, like Grandmother's Bay, James Roberts in Sucker River and Keethanow School in Stanley Mission, aims to emphasize the Cree culture and language while maintaining provincial standards. The children attending the Lac La Ronge Indian Band schools will acquire the necessary skills to be comfortable both in the outside world and on the reserve.

Because the Old Gateway School buildings were condemned, the staff and students moved into this present building in April 1980, while the center core was still under construction.

Now that the school is completed, it will provide a unique environment for the staff and students to continue their work. The school now accommodates Kindergarten classes through Grade 6. However, there are alternate classes from Grades 5 through 10 for those normally not enrolled in full-time classes.

Guest speaker, Wayne Ahenakew, F.S.I. executive treasurer, congratulated Chief Myles Venne, band council and all those dedicated people not only for making this school a reality, but for making education a priority.

"After all," he said, "education is a treaty right."

Ahenakew added that while touring through the library he noticed that the reading material, including posters, were in Cree.

"I'm very pleased to see this thing happening," he said. The Cree language in most schools in the south is almost lost. Keep up the good work," he added.

Owen Anderson, Regional Director General of Indian Affairs, congratulated the chief, the band council and the school committee for their efforts.

"Everyone in other reserves seems to recognize the outstanding job you have done," he said.

"All the children are obviously happy to have a new school," added Anderson.

Emile Korchinski, Director of Operations and Glen Sinclair, Regional Director of Education of Indian Affairs, presented a plaque to Chief Myles Venne which inscribed . . .

"in recognition of the dedicated efforts by the chief, the band council and the school committee . . . in the cause for development of Indian education . . . for future generations".

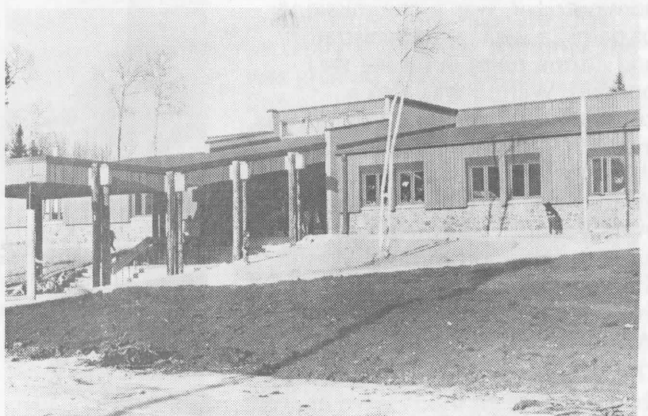
The central hallway is circular to reflect the Indian concept of the circle of life. In addition to the



"Official Opening". Chief James Myles Venne ready to cut the ribbon as Caroline Ratt looks on.



Wayne Ahenakew, FSI executive-secretary, congratulates Chief Myles Venne.



A full view of the new Kitsakik School.



Caroline Ratt, chairperson of the Kitsakik School Committee.

comfortable classrooms, the school has areas developed especially for cultural activities, library, Kindergarten, music, physical education, health-care and language instruction.

Surrounding the school is a large area of land set aside for outdoor activities.

In closing, Caroline Ratt, chairperson of the Kitsakik School Committee, said that it took four long years of strategic planning and many endless meetings to make this school a reality.

"I came out of the trap-line to be part of this historical occasion," she said.

Shortly after the opening concluded, everyone present was treated to delicious fried fish, wild rice and bannock.

Sally Charles was the master of ceremonies. Other guests included Steve Pooyak, F.S.I. 2nd vice-president; Ron Albert, F.S.I. 3rd vice-president; Alfred Montgrand, representing the Northern Lights School Division; Gary Cooper, the architect of the school, and Don Onclin from Public Works Canada. ■

BAY DAY IN SOUTHEND

by Deanna Wuttunee

The Hudson Bay Company in Southend has been established on the reserve in Northern Saskatchewan for the past 40 years and has never paid a cent to the band.

The band is considering evicting the employees and taking over the store, it was learned at the band council meeting, April 22.

The band council has approached the company officials who have refused to sell. The Bay has threatened to sue individual band members who have houses located on their land. The land in question is approximately one and a half acres, and has been under company ownership for "years and years", according to Winnipeg company official, Len Flett. ■

The band claims The Bay has no title to the land. "It must have been a verbal agreement. There is no band council resolution (BCR) on file with the federal Department of Indian Affairs," said Chief Joe Custer of the Peter Ballantyne Band. Southend is one of the six members of that band.

Without the BCR, the band considers any transfer of land to the company void and illegal.

"They might try to instigate court action against the band members just to be miserable but they have no legal leg to stand on," said Cornelius Ballantyne, councillor.



Felix Musqua looks on as Chief Joe Custer, Allan Bird and Johnny Jobb rap.



Chief Joe Custer and DIA official Ron Chambers.

Presently, Ron Cherkowitz, a lawyer retained by the FSI, and Leonard Kitchimonia, FSI consultant, are working together on the land entitlement issue and will possibly effect the sale of the store. The band is awaiting a report before making a decision.

Allan Bird, district representative for Prince Albert, reported on a similar situation on his reserve. Montreal Lake had leased land to a store for 99 years and when the term was up, did not renew the lease. There was an amicable termination of the arrangement and the band was able to buy the buildings for one dollar.

The Hudson Bay Company once held sway over settlements and people "owed their soul to the company store". Are these days over? ■

LAC LA RONGE BAND ELECTIONS

by Ken Loon

The Lac La Ronge band held their elections on May 11, 12, and 13. The ballots were counted May 14. James Myles Venne was re-elected as chief with 218 votes. Harry Cote was the closest contender with 209 votes.

The councillors are: Richard Halkett, Jacob Ratt, Thompson Halkett, James Halkett, Robert Halkett, Amos Roberts, Hilliard Mirasty, Mclvor Eninew, Joe Roberts, Rhoda Hardlotte, Tom McKenzie and Paul Charles.

TWO INDIAN STUDENTS TO RECEIVE BURSARY

Two Indian students will be awarded a bursary offered by S.O.R.T.I. (Services for Off-reserve Treaty Indians) in the city of Prince Albert.

The two recipients will be graduating from Carlton Comprehensive High School and St. Mary's High School.

This bursary will be in honour of the late John R. McLeod, a leader in the ongoing development of Indian Education.

John helped spearhead the Saskatchewan Force on Education which stopped the Master Tuition Agreements from being signed. These agreements would have been in direct conflict with the spirit and intent of the Treaties.

John was best known for his work with the Indian Cultural College from 1972 to 1980 where he was the Director of the Education Liaison Program.

In 1976, he had the awesome responsibility and honour of organizing the Centennial Commemorations of the signing of Treaty Six.

John R. McLeod, an elder in his own right, a teacher and a counsellor at the university level, was often approached by students for advice and critiques on their academic endeavors.

He was a philosopher of Indian Education who put life and meaning into the "Indian Control of Indian Education".

The criteria with this proviso is that the student must be a treaty Indian

residing in Prince Albert. He/she must have had active participation in sports and recreation as well as in scholastic achievements. ■

TEACHER TRAINING PROGRAM PROPOSED

by Glen M. Wasicuna

A proposal to establish a University Education Center at the Prince Albert Student Residence was raised with Prince Albert and District chiefs recently.

Jim Mireau of the Department of Education said, "the chiefs should seriously consider the proposal as anyone currently wanting teacher education has to travel to Regina."

The proposal included entrance requirements to treaty and non-treaty Indians through the minimum grade 10 or the mature student route. The Mature Student Entrance Exam could be written by a person 21 years of age or over regardless of grade completed. The program would initially be for potential teachers. Later, other courses could be offered leading to other degrees, utilizing instructors from the University of Saskatchewan and the University of Regina with monies possibly from existing federal and provincial agencies.

Surrounding reserves were seen as possible sources for use of facilities, schools and buildings required in the training. However, Mr. Mireau stated that "the program is in the talking stages and still wide open." ■

UNITY SOUGHT FOR POLITICAL CLOUT

by Glen M. Wasicuna

A united moral stand by the Prince Albert District Chiefs set the theme for a 3-day meeting held at Pelican Narrows, May 12th.

Chief Alvin Head of Red Earth urged the chiefs to support each other. He said, "We seek support and commitment from the other bands not in terms of dollars and cents but rather through the mechanics of identifying needs of the band in order to achieve more political clout."

Chairman Angus Maclean Assistant District Representative echoed the same sentiments and said, "the

main question here at the meeting seems to be how are we going to support the other chiefs?"

Acting Chief Bobby Bird from the Montreal Lake Band proposed a motion earlier in the meeting that "all bands support each other" which was met with unanimous approval by the attending chiefs. Included in the agenda were several representatives from Land Entitlement from the province of Saskatchewan, the department of education, executive reports from the Federation of Saskatchewan Indians, the Director General and Assistant District Manager for the Prince Albert and Economic Development from the Regional Office of the Department of Indian Affairs in Regina.

Host Chief Joe Custer revealed several projects for Pelican Narrows including revitalization of a summer resort located in the community and an upholstery shop to provide an employment opportunity for the band members and furniture at less cost. ■

CONSTRUCTION OF COMPLEX DELAYED

by Glen M. Wasicuna

A multi-purpose building proposed at the Cumberland House Band has been delayed temporarily as a result of a shortage of funds. Newly-elected chief Joe Laliberte told the Prince Albert and District chiefs that the construction of the building to provide recreation for the approximately 180 member band was scheduled to start in June. However, additional monies totalling \$50,000 was required by Chief Laliberte to complete the \$300,000 structure. The Department of Regional Economic Expansion has contributed \$250,000 towards the complex.

A further meeting with the representatives of the government and the band was to be held in Prince Albert. ■

COOL RECEPTION TO PROPOSAL

by Glen M. Wasicuna

A proposal to establish a basic carpentry skills course was met with a cool reception at the recent

meeting of the Prince Albert and District Chiefs meeting at Pelican Narrows.

Ron Albert, 3rd vice-president of the FSI announced the plans, scheduled to start June 2, 1981. The plans include a 15-day workshop in basic carpentry skills with the involvement of 4 members of the 6 districts. Titled the Project Management Training Program, Albert described it as a field test for Saskatchewan. The training package took 2 years to develop by the Institute for the Development of Indian Government (IDIG) in Prince Albert.

Danny Bellegarde of the Economic Resource Management of the FSI will facilitate the workshops with the site yet to be finalized. Funding for the \$30,000 project will evolve from a Band Staff Training Project of the federal government. Albert said, "If the pilot project is successful in its first year, then the following year all bands will be able to participate."

However, Chief Joe Laliberte from the Cumberland House Band questioned the criteria of the program and requirement of the participants. "The grade 10 requirement may prove to be a problem for those who have had years of experience. A carpenter with 15 years of practical experience has probably covered the basics that will be taught by the program."

Albert replied that, "a situation like that does not pose a problem," as far as he was concerned.

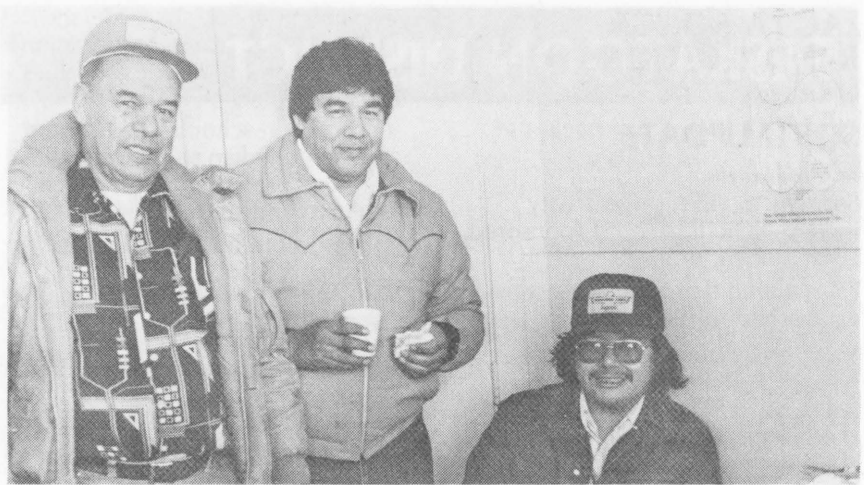
A stronger opinion expressed by the James Smith Band representative contended that "most of the reserves in the province have carpenters who have surpassed the objectives of the project through work experience and that a more advanced course will be more realistic."

Ron went on to explain that the project is available to those bands who require it and up to the chiefs to select the participants. ■

LAND ENTITLEMENT ISSUE IN SOUTHEND

by Deanna Wuttunee

The Southend Reserve is approximately 300 miles north of Prince Albert. It is one of six



Allan Bird and Felix Musqua, Clerk of the Executive Council, grab a bite with Southend members before flight home.

reserves that make up the Peter Ballantyne Band and has a population of 465 people. It has a land entitlement of 10,000 acres from the province. Southend made the initial selection of 350 acres. This selection is by the Deep Bay on Reindeer Lake and includes the site of a graphite mine. The province wants the band to select a larger portion of the 10,000 acres of land in a solid section. However, the band does not want the surrounding portion which, they say, is worthless.

The chief and council of Peter Ballantyne do not want to set a precedent for the other reserves; to take land that is offered by the province rather than land that has been chosen by the band. Although the band is under pressure from the mine owners to settle quickly, they are standing firm on their decision that it is up to the band to select land that is compatible to their way of life.

The graphite mine located on the proposed land selection is jointly owned by the Saskatchewan Mining Corporation and Superior Graphite of Chicago. The proposal for the land selection is presently under the scrutiny of the Saskatchewan Mining Development Corporation (CMDC).

The band also has a court injunction against the Saskatchewan Power Corporation (SPC) for the flooding of reserve lands at Southend. The flooding was caused by a dam at White Sands built by SPC in 1977. At that time, the province and the band entered into an agreement; should the band suffer flooding, it will be

compensated four acres for every acre flooded.

Therefore, the band can claim that particular section of land either through the land entitlement process or through their unique flooding compensation agreement. They plan to seek a decision from the Federation on this.

Southend has another ace up its economic sleeve. The only access to the ore body is through the island portion of the reserve a drawbridge to the mine.

To facilitate a road through the reserve, the mine owners have proposed a 10 percent partnership agreement to the band and the band's 10 percent equity will be \$2 million.

Ron Chambers an economic development officer of the Department of Indian Affairs has been requested to shop for possible grant or loan sources if the band decides to move in that direction.

Considerable discussion was spent on the pros and cons of entering into such a risky venture. The profits were weighed against the impact on nature and the health risks to the workers, especially when Indian people are susceptible to respiratory diseases.

Such were some of the decisions facing the Peter Ballantyne chief and council at their band meeting, April 22.

Furthermore, there are new policies these leaders must keep abreast of. A new policy coming from the province is that land selections with mineral contents must be completed by June, 1982. ■

SASKATOON DISTRICT

SORTI UPDATE

by Gloria Ledoux

Services to Off-reserve Treaty Indians (SORTI) is an FSI sponsored, LEAP funded, project.

FSI required that a service centre be established for treaty Indians living in the city of Prince Albert, to function in a manner similar to a band office in a reserve.

LEAP required that a training component be built into the funding arrangement. This training is designed to assist staff in their work by providing skills in areas such as communications, counselling and interview techniques, report writing and more. The training also allows the study of the various social resources available in Prince Albert. These services are to be utilized for clients where they do not exist within the DIAND or FSI programing. Such services will include the Indian/Metis Friendship Centres, Community Service Centres for such services as Helping Hands, Home Services, Consumer Education, Legal Aid, city recreation programs and facilities.

SORTI has six main program areas – education, housing, legal services, counselling, recreation and resource library/administration.

SORTI can be best described as an activity which will attempt to co-ordinate those service areas as previously listed. Lack of manpower and financial resources at this time does not allow for the development and delivery of social programs.

EDUCATION – obtaining educational assistance for students for in-school programs, post school or secondary education and vocational or skilled trades programs.

- Open up communication lines between schools and parents with a view to increased parental participation in the child's education.
- To resolve problem areas such as: learning difficulty situations, truancy and delinquency.
- Arrange for tutorial services and counselling.
- To promote and arrange for speakers on Indian topics, and/or Indian cultural presentations and

activities in schools where there is a large Indian student body. A positive presentation on Indian cultural and social values.

- To promote better understanding among the non-Indian and to ensure that the self-image of the Indian students is enhanced.
- To establish a school committee type body within the Prince Albert treaty Indian community which would make recommendations to Indian Government leaders and the federal and provincial governments in all matters relating to education.
- To insist and ensure that DIAND maintains total responsibility for all educational needs of treaty Indians. (DIAND continues to impose policies on off-reserve treaty Indians which jeopardizes their rights.)
- To work in co-operation with Indian Government leaders through their extended responsibility and authority for all band members regardless of their place of residence.

