

Effect of the Biofield Energy Treated
Test Formulation on Tissue Specific
Biomarkers in Various Human CellsJagdish Singh¹, Mahendra Kumar Trivedi¹, Alice Branton¹, Dahryn Trivedi¹,
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CC-BY 4.0**Keywords** The Trivedi Effect®;
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Abstract

Dysfunction of vital organs are the main concern for human health. Therefore, it is necessary to homeostat the normal function of vital organs such as lungs, liver, brain, and heart for better health. The aim of this study was to evaluate the effect of the Consciousness Energy Treated test formulation on the function of vital organs such as bones, heart, liver, lungs, and brain in various cell-based assays. The test formulation and the cell media was divided into two parts; one untreated (UT) and other part received the Biofield Energy Treatment remotely by a renowned Biofield Energy Healer, Jagdish Singh, USA and were labeled as the Biofield Energy Treated (BT) test formulation/media. Cell viability data suggested that the tested formulation was safe and non-toxic in nature in six different cells. The experimental groups like untreated medium (UT-Med) + Biofield Treated Test Item (BT-TI), BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI showed 190.5%, 56.3%, and 73.8% restoration of cell viability at 1µg/mL in human cardiac fibroblasts cells (HCF) compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Moreover, BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups showed 98.8% and 79.1% restoration of cell viability at 10µg/mL, respectively in human hepatoma cells (HepG2) compared to untreated. Furthermore, 261.7%, 165.8%, and 167.8% restoration of cell viability was observed in adenocarcinomic human alveolar basal epithelial cells (A549) by BT-Med + BT-TI group at 0.1, 1, and 10µg/mL, respectively compared to untreated. Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) level was significantly increased by 52.5% and 66.1% in the BT-Med + UT-TI group at 10 and 50µg/mL, respectively in human bone osteosarcoma cells (MG-63) compared to the untreated. Additionally, the level of ALP was significantly increased by 101% and 170.6% in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 50µg/mL in human endometrial adenocarcinoma cells (Ishikawa) compared to the untreated. The percent protection of HCF (heart) cells (decreased of LDH activity) was significantly increased by 191.8% (at 0.01µg/mL) and 141.8% (10µg/mL) in the UT-Med + BT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively compared to the untreated in HCF cells. The percent protection of HepG2 (liver) cells (decreased of ALT activity) was significantly increased by 88.1% (at 1µg/mL) and 44.9% (at 63µg/mL) in the BT-Med + UT-TI and UT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively compared to untreated in HepG2 cells. The percent protection of A549 (lungs) cells (increased of SOD activity) was significantly increased by 19.6% and 13.6% in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 25µg/mL compared to untreated in A549 cells. Serotonin level was significantly increased by 475.6% (at 0.1µg/mL), 311.9% (at 1µg/mL), 400.5% (at 10µg/mL) and 250.9% (at 63µg/mL) in the BT-Med + BT-TI group compared to the untreated in human neuroblastoma cells (SH-SY5Y). The relative quantification (RQ) of vitamin D receptor (VDR) was significantly increased by 185% and 285.8% in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 10µg/mL compared to the untreated in MG-63 cells. Utterly, these results suggest that Biofield Energy Treated test formulation significantly improved the relevant bones, heart, liver, lungs, and brain-related functional enzyme biomarkers. Altogether data suggest that the Biofield Energy Treatment (The Trivedi Effect®) can be useful to protect and maintain the normal function of each vital organ such as lungs, liver, heart, brain, and bones. Therefore, The Trivedi Effect® can be used as a complementary and alternative therapy against several disorders such as coronary artery disease, heart attack, arrhythmias, heart failure, congenital heart disease, cardiomyopathy, cirrhosis, liver cancer, hemochromatosis, Wilson disease, pneumonia, asthma, emphysema, chronic bronchitis, cystic fibrosis, osteoporosis, etc.

Introduction

Bones, heart, liver, lungs, and brain disorders are the major concern of human overall health across the globe. The World Health Organization (WHO) estimates, in 2016, ~17.5 million people die due to cardiovascular (heart) disorders, ~3.5 million people die due to lungs disorders, ~1.3 million people die due to liver disorders around the globe each year [1]. Moreover, ~1.2 million people most frequently diagnosed adult-onset brain disorders in each year in the USA. [2]. Three main criteria to keep a healthy heart include the opening blood vessels, strengthening the heart muscle, and controlling free radical damage by antioxidants [3]. The release of liver mitochondrial enzymes is considered strong evidence for hepatic (liver) necrosis, which is associated with an increased production of reactive oxygen species (ROS) that leads to hepatic lipid peroxidation [4-6]. Oxidative stress in the respiratory system increases the production of mediators of pulmonary inflammation and initiate or promote mechanisms of carcinogenesis [7]. The lung is one of the major organs, which is highly exposed by various oxidants i.e., endogenous and exogenous oxidants (cigarette smoke, mineral dust, ozone, and radiation). These oxidants produce free radicals, while reactive oxygen species (ROS) and reactive nitrogen species (RNS) are produced by phagocytes as well as

by alveolar, polymorphonuclear, bronchial and different endothelial cells [8]. However, the role of oxidative stress in the pathogenesis of lung diseases has been widely reported such as asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), lung malignancies and parenchymal lung diseases like idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis and lung granulomatous diseases [9]. Serotonin (5-hydroxytryptamine, 5-HT) is among the brain's neuromodulators responsible for behavior and understanding [10]. Apart from medicines, non-pharmacologic methods that can increase serotonin by increasing recognition and happiness and well-being. These factors can protect against mental and physical disorders [11]. There is currently no universally accepted test formulation, which improve the organ health biomarkers. With this respect, the novel test formulation was designed on the basis of best scientific literature, which is the combination of herbal products *viz.* panax ginseng extract and beta carotene, minerals *viz.* calcium chloride, magnesium gluconate, zinc chloride, sodium selenate, ferrous sulfate, and vitamins *viz.* vitamin B₁₂, vitamin D₃, ascorbic acid, and vitamin B₆. This formulation is designed for overall functioning of the organs that can results in improved overall health conditions against many pathological conditions such as lung disorder, liver disorder, breast cancer, liver cancer, aging, muscle damage, and overall health. Minerals and vitamins present in the test formulation provide significant functional support to all the vital organs [12-14]. In addition, panax ginseng is one of the best reported medicinal plants that improve mental, physical abilities, cognitive health, and is potent immunomodulator [15,16].

