

Foutsa, huge of form, shall flitter  
Round about him, and appear,  
And to him the spot discover  
Where his kindred breathe again,  
And, though evils whelm them over,  
Straight release them from their pain.  
If that man, unchanged, still keeping,  
From backsliding shall refrain,  
He, by Foutsa touched when sleeping,  
Shall Biwangarit's title gain.  
If to Bondi's elevation  
He would win, and from the three  
Confines dark of tribulation  
Soar to light and liberty;  
When a heart with kindness glowing  
He within him shall discern,  
To Grand Foutsa's unction going,  
Let him gaze attentively;  
Soon, his every wish acquiring,  
He shall triumph, glad and vain,  
And the shades of sin, retiring,  
Never more his soul restrain.  
Whosoever bent on speeding  
To that distant shore, the home  
Of the wise, shall take to reading  
The all-wondrous Soudra\* tone;  
If that study deep beginning,  
No fit preparations made,  
Secty shall he find his wianing,  
Straight forgetting what he's read;  
Whilst he in the dark subjection  
Shall of shadowing sin remain,  
Soudra's page of full perfection,  
How shall he, in mind, retain?  
Unto Him the earth who blesses,  
Unto Foutsa, therefore, he,  
Drink and incense, food and dresses  
Should up offer plenteously;  
And the fountain's limpid liquor  
Pour Grand Foutsa's feet before,  
Drain himself a cooling beaker  
When a day and night are o'er;  
Tune his heart to high devotion;  
The five evil things eschew,  
Last and flesh and vicious potion,  
And the words which are not true;  
Living things abstain from killing  
For full twenty days and one;  
And meanwhile, with accents thrilling,  
Mighty Foutsa call upon—  
Then of infinite dimension  
Foutsa's form in dreams he'll see,  
And if he, with fixed attention,  
When his sleep dissolved shall be,  
Shall but list to Soudra's volume,  
He, through thousand ages' flight,  
Shall, of Soudra's doctrine solemn,  
Ne'er forget one portion slight.  
Yea, a soul so highly gifted  
Every child of man can find,  
If to mighty Foutsa lifted

He but keep his heart and mind.  
He who views his cattle falling  
Unto fierce disease a prey,  
Hears his kindred round him brawling,  
Never ceasing night nor day,  
Who can find no rest in slumber  
From excess of grief and pain,  
And whose prayers, in countless number  
Though they rise, are breathed in vain—  
To earth favouring Foutsa's figure  
If but reverence he shall pay,  
Dire misfortunes' dreadful rigor  
Flits for ever and for aye.  
No domestic broils distress him,  
And of naught he knows the want;  
Cattle, corn, and riches bless him,  
Whick the favoring demons grant;  
Those who souther forests threading,  
Those who sailing ocean's plain,  
Pax would wind their way undreadling  
Evil prisons, beasts, and men,  
Evil spirits, demons, javals,  
And the force of evil winds,  
And each ill which he who travels  
In his course so frequent finds,—  
Let them only take their station,  
'Fore the form of Foutsa Grand,  
On it gaze with adoration,  
Sacrifice with reverent hand,  
And, within the forest gloomy,  
On the mountain, or the vale,  
On the ocean wide and roomy,  
Them no evil shall assail.  
Thou, who every secret knowest,  
Foutsa, hear my heartfelt prayer;  
Thou who earth such favor shovest,  
How shall I thy praise declare?  
If with earthen's voice the story  
I through million ealaps rear,  
Yet of Foutsa's force and glory,  
I may not the sum outpour.  
Whosoe'er, the title learning  
Of the earth's protector high,  
Shall, when'er his form discerning,  
On it gaze with steadfast eye,  
And at times shall offer dresses,  
Offer fitting drink and food,  
He ten thousand joys possesses,  
And escapes each trouble's rude;  
Whose into doge shall carry  
Of the law each precept, he  
Through all time alive shall tarry  
And from birth and death be free.  
Foutsa, thou, who best of any  
Know'st the truth of what I've told,  
Spread the tale through regions many  
As the Ganges' sands of gold."

Is not this hymn the voice of aspiring  
and adoring humanity? Is there  
not in it something of revelation, at

\* The sacred Codex of the Buddhists, which contains the canons of their religion.