HOUSING – The problems Indian people face in this area are many. The major one, however, concerns extended families and the resulting overcrowded housing conditions. Landlords are well informed of this Indian characteristic and feel this is not good. Another problem is the lack of know how of basic house maintenance and repair.

- SORTI proposes to establish and maintain a working relationship with all agencies in Prince Albert which provide housing: low rental agencies, real estate companies and landlords. They propose to develop a registry of available housing and to keep that registry up to date. In this manner they think they can help the Indian families secure better housing.
- Inform Indian tenants of their rights as well as their responsibilities.

Although it is the right of individual Indians, of any culture, to live where they want, Indians often encounter discrimination in housing. Off-reserve programs through Indian Affairs are obsolete. Since 1974 there has been no revision to

accommodate interest rates.

Tenants are solely responsible for any repairs and improvements to a house.

Some Indians live off the reserve permanently while others migrate with great frequency. A large percentage live in slum housing. Many Indian families move into the cities for various reasons: better job opportunities, housing problems, a wider variety of education opportunities, health reasons, etc. The SORTI program employs three supervisors and seven trainees/field workers.

I am sure as Urban Indians become aware of SORTI's extended services, they will be a valuable asset to the community. They have opened doors for other centres to become involved in assisting Indians who are continually forced into moves to the cities. ■

QUEWEZANCE RE-ELECTED FOR SECOND TERM

by Gloria Ledoux

A landslide proclaimed Joe Chief for a second term when he pulled in 109 votes in his favor. Robert Kinniewess and Frank Yellowquill were unsuccessful in their bid for the Chief's position.

Out of a total of 398 eligible voters, 143 turned out to cast their ballots. Twenty-six candidates ran for the ten councillor positions. Successful candidates are as follows:

Henry Neapetung picked up 70 votes, Tiny Taysup with 66 votes, Marty Kishayinew with 56 votes, Angus Moose with 49 votes, Robert Neapetung with 48 votes, Steven J. Moose 45 votes, Fred Cheekinew 41 votes, Ethel Neapetung with 36 votes, Delvina Kewistep and Albert Pauchay each with 34 votes.

It was the wish of the Chief that any comments be kept strictly for his band members only.

Good Luck Joe in your reign as Chief. May you continue to uphold the confidence your band members have placed on you. ■



DUCK LAKE PRODUCES 11 GRADUATES

by Deanna Wuttunee

"Of all the teachings we receive
this one is the most important:

Nothing belongs to you
of what there is.

of what you take
you must share."

- by Chief Dan George

In a memorable occasion, 11 Indian students graduated from the Stobart High School in Duck Lake, May 8, amid an avalanche of joy, congratulations, encouragement and gifts from friends, relatives, teachers and the surrounding native community.

A special supper was held for the graduates at the Duck Lake Bella-drome by the Beardy's band council.

Federation Vice-president Doug Cuthand predicted a rapid economic growth for Saskatchewan in the coming '80s and the ensuing need for engineers, geologists, social science majors . . . that will arise from this growth. Indian people can help meet this need. He congratulated the students and parents and stressed the importance of Indian control of Indian education. He pointed out the great strides made by the Indian people of Saskatchewan with the establishment of the three colleges. Future plans are in the works to expand on career options in the health and law professions.

Bernice Hammersmith was also a guest speaker and extended her apologies for the absence of her husband, Jerry Hammersmith, Minister of Northern Affairs. She also conveyed his open invitation to the students to, "come and see him anytime you have problems."

Master of Ceremonies, Bill Cameron, shot the ball back into her court with comment, "Does that mean the Department of Northern Saskatchewan is going to hire all these graduates?"

The graduates were: Lester Bugler, Marilyn Gamble, Winston Bugler, Sandra Gamble, Russel Eyahpaize, Laurie Mike, Charles Gamble.



Happiness is GRADUATING!



Jake Mike.

Sandra Mike, Warren Gamble, Colleen Seesequasis and Wendall Michael. All are from the Beardy's Reserve except the Bugler brothers who are from Red Pheasant. But they have attended school in the Duck Lake community for the past few years. Chief Ralph Gardipy said, "They have almost grew up on my reserve. It is only a matter of giving them treaty numbers from Beardy's now."

The happy eleven are shooting for careers in nursing, medical science, fine arts, education, computer



Wendall Michael.



The graduating class of '81 at Stobart High.

science, R.C.M.P., and mechanics. Beardy's reserve must be doing something right.

Several private celebrations enhanced the goodwill flowing freely that evening. Corrine Bugler travelled from North Battleford to celebrate her graduation from Reeves Business College with her brothers. A wonderful day for mother, Julia Bugler! What better gift for Mother's Day from the graduates to their mothers!

Also present were several of the first graduates of Stobart High School, including Jake Mike.

Newly elected Chief Ralph Gardipy and wife, Debbie, gave individual gifts to all the graduates. Elder Lawrence Eyahpaise of the Beardy's Reserve gave the opening and closing prayers, adding that he was not ashamed to cry on joyous occasions like this.

The graduates moved on to the regular graduation program of Stobart High, which freed 26 graduates on an unsuspecting world. The program included the song, "I Have A Dream," sung by Cheryl and Connie Mike.

The Grand march began at about 11:00 p.m. It included 11 Indian leaders of the future, marching to the theme of "Forever Young." ■



The Bugler family – Winston, Julia, Corrine and Lester.





Dave Knight

DAVE KNIGHT GENERAL STORE OFFICIALLY OPENS

by Gloria Ledoux

Thursday, April 30th marked the grand opening of the Dave Knight General Store located on the Muskoday Indian Reserve centre. Approximately fifty visitors, friends and patrons gathered at the General Store. Mrs. Stan Hovdebo, the wife of the Progressive Conservative MP for Prince Albert cut the ribbon to officially open the store. Master of Ceremonies, Bob Latowski, an DIAND employee expressed his congratulation and how pleased he was to have been able to assist Knight in realizing his dream. He offered his services to anyone interested in opening up a business.

Rev. Mirian Switzer of Knox United Church of Shellbrook and Trinity United Church of Leask was also on hand to express her congratulations and best wishes for a prosperous business. She is also a member of the Shellbrook Legion. Warren Dittmer, business services officer and Emil Venne, development officer for the Department of Indian Affairs were on hand on behalf of Lance Ramsay, A/District Manager for Saskatoon District, who was unable to attend.

Doug Green, on behalf of the Legion members from the

Shellbrook branch congratulated Knight.

Rev. Waddington offered blessing and prayers. After a short prayer, Rev. Waddington stated he has learned many things from the Indian people. Don Guedo, Special Arda (DREE) welcomed band members and visitors adding he hopes to see more stores like this one open up. Mr. Guedo was instrumental in setting up the store and seeking financial funding. Chief David Knight welcomed visitors and band members. He thanked everyone for coming. Knight stated he would need the support of his band members and the surrounding area in order for his store to be a success. He could work his finger to the bone and it would not do any good if he did not have their support. In conclusion, Dave said, "Don't be afraid to buy lots." Mr. Knight had flyers sent out advertising his three day grand opening specials, not to mention the unadvertised specials throughout the store.

Dr. Owen Anderson, Reg. Director of Indian Affairs arrived to convey his message of good will and wishes for a successful operation.

Coffee was served inside the store after the official ribbon cutting ceremony.

THOMAS RE-ELECTED CHIEF

by Gloria Ledoux

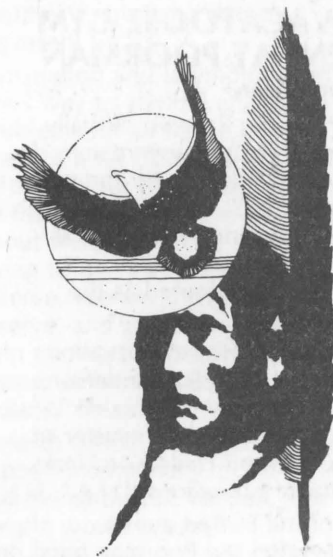
Residents of Chagonese Band went to the polls, Tuesday, April 28, to elect their new Chief and council.

Out of the seventy-three eligible voters, 60 band members cast their ballots, proclaiming Tony Thomas chief for a second term. Thomas picked up thirty votes in his favor. Bill Scott and Ron Lumberjack were unsuccessful.

Seven candidates contested the three council positions. Successful candidates were, Brian Thomas picking up thirty-six votes, Joe (Skinek) Scott with thirty votes and his sister, Eileen Thomas picking up twenty-nine votes. Manitoose Nippi, Albert Scott, Irene Scott and Bruce Smokeyday were not successful.

Chief Tony Thomas was unavailable for comment.

Congratulations Tony, may you enjoy your term as Chief.



TOUCHWOOD/FILE HILLS/ FORT QU'APPELLE DISTRICT



KAWACATOOSE GYM OPENS AT POORMAN

by Martha Ironstar

The Poorman Reserve officially opened their new gymnasium on April 20th, 1981, under the name of "Kawacatoose", meaning leanman in Cree. The name Poorman was derived from that word subsequently adopted as the reserve name.

Special guests for the occasion were F.S.I. Chief Sol Sanderson; Senator Sparrow, Honorable Gordon MacMurphy, minister of agriculture and Emile Korchinski, director of operations (D.I.A.N.D.).

Each of the invited guests commended the Poorman band on their recent achievement and wished them all the best in the future.

MacMurphy congratulated the chief, the band council and members of the Poorman Band for their dedication. "It's a proud day here on Poorman reserve and you all have a right to be proud," he said.

MacMurphy added that he wondered what the big sign

(KAWACATOOSE) meant.

"It's quite appropriate to have a recreative facility under that name, leanman. After all, recreation is an important part of the Indian people's lives," he said.

MacMurphy is looking forward to the Poorman band's plans for an indoor skating rink in the near future.

"I'll have a chance to knock the Poorman council down on their backsides, like they did to me in one hockey game," joked MacMurphy.

In his address to the audience, Emile Korchinski said, that the planning of the Kawacatoose recreation centre began in 1972 and only through relentless efforts of the four chiefs and councils that the building has become a reality. Korchinski said, "the realistic goals can be reached, but it does not mean they can be reached easily, as this is so far this building."

As a result of this achievement, it will undoubtedly encourage other projects such as recreation, social, cultural and educational activities in the community to develop. In fact,

there are plans for a construction of a new school adjacent to the new gym.

In addition to the existing band activities like recreation committee, pow-wow club, women's club, and the cultural enrichment program, the band has set up the Band Education Authority. The purpose of the BEA is to advise students of the various services available to them and to advise them on their career goals.

Korchinski told the audience, "it was not the federal or provincial governments that made this occasion possible, but the Poorman Band itself."

In closing, Korchinski presented a plaque to Chief Dustyhorn of the Poorman Band in commemoration of the official opening of the new gym. The plaque was inscribed with the names of chief and council dating back to 1972 and it read, "in recognition of the dedicated efforts of the chiefs and councils of the Poorman Band—1972-81."

A pipe ceremony was later performed by the elders Henry McKay, Fred Poorman, John Skeeboss, Chief Hilliard McNab with assistance from Richard Poorman.

To celebrate the occasion, dinner was served followed by a pow-wow.

Special mention should be made to the following people who worked so hard on this massive project: Chief Howard Dustyhorn; band councillors, Glen Worme, Richard Poorman, Bill Armstrong, Dexter Ascapace, Andy Favel; the district engineer for the Touchwood-File Hills-Qu'Appelle district; and last but not least, Barbara Ascapace, staff co-ordinator. ■

DISCUSS RE-STRUCTURE WITH SOUTHERN CHIEFS

by Martha Ironstar

F.S.I. President Sol Sanderson attended the April 8th District Chiefs meeting held at Fort Qu'Appelle. Sanderson and the Chiefs discussed the re-organization of the bands in Saskatchewan and the advantages of the new structure.

Sanderson said, "We want to share with you the approaches we are recommending. One of the difficulties we are experiencing at the district level is that the Department of Indian Affairs, in

1974/75 had their own guidelines on band administration district councils. We would like to stay away from the concept of Indian Affairs for organizing chiefs councils at district level. They have gone into detail on policies, and how chiefs have performed their duties at district level."

"Our position is that the F.S.I. structuring will be established at district level," he said.

"The other one is in re-organizing the structure of the F.S.I. as far as programming and projects are concerned and wherever the bands selectively decide to take over a program or project, we would like to be consistent with positions. To make sure that the Federal Government clearly spells out its obligations under the treaties, before there are any takeover of program areas," according to Sanderson.

F.S.I. avoids interfering with individual band affairs, unless requested. They are working with 11 bands assisting in structuring of their Indian Government at present.

"We are basically governed by the same conditions under treaty," Sanderson stated, "Every chief, band and individual have certain conditions that we have to live by regardless of our locations, because of those conditions clearly spelled out for us under the treaties."

"We are trying to set up the administration along with the Chiefs. The district level is where we are looking to more formally implement the treaties. The F.S.I., up to now, has been working to protect the treaties. What we are finding is that the governments are going ahead and implementing, administration in other directions," said Sol.

"A lot of the stuff they are implementing goes against the treaties. What we would like to see happen at district levels and band level is that we start taking some formal steps to determine how we are going to implement the treaties. In a lot of cases, we don't really have to ask the Government, to take those formal steps. We can take them ourselves, and get the implementation underway," said Sanderson.

Within the Chart of the FSI restructure there are four main areas; social, economic, education

and political development boards. At the national level the National Indian Brotherhood is phasing out and is transferring over a period of two years. Transition is from the N.I.B. to Assembly of First Nations. The Assembly of First Nations is made up of all chiefs in Canada. At the next conference in Quebec City, we will be formalizing the Chiefs Council of First Nations consisting of a council of 52 people.

The interim appointment to the chiefs council is Felix Musqua. "What we have tried to do is structure it so that the chiefs office is the centre of power," said Sanderson.

The other concern is that the chiefs are busy. We would like to add to the chiefs office at the community level. Under treaty we have committed four headmen positions besides the chief on each reserve. We would like to see the bands elect their four headmen along with their chief, he added.

The additional four-headmen will be there to strengthen the Chiefs office. Each would be elected for a specific portfolio. One headmen for each area of social, economic, education and political development . . . This is the recommendation . . . ■

REGINA TREATY INDIAN RESIDENTS MAY FORM COMMITTEE

by Martha Ironstar

Student Leslie Goforth addressed the Regina district chiefs recently. Leslie said, "I've seen educated guys from the city return to the reserve and they are either hauling water or cutting wood. Indian people are not living in the city trying to become rich. They are looking for a better way of life. They want employment and recreation. I know the reserve does not meet these needs. That's the way it is for a lot of people."

A District Chiefs meeting on April 7th, provided an opportunity for John Rockthunder, Dale Kennedy and Leslie to express their concerns, as representatives of Regina treaty Indian residents.

They requested support from the T.W.F.H.Q. Chiefs to establish a 'guiding committee' which is to be made up of both chiefs and Regina resident treaty Indians. This

committee will represent members from various bands in southern Saskatchewan, who are interested in improving the image of treaty Indians in the city of Regina.

To achieve their goal, which is to identify problem areas affecting urban Indians, and to deal with the social and economic problems facing them, the 'guiding committee' will require the assistance and guidance of the district chiefs. The committee will not be a political group but will be made up of people who are interested only in the social and economic problems encountered. "A combined effort is required to come to terms with the gradually increasing problems between reserve residents and off-reserve residents in Saskatchewan," stated John Rockthunder.

Representative Leslie Goforth said, "one of the things I experienced is my loss of being able to vote in band elections on my reserve. Recently, I was allowed to vote because I was still in university. But 40% of off-reserve residents were not allowed to vote. Out of 1,000 band members 10 councillors were elected. There are 400 people living in the city from my reserve, and each councillor is to represent 100 people. There is no one to represent us."

"Frustration and unemployment gives way to alcohol and drug problems for all native people. There is a lot of elders who move to the city for the winter months, so that they don't have to worry about water or wood. We're not trying to pull away from the reserve. We are trying to help the reserve, and get the reserves to help us. We can become one again, instead of being classified as "urban Indians," he said.

Goforth added, "This situation didn't happen intentionally. If the reserve had the resources needed, a lot of people would return."

The committee will not act as a referral service. It will be a helping hand to people who move to the city to achieve educational or employment goals.

Dale Kennedy was representing the students at Federated College in Regina. He said if the committee is formed it would be a great asset in eliminating problems such as drop-outs, monetary hardships, suicides and other serious problems the

students have encountered in the past.

Kennedy said, "There are 250 students registered for this semester. The Chiefs in this district are arranging long-term funding to help them. We are going to need a strong committee to ensure the students are funded properly, instead of experiencing what we went through for the past couple years. To do that we need the District chiefs' support."

Mr. Rockthunder said, "We need a combined effort to eliminate these problems."