Various study data suggested the effect of Energy Therapy in cancer patients through therapeutic touch [17], massage therapy [18], etc. Complementary and Alternative Medicine (CAM) therapies are preferred model of treatment, among which Biofield Therapy (or Healing Modalities) is one approach to enhance emotional, mental, physical, and human wellness. The National Center of Complementary and Integrative Health (NCCIH) has recognized and allowed Biofield Energy Healing as a CAM approach in addition to other therapies and medicines such as natural products, chiropractic/osteopathic manipulation, Qi Gong, deep breathing, Tai Chi, yoga, meditation, massage, special diets, healing touch, relaxation techniques, traditional Chinese herbs and medicines, naturopathy, movement therapy, homeopathy, progressive relaxation, guided imagery, pilates, acupuncture, acupressure, Reiki, rolfing structural integration, hypnotherapy, Ayurvedic medicine, mindfulness, essential oils, aromatherapy, and cranial sacral therapy. The Human Biofield Energy has subtle energy that has the capacity to work in an effective manner [19]. CAM therapies have been practiced worldwide with reported clinical benefits in different health disease profiles [20]. This energy can be harnessed and transmitted by the practitioners into living and non-living things *via* the process of Biofield Energy Healing. The Biofield Energy Treatment, the Trivedi Effect[®], has been reported to have a significant impact in the field of cancer research [21,22], materials science [23,24], microbiology [25,26], agriculture [27,28], nutraceuticals [29,30], and biotechnology [31,32]. Further, the Trivedi Effect[®] also significantly improved bioavailability of various low bioavailable compounds [33-35], an improved overall skin health [36,37], bone health [38-40], human health and wellness. Based on the excellent outcomes of the Biofield Energy Therapy in wide spectrum of areas, the authors intend to see the impact of the Biofield Energy Healing Treated test formulation on the function

of vital organs such as bones, heart, liver, lungs, and brain specific biomarkers in different cell-lines.

Materials and Methods

Chemicals and reagents

Zinc chloride, magnesium gluconate, β -carotene, and calcitriol were purchased from TCI chemicals, Japan. Ferrous sulfate, vitamin B₆, vitamin D₃, vitamin B₁₂, calcium chloride, naringenin, trimetazidine (TMZ), 3-(4,5-Dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5-Diphenyltetrazolium Bromide (MTT), and ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA) were obtained from Sigma Chemical Co. (St. Louis, MO). Silymarin and curcumin were obtained from Sanat Chemicals, India and quercetin obtained from Clearysynth, India. Panax ginseng extract obtained from panacea Phytoextracts, India. Sodium selenate and ascorbic acid were obtained from Alfa Aesar, India. Reverse Transcription Kit, RNeasy Mini Kit, and Syber Green PCR kits were procured from Quagen, India. All the other chemicals used in this experiment were analytical grade procured from India.

Biofield energy healing strategy

The test formulation was the combination of eleven ingredients *viz.* calcium chloride, panax ginseng extract, vitamin B₁₂, β -carotene, vitamin D₃, zinc chloride, magnesium gluconate, sodium selenate, ferrous sulfate, ascorbic acid, and vitamin B₆. The test formulation and the cell media was divided into two parts; one untreated (UT) and other part received the Biofield Energy Treatment remotely by a renowned Biofield Energy Healer, Jagdish Singh, USA under laboratory conditions for ~3 minutes through healer's unique Biofield Energy Transmission process and was labeled as the Biofield Energy Treated (BT) test formulation/media. Further, the untreated group was treated with "sham" healer for comparison purpose. The "sham" healer did not have any knowledge about the Biofield Energy Healing Treatment. Biofield Energy Healer was located in the USA, however the test items were located in the research laboratory of Dabur Research Foundation, New Delhi, India. Biofield Energy Healer in this experiment did not visit the laboratory, nor had any contact with the test samples. After that, the Biofield Energy Treated and untreated test items were kept in similar sealed conditions and used for the study as per the study plan.

Assessment of cell viability using MTT assay

Cells were counted using hemocytometer and plated in 96-well plates at the specific density described in Table 1. The cells were then incubated overnight under growth conditions and allow to cell recovery and exponential growth. Following overnight incubation, cells were treated with different concentrations of test formulations (BT/UT). Following respective treatments, cells were incubated in a CO₂ incubator at 37°C, 5% CO₂, and 95% humidity and incubated for time period mentioned in Table 1. After incubation, the plates were taken out and 20 μ L of 5mg/mL of MTT 3-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5-diphenyl tetrazolium bromide solution was added to all the wells followed by additional incubation for 3 hours at 37°C. The supernatant was aspirated and 150 μ L of DMSO was added to each well to dissolve formazan crystals. The absorbance of each well was read at 540 nm using Synergy HT microplate reader. The percentage cytotoxicity at each tested concentration of TI was calculated using Equation 1:

$$\% \text{ Cytotoxicity} = [(R-X)/R] * 100 \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

Where, X = Absorbance of treated cells; R = Absorbance of untreated cells

The concentrations exhibiting percentage cytotoxicity < 30% was considered as non-cytotoxic [41].

