Anifum Anife.



It groweth plentifully in Candie, Syria, Egypt, and other countries of the east: I have often sowen it in my garden, where it hath brought soorth his ripe seede, when the yeere hath fallen out to be temperate. & The time.

It is to be fowen in these colde regions in the moneth of Maie, the seede is ripe in August. * The names.

It is called in Latine Anifum: in Greeke dirant in high Dutch Anti3; in lowe Dutch Antifact; in

Italian Anifo: in Spanish Matahalua: in French
Anis: in English Anifo; and Annise seede.

* The temperature.

Galen writeth, that the seede of Anise is hot and dry in the third degree after others it is hot in the second degree, and much lesse then drie in the second degree ; for it ingendreth milke, which it coulde not do if it were very drie, as Galen in his Chapter of Fenell doth whether hee will or no declare and testifie; in that it doth ingender milk, his opinion is, that it is not hot about the first degree, which thing also may be in Anise seede, both by this reason and also bicause it is sweete: therefore to conclude, Anise seede is drie in the first degree, and hot in the second.

* The vertues. The feede wasteth and consumeth winde, and is good against belchings and vpbraidings of the

fromacke, alaieth gripings of the belly, prouoketh vrine gently, maketh abundance of milke, and flirreth vp bodily luft; it flaieth the laske, and also the white fluxe in women.

Being chewed it maketh the breath fweete, and is good for them that are short winded, and quencheth thirs, and therefore it is sit for such as haue the drops discitled between the yeoxing or hicket,

both when it is drunken or eaten drie : the smell thereof doth also preuaile very much. The fame being dried by the fire and taken with honie, clenfeth the breft from flegmatike super-

In tame being crise by the fire and taken with none-general time both form regulation type-fluities, and if it be caten with bitter almonds, it doth helpe the old cough.

Description of the state of the falling fickness, or fuch as haue it by patrimonie, or fucceffion.

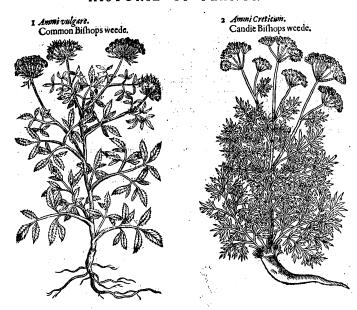
Entraketh away the (quinancie, or quincie (that is, a fwelling in the throte) being gargled with home the falling fickness.

nie, vineger, and a little Hyosspe gently boiled togither.

Of Bishops weede, herbe William, or Ameos. Chap. 298.

* The kindes.

T He later age hath observed two kindes of Ameos, one greater with the broade lease, which is the common Ameos, and the other the lesser, with the smaller leaves, and also another fort being a dwarfe or lowe plant of the same kinde.



* The description.

He common Ameos, especially with vs heere in England, hath round greene stalks, with diuers boughes and branches, and large and long leaues, diuided into diuers other narrowe, long, and small leaues, dented or shipt about the edges, and at the top of the stalke white slowers, in great spokie tusts, which bring foorth a little sharpe and bitter seede: the roote is white and threeddie.

2 This excellent and aromaticall Ameos of Candie, hath tufts and leaves like Daucus Creticus, and a rootelike vnto the garden Carot, of a yellow colour, and hot feede like Origanum, of an exceeding spicie sauour and smell, growing in tusts or spokie rundles like Carum: it hath been brought from Candy and Syria vnto Venice, and from Venice into Fraunce, Flaunders, and England, where we have often fowen it; but without doubt we have beene beguiled therein, by the deceitfull drug-mafters, who have first boiled it, or vied fome other falle and deceitfull devise, to bring greater admiration vnto the Venice Treacle, for the confection whereof, this seede is a chiefe and most principall ingredient.

There is another kinde of Ameos, which is an herbe very small and tender, having stalkes a foote and a halfe high, very small and tender, beset with leaves like vnto Dil, sinely iagged and somewhard and a stalkes a cold and like the cold and the stalkes as the cold and the what slender, and at the top of the stalks little tustes or spokie white rundles, which afterwards do turne into small gray seede, hot and sharpe in taste : the roote is small and slender.

* The place. These plants do all grow in my garden, except Ammi Creticum, whereof hath beene sufficiently fpoken in the description.

& The time. · They flower in Iune and Iuly, and yeelde their feede in the end of August.

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