Chiefs at the meeting responded favorably, but asked for further definition and discussion. ■

KEN THOMAS DISCUSSES S.I.A.P. POLICY

by Martha Ironstar

Ken Thomas, as manager attended the district chiefs meeting on March 11, to discuss Saskatchewan Indian Agriculture Program policy. He stated the policy is rules and regulations to be followed when individuals and bands make application. The changes come largely from the District Chiefs meeting.

Two weeks ago S.I.A.P. received approval to continue to operate for another four years. There has also been a change of chairman from Lester Lafond to Gerry Starr.

S.I.A.P. is presently doing a study on IDF loans. In Saskatchewan a very high percentage of loans are in the area of agriculture. This study is to resolve if S.I.A.P. is to be responsible for IDF loans. Thomas said hopefully we can use some of the recommendations from the study.

Murdock McKay outlined the proposal, elaborating on funding policy - S.I.A.P.'s and contributions, concerning off-reserve Land Purchase Policy.

Since Reserves have a limited agricultural land base, the Saskatchewan Indian Agriculture Program shall assist the establishment of Indian farmers on suitable agricultural land off the reserve.

- On-going and well established farmers with five years farming experience and/or with proven management ability, shall be eligible to qualify for assistance

under this policy.

- The applicant must provide 10% cash equity on the appraised value of the land to be purchased.
- The applicant shall be eligible for up to 75% of the normal costs of land development (calculated on cultivated acreage) and infrastructure, to a maximum of \$50,000.
- 50% of the above eligible amount shall be offered at approval and the balance of the 50% shall be earned over the next five year period at a rate of 10% per annum.
- The applicant must sign an agreement that he will not sell the land for a ten-year period or all or a portion of the above contributions shall be repayable. A caveat or second mortgage shall be taken on all lands purchased under this policy.
- The applicant will be expected to arrange the balance of his financing from the regular lending institutions, banks, credit unions, farm credit corporation, etc.
- Total cumulative contributions cannot exceed amount outlined in program. (i.e. individual \$100,000) (band/co-op, etc, \$240,000.) ■

PRESS RELEASE STATES "ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGES-COSTS WILL OCCUR TO VALLEY RESERVES"

by Martha Ironstar

The Qu'Appelle Valley Development Authority released information recently regarding environmental study on the conveyance project. The information read "environmental damages and costs will occur to the Indian reserves in the Qu'Appelle Valley as a result of a 6.2 million dollar water conveyance project already partially completed by the federal and Saskatchewan governments".

The Q.V.D.A. is represented by 6,000 treaty Indians and eight bands. The project will result in the loss of river frontage, the alteration of reserve boundaries and the isolation of reserve land.

The study conducted on behalf of

the Indian organization by a private environmental consulting firm also stated that the project would have potentially devastating effects on the sports fishery in the Qu'Appelle Valley and, further, would increase bottomland flooding on reserve land.

The study also called into question the benefits of the project claimed by provincial officials.

"The primary benefits of enhanced water supply, flood control, water quality improvements and increased flexibility in operations will likely not be conveyed to Valley residents as a result of conveyance improvements", the study stated. It further noted that "the project, as currently designed and promoted, is probably not the best solution to the problems at hand".

Chief Roland Crowe, President of the Qu'Appelle Valley Indian Development

Authority, representing the eight bands on this issue, stated that "when we were requested by provincial officials to surrender our land for project easements, we had a number of concerns and questions which could not be answered at that time. This study confirms our original fears about the project".

He also stated, "the Indian people in the Qu'Appelle Valley are not opposed to development. I want to make that clear". However, he continued, "when a project such as this is almost forced upon the Indian people under threat of expropriation and when there are no benefits, just damages, then we become very concerned".

Chief Crowe also added that, "those individuals who place their faith in the completion of the project, should seriously question their stand".

The study also stated that there were a number of concerns about the project that had not been given sufficient consideration by the proponents of the project.

It also noted that there had been no meaningful participation by Valley bands into the decision-making process for developments in the Qu'Appelle Valley. "Indian governments have been offered less than a nominal advisory role to date, while at the same time being requested to support activities which create uncertain or unknown net benefits on their land", the

study said.

The economic justification for the project was also criticized by the study. "Although costs are not fully evaluated, the project already has a benefit cost ratio of 1 to 2.76. In simple terms this means that for every dollar of benefits, a cost of \$2.76 will have to be incurred. On the basis of federal treasury board guidelines alone, this project would be rejected," the study said.

When asked about the next step the Qu'Appelle Indian Development Authority would take with regards to the project, Chief Crowe replied, "the Conveyance project is part of the multi-million dollar Qu'Appelle Subsidiary Agreement sponsored by the governments of Canada and Saskatchewan. The Authority has initiated a series of steps to renegotiate the Agreement. This project will be one of the many items discussed in those negotiations", Crowe said. ■

IMPACT OF CONVEYANCE SYSTEM ON VALLEY INDIAN RESERVES

by Martha Ironstar

An April 10th meeting held by Qu'Appelle Valley Development Authority centered on the impact and concerns of the Qu'Appelle River Conveyance System, and the reserves involved.

Mr. Arnold Kremer of Rieber-Kremers & Associates, reviewed with the Q.V.D.A., the background of the study, and the results and discussions held with the provincial and federal governments.

Representing the Valley Bands were: Herb Strongeagle, Assistant District Rep.; Q.V.D.A. President Roland Crowe; Chief Melvin Isnana, Standing Buffalo; Chief Louis Taypotat of Kahkewistahaw; Acting Chief-Councillor, Bruce Delorme, Cowessess reserve; and Chief Richard King of Sakimay reserve.

Each representative voiced his present problems on his particular reserve. Chief Melvin Isnana expressed concern that provincial officials threatened expropriation of Indian lands if they didn't give up their easement rights and redevelop the conveyance system.

The boards were advising expropriation of lands, but the Indians who sat on the board decided not to participate. "I feel

we are not part of the decision-making", said Isnana.

"Although we have received letters from provincial and federal governments stating there will be no expropriation, Indians have been excluded from available funds in the agreement, and municipalities have been receiving water/sewer treatments from it", he said.

"Pasqua reserve sits in one of the most beautiful geographical areas", said Chief Lindsay Cyr.

"Economically it has the most potential to be developed. Water pollution is our main concern, as the algae content is going to be increased. My two main areas of concern are economic development and water pollution. I also share Chief Isnana's concerns".

Acting Chief-Councillor of Cowessess reserve, Bruce Delorme, said that they also have not received any dollars from the agreement.

"My main concern is within the cultural aspects, as the sweetgrass, valuable vegetation, and black roots used by the Elders, have been damaged by poor water control, and will be completely destroyed by river re-channelling.

"The Conveyance System will result in the loss of land we now use for agriculture. We would like to see the environment preserved and more Indian input in the Qu'Appelle Development."

"The signing of Treaty 4 validates Sakimay reserve as our home territory", said Chief Richard King.

"The Qu'Appelle river Conveyance System will affect the quality of water and the revenue made by our recreational facilities. Another great concern is that there has been no consultation with us whatsoever concerning decision-making".

Kahkewistahaw chief, Louis Taypotat, stated, "I have been a Chief for eight years and I'm part of the Qu'Appelle Development Board. I feel when I try to voice my concerns, I get knocked down right away. The implementation board takes advice from other people. I didn't agree with the expropriation of lands. I attended a district Chiefs meeting where I voiced my concerns. I felt avoided and knocked down again by the Qu'Appelle Valley Advisory Board."

"This should not happen if they want to deal with lands in Treaty areas", he continued. "We

represent 16,000 Treaty Indians in this area. When we formed this board in 1979, I felt very proud of the developments that happened since."

"We want terms and conditions for our land; we want economic development for our Indian people", said Chief Taypotat.

Piapot chief, Roland Crowe, said, "In summary, the Chiefs expressed concerns in these four areas:"

- No benefits within the agreement for Indian people and their reserves.
- No money available for Indian Bands; no Economic Development; no Community Development; no Recreation money.
- We want, as Indians, as Chiefs, input in the changes that are occurring within our lifestyle, and economic development of Indian people within these Bands.

"We want the implementation board members, as Indian people, that we are not against development, but we would like to participate. If development has taken place through federal/provincial funds adjacent to reserves, we want access to those monies."

Chief Crowe continued, "right now there is no avenue for economic development for reserves. Who is benefitting? Urban places, like Regina and Moose Jaw who have received water treatments. Changes are taking place outside reserves. This should be happening also within reserves.

Crowe stated, "the conveyance project does not benefit us, and the study does not state exactly who the beneficiaries are. There are a number of things that they are going to deal with before they implement the Conveyance System within reserves".

- Discuss re-negotiations for our benefits.
- Past damages (areas where we believe man-made controls have caused damages).

"Politicians have been badly informed about occurrences within Qu'Appelle Valley Development. We are prepared to sit down with federal/provincial governments and discuss the 'real issues' ", said Crowe. "We have done our homework and we are prepared to negotiate.

When asked how they are responding to this situation, Crowe

replied, "within the political area they are receptive; within the Civil Service area they are not."

The Conveyance System involves the Craven, Fishing Lakes, including Piapot and Muscowpetung reserves. The major stretch is within the Crooked Lake, Round Lake area, including Cowessess and Kahkewistahaw reserves.

The Last Mountain and Assiniboine rivers will be re-channelled. ■

R.C.M.P. RECRUITING TEAM TO VISIT RESERVES IN TOUCHWOOD/FILE HILLS/QU'APPELLE AREA

by Martha Ironstar

A recruiting team from Headquarters in Regina will be visiting reserves in the Touchwood/File Hills/Qu'Appelle area during the months of May and June.

Presentations will be on the R.C.M.P. Constable and the Indian Special Constable Program. Anyone interested, and 19-50 years of age, will be considered for the program and is encouraged to attend.

In a brief on the Indian Special Constable Program, it said, "the Task Force set up by D.I.A.N.D. and the position papers put forth by the Federation of Saskatchewan Indians resulted in considerable discussion and numerous meetings in an attempt to find an alternative or improved method of policing Indian Reserves.

A meeting in Prince Albert on August 2, 1972, attended by representatives of the F.S.I., D.A.G., R.C.M.P., and Indian Affairs, considered three forms of policing recommended by the Task Force.

I think it is fair to say that all groups agreed at this meeting that the special Constable Program, or Task Force 3B Option, as it was also called, was the best alternative and it was decided to proceed with this Program.

The office of the Attorney-General, in a memorandum, defined the purpose of the program as:

- To provide improved policing service to Indian Reserves and Indian people by the employment of Indian Special Constables.
- To commence a program whereby Indian people will be policed to a considerable extent

by their own people under the supervision and direction of experienced R.C.M.P. personnel.

- To develop and create a feeling and subsequent acceptance by Band Councils and native people of a greater responsibility for law enforcement on Indian Reserves and amongst Indian people.
- To establish a vehicle (the Indian Constable) for better communication and understanding between the police and Indian people generally.
- To provide an opportunity for Indian individuals interested in law enforcement to receive training and experience as police constables with a view of a career as fully qualified police constables, with the same opportunities as are available to personnel of the R.C.M.P. or any other Police Force. ■

KAHKEWISTAHAW HOSTS MEMORIAL POW-WOW

by Martha Ironstar

The Kahkewistahaw band held a pow-wow on April 17th in memory of the late Corky Rosebluff. Dancers and singers from across Canada and the United States gathered at Kahkewistahaw arena to participate in this event.

Announced by Mike Pinay, a well-known pow-wow announcer, the pow-wow featured events in competitions, exhibition and hoop dances, and traditional dances. Friends and relatives of the late Corky Rosebluff will always remember the invaluable contributions he made to the Indian people. A special thought in the minds and hearts of all Indian people will take place as the Indian dancing and singing carries on during all celebrations. This great man walked and lived in the Indian traditions and will always be remembered in this way.

An air of respect and reverence was taken as former Chief of Kahkewistahaw, Bill Francis, also passed away on the Easter weekend. A veteran of the Second World War, Bill was chief from 1953-1973. His successor, Chief Louis Taypotat, mentioned, "he was a great leader from this reserve. I learned from him a great deal

about the Indian ways. He will be sadly missed".

Mr. Pat Adams, a veteran from Montana, U.S.A., was selected to speak on behalf of all veterans during the occasion.

Mr. Adams said, "that's what the younger people need to do today. Learn those ways, because our older people are not going to be around forever".

Adams sang a song in his native language, a song which is sung only for a chief and "which fits this occasion", he said.

"The word, KAHKEWISTAHAW, is a Cree word meaning flying in a circle, as an eagle flies in a circle", said Adams. "The song I am going to sing says,

*Flying in a circle
all my friends
always remember me
for I have done
the best I could
for you people.
Mr. Bill Francis
said this,
and now
he is gone . . .* ■

GORDON'S UPGRADING STUDENTS ACCOMPLISH 10-11

by Martha Ironstar

Let's take an adult as an example, living on an average reserve in Saskatchewan. With the social conditions the way they are, one begins to wonder if anything is going to happen for the better. You try to figure things out, but you can't leave the reserve because you don't have the qualifications to find a decent job in the city or town.

Upon leaving your band office from picking up your welfare cheque, a paper on the wall catches your eye. It says "anyone interested in upgrading classes, leave your name below". With great enthusiasm you scribble your name on the already long list of names.

At home you are waiting . . . for the date to arrive when the interview will be held at the band office. Inside you feel so much better, it's something to look forward to . . .

Anyone from the reserve knows this feeling too well. There are

many ups and downs with life on the reserve.

The Gordon's reserve chief and council have given their people an opportunity to upgrade their education for the past few years.

The Gordon's reserve upgrading class started on November 17, 1981 and ran till April 17th, concluding

with a banquet at the student residence.

The class of 10-11 upgrading students studied the areas of Indian Studies, Algebra, Mathematics 10, Biology 11, English (communications), Science 10, and Economics 11.

These students, as well as the

upgrading classes in Fishing Lake, Pasqua and Muskowekwan reserves, should be given heartfelt recognition for their accomplishments. For an adult, life on the reserve today is a difficult one and participation in classes of this type shows they are improving their education and career goals. ■

YORKTON DISTRICT

NO STORIES — reporter position vacant at time of publication of this issue.

Poetry

An Indian Prayer FOR SALE

One Cross - Nearly New.

I cannot carry it and keep
up with the world.

One talent - New and unused
but shelfworn -

It has lain away for many a
year.

One five piece set of Christian
armour - pieces only need
polishing.

Unscarred since I'm at peace
with the devil.

One bundle of Christian
opportunities - priceless, but
I have no time for them.

One badly used Christian
influence. It is doubtful if
it can be repaired.

One praying knee - it has not
been used since I grew
a dancing foot.

One slightly used bible -
very useful BUT SINCE WE
GOT T.V. — WE JUST DON'T
HAVE TIME TO USE IT.

George Paul
One Arrow Band



WHEN THE WORLD TURNS BLEAK AND GREY

Let me be there, until the
sunshine comes back.

When the burden of worry
gets too big,

Let me carry it, until you are
strong enough.

When the hate for the world
gets too much,

Let me love, until hate is
beaten back.

When the tears cannot come,
Let me cry for you, for such is
the love, I feel, I'll stand against
the world for you.

SHEREE

AN INDIAN PRAYER

O'Great Spirit - let me walk
in beauty, and make my eyes
ever behold the red and
the purple sunset.

Make my hands respect the things
you have made and my ears
sharp to hear your voice.

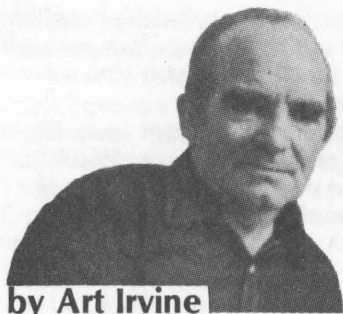
Make me wise so that I may
understand the things
you have taught my people.

Let me learn the lessons you
have hidden in every
leaf and rock.

I seek strength, not to be
greater than my brother,
but to fight my greatest enemy -
myself.

Make me always ready to come
to you with clean hands
and straight eyes.

George Paul
One Arrow Band



by Art Irvine

VIEWPOINT VIEWPOINT VIEWPOINT

I often wonder about the origin of the Indians of the Americas. Some arrived via islands across ocean routes. Most probably walked down through the Bering Strait into what is now known as the North West Territories. The Bering Strait was land in early times. Because of the harsh climate and curiosity, Indian people moved south-ward. In time they became scattered from the northern part of North America to the extreme southern tip of South America. They brought with them many languages, cultures and customs. Indian origins appear to be mainly Asiatic. Indian languages may have other beginnings. The possibility of others making their way to the Bering Strait existed and where possibilities exist, they occur. Early Indian settlements sometimes showed evidence of advanced cultures for that particular period of their history. Indians appear to have lived in the Americas for at least 18,000 years, perhaps longer. They are truly the first citizens of our country.