Evaluation of the cytoprotective effect of the formulation

Cells (human cardiac fibroblasts-HCF; human hepatoma cells-HepG2; and adenocarcinomic human alveolar basal epithelial cells-A549) were counted and plated in suitable medium followed by overnight incubation. The cells were then treated with the test items/positive control at the non-cytotoxic concentrations for 24 hours. After 24 hours, oxidative stress was given to the cells using 10mM *t*-BHP for 3.5 hours. The untreated cells served as a control that did not receive any treatment and was maintained in cell growth medium only. Cells treated with 10mM of *t*-BHP alone served as negative control. After 3.5 hours of incubation with *t*-BHP the above plates were taken out and cell viability was determined by MTT assay. The percentage protection corresponding to each treatment was calculated using Equation 2:

$$\% \text{ Protection} = [(Absorbance_{sample} - Absorbance_{t-BHP}) * 100 / (Absorbance_{untreated} - Absorbance_{t-BHP})] \dots \dots \dots (2)$$

Assessment of alkaline phosphatase (ALP) activity

The cells (human bone osteosarcoma cells-MG-63 and human endometrial adenocarcinoma cells-Ishikawa) were counted using an hemocytometer and plated in 24-well plates at the density corresponding to 1 X 10⁴ cells/well in phenol-free DMEM supplemented with 10% CD-FBS. Following the respective treatments, the cells in the above plate were incubated for 48 hours in CO₂ incubator at 37°C, 5% CO₂, and 95% humidity. After 48 hours of incubation, the plates were taken out and processed for the measurement of ALP enzyme activity. The cells were washed with 1 X PBS and lysed by freeze-thaw method *i.e.*, incubation at -80°C for 20 minutes followed by incubation at 37°C for 10 minutes. To the lysed cells, 50µL of substrate solution *i.e.*, 5 mM of *p*-nitrophenyl phosphate (*p*NPP) in 1M diethanolamine and 0.24 mM magnesium chloride (MgCl₂) solution (pH 10.4) was added to all the wells followed by incubation for 1 hour at 37°C. The absorbance of the above solution was read at 405 nm using Synergy HT microplate reader (Biotek, USA). The absorbance values obtained were normalized with substrate blank (*p*NPP solution alone) absorbance values. The percentage increase in ALP enzyme activity with respect to the untreated cells (baseline group) was calculated using Equation 3:

$$\% \text{ Increase in ALP} = \{(X-R)/R\} * 100 \dots \dots \dots (3)$$

Where, X = Absorbance of cells corresponding to positive control and test groups

R = Absorbance of cells corresponding to baseline group (untreated cells)

Estimation of lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) in human cardiac fibroblasts (HCF)

The human cardiac fibroblasts (HCF) Cells were counted and plated at the density of 0.25 X 10⁶ cells/ well in 24-well plates in cardiac fibroblast specific medium followed by overnight incubation. The cells were then treated with the test formulation/positive control at the non-cytotoxic concentrations for 24 hours. After 24 hours, oxidative stress was given to the cells using 10mM *t*-BHP for 3.5 hours. The untreated cells were served as control that did not receive any treatment and were maintained in cell growth medium only. Cells treated with 10mM of *t*-BHP alone served as the negative control. After 3.5 hours of incubation with *t*-BHP the above plates were taken out and LDH activity was determined using LDH activity kit as per manufacturer’s instructions. The percent increase in LDH activity was calculated using Equation 4.

$$\% \text{ Increase} = [(LDH \text{ activity}_{sample} - LDH \text{ activity}_{t-BHP}) * 100 / (LDH \text{ activity}_{untreated} - LDH \text{ activity}_{t-BHP})] \dots \dots \dots (4)$$

Estimation of ALT in liver cells (HepG2)

The human hepatoma cells (HepG2) were counted and plated at the density of 5 X 10⁴ cells/well in 48-well plates in DMEM media followed by overnight incubation. The cells were then treated with the test formulation/positive control at the non-cytotoxic concentrations for 24 hours. After 24 hours, oxidative stress was given to the cells using 400µM *t*-BHP for 3.5 hours. The untreated cells served as control that did not receive any treatment and were maintained in cell growth medium only. Cells treated with 400µM of *t*-BHP alone served as negative control. After 3.5 hours of incubation with *t*-BHP the above plates were taken out and ALT activity was determined using ALT activity kit as per manufacturer’s instructions. The percent increase in ALT activity was calculated using Equation 5.

$$\% \text{ Increase} = [(ALT \text{ activity}_{sample} - ALT \text{ activity}_{t-BHP}) * 100 / (ALT \text{ activity}_{untreated} - ALT \text{ activity}_{t-BHP})] \dots \dots \dots (5)$$

Estimation of superoxide dismutase (SOD) in lung (A549) cells

The adenocarcinomic human alveolar basal epithelial cells (A549) were counted and plated at the density of 1 X 10⁴ cells/well in 24-well plates in DMEM followed by overnight incubation. The cells

Table 1: Information related to six cell lines with their plating density and time-point.

S. No.	Cell Line	Plating	Time Point
1	MG-63 (Bone)	3x10 ⁴ cells/ well, 96-well plate	5 days
2	Ishikawa (Uterus)	3x10 ⁴ cells/ well, 96-well plate	5 days
3	A549 (Lung)	10x10 ⁴ cells/ well, 96-well plate	24 hours
4	HepG2 (Liver)	1x10 ⁴ cells/ well, 96-well plate	24 hours
5	Human Cardiac fibroblasts (Heart)	1x10 ⁴ cells/ well, 96-well plate	24 hours
6	SH-SY5Y (Neuronal cell)	10x10 ⁴ cells/ well, 96-well plate	24 hours

were then treated with the test formulation/ positive control at the non-cytotoxic concentrations along with 100µM *t*-BHP to induce oxidative stress. The untreated cells served as control that did not receive any treatment and were maintained in cell growth medium only. Cells treated with 100µM of *t*-BHP alone served as negative control. After 24 hours of incubation with *t*-BHP the above plates were taken out and SOD activity was determined using SOD activity kit as per manufacturer's instructions. The percent increase in SOD activity was calculated using Equation 6:

$$\% \text{ Increase in SOD activity} = ((X-R)/R) \times 100 \dots \dots \dots (6)$$

Where, X = SOD activity corresponding to Test Item or Positive Control

R = SOD activity corresponding to Control group.

Estimation of serotonin in neuronal cells (SH-SY5Y)

The human neuroblastoma (SH-SY5Y) cells were counted and plated at the density of 10×10^4 cells/well in 96-well plates followed by overnight incubation. The cells were then treated with the test items/ positive control at the non-cytotoxic concentrations. The untreated cells served as control that did not receive any treatment and were maintained in cell growth medium only. The treated cells were incubated for 24 hours. Serotonin release was determined by ELISA as per manufacturer's protocol. The percent increase in serotonin levels was calculated using Equation 7.

$$[(X-R)/R] \times 100 \dots \dots \dots (7)$$

Where, X = Serotonin levels corresponding to test item or positive control

R = Serotonin levels corresponding to control group.

Effect of test formulation on vitamin D receptor (VDR) in bone (MG-63) cells

The human bone osteosarcoma (MG-63) cells were counted using hemocytometer were plated at a density of 2×10^5 cells/well in 6-well plates followed by overnight incubation. The cells were then sera starved for 24 hours and treated with the test formulation/ positive control at the non-cytotoxic concentrations. The untreated cells were served as control that did not receive any treatment and were maintained in cell growth medium only. The treated cells were incubated for 24 hours and VDR expression was determined by Q-PCR using VDR specific primers. Cells were harvested by scrapping and washed with PBS. Cell pellets obtained were analyzed for VDR gene expression using human VDR specific primers: Forward: 5'-GCTGACCTGGTCAGTTACAGCA-3', Reverse: 5'-CACGTCACCTGACGCGGTACTT-3'. VDR gene expression was normalized using House-keeping (HK) reference. Relative quantification (RQ) of VDR gene in Biofield Energy Treated cells was calculated with respect to the untreated cells using Equation 8:

$$RQ = 2^{-N} \dots \dots \dots (8)$$

Where N is the relative Threshold Cycle (CT) value of treated sample with respect to the untreated sample.

Statistical analysis

All the values were represented as Mean \pm SD (standard

deviation) of three independent experiments. The statistical analysis was performed using SigmaPlot statistical software (v11.0). For two groups comparison student's *t*-test was used. For multiple group comparison, one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) was used followed by post-hoc analysis by Dunnett's test. Statistically significant values were set at the level of $p \leq 0.05$.

Results and Discussion

Cell viability using MTT assay

Determination of non-cytotoxic concentration of the formulation and positive controls by MTT cell viability assay was used in terms of percent viable cells in six (6) different cell-lines viz. MG-63, Ishikawa, A549, HepG2, HCF, and SH-SY5Y. Based on the percent cell viability data, it was observed that the formulation and positive controls were safe and non-toxic at the tested concentrations in six different cell lines and selected for other parameters analysis.

Evaluation of cytoprotective effect of the test formulation

For the evaluation of vital organ protection and/or function for the heart, liver, and lungs of the formulation was examined in the *in vitro* cell-based assays under the influence of *tert*-butyl hydroperoxide (*t*-BHP) induced oxidative stress. *t*-BHP has been extensively used for the induction of oxidative stress in various cell-lines [41,42]. The cytoprotective activity of the Biofield Energy Treated test formulation on the restoration of cell viability was determined against *t*-BHP induced cell damage and the result is shown in Figure 1. Trimetazidine (TMZ) was used as positive control in human cardiac fibroblasts cells (HCF) and showed, restoration of cell viability by 56.61%, 94.09%, and 102.29% at 5, 10, and 25µg/mL, respectively compared to the *t*-BHP induced group. Besides, the test formulation showed 190.5%, 56.3%, and 73.8% restoration of cell viability at 1µg/mL in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Moreover, at 10 µg/mL showed 59.2%, 19.5%, and 17.6% restoration of cell viability in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively than UT-Med + UT-TI group. Further, at 25µg/mL showed 8.5%, 26.3%, and 44% restoration of cell viability in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively than UT-Med + UT-TI group (Figure 1). Silymarin was used as positive control in human hepatoma cells (HepG2) resulted, restoration of cell viability by 38.79%, 73.92%, and 81.74% at 5, 10, and 25µg/mL, respectively compared to the *t*-BHP induced group. Besides, the test formulation showed 12.3%, 60.3%, and 84.9% restoration of cell viability at 1µg/mL in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + UT-TI groups, respectively as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Moreover, at 10µg/mL the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups showed 79.1%, 98.8%, and 79.1% restoration of cell viability, respectively than UT-Med + UT-TI group. Further, 15.6%, 78.8%, and 38.3% cells were restored by UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 25µg/mL as compared to UT-Med + UT-TI group (Figure 1). Quercetin was used as positive control in adenocarcinomic human alveolar basal epithelial cells (A549) resulted, restoration of cell viability by 38.79%, 73.92%, and 81.74% at 5, 10 and 25µg/mL, respectively compared to the *t*-BHP induced group. Besides, the test formulation showed 261.7% restoration of cell viability at 0.1µg/mL in the BT-Med + BT-

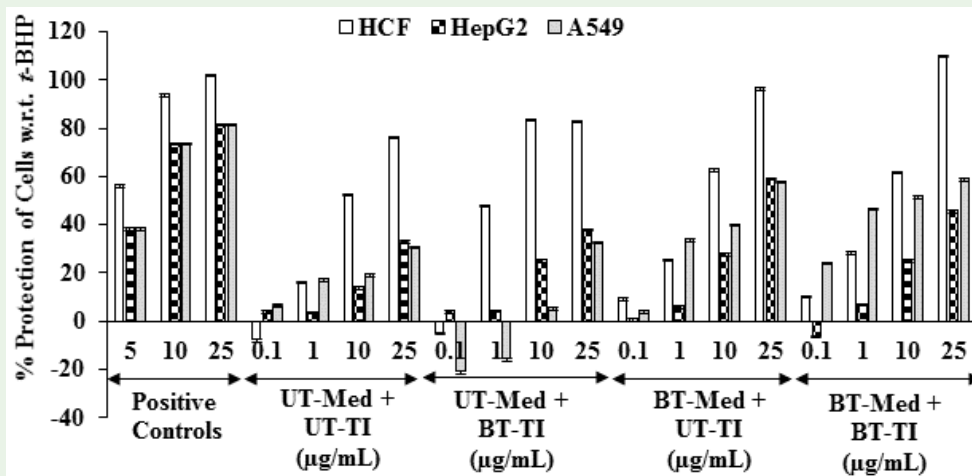


Figure 1: Assessment of cytoprotective effect of the test formulation in human cardiac fibroblasts cells (HCF), human hepatoma cells (HepG2), and adenocarcinomic human alveolar basal epithelial cells (A549) against tert-butyl hydroperoxide (t-BHP) induced damage. TMZ: Trimetazidine (μM), silymarin (μg/mL), and quercetin (μM) were used as positive control in HCF, HepG2, and A549 cells, respectively.