During the early days of Canada our first citizens ate lean healthy meat from buffalo, moose, elk, caribou and other animals. They ate fish from crystal clear lakes and streams. They ate berries and other fresh fruits. Indian corn, turnips, potatoes, other vegetables, nuts and seeds existed from early times. Indians drank fresh water and breathed fresh air. They received healthy exercise through hunting, travelling and combating the elements. Hospitals did not exist. Babies were brought into the world under trying circumstances. Care for the sick was difficult. The strong and fit survived. The result under such circumstances was inevitable—Indians have superior qualities. Doctors observe that Indian babies have an extra-ordinary ability to survive. This suggests superior physical qualities.

A few years ago the results of the Gordons Boxing Club came to my

attention. They were winning more Provincial Championships than any other organization and I was curious as to the reason. I learned that Bill Starr, the administrator of the Gordons Residential School, organized the club.

I went to Bill and told him how excited and proud I was of their records and asked how the results were achieved. Bill looked at me without replying, but I persisted. He finally said, "Art, I'd tell you but you wouldn't believe me anyway."

Now I was curious. The Club obviously used superior coaching methods. I informed Bill that if his methods were trade secret I understood, but I would like to know.

"When Indian youth receive good food, rest and exercise, they are superior athletes," he told me. "It's as simple as that."

Bill told me about his experiences across the country. He found that with good food, rest and exercise, Indian youth achieved dramatic results.

The observations of doctors, the experiences of Bill Starr, my own observations in years of working with Indian people and other evidence, clearly indicates Indian people have superior qualities. With aggressive life styles, generations of nutritious food, unpolluted air and water, healthy exercise, and in a situation where only the strong and fit survive, no other result is possible.

If Indian people have superior qualities and they have, what is the cause of their present problems?

In my opinion present problems are due to circumstances and attitudes.

When the Europeans came to this country with their guns, beads, whisky and technical know-how, Indian people were impressed. They welcomed them as their white brothers and often helped them survive the harsh Canadian winters. When it became obvious that the Europeans were taking over, buffalo herds were being depleted and the Indian way of life was being destroyed, Indian people stood valiantly in defense of their lands but were no match for the modern

weapons and organizational tactics of the Europeans. A proud people were defeated, humiliated and confined to the reservation. Confusion and a sense of inferiority is not a surprising result.

Indian people lost their land because of the superior weapons of the enemy, the might of European Empire builders, and the never ceasing flow of European immigrants. They were destined to lose the war no matter how many battles they won. They lost their lands because of circumstances, not because of inferior qualities as individuals. It is tragic that alcohol, drugs, junk food and an inferiority complex cause many Indian people to lose their superior qualities as individuals.

It is not surprising that as Indian youth learn the story of what happened, they often reach the conclusion that, "the white men stole our land and owe us a living." There is considerable logic in that opinion but it presents unsurmountable problems. When individuals believe that Government or society owes them a living their chances of succeeding in this competitive world is greatly diminished.

This self-defeating attitude prevails among Indian youth and non-Indian youth alike and is one of the tragedies of our time. It is so easy to turn to alcohol and drugs in periods of depression and despair, after you have decided against using your own initiative to acquire the good things of life.

The very young must be reached before they become hooked on alcohol and drugs, before they decide that Government and society owes them a living and before they decide on a course of destruction against society and themselves.

How should youth programming be carried out?

You do not help people by telling them what to do. The key is to encourage them to think things out for themselves.

Youth should think things out for themselves. They should be encouraged to make their own decisions at the earliest possible age.

How can this be achieved?

For every important decision in their life, youth should be encouraged to take an empty piece of paper, draw a line down the

center, place the advantages on one side and the disadvantages on the other, until it becomes obvious what they should do. They should use this decision making process until they find a better method. Then by all means, they should change.

The most brilliant people on earth are the young, before they learn hate, bias, prejudice and greed, before they become dependent on alcohol and drugs, and before they decide that Government and society owes them a living. We continue to underestimate them.

There are hundreds of instances which clearly illustrate the very young and brilliant, this is but one example.

One fall I attempted to start a 4-H Garden Club. Over 100 youth were turning up at the meetings but there were problems. I could only hold their attention for about 15 minutes before they grew restless. I advised them that we would discuss this problem at our next meeting, in the meantime they were to think about it.

At the next meeting I again explained the situation and asked for their guidance and direction. There was some silence before a nine-year old girl spoke up. "Mr. Irvine, we can't listen to you for two hours at a time."

As she spoke the words I knew how right she was and I was dumbfounded. Here was a nine-year old Indian girl who clearly understood the situation, while I with my vast experiences, world travel and University Degree had been incapable of figuring it out. This situation happens over and over again when dealing with youth.

While I knew the nine-year old was right I didn't know what to do about it.

"I can't drive all the way out from Regina and speak for 15 minutes," I ventured.

"We could dance," another little girl replied.

This is incredulous I thought. I'm here to organize a garden club and they are suggesting we dance.

"What kind of dances," I inquired.

"Indian dances," said one of the older boys, in a tone suggesting I must be stupid for not knowing that, "or disco he added," as he noted my unresponsive look.

I knew less about disco than Indian

dances and it showed.

We could play floor hockey added another youngster while looking around the gym.

Or throw the basketball through the hoop volunteered another.

By this time I was thoroughly confused. Either they were crazy or I was. Experience has taught me that youth repeatedly provide obvious answers to obvious questions.

"I'll think about your suggestions and write you before the next meeting," I told them as we closed the meeting.

The kids helped me put away the chairs and clean up. They always did even though they were never asked to. They helped me load my equipment into the car. "They are remarkable," I thought as I drove off into the night, "too bad I don't understand them."

The kids knew how much I paid for my Toyota Celica, how long I had it, the wheel base, the horse-power rating, the gas mileage, how fast it would go and all about it. "They sure ask a lot of questions," I mused.

Frost crackled underneath the turning wheels. A full moon shadowed the brilliance of the hoarfrost hanging from the trees. Millions of stars twinkled throughout the midnight sky.

"Dance," I muttered, "what next?"

After considerable thought I decided to try it their way. I wrote each member a letter advising them I would bring my hi-fi to the next meeting. From that time, at rallies and evening meetings, we discuss for 15 minutes, dance for 15 and repeat the performance. This way youth remain receptive all the way. After dancing they return to their chairs within seconds. They are amazing.

When we find a better method. We will use it.

In schools I lecture 50 minutes like everyone else and use inventive methods to break the monotony. Whenever I am in trouble the kids straighten me out. They allow mistakes as long as they believe I really care. If you do not care, you are in trouble.

If I continue to work with Indian youth I will reach unparalleled brilliance, not because of what I teach them but because of what they teach me. After all they are super kids from a super-race. ■



AFFIRMATIVE ACTION APPRENTICESHIP FOR NORTHERNERS

"Journeyman plumbers wanted"

Here is a chance for men and women with mechanical ability and a desire to work to train to become journeymen plumbers through apprenticeship.

Apprenticeship is an ideal way to receive training as the learning takes place right on the job so that you earn while you learn. An apprentice is paid a percentage of a journeyman's pay, 40% initially, and more the longer you work.

This program is open only to Indian and native people who live north of the Department of Northern Saskatchewan line. All the work will be in northern Saskatchewan on a variety of construction projects.

A tradesman must be prepared to follow the work around by going from project to project as the work in his trade comes open. This means that time is spent away from home, but a tradesman can often earn enough in seven or eight months of work to live for the whole year.

It is thought that in the coming years there will be a high demand for skilled tradesmen, and this program offers an excellent opportunity for Indian and native people to receive qualifications and experience in the plumbing trade.

If you: are mechanically inclined, have a desire to work, are mobile, and are interested in plumbing as a career, this program could be for you.

For further information and application forms, write or call:

Vern Bachiu

Piping Industry Affirmative

Action Training Program

Box 3085

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

S7K 3S9 244-4444, extension 28 ■



S/CST. M.F. Crookedneck



S/CST. P.L. Dubois



S/CST. I.L. Pelletier

NEW CHARLIE'S ANGELS???

On May 7, 1981 a troop of Indian Special Constables graduated from the R.C.M.P. Academy in Regina. The following Saskatchewan residents were members of the troop.

Special Constable Ivy PELLETIER. Ivy is originally from Yorkton and has been posted to Pelly Detachment.

Special Constable Maphena CROOKEDNECK. Maphena is originally from Loon Lake, and has been posted to Blaine Lake Detachment.

Special Constable Patricia DUBOIS. Patricia is originally from Regina and has been posted to Punnichy Detachment.

Another R.C.M.P. Indian Special Constable troop commenced training on April 27, 1981 and are scheduled to graduate on August 6, 1981. The three Saskatchewan people in the troop are all from Patuanak. They are: Angeline CAMPBELL, Mary TCHO and Doreen JOHN.

There are vacancies in the program and those interested in applying can contact their local R.C.M.P. Detachment or our Native Policing Section in Regina (Sgt. Terry HLUSKA/Special Constable Jack McLEAN - Telephone 359-6457). ■

EMPLOYMENT ORIENTATION PROGRAM (REVIEW & UPDATE)

- submitted by
Marlyn Obey (E.O.P. student)

In 1979 a new program was introduced at the Saskatchewan Indian Federated College. The first pilot, called the Employment Orientation Program (EOP) began its six-month trial period with an enrollment of 10 students.

Employment Orientation Program was open to all those of native ancestry (status, non-status & metis) living within the province. Canada Employment and Immigration provided a living allowance of \$680 a month for these students.

Since 1979 the program is now running into its successful year operating with 15 students per four month term. This slight change allows for two programs to run within a year. Graduation for this years first term students is scheduled for May 15 at the

Landmark Inn in Regina.

Employment Orientation Program consists of four areas that interace one another to create a different outlook towards employment opportunities. These four areas are: Psychological Lifeskill, Job and Study Skills, Indian Studies 100, which gives one university credit. Also included is the two-week job training session where students are sent out to various organizations and companies within the community. The purpose for the two-week job training period is to let students gain insights towards job conditions and standard which are important to survive in today's structured society. Because of its all native enrollment the emphasis on Indian Culture and Tradition is clearly evident. Indian Studies 100 covers history to present day Indian Society. Traditional Elders are often brought into the classroom to speak of religious/traditional values. Jim Ryder the Federated College elder is often invited to the lifeskills morning class to pass on some of his knowledge.

Future hopes for the Employment Orientation Program would be an expansion of the program to reserve level society. Sylvia Walsh, program director, has stated a proposed experimental phase will take place in January, 1982, possibly in the File Hills district. This expansion introduces the ideals of the Employment Orientation Program to the reserve level. The program emphasis is to develop positive self-concepts of Cultural Identity and the gaining of self-confidence in the pursuit of individual careers. It also provides the reserve level society to take a look at urbanized ways of life.

In addition to this move another project will be underway and this is to offer professional training to Indians to teach the Employment Orientation Program courses on the reserve. The training of the Indian instructors will take place at the University of Regina. The success of the experimental phase of the Employment Orientation Program on the reserve will determine when this professional training will begin.

Application forms for the Employment Orientation Program are available at the Saskatchewan Indian Federated College. For more information telephone (306) 584-8333. ■

NATIONAL INDIAN MEDIA CONFERENCE

submitted by
Patrick McDonnell
SIFC

The Fifth National Indian Media Conference, held in Spokane Washington on May 4-6, 1981 attracted some 300 delegates from across Canada and the United States. There were delegates from Alaska and Hawaii. Canadian participation was high. The only districts not represented were the Yukon and the Maritimes. If they were in attendance they weren't noticeable.

Delegates from Saskatchewan included Edgar Thomas, Ted Whitecalf and Donna Phillips from the FSI Media/Communications Program, Ron Albert from the Federation of Saskatchewan Indians and myself, representing the Saskatchewan Indian Federated College. Delegates consisted of writers, editors and publishers of Indian newspapers and magazines to producers of Indian radio and T.V. programs, films and feature films.

Co-sponsors of the conference were the Native American Public Broadcasting Consortium (NAPBC) and the American Indian Film Institute (AIFI). The seventy-five dollar conference fee entitled the average delegate to all conference sessions, a banquet and dance, an open air salmon barbecue and a farewell lunch.

Conference sessions were informative and well organized but the schedule was heavy. Sessions were 1½ hours each, two in the morning, two in the afternoon, with three presentations running concurrently. This meant that in order to cover the conference completely, you had to be three people.

Monday morning, May 4, in Spokane - it snowed! Shivering in spite of the central heating, a good two thirds of the delegates hurried down to the opening General Assembly. After greetings from the mayor of Spokane and introduction of guests and dignitaries, we all listened to the opening address by the keynote speaker, Mr. Jose Rivera, an attorney and board member for the Corporation for Public Broadcasting in Washington, D.C.

Rivera's was the most political

message of the conference. He addressed the topic: "Wounded Knee Revisited: The Plight of the American Indian in the Media." He spoke of the "... debt to our people to preserve our own culture," and of a "community of people who have been ignored by the burgeoning communications and media industry." Rivera also spoke of the need for Indian people to tell their own story using modern communications methods.

Given the truth of Rivera's statements, it was a pleasure to mingle with and listen to presentations from people working to reverse the trend of Indian communications. The need for Indian people to further understand and utilize modern communications techniques was emphasized in conference sessions ranging in topics from "Indian Radio Broadcasting" to "Programming and Producing your own Indian Film Series" to "Indian Media in Canada". As a Canadian participant, I found it interesting and enlightening to meet and examine the work of other Canadian delegates. Especially interesting was the work of the Alberta Native Communications Society (ANCS). Represented by Donna Woodward, Assistant to the Executive Director for ANCS, the Society presented a half hour videotape which showed some examples of the type of work they produce. ANCS produces two weekly radio shows, two weekly T.V. shows, documentaries and dramatic films for worldwide distribution, and "The Native People", Canada's first national weekly dedicated to Indian affairs.

Mr. David Beyer, Art Director for the "Ontario Indian" magazine, was part of a presentation entitled "Producing/Marketing Special Audience Magazines". Assisting Mr. Beyer were George Wilson and Duane Warren, Publisher and Editor respectively of "Nations", a national American Indian magazine out of Seattle. All three spoke of the need for well-researched, well-written, topical articles on issues pertaining to Indians, as well as the creative and entrepreneurial skills necessary to put a magazine together.

Don Marks and Jim Compton from Winnipeg described their company, **Central City Communications**, which employs one non-Indian and five Indian employees, (all of whom

are shareholders) originally secured government funding to begin a small community newspaper. The interesting thing about Central City Communications is that while the company is composed of mostly Indian employees, the newspaper represents concerns, issues and events pertaining to the community at large. Mr. Marks reported that the company is beginning to have more financial success by developing what he referred to as its 'ancillary services', i.e. - graphic arts, design and layout, script production, advertising and public relations, which it provides for both Indian and non-Indian clients.

There were a few disappointments. For one, the conference organizers had set a few expectations by announcing that actors Will Samson, Peter Fonda and Robert Redford had been invited to attend the conference. All three failed to show up!

There was a session on the 'Sundance Institute', which was billed as "... A new program established by Robert Redford to provide assistance and training to Indian filmmakers." As described by Sterling Van Wagenen, Executive Director for the Sundance Institute (of Salt Lake City, Utah) the Institute sounded more like a development organization for independent producers of low-budget feature films. As such, it could prove useful to Indians who are trying to produce such a film, but in that category it should be remembered that all low-budget feature film producers are by definition, minority groups facing a tough and precarious market.

A little disappointment with the Sundance session, I skipped out and caught the last part of a session on "Indian journalism vs. Indian Public Relations," hosted by Ron Holt, Public Affairs Producer for KTVQ-TV of Billings, Montana, and co-hosted by Gary George, who was not on the agenda, but somehow wound up as a co-host.

Various concerns were expressed in this session, including the need to examine the differences between types of writing, and slanting for audiences. For example, what may be looked at as straight news for Indian audiences can also become Public Relations when released for non-Indian audiences.

A conference would not be a

conference without a few special functions. The Tuesday night salmon barbecue was delicious but cold. Hosted by the United Indians of All Tribes Foundation of Seattle, the barbecue was held at the nearby Spokane World's Fair site. The overcast skies, wind and drizzle hampered the efforts of the otherwise experienced salmon barbecuers, while guests munched ruminatively on generous helpings of salmon, beans and potato salad. After the meal, I hurried back to the relative warmth of the hotel, just in time to assist the tour group from the Saskatchewan Indian Federated College deliver a presentation to a mixed assembly of conference delegates and guests. Approximately 100 guests attended the SIFC presentation, which was part of a Canada and United States promotional tour by the College. After listening to speeches by Cliff Starr, Vivian Ayoungman and Ida Wasacase the guests watched a

College slide-tape presentation before being treated to a buffet and cash bar where they had the chance to meet Saskatchewan chiefs and SIFC Board members Ernest Sundown, George Poitras and Roy Bird.