UT: Untreated; Med: Medium; BT: Biofield Treated; TI: Test item.

TI group compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Moreover, at 1μg/mL the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups showed 92% and 165.8% restoration of cell viability, respectively than UT-Med + UT-TI group. Additionally, at 10μg/mL the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups showed 108.3% and 167.8% restoration of cell viability, respectively than UT-Med + UT-TI group. Further, the test formulation showed 6.8%, 87%, and 90.4% restoration of cell viability at 25μg/mL in the BT-Med + BT-TI group compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group (Figure 1). More production of free radicals causes 'reduction of cellular antioxidant capacity that leads to inflammation [43]. This excess level of free radicals can affect the normal functions of cell membrane, and ultimately altered the genetic materials and cause various age-related disorders such as diabetes, cardiovascular, autoimmune diseases, and cancer [44-46]. The results suggest that Biofield Treatment has significantly protects t-BHP induced cardiotoxicity, hepatotoxicity, and lung cell toxicity which

could be due to 'The Trivedi Effect'. Therefore, Biofield Energy Healing Treatment could be used for the management of cardiovascular, liver, and various lung disorders.

Assessment of Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP) Activity

The effect of the test formulation on bone-specific alkaline phosphatase level is shown in Figure 2. The positive control, calcitriol showed 32.4%, 24.82%, and 62.95% increased the level of ALP at 0.1, 1, and 10 nM, respectively in MG-63 cells. The experimental groups showed 13.8% and 29.3% increased the level of ALP in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively with respect to the UT-Med + UT-TI group at 0.01μg/mL. At 0.1 μg/mL, the percent ALP was significantly increased by 15% and 15.7% in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Moreover, the ALP level was significantly increased by 21.6%, 52.5%, and 24.7% in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-

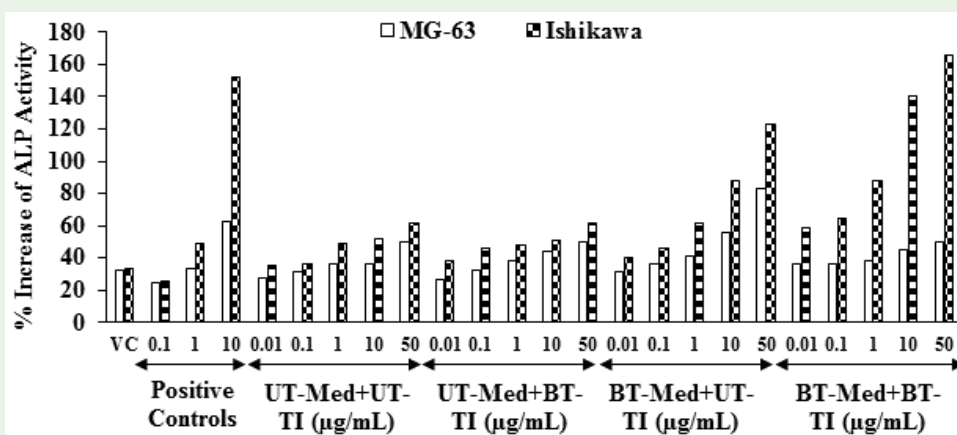


Figure 2: The effect of the test formulation on alkaline phosphatase (ALP) in human bone osteosarcoma cells (MG-63) and human endometrial adenocarcinoma cells (Ishikawa). Calcitriol and naringenin were used as positive control in Mg-63 and Ishikawa cells, respectively.

VC: Vehicle control; UT: Untreated; Med: Medium; BT: Biofield Treated; TI: Test item.

Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group at 10µg/mL.

Further, at 50µg/mL, ALP was significantly increased by 66.1% in the BT-Med + UT-TI as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Besides, the positive control naringin in showed 33.50%, 49.23%, and 151.85% increased the level of ALP at 0.1, 1, and 10nM, respectively in Ishikawa cells. ALP percent was significantly increased by 16% and 67% in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group at 0.1µg/mL. Moreover, the experimental groups showed 26.9%, 26.9%, and 79.1% increased the level of ALP in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively with respect to the UT-Med + UT-TI group at 1µg/mL. At 10µg/mL, the percent ALP was significantly increased by 27.8% and 81.2% in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Further, at 50µg/mL, the level of ALT activity was significantly increased by 101% and 170.6% in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group (Figure 2). For proper bone mineralization the ALP activity is essential and it is considered a useful biochemical marker for bone formation [47]. Thus, for the detection of bone specific biochemical marker in serum can be clinically useful in evaluating the progress of the bone healing process [48,49]. In this experiment, it was revealed that the Consciousness Energy Healing Treated test formulation significantly increased the level of ALP expression, which might be very helpful to the patients suffering from various bone-related disorders.

Estimation of lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) activity in human cardiac fibroblasts (HCF)

The lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) is normally present in the heart and skeletal muscle, is a tetrameric enzyme, and is mainly responsible for anaerobic respiration of cells [50-52]. The effect of test items on the percent protection of HCF cells in terms of decreased level of lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) activity is presented in Figure 3. The positive control, trimetazidine (TMZ) exhibited 3.4%, 30.14%, and

80.06% protection of HCF cells (decreased of LDH activity) compared to the *t*-BHP group. The percent protection of HCF cells (decreased of LDH activity) was significantly increased by 191.8% at 0.01µg/mL in the UT-Med + BT-TI group as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Moreover, at 1µg/mL, the percent protection of HCF cells (decreased of LDH activity) was significantly increased by 58.6%, 28.3%, and 26.1% in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Further, percent protection of HCF cells (decreased of LDH activity) was also significantly increased by 58.8%, 46.3%, and 141.8% in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 10µg/mL as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group (Figure 3). Overall, data found that there was a significant reduction of LDH level after Biofield Energy Treatment and protect HCF cells, which might be helpful to resist against various pathological conditions like tissue injury, necrosis, hypoxia, hemolysis or malignancies. It also indicating that the heart cells acted normally under stress and anaerobic condition and improved overall heart function.