The Monday night banquet, however, was somewhat warmer, and well attended. Wallace Coffey, an interesting and humorous speaker, was the M.C. for the Native American Public Broadcasting Consortium. Wallace introduced Melanie Tallmudge, Miss Indian America XXVI, who in turn, after a short speech, presented the Annual Indian Man and Woman of the year awards. Phil Lucas, an Indian professional singer and, of late, independent film producer, entertained after the banquet. (Phil also co-hosted a conference session on independent film production.)

Following the banquet, there was a dance, with music by Greywolf, the first all Indian heavy rock band that

this reviewer has ever witnessed. Among the important observations to be made concerning the conference is that Canadian Indian communications and media are developing apace with U.S. counterparts. Favorable comments were made on magazines like the **SASKATCHEWAN INDIAN** (copies were available) and the **ONTARIO INDIAN**.

Watching the Alberta Native Communications Society's demonstration tape prompted Dr. John Maestas, an Indian professional fundraising consultant from Orem, Utah, to remark that he was "impressed". "I am involved in fundraising activities aimed at establishing educational programs to teach Indians how to produce the things you are already producing in Canada" he said. Next year's NIMC, slated for Albuquerque New Mexico promises to be bigger and better than ever. ■

FESTIVAL OF INDIAN ARTS AND CRAFTS

The National Indian Arts and Crafts Corporation (NIACC) will be hosting the national "Festival of Canadian Indian Arts and Crafts," from June 26th to July 5, 1981, in Victoria Island, Ottawa, as part of Canada Week Celebrations.

NIACC, Executive President, Willard Ahenakew stated that the national festival "will be devoted exclusively to the work of Canadian Indian Artists and Crafts people." Artworks and Crafts sales, art and craft making demonstrations and films on Indian artists will be the main focus during the ten-day festival.

It will also give the general public a chance to view and purchase of wide range of Indian-made arts and crafts. Various displays of carvings, jewellery, baskets, clothing, pottery, moccasins, handmade dolls, prints and intricate artworks will be included.

The festival will be held in conjunction with the National Capital Commission's "Canada Canoe Festival," which this year's theme is "The Evolution of the Fur Trade." Other events such as demonstrations of Micmac, Cree, Iroquois dwelling construction, smoking tanning, construction of a bark canoe, Indian legends, games and inter-tribal dancing will run parallel to the festival. There will be a special highlight of Indian music arranged in co-operation with the National Indian Brotherhood.

The festival, which is the first showcase of Indian Arts with a truly national scope, "makes the culmination of a renaissance in the production of Indian Arts and Crafts and public recognition of the importance of Indian artists.

The National "Festival of Canadian Indian Arts and Crafts" will open from noon until 9:00 P.M. daily. The admission is free and parking will be available right on the Victoria Island site. ■



4-H REPORT

INDIAN 4-H YOUTH (SASK.) TO VISIT OTHER PROVINCES

Peepeekisis and Onion Lake 4-H young people will have a super summer ahead! Plans are for these two 4-H clubs to exchange with reserves elsewhere in the country. [Peepeekisis 4-H Club - Malaseet Band, Tobac Indian Reserve, New Brunswick] [Onion Lake 4-H Club - Algonquin Band, Village Pikogan, Quebec.] The two exchanges are planned to take place in August. Transportation costs are provided by the Open House Canada Program, Secretary of State.

Each group will spend a minimum of 5 days in the other province and will be hosted by their 'twin' group. [Ed. NOTE - At the time of writing, other exchanges are in the process of being planned. Hopefully, there will be more word on those later.]

FLYING DUST

There is interest in starting a 4-H Club by the Chief, youth and parents. Margaret Bird is working to start the club.

ONION LAKE 4-H BEEF CLUB

This first-year club are planning to take their calves to the St. Walburg Beef Show and Sale on June 8. Although the club has been small in numbers, it has been big in enthusiasm for the number of community projects they have undertaken.

SAULTEAUX 4-H CLUB

Leader Fred Moccasin reports that the beading project is underway, with project leaders Sarah Gopher and Stella Night helping out.

LOON LAKE

Community worker Inez Moccasin and Youth President Helen Ben are trying to get some 4-H projects started. They are also interested in organizing a youth exchange to Quebec.

SANDY LAKE

Rachel Ahenakew, 4-H and community leader, is interested in getting a cooking project started. The Chief, Fred Sasakamoose, and

Council have been helpful by providing for some flour and utensils to get started. Lizette Ahenakew and Sheila Isbister are 4-H helpers along with Rachel.

SAKIMAY

The Indian 4-H Program slide-set was shown to the adults and older youth attending the meeting on May 6 at the Recreation Centre. Interest was shown in getting young people involved in the 4-H and Youth Garden Competition.

CHAGONESS 4-H CLUB

The club hosted a special day for parents that included lunch. Leader Albert Scott tells us that the car modelling and crocheting projects are complete. Beading is almost done. Their achievement day will be held in the future.

PEEPEEKISIS

The Peepeekisis 4-H youth group meets Wednesday evening in the band hall. Noella McKay, Art Desnomie and Harry Bird are adults helping with the club. During their April 29 meeting the young people discussed the 4-H projects that they wish to learn about and the exchange trip to New Brunswick.

STANLEY MISSION

The 4-H club at Stanley Mission consists of 58 members in cooking and crafts projects. The Achievement Day will be held some time in June. Gardening is a possible project for the summer.

RED EARTH

The Red Earth 4-H club is finishing its babysitting course at the end of May. Their Achievement Day will be held at the end of May or early June.

INTERNATIONAL YEAR OF DISABLED PERSONS — GRANTS AVAILABLE

Two types of grants are available to help disabled persons have "full participation and equality in all aspects of community life".

- 1) \$500.00 (in special cases \$1,000.00) is available to help organizations develop, in 1981, special projects benefiting disabled persons. (These projects

should not be of a capital nature, e.g. ramps, etc.)

- 2) Participant Grants are available in order for disabled persons and organizations to promote the aims of the International Year of Disabled Persons at workshops, conferences, etc.

For more information, call the Indian 4-H Program (343-5529) or the office of committee organizing the Year in Saskatchewan at:

314 - 220 Third Ave. South
Saskatoon.

Phone Herb at [244-0655] or out-of-town call toll free [1-800-667-8727].

SUMMER FAIRS

Most fairs and exhibitions in Saskatchewan have competitions for youth in many areas. 4-H work, baking, sewing, handicrafts, gymkhana and tractor rodeo are some of the classes that you can enter [and win prizes!].

Each fair is different, so ask for a PRIZE LIST from your local Ag. Rep. and then read the rules.

Often there are special classes in the prize list for 4-H members only. Here is a list of some of the exhibitions this summer that may be near your home.

SUMMER FAIRS & EXHIBITIONS

Class A

July 6 - 11

Saskatoon Prairieland Exhibition

July 27 - August 2

Regina Provincial Exhibition

Class B

July 20,21,22
Battlefords

July 14 - 18
Lloydminster

July 15 - 18
Melfort

July 27 - August 1
Prince Albert

July 1 - 4
Yorkton

Class C

July 24
Abernethy

July 22
Arcola

August 17
Broadview

June 27
Grenfell
July 31 - August 2
Kelvington
July 22 - 25
Nipawin & District
August 2 - 3
Turtleford
August 20
Meadow Lake
August 3 - 5
Broadview Ag. Society Yard &
Garden Show.

awarding for good effort and the other kind are the juicy vegetables you can eat!



1981 4-H YOUTH GARDEN COMPETITION

Register now for the 4-H & Youth garden competition. Sign your name on the garden competition poster in your band office or fill out the form below. [4-H Leaders - please find out how many of your 4-H members are interested.]

Any person 9 to 18 years old may register. You do not have to be a 4-H member.

Once you have registered, you will receive a package of several types of vegetable and flower seeds - with directions on how to plant them.

A well-cultivated plot 10 feet x 10 feet is needed. The seeds should be planted as soon as possible.

There are two kinds of prizes in the fall. There is the kind that your SIAP District and the 4-H Program will be

SASKATCHEWAN AGRICULTURE YOUTH INSTITUTE [SAYI]

The fourth annual SAYI program was held May 3 - 7 at Rayner Centre and the University campus in Saskatoon. Sixty-eight high school students from across the province attended. They learned about agriculture in Saskatchewan, met other young people and had a lot of fun during the week. This program, which is held in the first week of May each year, is sponsored by the Saskatchewan Institute of Agrologists.

UP & COMING EVENTS

May 25

Timber Bay Achievement Day

June 4 - 6

4-H Display at Lloydmall, Lloydminster

June 9 - 10

Sask., 4-H Council meeting, Rayner Centre

June 18

SIAP Annual Farmer's meeting, Regina.

INDIAN 4-H CAMP

This year Indian 4-H Camp will be held August 19 - 24, 1981, at Rayner Centre [near Outlook] on Lake Diefenbaker.

What Will Happen?

Sports, swimming, canoeing, archery, crafts, outdoor cooking, firearm safety and social get-togethers with young people from reserves across the province.

Cost:

Registration fee: \$20.00

Transportation:

Will be arranged from each district to bring 4-H campers to Rayner Centre.

Age:

If you are a 4-H member between 13 and 15 years of age and wish to take part in five days of camp activities and fun, fill out the form on the next page and mail it to the Indian 4-H Program.

CAMP COUNSELLORS

Do you enjoy working with Indian youth?

Do you thrive on action-packed days?

If you do . . . we are looking for

Please register my name in the 4-H & Youth Garden competition:

Name: _____ Birthdate: _____

Reserve: _____

Mailing Address: _____

Location of your house: _____

Location of your cultivated garden area: _____

qualified staff to work at the Indian 4-H Camp [August 19 - 24]. Staff orientation is August 17 - 19. The

camp counsellors will be responsible for a group of ten teenage boys and girls.

I would like more information on becoming a:

Camper

Senior Counsellor

Junior Counsellor

Name: _____

Address: _____

Birthdate: _____ Nearest Phone: _____

There are two types of counsellors:

a) Senior Counsellor

Adults who have had experience working with youth. The job is not an easy one – there are long hours which require considerable energy.

b) Junior Counsellor

Senior teens who have had 4-H or similar camp experience. Their role is to assist a senior counsellor.

If you are interested in either position, please complete the following form and mail to:

Indian 4-H Program
Division of Extension & Community Relations
University of Saskatchewan
Saskatoon, Sask., S7N 0W0.

FROM DUST STORMS TO WEEDS

. . . SIAP aids Indian farmers in dealing with most current problems

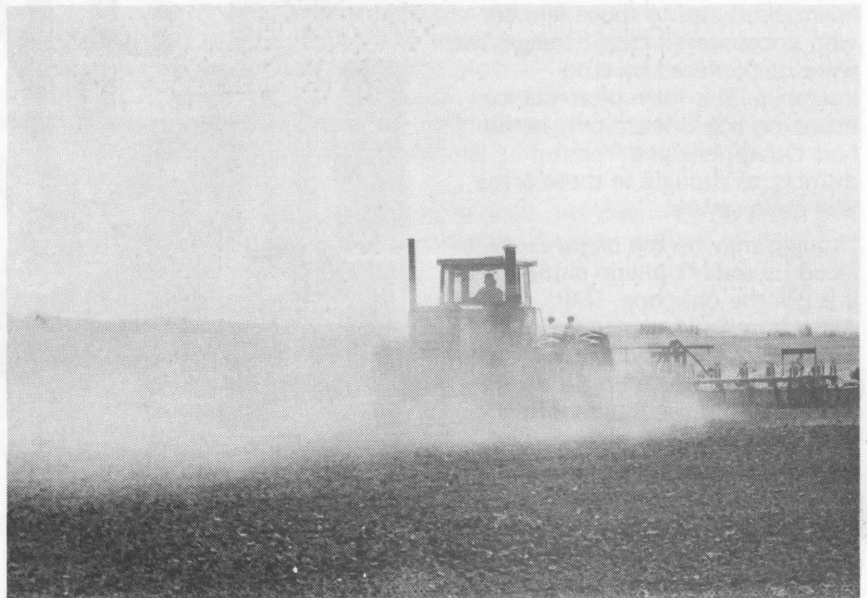
by Roger Warner

It was mid-evening on the prairies and as the sun crept slowly behind the horizon, a fierce and raging wind whipped feverishly, leaving dust storms in its wake. In the distance, one lone tumble-weed rolled aimlessly across a barren desertland as another dry day on the Saskatchewan prairie came to a close.

This depiction of the drought problem on the prairies may appear somewhat exaggerated, but rightly so, for it was created solely from the imagination. Unfortunately, with farmers currently facing the problem of another potentially dry summer, this illustration may fast become a reality.

Last year many Saskatchewan farms were affected by the on-slaught of extensive periods of dry weather causing severe crop failure, water shortages, poor water quality and the erosion of soil—a disaster which resulted in the loss of millions of dollars worth of crops. Fortunately, however, as a result of the efforts of the Saskatchewan Indian Agriculture Program (SIAP), few Saskatchewan Indian farmers experienced the devastating effects of this disaster.

"SIAP tailors its programming to deal specifically with current problems in the farming industry",



Drought . . . once more a threat to the Saskatchewan farmer.

states SIAP Assistant Agricultural Representative, Gary Krause. "This means providing Saskatchewan Indian farmers with the necessary education and counselling to help them deal effectively with all natural occurrences, especially the greatest concern facing today's prairie farmers—the potentiality of another drought."

According to Krause, Saskatchewan Indian farmers receive the same drought assistance as other farmers—that are offered under federal and provincial programs.

"The problem, however", states Krause, "is in convincing farmers, especially those just beginning, to

invest in crop insurance. It is this coverage which will ensure them eligibility for federal and provincial assistance."

Hence, keeping this problem in mind, the major emphasis of SIAP's drought program is placed on encouraging Saskatchewan Indian farmers, both beginning and established, to take up crop insurance. A task which, according to SIAP, is being accomplished in two ways.

First, Gary Krause and other Agricultural Representatives personally visit Indian individuals and bands throughout the province. Their objective is to explain to

these farmers the ultimately disastrous effects of a prairie drought as well as educate them on farm financial management and the costs and returns of drought insurance.

SIAP also offers to pay the first year's crop insurance premium for beginning farmers. Premiums to cover subsequent years, however, are the responsibility of the farmer.

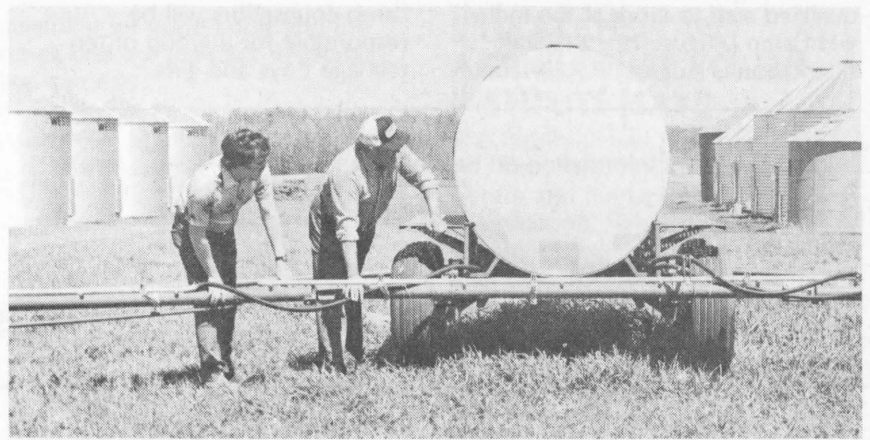
"In the past, this second method of encouragement has proven quite successful," reflects Krause. "Unlike established farmers, beginning farmers don't usually have sufficient equity to cover crop insurance. Therefore, by paying the first year's premium, these farmers not only gain access to this essential coverage, but are also made more aware of its importance."

Last year, SIAP also provided some financial rebates to those farmers who encountered crop damage, but were not covered by crop insurance. This form of assistance, however, was offered only in the Fort Qu'Appelle and Yorkton districts, as drought in these areas was quite severe.

Drought may be the major problem faced by today's prairie farmers, but it is not the only one. SIAP Agriculture Representatives and other officials realize that when crops start to come up, so do weeds. Therefore, much of their efforts are aimed at providing an extensive and useful weed control program to the Indian farmers of Saskatchewan.

Individual consultations, lectures and audio visual presentations make up only a small part of this chemical weed control program offered by SIAP in co-operation with the Wascana Institute in Regina. Last year field demonstrations for individual farmers were also utilized to illustrate the many available spraying and fertilizing techniques—a training tool which is expected to be used this year as well.