Estimation of alanine amino transferase (ALT) activity in HepG2 cells

The effect of the test formulation on protection of HepG2 cells in terms of decrease alanine amino transferase (ALT) activity is shown in Figure 4. The positive control, silymarin exhibited 11.51%, 84.98%, and 118.94% protection of HepG2 cells (decreased of ALT activity). The protection of HepG2 cells (decreased of ALT activity) was significantly increased by 31%, 88.1%, and 41.3% at 1µg/mL in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Moreover, at 10µg/mL, percent protection of HepG2 cells (decreased of ALT activity) was increased by 36.5%, 32.1%, and 18.4% in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Further, protection of HepG2 cells (decreased of ALT activity) was also significantly increased by 44.9% and 23.4% in the UT-Med + BT-TI and UT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 25µg/mL as compared

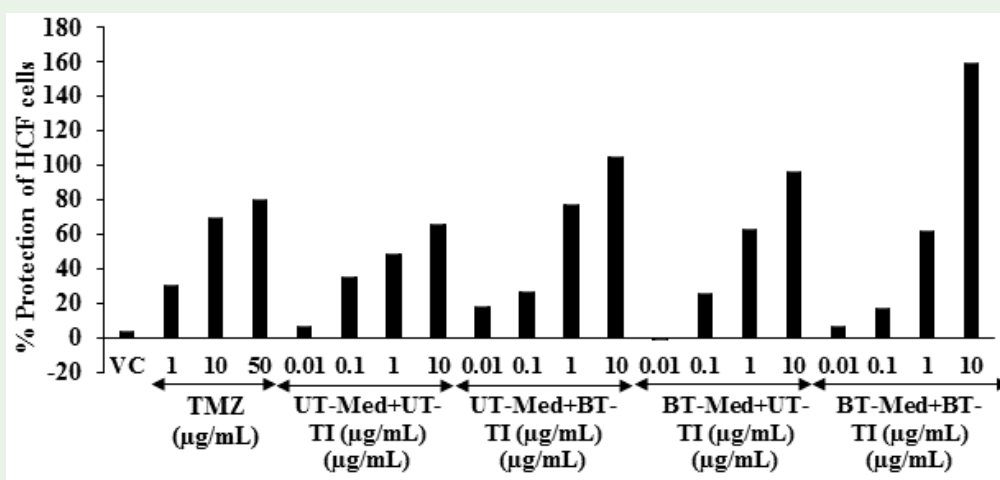


Figure 3: The effect of the test formulation on the percent protection of HCF cells in terms of decreased lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) activity against tert-butyl hydroperoxide (t-BHP) induced damage.

TMZ: Trimetazidine; VC: Vehicle control; UT: Untreated; Med: Medium; BT: Biofield Treated; TI: Test item.

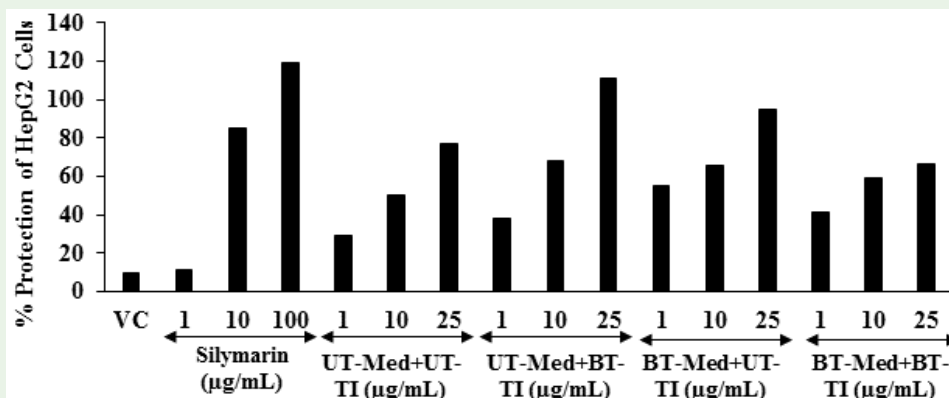


Figure 4: Effect of the test formulation on the percent protection of human liver cancer (HepG2) cells in terms of decreased alanine amino transaminase (ALT) activity under the stimulation of tert-butyl hydroperoxide (t-BHP).

VC: Vehicle control; UT: Untreated; Med: Medium; BT: Biofield Treated; TI: Test item.

to the UT-Med + UT-TI group (Figure 4). Increased level of ALT is directly proportional to the severity of the diseases like hepatocellular injury and death [53]. Thus, the elevation of ALT enzyme chances of liver disorders [54]. Here, the Biofield Energy Treatment significantly protect liver hepatocytes in terms of reducing the level of transaminases enzyme, ALT compared to the t-BHP inducing group.

Estimation of superoxide dismutase (SOD) activity in adenocarcinomic human alveolar basal epithelial cells (A549)

The effect of the test formulation on the protection of lungs cells (A549) in terms of increased super oxide dismutase (SOD) activity is shown in Figure 5. The positive control, showed 52.82%, 74.04%, and 89.75% protection of A549 (lungs) cells (increased of SOD activity) compared to the t-BHP group. The percent protection of A549 (lungs) cells (increased of SOD activity) was significantly increased by 19.6% and 13.6% at 25µg/mL in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Moreover, at 63µg/mL, the percent protection of A549 (lungs) cells

(increased of SOD activity) was significantly increased by 10.6% in the UT-Med + BT-TI as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group (Figure 5). SOD enzyme is considered as an important antioxidant defense and possess a powerful anti-inflammatory activity against chronic inflammation such as colitis. Adequate concentration of cellular SOD can reduced the ROS generation, oxidative stress, and also inhibits the endothelial activation [55]. Overall, data found that there was a significant increased SOD level after Biofield Energy Treatment in A549 cells, which might be helpful to resist against various pathological conditions like oxidative stress and related adverse effect. It also indicating that the lung cells acted normally and improved overall respiratory activities.

Effect of test formulation on serotonin in human neuroblastoma (SH-SY5Y) cells

The effect of test formulation on serotonin level was assessed in SH-SY5Y cells after 24 hours of treatment by ELISA and the results are shown in Figure 6. The positive control, showed 192.28%, 229.48%, and 315.05% increased the level of serotonin compared to the

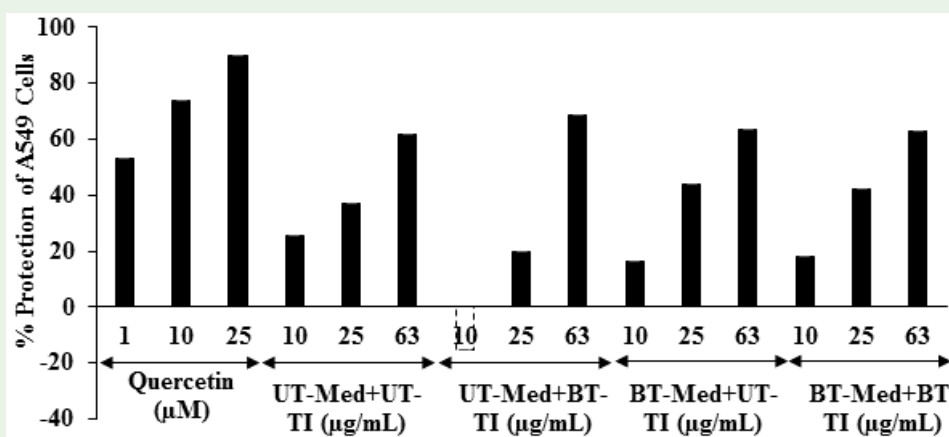


Figure 5: Effect of the test formulation on the percent protection of lungs cells (A549) in terms of increased SOD activity under the stimulation of tert-butyl hydroperoxide (t-BHP).

VC: Vehicle control; UT: Untreated; Med: Medium; BT: Biofield Treated; TI: Test item.

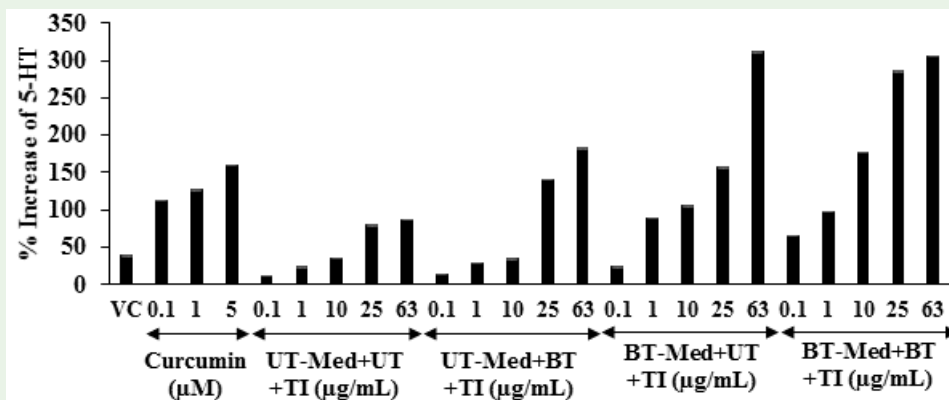


Figure 6: Effect of the test formulation on percent increase in 5-hydroxy tryptamine (5-HT) or serotonin in human neuroblastoma cells (SH-SY5Y). VC: Vehicle control; UT: Untreated; Med: Medium; BT: Biofield Treated; TI: Test item.

vehicle control (VC) group. The level of serotonin was significantly increased by 19.8%, 106.6%, and 475.6% at 0.1μg/mL in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Moreover, at 1μg/mL, 5-HT level was significantly increased by 20.5%, 278%, and 311.9% in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Further, the serotonin level was significantly increased by 196.5% and 400.5% in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 10μg/mL as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Further, the serotonin level was significantly increased by 109.5%, 257.5%, and 250.9% in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 63μg/mL as compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group (Figure 6). Serotonin (5-HT) is widely distributed in CNS, and its role is highly important in various neuronal functions like sleep, feeding, pain, sexual behavior, cardiac regulation, and cognition. Loss of serotonin leads to various neuropsychiatric diseases of late life such as depression, Alzheimer’s disease, loss of ability of thinking, memory loss, cognitive health, etc. [56,57]. Thus, the data suggested that Biofield Energy Healing

Treated novel test formulation significantly improved the serotonin level, which would be highly useful against various neurodegenerative diseases and other age-related disorders and improved the normal functioning of the brain tissues.

Effect of test formulation on vitamin D receptors (VDRs)

The effect of the test formulation on VDR expression was determined using quantitative-polymerase chain reaction (Q-PCR) amplification. VDR-relative threshold cycle (VDR-CT) values were obtained from PCR amplification. Relative quantification (RQ) was calculated from the VDR-CT and house-keeping (HK)-CT values for MG-63 cells treated with test formulation and positive control is represented in Figure 7. The RQ of VDR was increased in a concentration-dependent manner by 65.86%, 109.94%, and 154.91% in positive control group (calcitriol) at 1, 10, and 100nM, respectively. Moreover, RQ of VDR was significantly increased by 61.7%, 69.6%, and 45.9% in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 0.01μg/mL compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Additionally, at 0.1μg/mL the VDR level was significantly increased by 56.6% in the BT-Med + BT-TI