"In the past, weeds have created a real barrier to grain farmers, says Krause. "But, through the work of SIAP, Indian farmers of Saskatchewan no longer face this problem. All now have access to a number of courses set up by the program and Agriculture Representatives, who are always



"All systems go", reports Muskoday Reserve Land Manager Walter Bear as he and Assistant Agriculture Rep. Gary Krause inspect equipment in readiness for this year's spraying.



With another field behind him, Indian farmer Mervin John Bear explains that seeding is right on schedule.

available should any question or need for assistance arise."

Although not quite as serious as drought or weeds, there are also many other problems apparent in today's farming industry. Solutions and methods of dealing with these, however, are covered in the basic training programs offered by SIAP. This coverage includes; dealing with the problem of insects, mites and molds infesting stored grain; insect control of field crops; detecting and dealing with a possible rat problem; causes, damages and controls of soil erosion by wind and water; and the management of saline soil—all common occurrences faced by prairie farmers.

Even this year, these problems threaten the overall success and productivity of the farming industry. Weeds persist in springing up unwanted in crop laden fields and

the possibility of another regional drought is fast becoming a reality. So real that many livestock farmers are already looking to find alternatives pastures before it becomes necessary for them to sell their herds. Still, the Indian farmers of Saskatchewan continue to work their fields and plant their crops.

Although some wind problems affected the initial stages of work in the south east and south west of the province, at the time this article was written (MAY end), almost all fields had been completely pre-worked and the majority of farmers were already half done their seeding. An accomplishment which was due only to the hard work and determination of the Indian farmers, but also to the efforts and assistance of the Saskatchewan Indian Agriculture Program. ■

WHAT CAN WE DO FOR YOU? WHAT CAN WE DO FOR YOU? WHAT CAN WE DO FOR YOU?

Fifth Generation Survey

We are enlisting your help in making **The Saskatchewan Indian** the kind of paper you would like it to be.

Keeping in mind the primary objective of the paper (to be supportive of all Bands and their Federation by providing you with any information – local, provincial and national – which may prove relevant to any Band's operation), we also attempt to educate the non-Indian readers regarding Indian culture and happenings.

We are asking that you forward to us any comments you may have with a view to enhancing our newsmagazine – constructive criticism is most welcome. (It is not necessary to sign your response if you would rather not).

- 1) Do you read the paper regularly?
Why or Why not?
- 2) Does the paper usually have enough stories about your District? Your reserve?
- 3) Should there be more information about local and district politics? provincial? national?
- 4) Should there be more provincial and national news?
- 5) Would you like to see a greater emphasis on Indian culture and tradition? In what form?
- 6) Do you have sufficient access to your district reporter through your district representative?
- 7) What do you consider the best feature of the Saskatchewan Indian?
- 8) What do you like most about the paper? (for example – content, layout, design, cover, etc).
- 9) What do you like least about it?
- 10) General comments:

Thank you for your interest.

Please forward your comments to:

Donna Phillips
Acting Director, fsmc
Box 3085
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan S7K 3S9

MORE HELP NEEDED . . . to meet your expectations regarding **Fifth Generation**, our weekly television program. Presently seen from 4 stations (CKCK - Regina, CKBI, Prince Albert, TELECABLE 10, Saskatoon, TELECABLE - North Battleford), plans are to extend our broadcast field during the 1981-82 season, finances permitting.

As with all fsmc production (The Saskatchewan Indian and Moccasin Telegraph) Fifth Generation is intended as a vehicle: (1) to inform all Indian people within the province of social, economic and political issues relevant to the Bands, and (2) to educate the non-Indian viewers on all things relevant to traditional and contemporary Indian life.

Please forward to us your concerns – beefs and bouquets – to assist us adequate delivery of this service to you.

- 1) Does your local station carry Fifth Generation?
- 2) What television stations are you able to get?
- 3) If possible, do you watch the program regularly?
- 4) Do you feel the format is acceptable? If not, how would you change it?
- 5) Do you feel there is enough variety of content?
- 6) What or who would you like to see more of?
- 7) Since the program is intended as culturally – oriented, what are your suggestions regarding content?
- 8) What do you like best about Fifth Generation? Least?

We take this opportunity to inform you that any program aired in the Fifth Generation series is shelved in our video-tape library and available for viewing.

Thank you for your co-operation.

Donna Phillips
Acting Director, fsmc
Box 3085
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan S7K 3S9

WHAT CAN WE DO FOR YOU?

Mocassin Telegraph Survey

To assist us in making additional changes to enhance Moccasin Telegraph, we ask that you respond to the following questions and forward any comments to us.

- 1) Do you listen to Moccasin Telegraph regularly?
 yes no
- 2) From what radio station?
- 3) Does having some of the announcing in Cree benefit people in your community?
- 4) Does the program provide enough district (local) news? provincial? national?
- 5) What kinds of topics would you like to hear radio stories about? (for example – nutrition and health; cultural topics like legends, when appropriate; district meetings, etc).
- 6) Do you enjoy hearing Pow-wow music on the program? What other kinds of music, if any, would you like to hear?
- 7) What do you like best about Moccasin Telegraph? Least?
- 8) General comments:

Thank you for assisting us in Program Planning.

Please forward your comments to:

Donna Phillips
Acting Director, fsmc
Box 3085

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan S7K 3S9

COMMUNITY HEALTH REPRESENTATIVE REFRESHER COURSE

submitted by – Robert Ahenakew

"It was a time of real closeness. There we were, all fifty of us, away from it all in Waskesiu for ten days with only the course to attend with the opportunity to get to know one another," said Starlet Pitz, the SICC co-ordinator of the Community Health Representative

Refresher Course.

The Community Health Representatives gathered from the three zones within Saskatchewan. The three zones being, Meadow Lake, Prince Albert, Fort Qu'Appelle (Touchwood File Hills). The CHR's received instruction in personal awareness, community development, stress management and teaching skills. A highlight of the course from its beginning were the two speakers from Four Skies Consulting/Edmonton, Alberta. Michael Thrasher and Ed Belrose set the tempo of the course and brought the group to an easiness with each other's presence. Both men spent two very full days with the group speaking on personal growth & cultural awareness. Their message was one of getting to know yourself and how to treat others.

Joe Dufour and Emile Bell spent four days with the CHR's, leading them through various discussions and activities relating to community development on reserves.

A practical result of the session was the formation of an Association of CHR's. The election results were as follows:

President: Bill McNab
Vice President: Richard Kaye
Secretary: Wanda Cataract
Treasurer: Elaine Wolfe

The District REPS for the Association are:

Yorkton – Mabel Whitehawk
Touchwood/File Hills – Linda Francis
Prince Albert – Carl Burns
Saskatoon – Anne Ledoux
North Battleford – Myrtle Bear
Meadow Lake – Wanda Cataract

The purpose of the Association is to help deal with problems that CHR's have in common.

Genevieve Teed taught the group various techniques for understanding and dealing with the stress of their jobs and their personal lives. She helped the group understand what stress was and in so doing, helped them know how to deal with it.

Pat Adams led the group through a variety of exercises helping them in developing their teaching skills. The instructors were well appreciated by all the CHR's, as the material they presented was very beneficial and practical.

A wind-up banquet was held at Lakeview Lodge. Richard Kaye acted as the M.C., Oliver Cameron and Gary Atimoyoo presented certificates and Smith Atimoyoo offered kind words and encouragement to the CHR's.

Helene Donauer of Medical Services provided invaluable assistance in planning and co-ordinating the workshop. Special thanks go to Canada Employment and Immigration Commission who provided the funding for the program.

The course was very successful and it gave the CHR's with a new outlook on their lives and their jobs. This can only mean good things for the bands the CHR's work in providing services for.

In closing this article I would like to inform the public that, after my encounter with the group on that eventful night of the banquet, my understanding of the initials "CHR" is: COMMUNITY HELD RAISERS. ■

•PEN PALS •PEN PALS •PEN PALS •PEN PALS •

Please TYPE or PRINT neatly all letters.

Due to limited space, we can only accept letters from writers aged SIXTEEN and UNDER
Due to space requirements, some letters must be held for insertion in upcoming issues.

Hi! My name is Karen T. Okanee. I am 16 years old. I would like to correspond with some pen pals my age group. My hobbies are: skating, playing minor hockey, pool.
Karen T. Okanee
Box 322
Turtleford, Sask., S0M 2Y0.

Hello! My name is Karen S. Jimmy. I am 16 years old. I want pals! pals! pals! My interests are: flag football, hockey, dancing pow-wow, and much more.
Karen S. Jimmy
Box 422
Turtleford, Sask., S0M 2Y0.

Tansi! My name is Rhonda H. Cardinal. I am 16 years old. I want some pals too. My hobbies are: bead-work, baking, and much more.
Rhonda Cardinal
General Delivery
Onion Lake, Sask., S0M 0E0.

Hi! My name is Doreen Cannepotato. I am 12 years old. I would like to correspond with both boys or girls about my age group. My hobbies are: meeting new people, listening to music, all sports, and much more.
Doreen Cannepotato
General Delivery
Onion Lake, Sask., S0M 2E0.

Tansi! My name is Corrine Bitternose. I would like to correspond with both boys or girls between the ages of 13-15. My hobbies: biking, roller-skating, dancing, etc.
Corrine Bitternose
c/o Gordon Residence
Box 70
Punnichy, Sask., S0A 3C0.

Hi! My name is Bonny. I am 16 years old. I would like to correspond with both boys or girls about my age group. My interests are: attending pow-wows, meeting new people, etc.
Bonny Brass
P.O. Box 336
Norquay, Sask., S0A 2V0.

Hi! My name is Dextor. I would like to have pals (mostly girls). My interests are: enjoy going to dances, meeting (girls), attending pow-wows, rodeos, horse back-riding.
Dextor Brass
Box 263
Norquay, Sask., S0A 2V0.

Hi! My name is RONALDA. I would like to have pen pals, between the ages of 13-16. My interests are: all sports, travelling, dancing, and much more.
Ronalda Brass
Box 263
Norquay, Sask., S0A 2V0.

Tansi! My name is Laura M. Watchmaker. I reside at Kehewin Reserve, Alberta. I would like to correspond with both girls or boys between the ages of 14-16. Here are some of my hobbies: dancing at pow-wows, round dancing, swimming, riding horses, etc.
Laura M. Watchmaker
Box 1629
Bonnyville, Alberta T0A 0L0.

Hello! My name is Ruby Langan. I am 14 years old. I would like to have pen pals boys or girls in my age group. My hobbies are: all sports, listening to records, going to pow-wows, ect.
Ruby Langan
11 - McNaughton Avenue
Regina, Sask., S4R 4L9.

Hello! My name is Calvin. I am 11 years old. I would like to correspond with boys or girls between the ages of 10-12. My interests are: learning about Indian culture, baseball, and much more.
Calvin Straightnose
Box 1361
Kamsack, Sask., S0A 1S0.

Hi! My name is Arnie Neapetung. I am 16 years old. I would like to hear from girls about my age. My hobbies are: baseball, basketball, most sports, and much more.
Arnold Neapetung
Box 70
Punnichy, Sask., S0A 3C0.

Hi! My name is Crystal Sunchild. I am 7 years old. I would like to have pen pals between the ages of 7-10 years old. My hobbies are: skating, softball, other sports.
Crystal Sunchild
Box 503
St. Walburg, Sask., S0M 2T0.

Hi! My name is Perry PeeAce. I am 15 years of age. I would like to hear from girls (14-16). My interests are: hockey, playing my guitar, and much more.
Perry PeeAce
Box 70
Punnichy, Sask., S0A 3C0.

Hi! My name is Lisa Sanderson. I would like pen pals. My hobbies are: horseback riding, roller-skating, basketball, and much more.
Lisa Sanderson
Box 1988
Prince Albert, Sask., S6V 6K1.

Hi! My name is Joseph Longman. I am 15 years old. I would like to hear from girls (14-16) years old. My hobbies are: swimming, track & field, all sports.
Joseph Longman
Box 70
Punnichy, Sask., S0A 3C0.

My name is Frankie Jr. Aisacan. I am 14 years old. I would like to hear from boys or girls between the ages of 13-15 years of age. My hobbies are: baseball, boxing, hockey.
Frankie Jr. Aisacan
Box 70
Punnichy, Sask., S0A 3C0.

Hi! My name is Joyce Whitehawk. I am 14 years of age. I would like to hear from boys or girls, between the ages of 14-16. My hobbies are: baseball, basketball, volleyball.
Joyce Whitehawk
Box 602
Kamsack, Sask., S0A 1S0.

Hi! My name is Corrine Severight. I am 16 years old. I want some pen pals. My hobbies are: roller-skating, all sports, etc.
Corrine Severight
Box 1513
Kamsack, Sask., S0A 1S0.

Hi! My name is Nancy M. Ross. I would like to hear from boys or girls between the ages of 14-16. My hobbies are: soccer, skating, etc.
Nancy M. Ross
P.O. Box 328
La Ronge, Sask., S0J 1L0.

Hi! My name is Laverna Twist. I am 10 years old. I would like to have pen pals about my age group. My hobbies are: disco dancing, going to pow-wows, roller-skating, singing, etc.
Laverna Twist
Box 70
Punnichy, Sask., S0A 3C0.

Howdy! My name is Shelly Anderson. I would like to correspond with boys or girls between the ages of 10-12. My hobbies are: listening to music, roller-skating, etc.
Shelly Anderson
Box 70
Punnichy, Sask., S0A 3C0.

Tansi! My name is Lorraine G. Kirkness. I am 15 years old. I would like to hear from (mostly boys). My hobbies are: hockey, baking, sewing, curling, and must more.
Lorraine G. Kirkness
919 - Broadway Avenue
Saskatoon, Sask., S7N 1B8.

Hi! My name is Doreen Tony. I would like to correspond with boys and girls between the ages of 13-16. My hobbies are: horseback riding, all sports, meeting new people, etc.
Doreen Tony
Box 190
Lestock, Sask., S0A 2G0
or
Box 412
Kelvington, Sask., S0A 1W0.

Hello! My name is Debbie Severight. I am 14 years old. I would like to hear from any pen pals who are interested in corresponding. My hobbies are: all sports, listening to records, etc.
Debbie Severight
Box 842
Kamsack, Sask., S0A 1S0.

Hi! My name is Corinne Badger. I am 14 years old. I also would like to hear from any pen pals who are interested to write to me. My hobbies are: listening to music, dancing, going places, etc.
Corinne Badger
Box 682
Kamsack, Sask., S0A 1S0.

Howdy! My name is Brenda Longman. I would like to hear from boys or girls between the ages of 10-13. My hobbies are: attending pow-wows, roller-skating, and much more.
Brenda Longman
Punnichy, Sask., S0A 3C0.

**SASKATCHEWAN
INDIAN**

**ARTS &
CRAFTS**

to be held in
conjunction with the

**2nd ANNUAL
SASKATCHEWAN
INDIAN
AGRICULTURAL &
CULTURAL FAIR**

**AUGUST
14 - 16, 1981**

**COTE INDIAN RESERVE
Kamsack, Saskatchewan**

(10% of sales directed to Fair Board)

Entries and enquires
may be directed to
Osborne Turner,
Saskatchewan Indian
Community College,
Box 3085,
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan
Telephone: (306) 244-4444

**SASKATCHEWAN INDIAN
TALENT SHOW**

to be held in conjunction with the

**2nd ANNUAL
SASKATCHEWAN INDIAN
AGRICULTURAL and CULTURAL FAIR**

AUGUST 15, 8 pm.

**COTE INDIAN RESERVE
Kamsack, Saskatchewan**

Prizes:

Senior Division (16 yrs. & over)

\$500.00

\$300.00

\$100.00

Junior Division (15 yrs. & under)

\$200.00

\$100.00

Entries are limited to 12 per division

Entry fee — \$20.00

Prizes awarded by 50% panel decision and 50% audience vote.

Send entries and/or enquiries to: Osborne Turner,
Saskatchewan Indian Community College, Box 3085,
Saskatoon. Telephone (306) 244-4444

Announcement

An international conference on Indigenous People and the Land is scheduled for mid-September, 1981, in Geneva, Switzerland. The conference, sponsored by the NGO Sub Committee on Racism, Racial Discrimination, Apartheid and Decolonization, is planned as a follow-up to the 1977 International Conference on Discrimination Against Indigenous Populations in the Americas, which was held at the United Nations building in Geneva. Entitled "International NGO Conference on Indigenous Peoples and the Land," the conference will be held September 14-17, 1981. The planning committee anticipates that approximately 150 to 200 indigenous delegates, NGO representatives and interested persons will be invited to attend. Attendance is by invitation only. The work of the conference will center around four commissions:

- 1) Land rights of the indigenous people, international agreements and treaties, land reform and system of tenure.
- 2) Indigenous philosophy and land.
- 3) Transnational corporations and their effect on the resources and land of indigenous people.
- 4) The impact of the nuclear arms build-up on the land and life of indigenous peoples.

The Sub-Committee will soon ask various NGO's and indigenous groups to prepare and submit papers on the subject areas of each commission. The results and documentation produced by the conference will be transmitted to the appropriate commissions and organs of the United Nations by the NGO's sponsoring the conference.

A **tentative schedule** has been adopted as follows:

Day 1 — Opening Plenary Session

Day 2 — Meetings of Commissions

Day 3 — Meetings of Commissions, informal discussions and preparation of reports.

Day 4 — Closing Plenary Session.

The NGO Sub-Committee will soon issue invitations to the conference. The Sub-Committee cannot, however, pay for travel or accommodations. Indian governments and others interested in attending or participating in, or submitting materials for the conference may contact the Indian Law Resource Center. The Indian Law Resource Center will be taking part in the planning and implementation of the conference as a member of the NGO Sub-Committee.

**Indian Law Resource Center
601 E Street,
Southeast,
Washington, D.C. 20003
Telephone: (202) 547-2800**

For Men and Women NORTH OF DNS

Are you interested in becoming a
Journeyman Plumber or Pipefitter?

ARE YOU:

- Mechanically inclined
- Mobile
- A good worker

DO YOU:

- Want to earn TOP wages
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- Want to work in the North



For further information contact:

Vern Bachiu
Piping Industry Affirmative
Action Training Program
Box 3085
Saskatoon, Sask.
S7K 3S9

Phone 244-4444

Piping Industry Affirmative ACTION TRAINING PROGRAM

There are many job opportunities in the RCMP. One could be just right for you.



Your knowledge of a particular native or ethnic community, its residents, culture and language can be a valuable asset to you if involvement with your own people appeals to you.

The R.C.M.P. provides professional police services to native and ethnic people in their community and would welcome Canadians who are interested in active police work within those communities.

If you meet the following requirements, and a starting salary of \$18,430.00 is attractive to you, you could be on the path of an extremely rewarding and satisfying future:

- a Canadian citizen
- a high school graduate or equivalent
- in possession of a valid driver's license
- of good character and good health
- proficient in either English or French
- candidates must be 18 years of age or over.

Once essential entrance qualifications have been satisfied, engagement prospects and career opportunities are enhanced by knowledge of a second official language.

If accepted, you will receive intensive training in all aspects of police work: law, investigations, first aid and community relations, for example.

This is an excellent opportunity to work in an interesting and challenging field. For more information on how to join, fill in the coupon below and mail it to us today, or call your nearest R.C.M.P. office. This position is open to both men and women.

IT COULD BE FOR YOU!

Canada



RCMP GRC

The Commissioner
Royal Canadian Mounted Police
Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0R2
ATTN: Officer i/c Recruiting

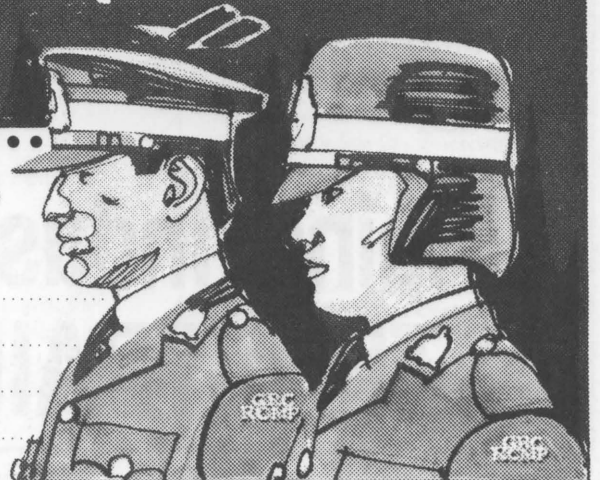
NAME:

STREET:

CITY: PROVINCE:

POSTAL CODE: TEL. NO.:

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Celebrate Sakimay 1981

POW WOW

JUNE 26 - 27 - 28, 1981

5 miles N. on 47 Hwy.,
4 miles E. & 10 miles N.E.
of GRENFELL, Sask.
or 25 miles S. on 47 Hwy.,
& 6 miles E.
of MELVILLE, Sask.



\$5,700 PRIZE MONEY

DRUMS PAID DAILY

MEN'S FANCY

1. \$600.00
2. \$400.00
3. \$200.00

MEN'S TRADITIONAL

1. \$600.00
2. \$400.00
3. \$200.00

LADIES' FANCY

1. \$400.00
2. \$250.00
3. \$100.00

LADIES' TRADITIONAL

1. \$400.00
2. \$250.00
3. \$100.00

FIRST GRAND ENTRY FRIDAY, 7:00 P.M.

BOYS' FANCY (9-16)

1. \$150.00
2. \$100.00
3. \$50.00

BOYS' TRADITIONAL (9-16)

1. \$150.00
2. \$100.00
3. \$50.00

GIRLS' FANCY (9-16)

1. \$150.00
2. \$100.00
3. \$50.00

GIRLS' TRADITIONAL (9-16)

1. \$150.00
2. \$100.00
3. \$50.00

FOOD RATIONS DAILY

BOYS' FANCY (1-8)

1. \$75.00
2. \$50.00
3. \$25.00

BOYS' TRADITIONAL (1-8)

1. \$75.00
2. \$50.00
3. \$25.00

GIRLS' FANCY (1-8)

1. \$75.00
2. \$50.00
3. \$25.00

GIRLS' TRADITIONAL (1-8)

1. \$75.00
2. \$50.00
3. \$25.00

Committee Not Responsible for Accidents.

PRESIDENT:
Harry Penny

SECRETARY:
Lorraine McKay

VICE-PRESIDENT:
Thomas Kay

TREASURER:
Moses Sangwais

For more information call:
697-3433 - or - 697-3260

CONCESSIONS ON GROUNDS

M.C.'s in
DAKOTA
CREE
SAULTEAUX

- Grand Entry Daily at 2 p.m. and 7 p.m.
- Dancers must register in only one category.
- Registration Date closes Saturday, June 27, 1981.
- Eliminations every day.
- R.C.M.P. in attendance.

HOST DRUM - The Crooked Lake Agency Singers

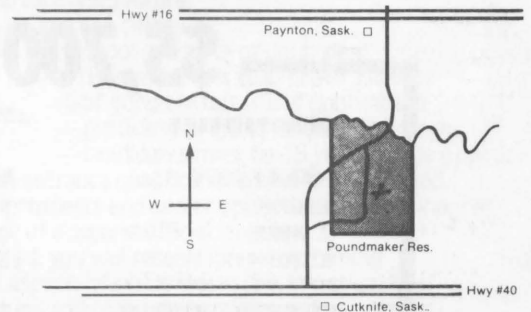
Everyone Welcome

1st ANNUAL CHIEF POUNDMAKER MEMORIAL POW-WOW

and
CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION
1881 - 1981

JULY 9, 10, 11, 12, 1981

On POUNDMAKER RESERVE
- 13 km North of CUTKNIFE, Saskatchewan



JULY 11, 1981
Veterans' Day

JULY 9, 1981

- **Chief Poundmaker Memorial Feast**
Featuring buffalo meat, moose meat and other traditional Indian foods.
- **Annual Treaty Payment**
- **Camping Day**
- **Tom Tootoosis Memorial Drumming Contest**
Sponsored by the Tootoosis Family.
\$1,000.00 plus Trophy & Other Prizes
• WINNER TAKE ALL

Marian Press, Battleford, Sask.

DANCE CONTEST PRIZES

MEN'S TRADITIONAL
\$1000.00 • \$500.00 • \$300.00 • \$150.00

MEN'S FANCY
\$1000.00 • \$500.00 • \$300.00 • \$150.00

WOMEN'S TRADITIONAL
\$1000.00 • \$500.00 • \$300.00 • \$150.00

WOMEN'S FANCY
\$1000.00 • \$500.00 • \$300.00 • \$150.00

Plus 10 Other Categories
TOTAL PRIZE MONEY - \$10,100.00

- Trophies For All Categories
- To Qualify For Contests
All Dancers Must Register
- Registration Deadline:
July 11, 1:00 p.m.
- No Exceptions - No Phone Calls
- Contests Judged by Point System
- Grand Entry:
 - Fri. 7:00 p.m.
 - Sat. 1:00 p.m. and 7:00 p.m.
 - Sun. 1:00 p.m. and 7:00 p.m.

- \$3000.00 To All Registered Drums
- Registration Deadline:
July 11, 1:00 p.m.
- PRINCESS PAGEANT
- ROUND DANCING
- HOOP DANCING
- RAFFLES
- GIVE-AWAYS

For Further Information: Contact Poundmaker Band Office - Address: Box 419, Cutknife, Sask. S0M 0N0 - Phone: (306) 398-2951

COMMITTEE MEMBERS

PRES. - Gordon Tootoosis - 398-4043
VICE-PRES. - Lawrence Weenie
SEC. - Sharon Baptiste

TREAS. - Gladys Favel
SCORE KEEPER - Irene Tootoosis
Violet Simaganis
DRUM KEEPER - Eric Tootoosis

- LAW ENFORCEMENT - R.C.M.P.
- ALL LIQUOR & DRUGS PROHIBITED
- COMMITTEE NOT RESPONSIBLE
FOR THEFT OR ACCIDENTS

EVERYONE WELCOME



FILE HILLS

Ninth Annual

Celebration '81

on **Starblanket Grounds**

10 Miles North, 3 Miles East, 1 1/2 Miles North of BALSARRES

JULY 10, 11, 12

Camping Day — July 9th

•PRIZES•

MEN'S TRADITIONAL

\$1,000.00 — \$700.00 — \$400.00

MEN'S FANCY

\$1,000.00 — \$700.00 — \$400.00

MEN'S FANCY TRADITIONAL

\$1,000.00 — \$700.00 — \$400.00

LADIES' TRADITIONAL

\$700.00 — \$400.00 — \$200.00

LADIES' FANCY

\$700.00 — \$400.00 — \$200.00

BOYS 12-16

\$300.00 — \$200.00 — \$100.00

GIRLS 12-16

\$300.00 — \$200.00 — \$100.00

*All Dancers and Singers Must Register
Exhibition and Competition Dances for All Ages*



•SPECIAL EVENTS•

- ★ Indian Princess Pageant
- ★ Pipe Ceremonies
- ★ Memorial in Honour of Late Leanne Starr to be awarded to Girls' Fancy Dancers of File Hills
- ★ Memorial in Honour of Late Louis and Allan Starblanket to be awarded to Men's Traditional Dancers plus Trophy donated by the Victor Starr family

RAFFLE:

One (500 lb.) Steer or \$500.00 Cash
Draw July 12th

OFFICIALS:

President:
Ron Wakeup,
Box 382,
Balcarres, Sask.
334-2206

Chief **Irvin Starr,**
c/o Starblanket Band,
Box 638,
Balcarres, Sask.
334-2206

Secretary:
Beverley Bellegarde,
Box 659,
Balcarres, Sask.
334-2261

COMMITTEE MEMBERS:

Noel McNabb
Michael Starr
Ann Yuzicapi
Margaret Starr

Pearl Bellegarde
Tom Bellegarde
Eddie McNabb

M.C.'s

Mike Pinay, Box 659, Balcarres, Sask.
Phone 334-2261
and
Gordon Morceau, Sioux Valley, Man.

Elder Advisors:

Joseph Starr
Ed Sanderson
Victor Starr
Gaspard Bellegarde
Alex Nokusis
Charles Bigknife

ARENA DIRECTORS:

Bill Yuzicapi
Box 673
Melville, Sask.
728-3511

George Nokusis
Box 637
Balcarres, Sask.
334-2284

Frank Anaskan
Regina, Sask.

CONCESSION ON GROUNDS

R.C.M.P. to Enforce Dry Reserve
All Liquor and Drugs Prohibited on Starblanket Reserve Bylaw

Everyone Welcome!



Sponsored by File Hills Pow-Wow Committee

Committee Not Responsible for Accidents

GORDON'S & DAY STAR



Wm McNab - President

3rd ANNUAL



GORDON'S RESERVE

8 Km South Of Punnichy



LORRAINE KINEQUON
1980 INDIAN PRINCESS

JULY 31, AUGUST 1, 2 - '81



PRIZES

MEN'S TRADITIONAL

\$1000 — \$800 — \$600

MEN'S FANCY

\$1000 — \$800 — \$600

MEN'S FANCY TRADITIONAL

\$1000 — \$800 — \$600

WOMEN'S TRADITIONAL

\$600 — \$500 — \$400

WOMEN'S FANCY

\$600 — \$500 — \$400

Plus 8 Other Categories

\$16,700 — TOTAL PRIZE MONEY

- ★ SPECIAL EVENTS
- ★ INDIAN PRINCESS PAGEANT
- ★ MEMORIAL TROPHY to be awarded to Men's Traditional Dancers - plus money - in honour of late Patrick McNab & James McNab by family.



★ HOOP DANCING

★ ROUND DANCING

RAFFLE LIC No 80-377

1st PRIZE — 1981 4x4 Datsun (LOADED)

Suggested retail price \$11,680 & Tax.
White roll bar - radio & block heater.

2nd PRIZE — 26" RCA Color T.V.

Remote control.

3rd PRIZE — Lloyd's Component Stereo & Stand

ONLY 1500 TICKETS AT \$20.00 EACH

Phone for Tickets — 306-835-2232 or 835-2496 OR write:
GORDON'S POW-WOW COMMITTEE
Box 209
Punnichy, Saskatchewan
S0A 3C0

Concessions on Grounds — Rations distributed Daily — Give-aways Sunday Morning

SINGERS & DANCERS MUST REGISTER by Noon SATURDAY to be eligible - POINT SYSTEM.

DRUMMERS MUST REGISTER
Paid \$150 Per Day

NO LIQUOR or DRUGS ALLOWED
DRY RESERVE

GROUND PATROLLED

Committee Not Responsible For Accidents



COMMITTEE

PRESIDENT - Wm T. McNab - 835-2496
1st VICE PRESIDENT - Isabel McNab
2nd VICE PRESIDENT - Sam Geddes
TREAS. - Shirley McNab
SECRETARY - Jeanette Bitternose
SCORE KEEPER -
Herman Blind
Fred Quewezance
PLUS Gordon's Pow Wow &
Day Star Pow Wow Committees

M.C.'s
MIKE PINAY
Lorlie, Sask.

IVAN McNAB

EVERYONE WELCOME
NO CHARGE AT GATE

- ★ Flag Raising and Flag Lowering Daily
- ★ Pipe Ceremony - 7a.m. Daily
- ★ Spiritual Leaders in Attendance
- ★ Fresh Water - Wood Supplied
- ★ First Aid On Grounds



A Saskatchewan Golfing Association Affiliate.

Regina Beach

Saskatchewan

Tennis ● Horseshoes ● Camping
Golf ● Swimming ● Boating
Fishing ● Hiking



Fully Licensed

Restaurant & Lounge

Newly Renovated ● New Management

Private Conference Facilities (30 Person Capacity)

Tennis

Membership Fees: Adults \$40

Couples \$65

Juniors \$20

Court Fees: \$4.00/hr.

Racket Rental \$1.00 person

2 Courts Available

* Time Bookings Weekend & Holidays

Book Thursday for Weekends

Golf

Membership Fees: Singles \$130; Family \$285;

Junior \$50; Couples \$215

Daily Green Fees: Weekday \$5.50

Weekends & Holidays \$7.00

9 Holes ● Grass Greens

* Time Bookings Weekends & Holidays

Book Thursday for Weekends

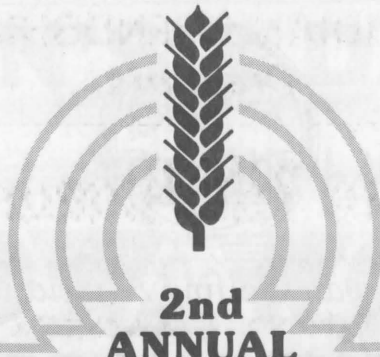
Book Staff Tournaments & Sportsdays Now!!

Rentals ● FULL SERVICE PRO SHOP

KINOOKIMAW for the GOOD TIMES

938-2723

General Manager: Herb Strongeagle, B.Comm.