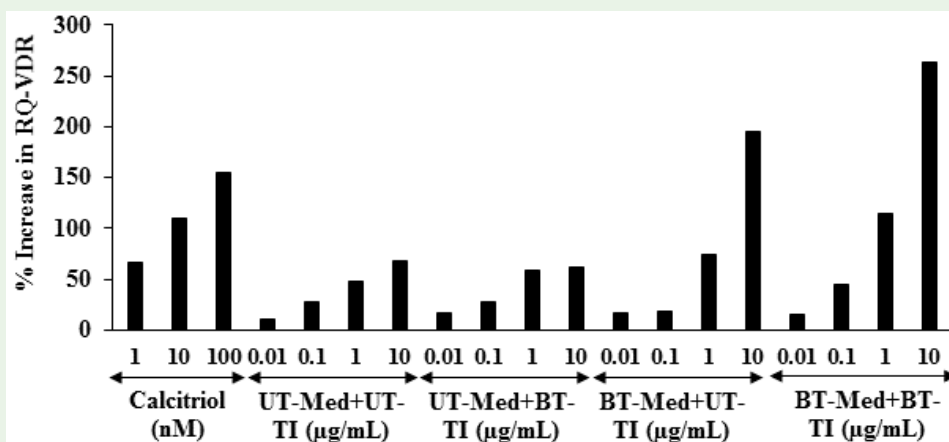


Figure 7: Effect of the test formulation on percent increase in relative quantification (RQ) of vitamin D receptors (VDRs) gene in human bone osteosarcoma cells (MG-63). UT: Untreated; Med: Medium; BT: Biofield Treated; TI: Test item.

group compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. VDR level was also significantly increased by 19.7%, 53%, and 136% in the UT-Med + BT-TI, BT-Med + UT-TI, and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 1µg/mL compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group. Further, VDR level was significantly increased by 185.8% and 285.8% in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively compared to the UT-Med + UT-TI group at 10 µg/mL. The active metabolite of vitamin D is 25-hydroxyvitamin D₃ (25(OH)D₃), which has been used as a biomarker for the vitamin D status of the human body. However, the biologically most active vitamin D compound is 1α, 25-dihydroxyvitamin D₃ (1, 25(OH)₂D₃), which functions as specific high-affinity ligand of the transcription factor of VDRs [58,59]. The most important genes studied in relation to osteoporosis is vitamin D receptor (VDR) along with estrogen, collagen type I, insulin-like growth factor, inter-leukin-6, etc. [60]. Overall, the Biofield Energy Treated test formulation has significantly increased the expression of VDRs, which might be helpful to bind more active vitamin D₃ metabolites and that ultimately can improve the more physiological functions of vitamin D and simultaneously improved bone cell growth and development.

Conclusions

The study outcomes showed that the tested novel formulation was safe and non-toxic based on MTT cell viability assay in six tested cells. The treatment groups like UT-Med + BT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI showed 190.5% and 73.8% restoration of cell viability in human cardiac fibroblasts cells (HCF) compared to UT-Med + UT-TI group. Moreover, BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups showed 98.8% and 79.1% restoration of cell viability at 1µg/mL, respectively in human hepatoma cells (HepG2) compared to untreated. Besides, 261.7%, 165.8%, and 167.8% restoration of cell viability was observed in adenocarcinomic human alveolar basal epithelial cells (A549) by BT-Med + BT-TI group at 0.1, 1, and 10µg/mL, respectively compared to the untreated. Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) activity was significantly increased by 101% and 170.6% in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 50µg/mL in human endometrial adenocarcinoma cells (Ishikawa). The percent protection of HCF cells (decreased of LDH activity) was significantly increased by 191.8% (at 0.01µg/mL) and 141.8% (10µg/mL) in the UT-Med + BT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively compared to the untreated in HCF cells. The percent protection of HepG2 cells (decreased of ALT activity) was significantly increased by 44.9% (at 63µg/mL) and 88.1% (at 1µg/mL) in the UT-Med + BT-TI and BT-Med + UT-TI groups, respectively compared to untreated group in HepG2 cells. The percent protection of A549 (lungs) cells (increased of SOD activity) was significantly increased by 19.6% in the BT-Med + UT-TI group at 25µg/mL compared to untreated in A549 cells. Serotonin level was significantly increased by 475.6% (at 0.1µg/mL), 311.9% (at 1µg/mL), 400.5% (at 10µg/mL) and 250.9% (at 63µg/mL) in the BT-Med + BT-TI group compared to untreated in human neuroblastoma cells (SH-SY5Y). The relative quantification (RQ) of vitamin D receptors (VDRs) level was significantly increased by 185% and 285% in the BT-Med + UT-TI and BT-Med + BT-TI groups, respectively at 10µg/mL compared to the untreated in MG-63 cells. In conclusion, The Biofield Energy Treatment significantly improved heart, liver, bones, neuronal, and lungs functional enzyme biomarkers and also protected cardiomyocyte, hepatocyte, osteocytes, pneumocyte, and nerve cells from oxidative damage induced by *tert*-butyl hydroperoxide (*t*-BHP).

Thus, it can be used as a complementary and alternative treatment for the prevention of various types of cardiac disorders (high blood pressure, stroke, congestive heart failure, peripheral artery disease, congenital heart disease, rheumatic heart disease, valvular heart disease, carditis, thromboembolic disease, and venous thrombosis, etc.), hepatic disorders (cirrhosis, liver cancer, hemochromatosis, Wilson disease), and lungs disorders (Asthma, Chronic bronchitis, Emphysema, Cystic fibrosis, Pneumonia). Further, it could be useful to improve cell-to-cell messaging, normal cell growth and differentiation, cell cycling and proliferation, neurotransmission, skin health, hormonal balance, immune and cardiovascular functions. Moreover, it can also be utilized in organ transplants (*i.e.*, kidney, liver, and heart transplants), hormonal imbalance, aging, and various inflammatory and immune-related disease conditions like Alzheimer's Disease (AD), Ulcerative Colitis (UC), Dermatitis, Asthma, Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS), Hashimoto Thyroiditis, Pernicious Anemia, Sjogren Syndrome, Multiple Sclerosis, Aplastic Anemia, Hepatitis, Graves' Disease, Dermatomyositis, Diabetes, Parkinson's Disease, Myasthenia Gravis, Atherosclerosis, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE), stress, etc. to improve overall health and Quality of Life.

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