**2nd
ANNUAL**

**SASKATCHEWAN INDIAN
CULTURAL & AGRICULTURAL
FAIR DAYS**

AUGUST 14 • 15 • 16, 1981

**COTE RESERVE
KAMSACK, SASKATCHEWAN**

EVENTS

GALAXY OF SASKATCHEWAN NATIVE STARS

NORTH AMERICAN ALL-INDIAN RODEO

NORTH AMERICAN INDIAN POW-WOW

**SASKATCHEWAN INDIAN
ARTS & CRAFTS SALES & DISPLAYS**

TOP INDIAN CHUCKWAGON RACES

INDIAN LIVESTOCK SHOWS

INDIAN CULTURAL EVENTS

INDIAN BOOTHS & FOODS

EDUCATIONAL DISPLAYS

**"MAKING OUR FELLOW CANADIANS AWARE OF
OUR AGRICULTURAL & CULTURAL ACHIEVEMENTS."**

MISSION INDIAN FRIENDSHIP CENTRE
Presents

The 7th Annual
**INTERTRIBAL
POW - WOW**

July 11 - 12, 1981

AT MISSION, BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Fairgrounds - 7th Avenue and Grand Street)

Drum & Warm-Up — Fri., July 10

**All Indian Parade — Sat., July 11
(1:30 P.M.)**

\$1000 PRIZES

**Grand Entry Of All Tribes-Sat., 6:00 P.M.
-Sun., 1:00 P.M.**

\$8000 TOTAL PRIZES

**TEE - PEE
ENCAMPMENT
CRAFTS**

**DANCING
COMPETITION
BAR - B - Q**


Registration - Saturday, July 11th

FOR FURTHER ENQUIRIES TELEPHONE (604) 826-1281

**ABSOLUTELY NO DRUGS
OR ALCOHOL ALLOWED!!**

MUSKEG LAKE 1st ANNUAL FASTBALL TOURNAMENT JULY 12 & 19, 1981

TOTAL PRIZE MONEY — \$3000.00



	FIRST	SECOND
"A" Event	\$1000.00	\$ 700.00
"B" Event	\$ 600.00	\$ 400.00
"C" Event	\$ 200.00	\$ 100.00

Entry Fee — \$150.00 (\$50.00 REFUNDABLE)

FIRST 16 TEAMS ACCEPTED
8 LADIES TEAMS (Entry Fee — \$100.00) (\$50.00 Refundable)

ENTRY FEE DEADLINE — JULY 10, 1981
For Further Information Call 466-4444

Admission: Adults — \$3.00; Students — \$1.00; 10 & under — Free

● BINGO ● ARM WRESTLING ● HORSESHOES ● JIGGING ●
● CONCESSION BOOTHS ● BEER GARDENS ●

SASKATCHEWAN INDIAN SUMMER GAMES

PRINCESS PAGEANT

Muskeg Lake Reserve
August, 1981

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CALL 466-4444

Eligibility:

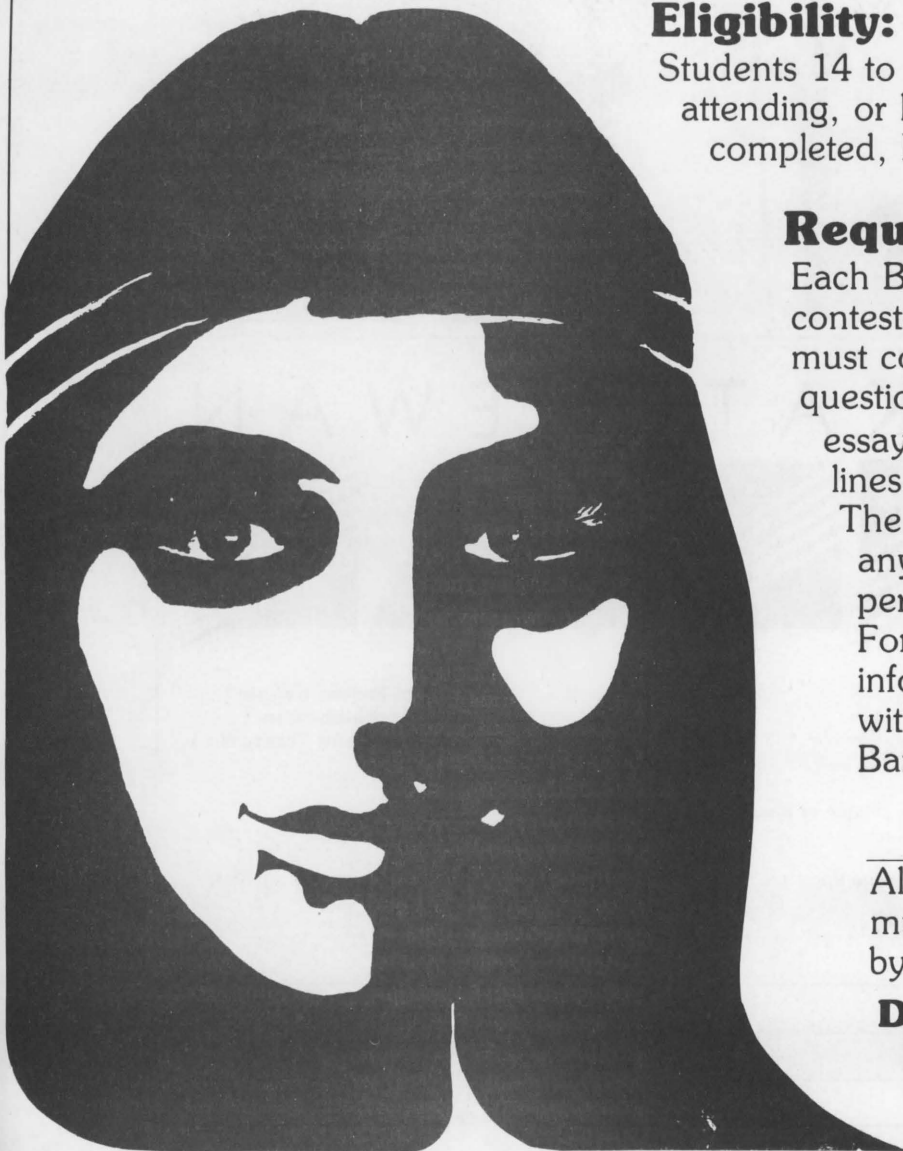
Students 14 to 18 years of age attending, or having completed, High School.

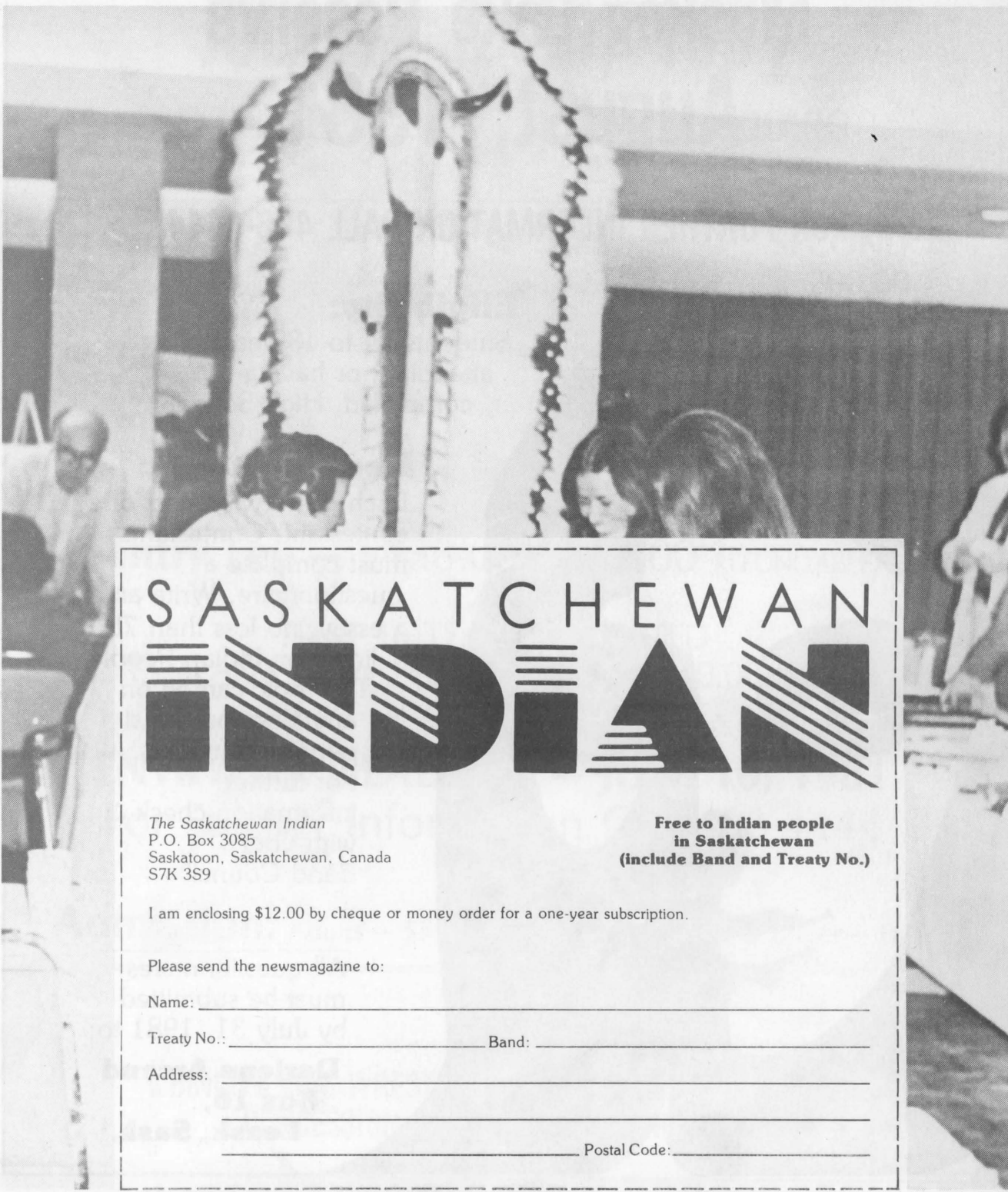
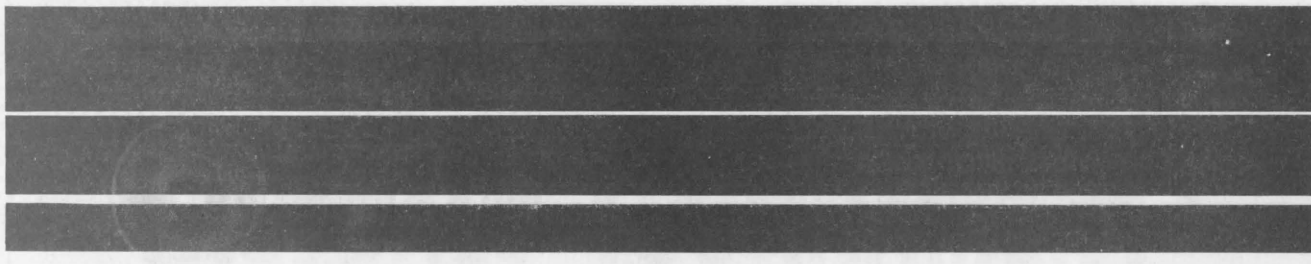
Requirements:

Each Band will select one contestant. Contestants must complete a questionnaire. Write an essay, no less than 75 lines, on Indian People. The topic can be on anything, but must pertain to Indians. For further information check with your Band Council.

All questionnaires must be submitted by July 31, 1981 to:

**Darlene Arcand
Box 16,
Leask, Sask.**





SASKATCHEWAN INDIAN

The Saskatchewan Indian
P.O. Box 3085
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada
S7K 3S9

**Free to Indian people
in Saskatchewan
(include Band and Treaty No.)**

I am enclosing \$12.00 by cheque or money order for a one-year subscription.

Please send the newsmagazine to:

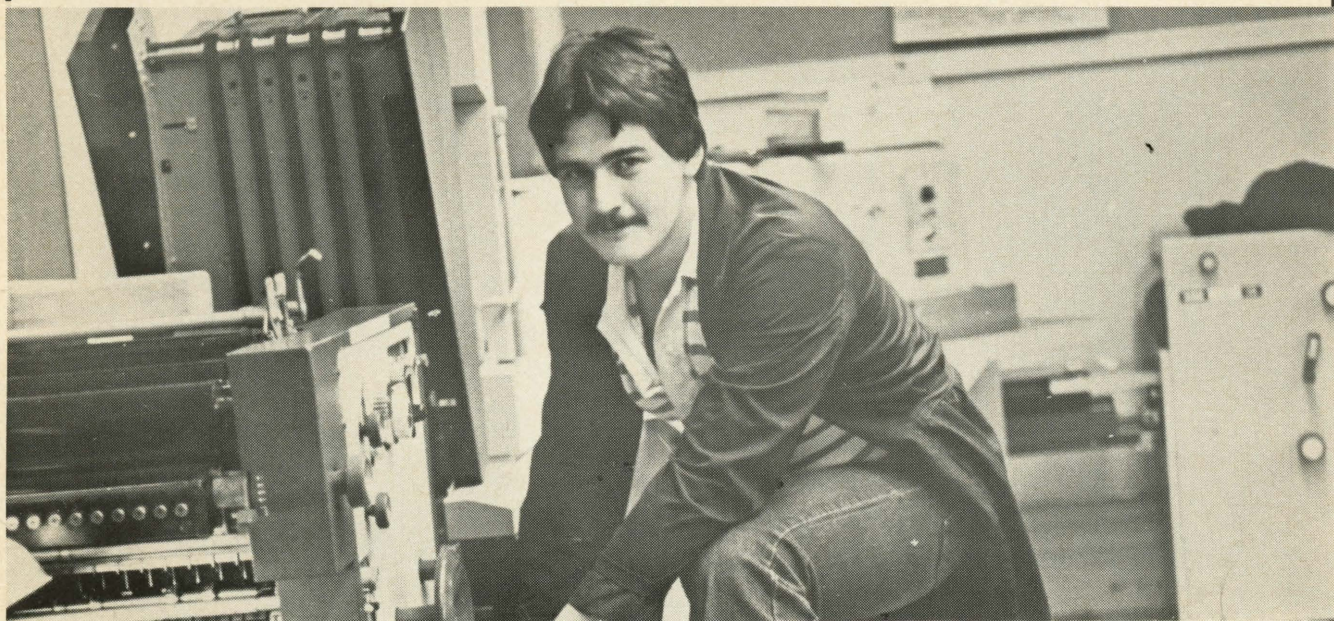
Name: _____

Treaty No.: _____ Band: _____

Address: _____

Postal Code: _____

FEDERATION OF SASKATCHEWAN INDIANS MEDIA COMMUNICATIONS PRODUCTIONS



FSI Media/Communications Productions delivers to the people of Saskatchewan, a complete and comprehensive media system, including this monthly publication, **The Saskatchewan Indian** and coverage of all events and issues of interest to Indian people over:

Moccasin Telegraph — weekly radio broadcasts highlighting national, provincial and local news, and originating from our studios at 1030 Idylwyld Drive, Saskatoon.

CJGX Yorkton — Thursday at 10:15 p.m.

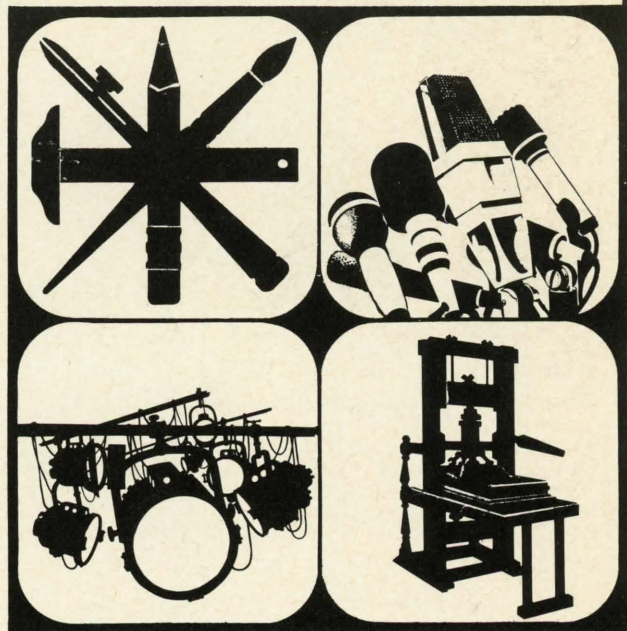
CKRM Regina — Thursday at 10:00 p.m.

CKBI Prince Albert — Saturday at 6 p.m.

CJNB North Battleford — Sunday at 5p.m.

CJNS Meadow Lake — Monday at 7:00 p.m.

Fifth Generation — weekly television productions taped on location and at our FSI studios. Presently seen over CKBI-TV, Prince Albert every Saturday from 1:00 p.m. to 1:30 p.m.; CKCK-TV, Regina from 2:30 p.m. to 3:00 p.m. Saturdays; from Channel 10, Saskatoon (Telecable). Sunday 3:00 p.m. Monday 6:00 p.m. and Wednesday 8:00 p.m. and Cablevision Battleford - Tuesday 7:00 p.m. and Thursday 9:30 p.m.



fsimc

